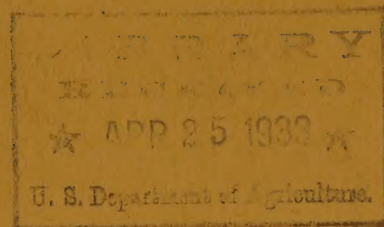


63.9
Australia
1933



YATES' ANNUAL

1933

A BOOK
FOR ALL
INTERESTED
IN HOME
GARDENING
MARKET
GARDENING
AND
BETTER
FARMING

YATES' ANNUAL, 1933

THIS 1933 issue, which adds yet another link to the chain which now stretches back for five decades in our Australasian business, has been carefully revised in view of recent advances in Horticulture and Agriculture and has, like its predecessors, been compiled with the purpose of rendering the greatest possible assistance to the Home Gardener, Market Gardener, Orchardist and the Farmer in the selection of seeds, bulbs and plants likely to give him the biggest returns in both pleasure and profit. For complete Index see pages 4-5.

THE HOME GARDENER will find almost every section of this book of absorbing interest. We would however direct particular attention to the Novelties and Specialities on pages 8-21; to the General Lists of Vegetable Seeds on pages 23-50; of Flower Seeds on pages 57-97; of Bulbs on pages 102-109; and of Roses and Plants on pages 111 onwards.

THE MARKET GARDENER who specializes in vegetable crop production will we feel sure be greatly assisted to choose varieties suited for his location and purpose by carefully reading the descriptive matter in pages 23-50, and we have but to mention a few lines such as Beet, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Melons, Peas, Tomatoes as an indication to the many invaluable introductions listed therein which we have placed in the hands of Australian growers with the most satisfactory results. Those requiring larger quantities than are quoted in this catalogue are cordially invited to ask or write for Yates' Current Price List which contains all items priced in Market Gardener's quantities. Growers who require Flower Seed supplies in bulk will find small quantities by weight now included in our Flower Seed section, pages 57-97, and in addition we publish a special Bulk Flower Seed Catalogue (free on application), for all bona fide Commercial Flower Growers and Nurserymen. We will also be pleased to give special quotations for quantity lots of Bulbs, Plants, Trees, etc.

FARMERS, GRAZIERS AND ORCHARDISTS are referred particularly to pages 51-56 where will be found a necessarily somewhat condensed reference to a most important Department of our business, namely, the processing and distribution of thoroughly machine dressed and tested Pasture, Fodder and Greensoiling Crop Seeds. We issue a special Farm Seed folder each autumn and spring (free on application), and also we have published what our clients tell us is a most valuable handbook entitled "Grassland and Green Crop Farming" (price 1/- post free). All users of Agricultural Seeds are urged before buying to ask us for a copy of our Current Price List as it will be found the most complete guide to current values issued in Australia. For all land men, not only the orchardist, the selected list of Fruit Trees on pages 117-120 as well as the lists and Recommendations of Shelter, Avenue and Windbreak Trees in the Nursery section of this catalogue will surely be worth attention.

BIRD FANCIERS—Many homes have one or more cage birds or a small aviary and such bird lovers as well as those following aviculture as a commercial pursuit should note the complete list of carefully re-cleaned Bird Seeds and Mixtures set out on page 101. Market fluctuations do not permit of quotations in this yearly catalogue but a copy of the latest issue of Yates' Current Price List which quotes all Bird Seeds is always available to those who write for same.

TERMS OF BUSINESS—Customers will find these set out on pages 6 and 7 and we respectfully ask that they be carefully noted.

ARTHUR YATES & CO. LTD.

Warehouse and Offices:
184, 184a, 186 Sussex Street
SYDNEY

P.O. Box 2707-C
G.P.O.,
SYDNEY



YATES'

"Special Exhibition"
and
"Champion
Fancy"

PANSIES

SEE PAGE 83
FOR
DESCRIPTIONS
OF
THESE TWO
MAGNIFICENT
STRAINS





MAUVE
QUEEN



ORANGE
PRINCE



CRIMSON
QUEEN



WHITE
BEAUTY



GLORIA



FAWN



AMBER
QUEEN



DEFIANCE

ANTIRRHINUM (SNAPDRAGON) Semi-Dwarf Type

The small outer illustrations show single florets and indicate some of the many magnificent colors available in modern Antirrhinums. The colors illustrated are, we consider, the **BEST EIGHT** in this class. Each year we have large trials of Antirrhinums at our testing grounds and our experience enables us to recommend the above with absolute confidence. It will be noticed that all the colors harmonise delightfully.

Yates' Semi-Dwarf Large Flowered Varieties Mixed—Contains the above and many other fine colors.
Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/2 oz 2/3 Separate Colors—Each Pkt 6d; 1/2 oz 2/6

Collection—One packet of each of the "Best Eight" colors as illustrated above, 3/6

NASTURTIUM—Golden Gleam (BODGERI)

This sweetly-perfumed double species is one of the best novelties which has been introduced in recent years. It is equally as useful when doing its work in the borders, window boxes or for tub culture. Coming into flower a few months after planting they continue to give a wealth of glorious pure golden yellow flowers which are excellent for cutting.

Pkt 6d; 1/2 oz 2/6; 1 oz 5/-

1826 ~ 1883 ~ 1933

Three Notable Dates in Our History

IN 1926 we were privileged to record the 100th Anniversary of the founding of the House of Yates near Manchester England in the year 1826. This year, 1933, is the Jubilee Year of the Yates' organisations in the Southern Hemisphere, as it was in 1883 that the late Mr. Arthur Yates established the firm of Arthur Yates & Co. in Auckland New Zealand, extending his operations four years later to Australia by means of a branch house in Sydney.

For some years the business of Arthur Yates & Co., Auckland New Zealand, was managed personally by the late Mr. Arthur Yates, but he soon saw there were possibilities for considerable development in Australia, and he opened the Sydney branch in 1887, arranging with his brother, Mr. Ernest Yates, to join him in partnership and to manage the Auckland firm. The beginnings of each were small, but the succeeding years have witnessed a remarkable expansion in both cases. The original Australasian house in New Zealand has grown from one half of a small shop in Victoria Street to a magnificent six storey reinforced concrete seed warehouse covering some 60,000 sq. ft. in extent, with frontages to three streets in an important commercial centre in Auckland, and close to shipping rail and postal facilities. In Sydney, Australia, progress was such that the small two storey building at 237 Sussex Street had given place in 1897 to a large six storey building, which in turn was added to in 1903 and then almost trebled in area by 1910. To-day we use in the conduct of our business every inch of an imposing six storey building, providing over 43,000 sq. ft. of floor space. It is adjacent to interstate and overseas shipping wharves as well as to Darling Harbour Goods Station, and is equipped with a most complete plant for machine dressing processing and the testing of seeds of all kinds and varieties.

Expansion has been not only in buildings floor space and machinery, but equally, in what is of even more importance, in our own seed growing and field testing areas and the large acreage in Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand, and some overseas countries now devoted to the production by trained men of vegetable, flower and agricultural seeds for the Yates' Houses. In 1910 the Auckland and Sydney businesses were turned into limited companies, registered in New Zealand and New South Wales respectively, and members of the two families and many of the leading employees now have interests in their respective Companies.

Mr. Arthur Yates, the founder of the Auckland and Sydney firms, died in 1926, but his name is preserved in the title of the two Companies, and indeed they form a fitting monument to his foresight, energy and integrity. The direction and management of the respective businesses have devolved on the sons of the original partners and the great grandsons of the first George Yates of Stockport England, while it is interesting to note that this year a grandson of the late Mr. Arthur Yates has commenced his training with the Sydney House and he is thus the first of the fifth generation to be connected with the seed business. Incidentally our readers will, we feel sure, be pleased to note that several, who were employees of the late Mr. Arthur Yates and of Mr. Ernest Yates in the very early days, still retain their connection with the Sydney and Auckland firms respectively; also that in the Sydney Company alone we have with us in this Jubilee Year Messrs. Frank E. Brown (Director), A. J. Smith and M. Unwin with over 40 years' service; Messrs. A. Sime, W. Milne, C. J. Bennett (Secretary), E. B. Johns and T. W. Crowhurst with service ranging from 30 to 40 years, and Messrs. A. H. Shaw, W. H. Howe, G. Rae, Harold D. Yates (present Chairman of Directors), B. Peach, F. Toohey and W. Miller, whose association with the firm ranges over periods of from 25 to 30 years. The total staff of the Sydney organisation and its subsidiaries now numbers over 150 people.

We trust our readers will pardon the somewhat personal nature of these notes, but we feel that on an occasion like this we would be lacking in appreciation of the friendly interest so many of our old customers have shown in the firm's progress did we not once again refer but briefly to our origin and early history and the subsequent enlargement of our organisation and the extension of its activities. We write in no spirit of boasting, but with a realisation that the support and approval which such a large clientele has so freely accorded us is due to the high principles of service and integrity which the founder of this business laid down at its inception, and that progress made and success achieved (whether great or small) is but the measure of our ability to earn the confidence and to meet the needs of the great horticultural and agricultural communities to whom a dependable seed service is a first essential.

To all our customers, old and new, we send a message of thanks and with it a simple statement that in the future, as in the past, we will devote our best thoughts and energies to their service.

INDEX TO CONTENTS (continued)

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TERMS OF BUSINESS

Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty

WE believe that all Seeds Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this we give no undertaking that such Seeds Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty expressed or implied as to their growth description quality or productiveness and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us and any money paid to us will be refunded.

How to Order Seeds, &c.

FROM THE STORE IN YOUR TOWN, STOCKING YATES' PACKET SEEDS.

In every town and village of importance throughout the Commonwealth there is at least one leading retailer who stocks Yates' Reliable Seeds in sealed and dated packets. These packets are always fresh, as old stock is regularly destroyed by us and replaced with new season's packets. Note the name and date on every packet.

In most cases the Local Agents for our Packet Seeds will be pleased to have your orders for Yates' Bulk Seeds, Bulbs and Plants. These are not, as a rule, carried in stock, but will be obtained promptly for your special order.

Packet Seeds sold out and other lines not regularly stocked can be obtained by them from us at short notice. Look for the name "Yates" on every bag, label and package. Write us for name and address of the nearest Agent.

DIRECT FROM OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT.

We have established a special department with all facilities for dealing carefully and expeditiously with this important and increasing section of our business. The Order Blank accompanying this catalogue will be found convenient for customers, and its use will facilitate our prompt filling of orders. We make every effort to ensure the despatch of seed orders within 48 hours of receipt of letter, many orders going same day as received.

Orders for Plants have to be transmitted to our Nurseries, and the Plants then dug, packed and despatched, so these orders will take rather longer, and customers will greatly oblige by making allowance for this extra time, and especially so in wet weather, when nursery work is greatly hampered.

Customers dealing direct with us are especially asked to note the following:—

HOW TO ADDRESS ORDERS AND ENQUIRIES.

Letters Box 2707 C, G.P.O., Sydney
Telegrams "Seedsman Sydney"
Cables "Seedsman Sydney"
Telephone Calls M2161 (4 lines)

PRICES, POSTAGE AND FREIGHT CHARGES.

Vegetable Seeds.—With the exception of some of our Novelties and Specialities, all packets of Vegetable Seeds are sold at a standard price of 6d. per packet, and are post free, except Peas and Beans, which are specially quoted at post paid prices. We offer in 3d. packets also a limited range of varieties of the more popular kinds of vegetables (except Peas and Beans) for those that specially require them. Vegetable Seeds by weight (except Peas and Beans) are post free at our current rates.

Flower Seeds.—Common and widely used varieties are offered in packets at 3d. and 6d. each. Less common kinds are sold in 6d. packets only, while rare and expensive varieties are priced at 1/- and up to 2/6 per packet and in some cases higher. Flower Seeds in

packets and also by weight are post free at the prices quoted in this catalogue.

Plants, Agricultural Seeds, and other goods.—Postage or freight is to be paid by the purchaser on all these goods except where prices are specially quoted Post Free (or Paid) or Carriage Free (or Paid); and the goods are at purchaser's risk after we have obtained clean receipt from the Railways, Shipping Company or Carriers.

For postage and passenger train rates see page 133.

Delivery within the Suburban area of Sydney of this class of goods will be made at the following charges:—Up to 14 lbs., 6d.; up to 28 lbs., 9d.; up to 1 cwt., 1/-; over 1 cwt., 2/-. If goods are damaged on arrival, they should be signed for as such, and a claim entered.

REMITTANCES.

Except where customers have an account with us, all orders must be accompanied by remittance, which should be in postal notes, money orders, or small amounts in stamps. If country cheques are sent 6d. for exchange must be added.

N.B.—When sending Bank Notes through the Post, or letters containing Coins or other valuables, they should always be registered. Postal Notes should be made payable to us, in Sydney, and a record kept by the sender of the numbers of the Notes, and the date of issue.

CASH-ON-DELIVERY MAIL ORDERS.

Customers for whom it is inconvenient to send a remittance by Postal Notes or other means, may instruct us to send seeds, etc. (not plants), by Cash-on-Delivery Post. Under this scheme the cost of the goods plus Postal Dept. commission charge is indicated on the parcel. The Postmaster will give delivery at the customer's post office (see below) on receipt of cash to the value indicated. The minimum postage on each package is the ordinary Parcels Post rates for 1lb.; the cheaper "Packets, Samples and Merchandise" rate cannot be used for Cash-on-Delivery goods.

NOTE.—Many small post offices have not the facilities for giving delivery under this scheme—see Postal Guide or refer to your Postmaster.

Postal Dept. Commission Charges.

Amount specified to be collected on delivery of Cash-on-Delivery Parcel.	Commission s. d.
Not exceeding 10s.	0 9
Over 10s. but not exceeding £1	1 0
Over £1 but not exceeding £1 10s.	1 3
Over £1 10s. but not exceeding £2	1 6
Each additional £1 or fraction thereof	3d. additional

Customers Outside Australia.

The above scheme cannot be operated outside Australia except in Papua, Nauru, and Fiji.

POST TOWN, STATE and SIGNATURE.

Please be sure that your order bears these particulars before posting. This is important, as we get many orders during the year which are delayed or cannot be forwarded through the omission of one or more of these particulars. Ladies will assist us in avoiding errors in addressing by prefixing Mrs. or Miss as the case may be.

Special Attention is Directed to Terms of Business and Notices on this and the next page

TERMS OF BUSINESS (continued)

URGENT ORDERS.

If wanting Seeds urgently, wire "Seedsman Sydney." Telegrams so addressed reach us promptly, and have our immediate attention. Be sure to sign name in full and advise full forwarding instructions. Customers not known to us should wire remittance also, or give satisfactory Sydney business reference.

SUBSTITUTING.

On account of the difficulty in obtaining full supplies of many lines, and the failures of crops of others, we will, if unable to supply the exact variety ordered, substitute for it some other variety of a similar nature, which will, in our opinion, give satisfactory results.

Should customers wish us not to follow this plan with their orders, it is only necessary to state on the order: "Do not substitute."

SEEDLINGS NOT SUPPLIED.

Seedling plants of Cabbage, Cauliflower and other Vegetables, also Flower Seedlings, when despatched any distance, usually arrive in a most unsatisfactory condition. This is disappointing both to our customers and ourselves, and for this reason, and, as we have never catered for the business, we regret we cannot accept orders for these lines.

We recommend customers to raise their own seedlings, thus being able to transplant on any favorable occasion. For full directions, see Yates' "Garden Guide" (1/- post free).

Note.—The above does not, of course, apply to such lines as Violets, Strawberries and the many other small plants listed in this Catalogue, which, with our careful packing, usually carry very well.

CORRESPONDENCE.

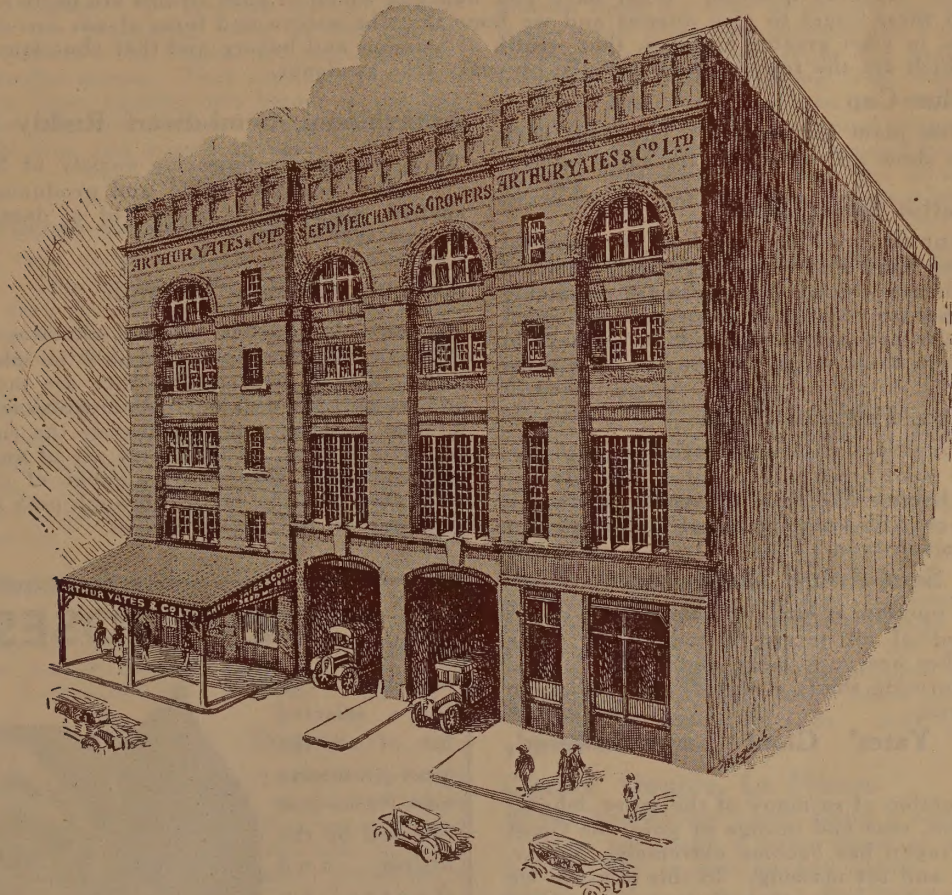
We are always pleased to advise customers, or assist them with any information at our disposal, but we ask that letters of enquiry and general correspondence be as concise as possible, and be written separately from orders to avoid confusion and possible delay.

We regret we cannot undertake the planning of whole gardens or grounds.

METHOD OF FORWARDING.

Customers are requested to give full and careful directions with each order as to the method they wish goods forwarded, and we will do our utmost to comply with them. When no instructions are received we send according to our judgment.

We deliver all goods free on rail or wharf Sydney, after which our responsibility ceases, but we take special care in packing so that our goods will carry well.



THIS CATALOGUE IS COPYRIGHT AND CANCELS ALL PREVIOUS CATALOGUES.

ARTHUR YATES & CO., LTD.

Letters—P.O. Box 2707 C, Sydney.
Wires : "Seedsman Sydney."

184-186 SUSSEX STREET, SYDNEY
Phone : M 2161 (4 Lines)

NOVELTIES FOR 1933

AND SOME OF OUR SPECIALITIES

And Particular Recommendations from the General Lists in this Catalogue

These fourteen pages will be of great interest to all keen gardeners, serving as they do the double purpose of bringing to our clients' notice many undoubtedly promising new introductions and of drawing particular attention to some of our noted specialty lines now included in the General Lists of varieties.

The sorts marked **¶** are new varieties, most of which have become available only this year for the first time and have been especially obtained from the leading plant hybridists of Europe and America. We are confident that many of them will prove to be splendid and notable acquisitions for our Australian gardens. We must remind our friends, of course, that up to the present there has been no opportunity in most cases to test them out under Australian conditions and that the descriptions we give are those supplied by the raisers. We have, however, relied on our long experience in the selection of varieties most likely to succeed, and we would welcome and greatly value any reports and opinions with which growers may later favor us.

The varieties not especially marked comprise some of our outstanding Specialities and they carry our particular recommendation for quality and strain. The modern seed catalogue is necessarily rather complex and in the hundreds of varieties now listed some quite exceptionally good selections and strains are likely to escape the notice of many who, when they see them in their friends' gardens, so greatly regret the absence of such loveliness and such bounty from their own beloved beds and borders. We have therefore selected out of our General Lists some two or three score varieties, the excellent qualities of which we know the reader of these pages will readily appreciate and enjoy. Almost without exception they have stood the test of time and to-day perhaps more than ever they find enthusiastic favor with discriminating growers in every State of the Commonwealth.

To the oft repeated question "What have you new and which of your strains are particularly good?" we attempt in these pages to give answer and we hope that the nature and form of our answer will bring to our friends, in even greater measure, that wealth of blossom and beauty and that abundance of healthy greenstuffs which are the rewards most coveted by every true gardener.

Ageratum, Blue Cap

¶ Quite an ideal plant for edgings. The large dark blue flowers show up well above the small foliage. Pkt 1/-

Ageratum, Little Silver Star

¶ This new annual is distinguished by its compact close-growing habit and is specially recommended for edging. When flowering the plants are so thickly covered with silver grey star-like flowers that the small light green leaves are practically hidden. They do best when sown in the autumn but may also be sown in the spring. Pkt 1/6

Anchusa Italica, Feltham Pride

¶ This latest introduction is considered an improvement on the older types as it is not so straggly nor so spreading in habit. The more compact growth is a decided advantage. Flowers are larger and a brighter blue than the older type. Pkt 1/6

Antirrhinum, Semi-dwarf Malmaison

¶ This, in our opinion, is likely to become one of the most favored of all recent introductions. The flowers and spikes are very large and nicely formed and are of a charming shade of silvery pink. Sow in autumn and spring. Pkt 1/6

Antirrhinum, Yates' Giant Large-flowered, Mixed

With the introduction of so many of the more delightful shades of pink, rose and orange or gold, the Giant Flowered Snapdragon has become extremely popular, both for cutting and for massing. In this mixture we include only the best colors, such as rose, pink, light tango, deep tango, scarlet, and other good shades. The spikes are large, the flowers bold and nicely placed. This strain is particularly suited for the exhibitor, as well as for making a most attractive show in the garden.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 1/6; 1/4oz 2/-; 1/2oz 3/- (For separate colors of this strain see in General List of Flower Seeds.)

Antirrhinum, Semi-dwarf Ruddy Glow

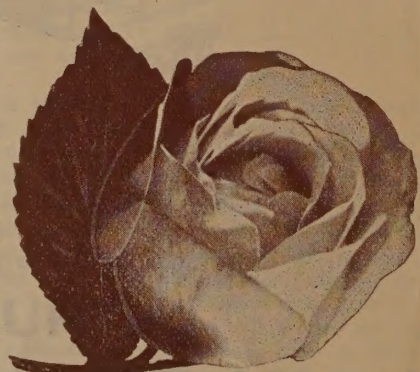
¶ A very early flowering variety of Snapdragon of bushy, compact habit, and producing freely well-shaped spikes with blooms of a dazzling shade of orange scarlet. Pkt 1/6

Auricula, Alpine Triumph

¶ Auriculas do best in cool climates and if grown in moderate climates should be planted in cool beds. Where they succeed they are most fascinating and we consider this new introduction will be of much interest to those who can provide the right conditions for their growth. The blooms are of an immense size and contain a very great number of colors ranging from dark crimson scarlet through pink and terracotta to primrose and cream shades. Pkt 1/6

NEW ROSES

See page 112 for a selected list of all the most promising new Roses just released by the British and Australian raisers; also the best of the 1932 Introductions now at reduced rates.



Varieties marked **¶** are new introductions.



Anchusa Italica, Feltham Pride



Ageratum, Little Silver Star



Auricula, Alpine Triumph

Aster, Californian Giant, Choice Mixed

For a choice strain of Asters we cannot recommend this variety too highly. The feathery type of flowers combined with the branching habit of the Beauty Aster, is unsurpassed. The blooms are large, measuring up to six inches across. They are later blooming than the Crego Type, coming into bloom in the late autumn months. Mixture contains white, peach blossom, rose, light blue and purple shades.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Browallia, Viscosa Compacta Sapphire

¶ These are very valuable plants for conservatory decoration. This variety is very floriferous, bearing numerous dark blue flowers with white eye somewhat resembling a large Lobelia. When grown in pots they will be useful for indoor decoration. Pkt 1/6

Calendula, Golden Delight (Chrysanth)

¶ This newcomer is remarkable for its length of stem and the resemblance the flowers bear to the Chrysanthemum. The color of the flower is a clear buttercup yellow. Excellent for cutting. Sow in the autumn and spring. Pkt 1/-

Calendula, Golden Radio

¶ A new shade of the well-known Radio which should make an excellent subject for the amateur as well as the market gardener who grows for the florists' trade. Sow in autumn or spring. Pkt 1/-

Candytuft, Yates' Hyacinth (Empress)

A choice and extremely good strain of this favorite annual which may be classed as one of the best white flowering plants we list for use either as a border plant or for massing in beds. It is also very valuable for cutting. Each branch of the plant produces a large truss of pure white flowers.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

Canterbury Bells, Annual Choice Mixed

¶ As under favorable conditions these will flower in the spring if sown early the previous autumn, they should be very popular and very useful for growing in our climate. The mixture contains blue, pink, rose and white. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Carnation, Yates' Giant Bedding, Mixed

This magnificent strain blooms in about six to seven months from the time of sowing the seed, the strain is the result of a cross between the Perpetual Flowering and the Malmaison types and produces a wealth of bloom in colors ranging from white and cream, through pink, rose and red, to violet shades, also including some of the fancy and striped varieties. It is one of the best types for massed bedding owing to its free flowering habit and the strong wiry stems which carry such lovely and fragrant blooms.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 4/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 7/6

Christmas Bush (Ceratopetalum Gummiferum)

This beautiful shrub is too well known to need detailed description but we have hitherto not been able to offer seed. The seed should be sown in the early autumn in light sandy loam which must be well drained. Given a plentiful supply of water a reasonable germination will follow. Transplant into pots when large enough to handle and then into their permanent positions when about 4 ins. high. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Cineraria, Yates' Large-flowering Branching

A strain which we carefully select each year for broadness of petals and variety of color. The plants, if well grown, will reach 3 ft. high and will be almost that much across. They are very vigorous growers, well branched with thick leathery foliage. The flower heads are large and contain all the richest shades of rose, crimson, scarlet, blues, purples, also many delicate colors, many with large white eyes.

Pkt 2/6; Small pkt 1/6; $\frac{3}{16}$ oz 4/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 6/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 10/-

Clarkia Double, La France

¶ An outstanding color, being a delightful pale salmon pink with a paler shade at the edge of the petals. Sow in autumn and spring. Pkt 1/6

Coleus, Yates' Special Exhibition

The strain we offer is saved from the finest collection that can be obtained. Not only is it a type which is quite hardy and suitable for growing in the open, but it may be used in the bush-house, or in the conservatory. They are also very useful for table decoration. This mixture contains the large-leaved varieties as well as the fringed type in a wide range of color.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 12/-

YATES' NOVELTIES, SPECIALITIES & SPECIAL RECOMMENDATIONS for 1933

Varieties marked **Q** are new introductions.



Calendula, Golden Delight



Canterbury Bells, Annual Mixed



Calendula, Golden Radio

Dahlia Double, Choice Mixed

In this mixture we include seed which has been saved from named varieties of Paeony, Cactus, Double Show and the Decorative types, but a good proportion will be from the latter variety which produces a bigger proportion of large double flowers, borne on good strong stiff stems. Dahlia growing from seed is very interesting as many fine varieties may be raised in this way. Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 6/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 10/-

Delphinium, Yates' Extra Select, Perennial Hybrids

For a number of years we have been working on this strain at our Tasmanian Seed Farms selecting only from the very best flowers. This mixture we consider to be quite equal to any ever sent out. It contains all the beautiful shades from light blue to dark rich blue and purple. Mostly doubles and semi-double. The centre flower spike is large and grows up to six feet high with numerous side laterals.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/6

Flannel Flower (Acinotus Helianthi)

The Flannel Flower does best in poor soils; they do not require over much moisture nor do they like fresh manure near their roots. If small fine leaves of any small shrub or plant can be obtained, scatter them around the plant or over the seed when sown. Leave them alone and they will, under favorable conditions, produce a wealth of bloom of this well-loved native. Sow in autumn, summer or late spring.

Pkt 1/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/6

Freesia, The Bartley's Hybrids

Q These are announced as a great improvement in the hybrid Freesias both as regards the brilliance of color and the wider range of tints. This strain contains shades of yellow, orange, pink and rose, also mauve, cream and white.

Pkt 1/6

Gaillardia, Perennial Hybrids

This strain is renowned for its rich fascinating shades which include bronzy red, copper red, dark scarlet, orange and many other colors, all tipped with gold. There is no perennial to equal this strain of Gaillardia, which is readily raised and easily grown.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

Gerbera, New Hybrids

These choice hybrids have not been as extensively grown from seed as they should be. Most amateur gardeners have the impression that they are hard to germinate from seed. The seed we offer is good plump seed, freshly harvested, and no difficulty should be experienced in raising them. The mixture contains a wide range of color from white through shades of pale yellow, red and salmon, to orange, rose, scarlet and crimson shades. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 6/6

Godetia, Schamini Type, Tall Double Azalea-flowered

Q As compared with the older varieties this is a much improved type. It is hardier, taller and makes an excellent subject for cutting. We can now offer in the following colors, and in our opinion all should be tried out. Carmine, cherry red, crimson, lavender, rich pink, rosy morn; also we offer a Choice Mixture of the above colors. Each variety separately or in mixture.

Per Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

Godetia, Sybil Sherwood

Q The color of this notable introduction is a glorious shade of salmon pink blended with orange and the whole effect is softened by a delicate white border. The plants are of robust growth reaching a height of about 20 ins. Flowers last well when cut. Sow in autumn and spring.

Pkt 1/6

Gypsophila, Pacifica

Q A perennial type which is very useful for cutting. Flowers are larger than the Paniculata variety and are of a lovely rose shade.

Pkt 1/-

Gladioli, Yates' Giant Hybrids

We are pleased to be able to offer a choice strain which can be raised from seed and which will largely flower the first year. These hybrids contain not only the richest shades of crimson, scarlet, and orange, but it also includes delicate tints of salmon, pink, yellow and white.

Small pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9

Varieties marked **Q** are new introductions.



Double Clarkia, La France



Gypsophila pacifica



Godetia, Sybil Sherwood

Hollyhock, Yates' Derwent Strain, Mixed

A very select strain which is saved from only the best and choicest colors. The large spikes of double flowers of such lovely tints being a delightful old-world touch to the garden. Our special mixture ranges in color from white through chamois and maroon shades. Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; ¼oz 3/-

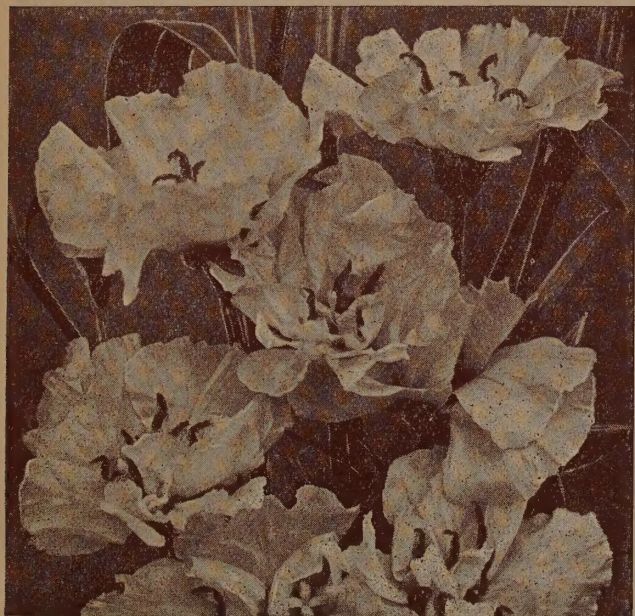
Separate colors are also offered—see General List of Flower Seeds.

Kalanchoe Globulifera Coccinea

Q In shape the flowers resemble a Bouvardia while the color is a brilliant scarlet. It is a succulent and is suitable for pot culture. It flowers for a very long period. Sow in spring and keep in a warm sunny position. Pkt 2/-

Larkspur, Giant Imperial

Q This type is not so straggly in growth as other varieties and in this respect they look neater and more compact in the garden, also they withstand wind better. We offer them in the following varieties:—Blue Spire, White Spire, Lilac Spire. They grow to a height of 3-4 feet. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-



The new Godetia, Azalea-Flowered (See opposite page)

Larkspur, Rainbow Mixture

We have been selecting the Larkspur for a number of years, and we feel that we can best bring to our customers the benefit of the work done there by offering in this special Rainbow Mixture, an assortment of the choicest varieties that we have had at our Trial Grounds. The predominating tints are soft pink, shades of mauve, rose and carmine. We predict that this mixture will become very popular.

Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 3/-

Linaria Maroccana, Excelsior Hybrids

The wider range of colors now available has made this strain one of the most popular spring blooming subjects we have. The choice mixture we now offer contains all the rich colors including shades of blue, orange, purples, pinks, yellows, etc. These dainty miniature Snapdragon-like flowers are unexcelled for massed bedding or borders and last well when cut.

Pkt 6d; ¼oz 1/3

Linaria Maroccana, Fairy Bouquet

Q An excellent introduction for dwarf borders and for massed bedding. The plants grow to a height of 8 ins., being very compact in habit, and carry large flowers in shades of rose, yellow, pink, lavender, carmine, red, violet, white and salmon. Very floriferous.

Pkt 1/6

Linum Flavum Compactum

Q A very useful perennial plant for rockeries or mixed borders. It is of dwarf compact habit and produces most brilliantly colored flowers of a glowing golden yellow shade. It flowers over a long period and we recommend sowing in the autumn. Pkt 1/6

Lychnis Forrestii, New Hybrids

Q Hardy perennial suitable for rock gardens or the borders. Flowers are shaped somewhat like the Viscaria but comprise some remarkable colors ranging from glistening carmine to bright purple, crimson, light lavender and white. Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

Marigold, Tall African, Guinea Gold

One of the most beautiful types which has been introduced. It produces a high percentage of double flowers, which are nicely fringed, of a delightful golden yellow shade. The plants are very graceful, growing to a height of about 2½ ft., and producing numerous flowers up to 2½ ins. across.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-; ¼oz 3/6

YATES' NOVELTIES, SPECIALITIES & SPECIAL RECOMMENDATIONS for 1933

Varieties marked ¶ are new introductions.



Mimulus, Red Emperor



Meconopsis, Regia



Linaria, Fairy Bouquet

Marigold (African)

¶ The following two re-selections are offered as improvements on the older sorts listed in the General List, as in each case they are of carefully re-selected stock and we think will be found a distinct improvement:—Orange Prince Improved, Lemon Queen Improved.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Meconopsis, Baileyi (Himalayan Poppy)

¶ Does best in well-drained soil and requires an abundance of water. It is a hardy perennial and can be sown in the spring or autumn. Flowers are sky blue with golden anthers.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

Meconopsis, Regia

¶ Recommended for cultivation in the colder districts. It belongs to the evergreen section and during the winter months the plants form flat rosettes of beautiful silvery leaves which are very attractive. In the spring it will send up long stems bearing handsome yellow flowers.

Pkt 2/6

Mignonette, Yates' Special Florists Strain, Crimson Machet

A very strong vigorous growing variety which produces extra long spikes which carry large heads of crimson colored flowers. We strongly recommend all growers to find room in their borders for a sowing of this magnificent strain.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; ½oz 2/6; ¼oz 3/6

Mimulus, Red Emperor

¶ Mimulus are not grown as extensively as they deserve. They are excellent for borders and for rockeries and should receive much the same cultivation as Pansies. This latest introduction produces a wealth of bloom of a bright crimson scarlet shade. Sow in autumn.

Pkt 1/6

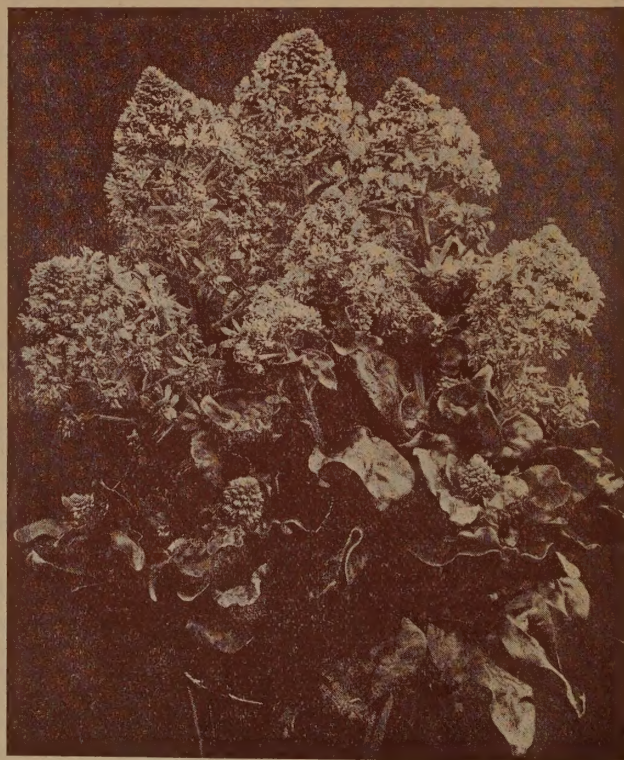
Nemesia, Large-flowered Strumosa, Choice Mixed

This beautiful annual is becoming a great favorite. A mass planted out in the open border makes a most gorgeous show during the late winter and spring. The flowers are very large and of the most brilliant colors. The strain we are offering this year is exceedingly fine and we can specially recommend it.

Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/9; ¼oz 2/6; ¼oz 3/9

Nasturtium, Golden Gleam (See Color Illustration on Page 2)

This has been proclaimed all over the world as one of the finest of all the novelties introduced in late years. The plants begin to flower in a comparatively short period from the time of sowing, and continue for many months. The large double yellow, sweet-scented flowers are borne on long stems which makes them ideal for cutting. They are suited by growing in borders or pots and are an ideal subject for window boxes or rockeries. If they throw out short runners these should be pinched out, and an added effect is obtained if when coming into full bloom some of the foliage is slightly thinned out. Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1oz 5/-



Mignonette, Yates' Crimson Machet

YATES' NOVELTIES, SPECIALITIES & SPECIAL RECOMMENDATIONS for 1933

Varieties marked **Q** are new introductions.



Portulaca, Yates' Sunnybank Mixture



Pentstemon, Glaber New Hybrids



Phlox Drummondii, Yates' Derwent Strain

Pansy, Yates' Special Exhibition

A mixture of all our best show strains specially selected for exhibition purposes. Produces large blooms with good substance, regular markings and full rich and varied coloring. We can confidently recommend as being one of the very best Exhibition strains offered anywhere. Pkt 5/-; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz 7/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 11/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 20/-

Pansy, Yates' Champion Fancy, Choice Mixed

A truly magnificent strain of Giant Fancy Pansies. The coloring and markings are remarkable for their diversity of striking shades, while the substance and size of the blooms eclipse any other variety we have seen. Has in all probability won more prizes in the last few years than any other strain.

Pkt 3/6; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 7/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 11/-

Pentstemon, Glaber New Hybrids

Q A new introduction in the perennial plants which promises to be of considerable interest. The flowers are of various shades, crimson, rose, purple and violet predominating; all have varied markings of white in the throat of the flowers and there will also be found some delightful tints of bright blue. The corolla is about 1 in. to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ins. long, the flowering branches are erect, growing to about 2 ft., and the bushes to 1 ft. across. The leaves are large and of a glistening green. Sow in spring or autumn. Pkt 1/6

Pentstemon

Q At our Trial Grounds Pentstemons grown in separate colors made a great display, and we think that the following two shades of color should be tried out in the border or for massed bedding.

Red Shades.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Rose Shades.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Petunia, Yates' Superb Exhibition and Fancy Mixed (Superbissima)

A large-flowered strain of great substance, bearing a profusion of flowers, with wide open beautifully veined throats. The flowers are blotched and marked in many rich dark and delicate light shades. A distinct class, perhaps the best of the large-flowered Petunias for outdoor cultivation. Very suitable for exhibition.

Pkt 2/6; Small pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

Petunia Dwarf Bedding, Pastel Shades

The general effect of this mixture is very beautiful, all the shades of color harmonising with one another. The plants are of compact bushy habit and are exceedingly floriferous.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/3

Phlox Drummondii, Yates' Derwent Strain, Large-flowered Choice Mixed

This is one of the finest strains of the large-flowered section. The mixture contains a very wide range of colors, including the bright shades such as vermilion, scarlet, crimson and rose, also blues and violet shades; also the softer colors such as creams, flesh, salmons, pinks, some being self colors; others with white eyes, which give them a wonderful effect. The plants are strong growing and flower freely. Many of the public parks in the different States order this seed from us every year, and we strongly recommend it to all horticulturists. Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Iceland Poppies, Yates' Rose Tints Re-selected

We have been selecting this strain for a number of years. We now have a strain which will produce all the dainty shades as well as the artistic shades of pink, rose and carmine. The flowers are borne in great profusion on long stems which make them ideal for indoor decoration.

Pkt 1/6; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 8/-

Yates' Queen Poppies

This speciality has been in our list for many years, but the Shirley and similar strains of spring flowering Poppies seem to be coming back into favor and in our opinion none too soon. In recent years several new tints and shades have been added to the Shirley family and many of these are now available in the splendid strain offered as above.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9

Poppy Shirley, Double Dazzler

Q The color is a very pleasing shade of orange scarlet. It does not need much imagination to visualise the wonderful blaze of color which a bed of these will produce in full bloom.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Primula, Malacoides Gigantea

Q Improved forms of Primula Malacoides are constantly being looked for by plant raisers and hybridists and we now offer this strain which is claimed to have larger flowers and of a brighter and more attractive shade than the original strain.

Pkt 1/6

Varieties marked ¶ are new introductions.



Dwarf Scabious, Coral Rose



Ranunculus, Improved Palestine



Statice sin. atrocoerulea

Portulaca, Yates' Sunnybank Mixture

Few plants make such a dazzling show in hot dry situations as does the Portulaca. The special mixture now offered under this name contains both doubles and singles and a particularly wide range of the most brilliant as well as the more delicate tints. A delightful effect may be obtained by sowing the seed in the crevices of paved or crazy paths, or in the clefts of an uncemented brick path where the roots may get down to soil or sand; in addition it is always successful in borders and rockeries. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Ranunculus Asiaticus, Improved Palestine Strain

¶ Produces large semi-double and double flowers, some being extra double. They have a very wide range of color and some blooms with centres differing from the rest of the corolla. The plants are robust and very free flowering. Pkt 1/6

Salpiglossis, Yates' Emperor Derwent Strain, Choice Mixed

We make a speciality of these and offer what we believe to be the choicest strain saved in any part of the world. Grown in a sunny but sheltered situation they will give a very rich display of bloom, consisting of colors which include rose, crimson, scarlet, blue, violet, brown, most of which are veined with gold. Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; Large pkt 1/-; ½ oz 3/6

Salvia Farinacea, Blue Bedder

¶ This is more compact in habit than the older variety and is therefore more suited for general bedding. Incidentally it is also a much richer blue and this is a big point in its favor. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Scabious, Yates' Artist Mixture

The annual Scabious are always great favorites, and this year we introduce a mixture containing but three of the most delicate and harmonious colors now available, viz., soft pink, pale blue and rosy cerise. This combination is in our opinion a delightful one and we recommend this mixture for general cultivation. Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 2/-

Scabious, Dwarf Double Coral Rose

¶ This plant is very compact, growing only about 8 ins. high. It is therefore well suited for massed beds and for border work and it is very floriferous. The color is rose with a faint tinge of salmon. Pkt 1/-

Schizanthus Wisetonensis, New Hybrids

The unique butterfly-like flowers of this annual never fail to excite the greatest interest and admiration of all flower lovers. The flowers are of curious shape and produced in great variety of charming colors which include white, amber, rose, purple, carmine and pink, all varied colored eyes; foliage is very graceful. Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 3/6; ¼ oz 5/6

Statice, Sinuata Atrocoerulea, Kampf's Tall Improved

¶ An annual Statice producing brilliant deep blue flowers claimed to be much brighter than other varieties of this type. Recommended to all interested in the Statice family. Pkt 1/6

Stock, the Famous Giant Perfection Strain

These are large-flowered Stocks which grow to a height of 20-24 ins. and come into bloom very early and are of very branching habit, and remarkably free flowering. The blooms are carried on long stems, and this is therefore an excellent strain for florists and for cut flowers. Many customers report 70% to 80% of doubles, and our own trials bear out these figures. In recent tests of 150 different varieties and colors we found this strain easily excelled all others. Stocks are very impatient of wet, undrained land, and care should be taken not to over-water them; they like a sunny position. Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; ½ oz 2/-; ¼ oz 3/-; ½ oz 5/-

Sunflower, Dwarf Bronze Hybrids (Purpureus)

For a background in the garden nothing can equal these lovely hybrids which are excellent for cutting. The variety of shades include terra cotta, copper, salmon pink, old rose, bronze shades. Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/3

YATES' NOVELTIES, SPECIALITIES & SPECIAL RECOMMENDATIONS for 1933

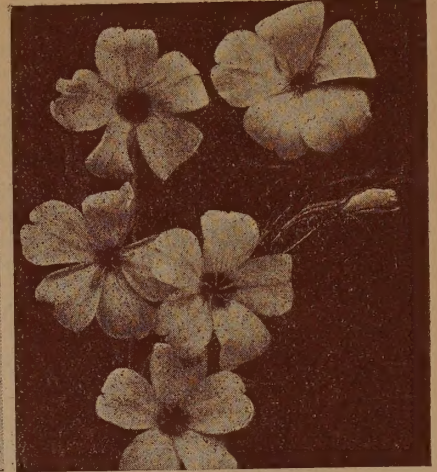
Varieties marked **Q** are new introductions.



Ursinia, pulchra



Verbena, Beauty of Oxford



Viscaria oculata coerulea

Sweet Pea, Brightness

Q This new introduction in the Early Flowering Section is a brilliant new shade of crimson rose. Flowers are large and are carried on long strong stems. Amateurs as well as commercial growers should not fail to give this newcomer a good trial.

Pkt 1/6; ¼oz 5/-; ½oz 7/6; oz 15/-

Sweet Peas, Yates' Prize Packet

This mixture is made up from the very best varieties that we have. It contains a few seeds of each of the leading varieties which we list, and for those who do not want to grow the separate colors we can strongly recommend this choice mixture. Packet contains 150 seeds which is enough to plant about fifty feet. Pkt 5/-

NOTE!—See pages 92-94 for full General List of Early Flowering Sweet Peas.



Sweet Wivelsfield, a charming biennial recently evolved in the Dianthus family and worthy of wide cultivation

Sweet Peas, Australian Early Flowering

Best Twelve for 1933 Collection 6/6

With the extensive trials of Sweet Peas which we carry out each year, we are able to make very close and accurate comparisons between the varieties, and we publish below what we ourselves think to be the pick of the bunch.

This collection contains one full-sized packet of each of the twelve varieties below and a free packet of the old favorite Yarrowa. Except where otherwise stated, the price (separately) of each of the following varieties is Pkt 6d; ¼oz 1/6; ½oz 2/-; 1oz 4/-.

Glitters (Imp.)—Reddish orange.

Marie Cheslyn—Cream pink.

Vulcan—Orange scarlet.

Monarch—Crimson.

Blue Wonder—Mid blue.

Albury Lavender (Imp.)—Azurea.

Fripped Pink—Blush pink.

Pale Violet Flush—Deeper at edge.

Mixed Flakes—Flaked or striped.

Yarrowa—Rose pink standards, pink wings.

Queensland Amber—Deep cream.

Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 1/9; ½oz 5/-
Fairy—Soft salmon cerise.

Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 1/9; ½oz 5/-

Ajax—Rose crimson. Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 1/9; ½oz 5/-

Sweet Wivelsfield

For wealth of color, general garden usefulness and length of flowering season, we know of few plants to compare this comparatively recent introduction. The flowers of Sweet Wivelsfield are carried in large trusses something like Phlox or Sweet William, the very wide range of color including reds, purples, pinks and many other shades are in most cases beautifully laced and veined, and the whole effect tends to make this charming plant one of the best bedding varieties we have especially for winter flowering. After the main blooming they may be cut back when they will send up a second lot of bloom. Well recommended.

Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 7/-

Ursinia, Pulchra

Q A very pretty dwarf subject for sunny positions. It has delicately cut foliage, and bears numerous flowers of a rich orange shade. Grows to about 6 ins. high and should be sown in the spring. Pkt 1/6

YATES' NOVELTIES, SPECIALITIES & SPECIAL RECOMMENDATIONS for 1933

Varieties marked ¶ are new introductions.



Larkspur, Rainbow Mixture



Coleus, Yates' Special Exhibition



Zinnia, Lilliput Rosebud

Verbena, Yates' Large-flowered, Extra Choice Mixed

Although a little difficult to raise the modern Verbena well repays any extra trouble taken in germinating the seed. The magnificent show made in a bed or long border with these Verbenas is a reward well worth while. The flowers are large, of all shades of color, and if not allowed to seed will continue to bloom for many months. Sow in autumn.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; ½oz 2/6; ¼oz 3/6

Verbena, Beauty of Oxford Hybrids

¶ The individual florets of this new Verbena are claimed to measure up to 1 in. across; the color ranges from rose pink to rose red.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Verbena Grandiflora, Lavender Glory

¶ A very large flower; color, lavender blue with white eye. The raisers state that it may at times produce a few white selfs but that the true thing is a very attractive variety.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Viscaria Oculata Coerulea, Blue Bouquet

¶ This new variety is distinct from the older varieties by its more erect habit which gives the plant the appearance of a lovely bouquet. The flowers are larger than other varieties and are of a beautiful shade of blue. Sow in the spring or autumn.

Pkt 1/6

Waratah (Telopea Speciosissima)

This is the national flower of New South Wales. Choose a nicely drained bed of sandy loam covering the seed about ½ in. to ¾ in. deep. Keep them well watered and the young seedlings should appear in about 3-4 weeks' time. When they are about 4 ins. high transplant into a well-drained position and if possible put some wood ashes round the roots.

Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 2/-; ½oz 3/-; 1oz 6/-

Zinnia, Giant Dahlia-flowered, Yates' Brilliant Giants

The Dahlia Flowered type has become very widely popular with the amateur as well as the commercial grower and for this reason we are now offering this special mixture which contains only the best and the brightest colors such as orange, scarlet, crimson, rose, golden, and other brilliant shades; the flowers are of the largest size and for fullness of petals cannot be equalled.

Pkt 1/6; ¼oz 3/-; ½oz 4/6

Zinnia Lilliput, Rosebud

¶ The Lilliput Zinnias are greatly prized by many gardeners for their daintiness and for their usefulness in massing. This new addition will be welcomed owing to its shade of color which is a beautiful rose pink.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Special Collections of Flower Seeds

To cater for the needs of those just taking up gardening and for others who do not desire to individually select their varieties we offer the following special collections. When making these up we include the more popular lines suited for the particular planting season and we strongly recommend them as being particularly good both in value for money and for the wonderful and varied display that will follow in the respective flowering seasons:—

Yates' "Glory" Collection

For autumn planting. Comprised of twelve or so Choice lines (our selection), for late winter and spring blooming.

Catalogued value 6/6 for 5/- post free.

Yates' "Sunshine" Collection

For spring and early summer planting. As it is necessary to sow in spring and early summer those varieties which make the brilliant summer and early autumn displays which are such a feature of Australian gardens we include in this collection varieties (of our selection), specially adapted for our warm summer conditions.

Catalogued value 6/6 for 5/- post free.

Yates "Birthday" Collections (for Children)

Few pursuits are so interesting, and have so good an educating influence on youthful minds, as growing flowers. To enable parents to supply their youngsters with small packets of assorted seeds, we offer the following Collections and the price is low enough to enable each child to have one. Where there are a number of children, it is a good plan to offer a prize for the best kept garden, and to supply each with a small collection of seed.

Six Small Packets of Assorted Hardy Flowers, our selection 1/-

Twelve Small Packets of Assorted Hardy Flowers, our selection 2/-

Special Recommendations from our Bulb Pages 102-109, which see for Main Planting Seasons

Anemones

These delightful spring-flowering bulbs are sometimes called Wind Flowers and are always popular. They are wonderfully effective when planted with Ranunculus. Our St. Brigid Strain comprises all the best of the doubles and semi-doubles. For size and brilliancy of coloring our Single strain is unexcelled and are well worth growing—see page 102.

Begonias (Tuberous)

In the bush-house or verandah where protection from strong sunlight and severe winds can be provided Tuberous Begonias will thrive splendidly if care be taken that they are never allowed to become dry. The Hanging Basket type provide a particularly charming effect and are easily grown; three bulbs planted triangularwise in a 10 or 12 in. basket will make a glorious show during the late summer months. Begonias bloom over a long period and we would refer those interested to our special pamphlet on the cultivation of Tuberous Begonias. For a complete list of varieties available see page 102.

Cyclamen

The peculiar-shaped and very beautiful blooms of the Cyclamen produced in winter (when flowers are scarce) and during the early spring, make these plants a charming addition to the bush-house or verandah collection. They may also be grown with considerable success outdoors if a cool damp position shaded from direct sunlight be selected. For bulbs, see page 102.

Daffodils

Grown in pots and bowls for indoor decoration in the warm climates, and open borders in cool localities, the wonderful beauty of the Daffodil may be enjoyed by the lovers of these gorgeous blooms in almost any but tropical climates. For list of leading varieties, see page 105.

Dahlias

The ever-increasing popularity of the Dahlia during the last few years has greatly encouraged raisers to produce, especially in the Decorative class, a type of Dahlia the blooms of which for decorative purposes are unexcelled, and the older types which possess that inevitable drooping habit have been eliminated. For a full list of varieties write for our special folder published about September.

Freesias (New Hybrids)

The charming colors recently introduced into these favorites combined with the delightful fragrance of the ordinary Freesia have greatly increased the popularity of these pretty bulbous plants. Our strain is carefully selected and embraces all colors of the rainbow. See page 105.

Gladioli

Of late years the demand for Gladioli as a cut flower has rapidly increased and the hybridists have added many new and delightful varieties. It is found that some varieties which succeed excellently in the colder climates of Europe and America do not show to best advantage with us here in Australia, and therefore we conduct each year exhaustive tests of varieties secured from various parts of the world and retain and include in our list only those that we find suitable for Australian gardens. For details of varieties available and particularly our Special Collections, see pages 105 and 106, also color plates on page 103.

Hyacinths

Like the Daffodils these fragrant and beautifully colored bulbous plants make interesting and pretty subjects grown in pots or bowls for interior decoration and can be successfully cultivated in this way in almost any climate. When grown outdoors they really require a cool to cold climate to reach perfection, but many of our clients residing in Sydney and similar climates report satisfactory results when grown in semi-shaded positions and in as cool a spot as possible. For pot or bulb culture it is always advisable to plant the bulbs of one color only in each vessel; this not only gives a more beautiful effect but there is the added advantage that the blooms will come more or less at the one time. See page 107 for varieties.

Iris

Of late years the Iris has steadily gained popularity mainly on account of the wonderful colors that have been evolved and its suitability for almost any situation. For a list of the latest introductions, see page 107.

Kniphofias (Red Hot Pokers)

These hardy plants are ideal for growing among shrubs where their quaint and brilliant colored blooms together with reed-like foliage make a desirable contrast. For a list of the best varieties available see page 107.

Lilies

In semi-shaded positions, preferably among shrubs and in well-drained rich soil, these fragrant and stately summer-flowering plants will thrive successfully, provided they are watered freely during hot dry weather. On page 108 is a list of hardy sorts that may be grown almost anywhere and especially do we recommend the Regale, Sulphur Gale and Longiflorum varieties which are extremely hardy.

Montbretias

The named varieties of Montbretias listed on page 108 should not be confused with the common red variety grown so extensively. Remarkable results have been achieved by hybridising and we have now a collection which for size and color are a decided improvement on the older types. Their hardy constitution makes them suitable for growing anywhere. See page 108.

Ranunculus

Probably no variety of bulb is grown so extensively and to such effect for massed bedding and colorful displays than is the Ranunculus, and the remarkable advance that has been made in the best types of Ranunculus now available fully warrants the popularity of these brilliant bedding bulbs. See page 108.

Tulips

The glory of the gorgeous Tulip is too well known for us to attempt to describe, and our friends living in the cool districts would be well advised to make some space available for these popular plants. Many of our clients in Sydney and similar climates also report some success with them, though naturally they are seen at their very best in only the cooler elevated districts. Some of our best varieties are listed on page 109.

Watsonias (New Hybrids)

These new varieties embrace many new and delightful shades, they are quite as hardy as the old types and will thrive in almost any situation. For our complete collection see page 109.

Some Flowering Shrubs, Trees & Plants of Special Merit

While most of the following are not novelties nor in some cases even recent introductions, they are all notable varieties which under favorable conditions will make most beautiful specimens, and they are not known nor grown as generally as they deserve. We feel sure a selection of those considered most suitable for the reader's location and purpose will in a short time, by their own loveliness and the added beauty they bring to the garden, repay many times the small original cost. Except where specially stated otherwise plants are available at any time and can be put out at almost any time of the year provided a little shelter be given against excessive heat, heavy winds or severe frosts, and the ground suitably watered until they are thoroughly established in their new positions. When heights are mentioned these are of course the approximate heights the plants will eventually grow to under suitable conditions; the plants as supplied are 6 ins. to 18 ins. or so high according to variety, are pot grown and well rooted. For full general lists of flowering, ornamental and fruiting plants, shrubs, trees and climbers, see pages 111-131.

Acacia elata (Cedar or Pepper Tree Wattle)

One of our quickest-growing evergreens with handsome foliage and pale yellow flowers. Specially suitable for street planting or purposes where rapid growth is required. 30ft. 1/6

Begonia Lucerna

One of the best tall-growing Tree Begonias. Will do well in any sheltered position or in a light bush-house. Flowers are beautiful rich red produced in large drooping trusses. The foliage is dark green spotted white. 6ft. 1/-

Bougainvillea Mrs. Butt

The latest addition to this beautiful family of climbing plants. Flowers are ruby red. This will stand light frosts only. Best planted from September onwards. 3/6

Cerastostigma Willmottiae

One of our best blue flowering deciduous shrubs, somewhat like the Plumbago, but flowers over a long season, with deep sky-blue flowers. Hardy everywhere. Valuable for dry situations. 5ft. 1/6

Cercis siliquastrum (Judas Tree)

A beautiful, deciduous, tall-growing shrub, bearing masses of red flowers along the branches, somewhat like Lilac. Handsome foliage and hardy everywhere except in the tropics. 12 to 15ft. 2/-

Chamaelaucium uncinatum (Geraldton Wax Plant)

Another beautiful evergreen native plant from W.A. with light pink tea-tree like flowers. Suitable for planting in fairly hot dry position, and must not be over-watered in winter. 5ft. 2/-

Clerodendron Ugandense (Butterfly Flower)

Beautiful, pale blue blooms with darker centre. A recent introduction, and one of our most beautiful evergreen, blue shrubs. Will not stand severe frosts. 4 to 6ft. 2/6

Eupatorium lanthinum

One of our best evergreen winter flowering shrubs with large trusses of dark lilac flowers, which should be cut well back after flowering. 4ft. 2/-

Fuchsia coralle (Hybrid Fuchsia)

An extremely hardy Fuchsia with long, coral, tube-like flowers standing hot and dry weather and free from red spider. Nearly always in flower. Makes a beautiful hedge or specimen. 3ft. 1/-

Feijoa Sellowiana

An uncommon flowering and fruiting evergreen shrub with red and white blooms in the spring and carrying fruits in the autumn of fine flavor and intense perfume. Will grow as far south as Melbourne. 10ft. 2/-

Hakea eucalyptoides

One of our most beautiful evergreen native plants. The foliage is beautiful and the ball-shaped crimson flowers with cream anthers are most attractive. Makes a beautiful hedge or specimen. Will grow as far south as Melbourne. 8ft. 2/-

Leptospermum Nichollii

A beautiful evergreen shrub from New Zealand with lovely crimson flowers and fine foliage. Recommended for cooler climates only. 8ft. 2/-

Luculia gratissima

One of the most beautiful evergreen shrubs grown. The blooms are of a delicate shade of pink with the perfume of the Daphne, and are borne in clusters somewhat like the *Bouvardia*. Will do well in a sheltered easterly position. The roots should not be interfered with, nor the plant over-watered during the winter. This is the cause of loss in many cases. Will stand light frosts only. 8ft. From 2/6

Metrosideros tomentosa (Pohutukawa)

The well-known and beautiful Xmas Tree of New Zealand. Good foliage and brilliant crimson flowers. Does specially well on sea coast and will grow in poor soil; will not stand severe frost when young, but protected then is hardy almost anywhere. Evergreen. 20ft. 2/-

Nerium Mrs. Roeding (Oleander)

With handsome double salmon flowers, is one of the most beautiful of the family. Suitable for hedges or as specimen and extremely hardy, even in very dry positions. 6ft. 1/6

Podalyria grandiflora

A beautiful evergreen shrub with flowers of a lovely shade of pink. The foliage is silver colored and covered with silvery hairs. Does well anywhere. 6ft. 2/6

Prostanthera ovalifolia

Another beautiful Australian evergreen plant with rich purple flowers covering the foliage in the spring. Attracts attention everywhere. But not recommended for the tropics. 8ft. 2/-

Punica nana (Dwarf Pomegranate)

A most desirable plant for low hedges or as specimen. Beautiful glossy green foliage with scarlet flowers followed by scarlet fruit. Hardy everywhere. 2ft. 1/6

Rondeletia amoena

A very attractive evergreen shrub with dark foliage and salmon-pink flowers, sweetly scented. Specially suitable for coastal districts. Should be cut back after flowering. 6ft. 2/6

Strelitzia regina (Bird's Tongue Flower)

An evergreen shrub with unique flowers of pale blue and gold resembling a bird's head. Stands heat and does not require too much water. Grown as far south as Melbourne. 4ft. 3/6

Veronica la Seduisante (Speedwell)

A beautiful dwarf evergreen shrub with broad shiny leaves with purple tips and purplish crimson blossoms. Not recommended for Queensland. 4ft. 2/-

TREES AND SHRUBS FOR FOLIAGE

Those who delight in rich and varied foliage should make a selection from the following. Varieties marked * are recommended for cool climates only:—

- Abutilon** Souv. de Bonn (8ft.); green and white. 1/6
- " Marmorata (6ft.); green and gold. 1/6
- Acalypha** (5ft.) (For warm climates only). Red and green, etc. 2/-
- Acer Negundo** (Maple). 40ft. Light green. 2/-
- " " argentea (20ft.); silver and green. 2/6
- * " platanoides (50ft.); orange. 2/-
- * " atropurpureum (6ft.); red and green. 3/6
- Aucuba Japonica Aurea** (4ft.); green and gold. 2/-
- Coprosma Baueriana Picturata** (6ft.); yellow and green. 1/6
- Euonymus Japonica Aurea** (6ft.); green and gold. 1/6
- * **Fagus Sylvatica** (Beech) (50ft.); silver. 2/-
- * " " purpurea (30ft.); red to deep purple. 3/6
- Hypericum Moserianum Tricolor** (3ft.); pink and cream. 2/-
- * **Ilex alba** (Silver Holly); 10ft. Silver. 2/6
- * " aurea (Golden Holly); 10ft. Golden. 2/6
- Ligustrum lucidum variegatum** (8ft.); large-leaved privet, variegated cream and green. 2/-
- Liquidambar** (40ft.); yellow, purple and crimson. 2/-
- Nerium splendens variegatum** (10ft.); cream and green. 2/6
- Photinia glabra rubens** (10ft.); brilliant young foliage. 2/-
- Pistacia chinensis** (30ft.); red and yellow. 2/6
- Populus bolleana** (50ft.); silver. 2/-
- Prunus Blireiana** Fl. Pl. (10ft.); purple. 2/6
- " Moserii Fl. Pl. (10ft.); purple. 2/6
- " Vesuvius (12ft.); purple bronze. 2/6
- * **Quercus palustris** (50ft.); deep crimson. 2/-

ORNAMENTAL BERRY PLANTS, TREES & SHRUBS

Some plants are noted for their greatest beauty when covered with their brilliantly colored berries and the following is a fine selection:—

- Arbutus unedo** (12ft.); Strawberry Tree. Red berries. 2/-
- Berberis Wilsonii** (3ft.); red berries. 2/-
- Cotoneaster Francheti** (8ft.); orange red berries. 2/-
- Crataegus Carrieri** (18ft.); large crimson berries. 1/6
- " pyracantha angustifolia (8ft.); orange berries. 1/6
- Eleocarpus cyaneus** (Blue Berry Ash) (20ft.); blue berries. 2/-
- Eugenia Smithii** (Lilli Pilli) (20ft.); reddish purple berries. 2/-
- Euonymus europaeus** (10ft.); red berries with orange covering. 2/-
- * **Ilex aquifolium** (English Holly) (15ft.); red berries. 2/-
- * **Pyrus aucuparia** (Mountain Ash) (30ft.); scarlet berries. 2/-
- Symphoricarpos** (Snowberry) (3ft.); snow-white berries. 2/-

VEGETABLE SEEDS

Some Interesting Notes and Suggestions based on our own Trial Ground Reports

For full variety descriptions and small quantity prices see General List of Vegetable Seeds on pages 23-50. Users of larger quantities will please write for "Yates' Current Price List," issued every three to four weeks, which quotes ruling rates for all lines of vegetable and agricultural seeds.



A variety trial of Cabbages on our Trial Ground near Sydney

Beans

During the last few years growers of Beans have had continual disappointment owing very largely to the ravages of bacterial blight. In some districts this disease had made commercial Bean growing almost impossible. A big effort has been made all over the world to try and discover some means of overcoming the disease but so far with comparatively little success; in no country can absolutely disease-free seed be found. On present indications we are of opinion that the most likely solution of the trouble is to try and find or develop varieties which, while being good croppers, are resistant to the disease. For the last two or three years we have been developing a pure line strain of **Canadian Wonder** and we expect to have supplies in the spring which we will offer as **Canadian Wonder**, Yates' "Pioneer Strain." While our experience with this selection is hardly long enough to make extravagant claims it appears that this strain is undoubtedly harder than the ordinary commercial samples; it is very vigorous and undoubtedly a greater advance over ordinary seed. **Feltham Prolific** is a variety which for the last year or two has been grown extensively and with some success. It is undoubtedly harder and more resistant than **Canadian Wonder** but the pods are small and the plants only yield a first crop (see page 23). A new variety named **Masterpiece** is listed by us this year for the first time (see page 24). This variety is we believe an advance on **Feltham Prolific** and while quite hardy, bears a good crop of very nice marketable pods. We would recommend growers to make trial sowings of this variety. For the home garden, where the beans can be trained up poles, wires or stakes, Yates' **Epicure** is undoubtedly one of the best varieties that can be grown. It is particularly hardy, very resistant to all the diseases beans are heir to, has a very long cropping season and gives a much larger yield per foot of row than the dwarf varieties.

Beetroot

Our seed growing and research staffs have been working on this popular vegetable for several years and our strains now show tremendous improvement on the old standard. Yates' **Egyptian Turnip Rooted** is still

the most largely grown variety. The strain we are offering is of particularly high quality, excellent color, medium-sized roots with shortish tops. Growers are at last, however, realising the quality of the **Globe Beets** such as Yates' **Derwent Globe** and our sale of this variety is rapidly overtaking the **Turnip Rooted**. **Derwent Globe** comes in almost as quickly as **Egyptian Turnip Rooted**, is of magnificent quality and color and by its shape is a better variety for the housewife, cutting with less waste. From our experience in the trial grounds the round Beets are harder than the turnip rooted varieties, do not split so easily in the summer time and are choicer in texture and flavor.

Cabbage

In the old days the average grower's ambition was to grow a large Cabbage but now it is becoming realised that quality is the main essential. The smaller earlier varieties are, generally speaking, of much better eating quality and are easier to grow than the older main crop sorts. Yates' **First Early Improved** is a very early, conical headed variety, and is easily one of the best to grow for home garden use; is very choice eating.

Yates' **Earliball** and Yates' **Vanguard** are the next two earliest Cabbages we list and have hard medium-sized round heads; they are very fully described in page 27. We would urge all our customers in the warmer parts of Australia to make trial sowings of these three varieties. In our trial grounds near Sydney failure with them is almost unknown.

Carrots

For the home garden where quality is essential **Manchester Table** is an outstanding variety, it is very easily grown, is not over large and is of exceptional quality. A recently-introduced variety and one that is rapidly becoming the market growers' first choice is **Chantenay**; this seems to be one of the hardiest Carrots grown and forms quite a fair root even under the most adverse conditions. The roots are most attractive, good eating and give a heavy yield per acre.

Cauliflowers

Yates' **Phenomenal Early** hearting in in about four and a half months from seed, and Yates' **Phenomenal Maincrop**, hearting in in about six months have now become the standard Cauliflowers in all States from



Threshing Seed at our Tasmanian Farm

INTERESTING VEGETABLE SEED NOTES & SUGGESTIONS—(continued)

HARVESTING STOCK SEED OF GARDEN PEAS
ON OUR NEW ZEALAND SEED FARMS



Queensland to West Australia. Nowhere, where Cauliflowers will grow at all, have we heard of these varieties being surpassed and in our trials they stand out year after year against all varieties for quality, hardiness and yield per acre. We might almost say that these two varieties have made the Cauliflower an "every man's crop," whereas it used to be largely confined to experts. **Yates' Green Sprout Cauliflower** (see page 31 for description), is a worthy addition to the home garden vegetable patch and should be grown by all. While quite distinct from the ordinary Cauliflower it makes a most acceptable and dainty dish and is very easy to grow.

Cucumbers

There are now two quite distinct types of Cucumber grown, the round or apple-shaped type and the long green type. **Yates' Crystal Apple**, originally developed and recently introduced by us, is undoubtedly the best of the apple-shaped type. Its pure white color makes it much more attractive than the ordinary **Apple Shaped** and the fruits are a little larger. Care should be taken to see that the fruit of this variety is used while young and before the seeds become hard. If this Cucumber is peeled thick it is a most appetising and digestible addition to the salad. **Early Fortune**, owing to its dark green color, is in our opinion the best of the long types now listed by us and it is rapidly becoming first favorite amongst all growers.

Lettuce

While one of the most useful vegetables it is one of the hardest to grow properly. The main secret is to grow them on good friable soil made as rich as possible and never to let the plants suffer from lack of moisture. The Chinese gardeners who grow Lettuces so largely and so successfully never let the beds become dry. For the home gardener **Mignonette** is undoubtedly the best variety and the easiest of all to

grow; unfortunately the outer leaves are of a dark color and the Lettuce is rather small, but when pulled apart the appearance is most attractive and it is probably the best of all Lettuces in eating quality, being very crisp, tender and sweet. For the market grower **Neapolitan** (or **New York**), is certainly the main variety; our special market garden strain of this Lettuce is a magnificent selection, very uniform, sure hearting in the cool season and with vigorous robust leaves. In very hot summer weather even the best growers find difficulty in getting **Neapolitan** to heart in properly and for that season we recommend **Yates' Champion Cabbage** (**Iceberg**). This variety tends to head better than **Neapolitan**, gives a very large heart, crisp and tender. Its one fault for market use is its rather light color combined with a pink tinge on the outer leaves.

Rock Melons

We particularly draw customers' attention to page 37 where we are listing three new varieties for the first time. **Hale's Best**, which is of the **Rocky Ford** type, though slightly larger, is in our opinion, likely to be the main market variety as soon as it becomes known and will be first favorite with the family owing to its excellent quality. It is a heavy cropper and very early. **Yates' Surprise** and **Market Monarch**, too, are



Trials of root crops, Timperley Trial Ground (Eng.)

both worthy introductions and varieties that we consider will also undoubtedly make their mark, also **Greeley Wonder**; for descriptions of these see general list pages. **Rocky Ford**, as mentioned in our general list, is the variety more largely grown than any other and is undoubtedly one of the best of the standard sorts. From our experience we would strongly urge anybody growing or buying Rock Melons to always choose varieties with a medium-sized fruit and if possible with a considerable netting as these varieties are, generally speaking, of much higher eating quality than the large plain sorts.

Water Melons

Yates' Market Wonder and **Kleckley Sweets** are two varieties very alike and are without doubt the best sellers of all the standard sorts; they are dark skinned, heavy croppers of delicious flavor. For those growers wanting only light-skinned varieties we recommend **Irish Grey** and **Grey Monarch**. We also have in course of further development a very fine early Melon which is known as **Early Yates'**. In it are combined extreme earliness (from three to four weeks before other sorts), and excellent size, color, and flavor. We find, however, that there is still some variation in this new-comer and we are making further efforts to improve in the way of uniformity and size this important introduction.



A crop of Drumhead Cabbage at Yates' Seed Farms

INTERESTING VEGETABLE SEED NOTES & SUGGESTIONS—(continued)

Onions

Our **Derwent Long-Keeping Brown Spanish** strain is now well known throughout the Commonwealth for its purity and high quality. This variety is undoubtedly the standard variety for all the cooler districts, but in warmer climates the best brown Onion is **Yates' Hunter River Early Brown**, which comes in much earlier, gives an excellent yield per acre but is a poor keeper.

Of the White varieties **Southport White Globe** is a recent introduction to our list, and will, we think, rapidly become very popular. While it is later than the flat types such as **Early Barletta**, it is a heavy cropper, and the best keeping of the White sorts.

Garden Peas

Greenfeast is now the favorite variety for main crop, it stands supreme for quality, yield and hardiness; and we are very particular to keep up our strain of this Pea. Those buying our special **Prinie New Zealand Crown** can be sure of obtaining seed equal to the purest and best available and it is all grown under our own supervision.

Yates' Earlicrop is also rapidly becoming recognised as the worthy companion of **Greenfeast** to which it is very similar and from which it was originally bred. It is, however, very much earlier and the pods are slightly smaller. We strongly recommend this to all growers who want an earlier variety than **Greenfeast**.



Testing varieties of Lettuce at our Trial Grounds

Pumpkins and Winter Squash

The best Pumpkins both for the home garden and the market grower are **Yates' Triamble** and **Yates' Queensland Blue**, being good keeping and good eating. Since we drew the attention of our customers, some years ago, to the remarkable qualities of the **Hubbard Squash** they have become very popular, it now being realised that they are the equal of, if not superior to, the best Pumpkins. The strains are usually much purer, and all the fruits the vines mature are good and keep excellently. The best and most prolific is probably the **Green Hubbard**. Another recently-introduced variety of the same type is **Banana Squash**, it is a long-keeping winter variety equally comparable in eating qualities with the **Hubbard Squash** and the driest Pumpkin.

Tomatoes

In an endeavour to obtain better prices everybody is now trying to market Tomatoes as early as possible and all are seeking good early varieties. An outstanding sort is **Earliwinner**, which, in our opinion, is



Portion of a Seed Crop of Radish at Derwentside (Tas.)

the best of the **Earliana** types and one that came out on top in the unstaked plots in the North Coast Competition under the supervision of the Department of Agriculture.

Two other excellent early varieties are **Break-o'-Day** and **Bonny Best**. **Break-o'-Day** is very highly thought of by the Department of Agriculture and by those who have grown it, while **Bonny Best** is also a beautiful variety, particularly recommended for the even size of its fruit and the way it shades same. For mid-season we particularly recommend **Marglobe**, which, although a comparatively recent introduction, has rapidly become a best seller.

Turnips

We introduce this year for the first time two new Turnips—**Yates' Flat Express** and **Yates' Market Pride** (for full descriptions please see page 50). For those interested in this vegetable we strongly recommend trials of these two sorts. For customers in the warmer climates who have difficulty in growing the standard varieties we strongly recommend growing **Yates' Long White**, which seems to be particularly suitable for warm conditions. **White Stone** is still the standard variety most largely grown and it is a heavy yielder.

Swedes

Every year larger quantities of this crop are grown both for human consumption and for sheep and cattle feed. Our strain of **Yates' Champion Purple Top** is the standard for quality and yield. All those living in the cooler parts of Australia should grow at least some **Swede Turnip**. For the house they are an excellent vegetable and on the farm they come in at a time when feed is short.



Pea Trials—very close comparisons are made each year

IMPORTANT!

Special Price List for Pastoralists, Farmers, Graziers, Market Gardeners and other Large Users!

As prices of Agricultural and Vegetable seeds are subject to change and to market variations we publish every three to four weeks a complete printed list entitled—

YATES' Current Price List

The quotations are, of course, subject to prior sale and to prompt reply. You are invited to write for the current issue at any time when you are interested, but if you are not ordering till a later date please confirm the prices then.

Yates' Current Price List contains Clovers, Grasses, Seed Grains, Fodder Crops, of all kinds, Manures, Spraying Preparations, Implements, Bird Seeds, Peas (Garden), Beans, Vegetable Roots and Bulbs, and all varieties of Vegetable Seeds.

DEALERS—We are pleased to do business in bulk seeds with Stores, Stock and Station Agents, etc., and invite inquiries.

No. 335R issued on Feb. 4th, 1931.

Yates' CURRENT PRICE LIST

FOR GRAZIER, FARMERS & MARKET GROW

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY

We warrant that the seeds are of the quality and quantity stated on the label, and that they are free from insects and other deleterious matter. We do not warrant that the seeds will produce a certain number of plants, or that they will be free from insects and other deleterious matter. We do not warrant that the seeds will be free from insects and other deleterious matter.

TERMS OF PAYMENT

Our terms are cash with order, including 10% discount on cash payment. If goods are required by instalment, please apply to the nearest branch office. If the customer's account is not settled by the 1st of the month, the balance will be sent promptly on receipt of invoice.

IMPORTANT POINTS

Testing Germination
Packed in Bulk
No Extra Charge
except as stated below

CHANGES FOR LAYERS

Yates' Garden Calendar
Yates' Garden Guide
Yates' Garden Booklets

Item	Price
Barley (Oats)	1/6
Beans (Garden)	1/6
Peas (Garden)	1/6
Mustard (Garden)	1/6
Onion (Garden)	1/6
Tomato (Garden)	1/6
Carrot (Garden)	1/6
Turnip (Garden)	1/6
Swede (Garden)	1/6
Brussels Sprouts (Garden)	1/6
Cauliflower (Garden)	1/6
Broccoli (Garden)	1/6
Asparagus (Garden)	1/6
Artichoke (Garden)	1/6
Leek (Garden)	1/6
Potato (Garden)	1/6
Swiss Chard (Garden)	1/6
Spinach (Garden)	1/6
Kale (Garden)	1/6
Turnip (Garden)	1/6
Swede (Garden)	1/6
Brussels Sprouts (Garden)	1/6
Cauliflower (Garden)	1/6
Broccoli (Garden)	1/6
Asparagus (Garden)	1/6
Artichoke (Garden)	1/6
Leek (Garden)	1/6
Potato (Garden)	1/6
Swiss Chard (Garden)	1/6
Spinach (Garden)	1/6
Kale (Garden)	1/6

ARTHUR YATES
Australia's Greatest Seed Grower

VEGETABLE SEEDS YATES' SPECIAL VALUE COLLECTIONS

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF CUSTOMERS WHO DO NOT WISH TO SELECT THEIR OWN VARIETIES, and to provide suitable supplies of well-assorted seeds for those who live at a distance from the centres of population we make up the following Collections.

Our Special Collections are in constant demand all over Australia, and beyond, particularly the 10/- and 20/- Collections. Due to the good assortment of seeds and the way they are packed these Collections have given the greatest satisfaction to customers on outback stations, and to gardeners in the tropical parts of Australia, and in India and other parts of the East. The 20/- and 10/- Collections are packed in air-tight tin cases, with movable lids; so that, with care, our seeds will keep in good condition even under very trying climatic conditions.



Twelve packets of hardy Vegetable Seeds (our selection), no Peas or Beans included unless by special request and 3d. extra allowed for each packet for postage. This is an excellent Collection for those with limited space and particularly for children's gardens. With each Collection we include a copy of Yates' Garden Calendar.



For the average home garden this Collection is particularly suited. It contains 23 packets (including Peas and Beans) of well-assorted varieties. The whole is packed in an air-tight tin with movable lid and is accompanied by a copy each of Yates' Garden Guide and Yates' Garden Calendar.



Packed in a handsome air-tight tin, this Collection is of specially good value, and contains seeds, in sufficient quantity and variety, to fill the requirements of a moderate-sized garden. If customers have any special conditions of soil or climate, please mention, and we will select varieties to suit. The Collection comprises 50 packets of a wide range of hardy varieties, also Yates' Garden Guide, Garden Calendar, and Tomato and Onion booklets.

Yates' Current Price List is Available for You whenever You Wish to Buy in Quantity.

YATES' SELECTED STRAINS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS

GENERAL LIST

The following list of Vegetable Seeds is based on experience of Australasian conditions and gardening requirements extending over a period of nearly 50 years, and in addition field tests have been consistently carried on for well over a quarter of a century at our trial grounds. In these "trials" we grow to maturity not only our own main lines, but also samples obtained from various parts of the world, thereby ensuring that our list contains the finest types and best strains obtainable.

NOTICE IN REFERENCE TO VARIETIES.—Modern varieties of Vegetables are in a great many cases selections and highly improved strains of older and inferior types. These improved strains are stable to a certain degree only, and considerable care is entailed in the growing of high-grade seeds to keep these types up to present standard and to improve on them. We would point out, therefore, that under conditions of soil and season not altogether favorable, varieties may vary from the description in these pages, especially as regards earliness or lateness of season, type and keeping quality. The descriptions are intended to serve as a guide only in the selection of sorts likely to prove most suitable for purposes required.

ATTENTION IS DRAWN TO CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY ON PAGE 6.

ASPARAGUS

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring in nursery beds, and, when the plants are large enough, say in the following winter, transplant into richly prepared beds. These should be made by trenching the ground two feet deep and by richly manuring the land deeply with old stable manure and bonedust. Plant in rows, fifteen inches apart. When bed is two years old cut the strong and vigorous shoots, and these sparingly to begin with. An Asparagus bed properly prepared and regularly attended to should last for very many years. For full cultural notes, see Yates' "Garden Guide" (1/- post free).

Connover's Colossal—The standard variety; large heads. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-

In the winter and early spring we can also supply Asparagus Roots. Write for Yates' Current Price List.

ARTICHOKE, GLOBE

A vegetable much esteemed on the Continent. The flower heads are the edible portion, the base of the scales being considered a great delicacy. Sow the seed in nursery beds in spring, transplant the following season into well-manured land, three feet apart.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/-

ARTICHOKE, JERUSALEM

Entirely distinct from the preceding; they are very similar to potatoes, and should be cultivated in the same manner. They are grown from tubers, which should be planted in the early spring, in rows twenty inches apart and nine inches between the tubers. In large areas, to be horse cultivated, the rows should be two to three feet apart. They are also excellent stock food, especially for pigs. Available only in June, July and early August.

See Yates' Current Price List for prices.

BEANS ALL CARRIAGE IS EXTRA

FOR LARGER QUANTITIES THAN ARE HERE QUOTED, SEE YATES' CURRENT PRICE LIST—SENT ON REQUEST

CULTIVATION.—All the following Beans should be planted in the spring after all danger of frosts is over, and from then on at intervals throughout the summer. In warm, sheltered districts, where winters are extremely mild, sowings may also be made in the late summer and early autumn months, but they will not stand frost. Lima Beans are even more susceptible to cold condition than the French or Kidney Beans, and succeed best in warm climates; they should not be planted quite so early in the spring. Dwarf growing varieties are usually planted in rows about 2 ft. apart, allowing 3-4 in. between the plants in the row. The Climbing (or Pole) Beans require more room and are best grown in rows 4-6 ft. apart, allowing the rows if possible to run north and south. Care should be taken to provide stakes, wire netting or other support as soon as the plants are 2-3 in. above the surface. All beans like an open, sunny position, and good, free, open soil. Pods should be kept picked, they lose much of their tasty goodness if used when too old. Beans, generally, respond well to phosphatic manures such as Superphosphate or Yates Pea and Bean Manure.

CANADIAN WONDER, YATES' SELECTED (Dwarf French)—An excellent cropper. The beans are usually very much larger than other dwarf sorts. As a "general purpose" bean it cannot be beaten.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/6 lb; 3lb lots 1/5 lb

FELTHAM PROLIFIC (Dwarf French)—A very early variety, coming into bearing remarkably quickly. It is one of the heaviest croppers yet introduced and produces an enormous crop of rich green fleshy pods which keep their color well. Plant is of dwarf habit with dark green foliage. Seed is small. Flavor excellent. (Illustration overleaf.)

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb

STARTLER WAX (Dwarf Butter)—In our trials always stands out as the hardiest and best yellow wax or butter bean.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 1/9 lb; 3lb. lots, 1/7 lb

We have a Complete Seed Testing Plant in Our Own Warehouse

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

BEANS (Continued)

YATES' EPICURE (Ever-Bearing Stringless) (Runner)—Stands hot climates well, perhaps better than any other Runner Beans. The pods are flat, fleshy and stringless, grow in clusters, and are tender and good flavored. A remarkably heavy cropper. These Climbing Beans are of great value to the man with small garden space. They can be grown up pillars made of stout stakes, on wire netting or strings; and for covering the garden fence with "something useful," they have no equal, provided some wire netting or other support is furnished for the tendrils to cling to.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 1/9 lb; 3lb lots 1/7 lb

SCARLET RUNNER IMPROVED (Runner)—These thrive in cool climates, such as Tasmania and South New Zealand; they also crop very well in North Queensland, sown in the autumn for winter use. If, when they are flowering, the weather is very hot, they are apt to drop their flowers without setting. Apart from their use as a vegetable, they are extremely ornamental. Where they succeed these are one of the best beans grown.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots 1/11 lb

SNAKE BEAN (Climbing)—Also called Asparagus Bean, the flavor somewhat resembles Asparagus. Bears long narrow stringless pods up to eighteen inches long.

Pkt 6d (post paid 7d); 1/2 lb 2/-

Emperor William (Dwarf French)—An improved variety with broad pods, tender and good flavored.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb

Haricot (Dwarf)—Can be used as any other French Bean, or allowed to mature and be cooked in dry state.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb

SEED BEANS MAY BE SHORT

Owing to most unfavorable conditions in the main growing centre there is some uncertainty regarding supplies of Seed Beans for this coming spring. We would ask those interested to consult our Current Price List, published at intervals throughout the year, thus ascertaining if the varieties they are interested in are offered and the prices before ordering. We expect the prices quoted for small quantities herein to hold but there is likely to be some fluctuation in bushel rates.

Dwarf Stringless Green Pod (Dwarf French)—Extremely early, very heavy cropper, finest quality.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb

Perfect Bush (Byer's) (Dwarf French)—A remarkably productive variety bearing an immense number of fine quality, tender fleshy pods.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb

MASTERPIECE—Also known as Afrikander, Victory and Marvel. A dwarf variety with a nice compact bush, vigorous and hardy. It bears an excellent crop of good-sized beans. Wherever tried this novelty has been acclaimed and it seems to be less troubled with the deadly bacterial blight than Canadian Wonder. It should prove an excellent market variety.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb



Feltham Prolific (see previous page); this Bean will, we think, be widely used for early market and specially the home garden; exceptionally hardy and more resistant to most diseases than some of the older varieties.

For the Home Garden, Yates' Epicure Runner Bean Cannot be Beaten

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

BEANS (Continued)

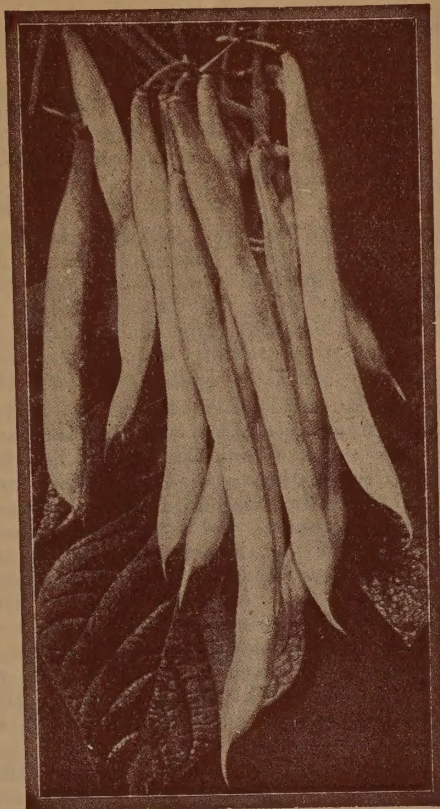
Kentucky Wonder (Runner)

— Somewhat similar to Yates' Ever-Bearing Stringless, but earlier in season, and the pods are more fleshy and deeply creased. Quite stringless and very tender; carries wonderful crops.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb.; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb

General McCay (Runner)—The largest of the garden Runner Beans. The pods are a foot long, very broad, fleshy and almost stringless, they are produced in pairs and yield heavily.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/- lb.; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb



Dwarf Butter Bean, Startler Wax

Tongan Bean (Climbing)—Produces immense quantities of large flat beans, which make good eating. Supplies uncertain. Pkt 1/- (post paid 1/1)

Madagascar Bean (Climbing)—Should not be planted in climates colder than Sydney; they will stand any amount of heat. Plant the beans eight to twelve inches apart, as they are vigorous growers, and in mild climates perennial. Pkt 1/- (post paid 1/1)

BROAD BEANS

CULTIVATION.—These Beans thrive best in strong tenacious soil, but they will succeed almost anywhere. Sow at intervals for succession any time during autumn and winter, and (in cold climates) in the spring.

YATES' DREADNOUGHT LONG POD—This variety has been selected for many years by our Manchester house. It has shown itself to have longer as well as broader pods than any other Broad Bean. It is unequalled for exhibition, has robust constitution, and will produce the heaviest crop of all.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/- lb.; 3lb lots, 10d. lb

COLE'S DWARF PROLIFIC—A fine variety recently introduced which grows only about 2 feet high. It is a very heavy cropping sort, each pod containing six or eight beans.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 2/- lb.; 3lb lots, 1/11 lb

EARLY LOND POD (Leviathan)—Very long podded and the earliest.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/- lb.; 3lb lots, 10d. lb

BROAD WINDSOR—A good stock of this noted variety, broad pods, large beans.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/- lb.; 3lb lots, 10d. lb

BORECOLE (Scotch Kale or Curly Green)

Succeeds best in cold climates, where heavy frosts are experienced. Plant in late summer for winter use. Treat the same as cabbage. The foliage makes an excellent vegetable boiled.

Dwarf Green Curled—Pkt 6d; oz 1/3

BROCCOLI

CULTIVATION.—Sow late in spring and early summer. Treat the same as Cauliflowers, which it greatly resembles, except that it is later and more hardy, and more suitable for winter flowering in cold climates. They will head in during the following winter and spring.

Early White—Best early.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/-

Late White—For succession.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/-

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Brussels Sprouts can be grown in any of the cooler districts of the Southern States of Australia and in the Highlands of New South Wales and Southern parts of Queensland. During the last few years it has become a very popular market garden crop and large quantities are marketed every season. They are particularly suitable where heavy winter frosts are experienced as the flavor is brought out by the frosting, if they are not frosted they are inclined to be strong and bitter.

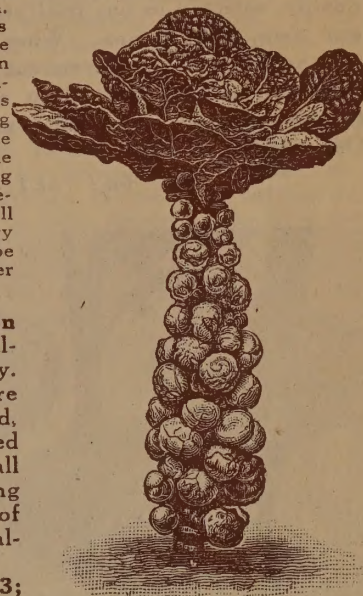
CULTIVATION.—Treat much the same as Cabbage and Cauliflower, but plant only in the early autumn, from January to March. Sow in seed beds and when large enough plant out in good strong well-manured soil in rows 2 ft. apart, leaving 2 ft. between the plants. When the Sprouts are starting to form it is recommended that all yellow and raggy leaves should be pulled off the lower part of the stem.

Yates' Champion

—The best all-round variety. The Sprouts are large and solid, closely packed on a rather tall stem producing a heavy crop of the finest quality.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3;

1/2 lb 3/6



Postage or Freight is charged extra on Beans

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

BEETROOT

CULTIVATION.—Deep, rich, dry land, which has been well manured for a preceding crop, is the best suited for Beet, though it will succeed in most soils. Sow in spring and summer, in rows nine inches apart, and afterwards thin out to four or five inches between the plants. In warm climates they may also be grown in the autumn.



SILVER SPINACH BEET

YATES' TURNIP ROOTED (Selected Early Flat Egyptian)—A very early variety and the favourite for warm climates. Our stock is of exceptional quality, selected in our trial grounds and grown on our own Seed Farms. When grown in hot dry weather necessitating frequent and copious waterings the roots may tend to crack, where this is troublesome we recommend growers planting the Derwent Globe variety.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/9; lb 5/-



YATES' TURNIP ROOTED BEET

YATES' OBELISK (Originated at the Timperley Trial Grounds of our English House)—An early variety, one of its salient features being its shape, which allows of the root being sliced with less waste than any other. The color and flavor of the roots are excellent. In some districts the appearance of these high quality "beets" in the vegetable markets has created something of a sensation, and the enterprising growers have been rewarded with high prices. Every large grower should at least make tests of this sort.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/9; lb 5/-

YATES' DERWENT GLOBE (Improved Crimson Globe)—A little later than Yates' Turnip Rooted, globular in shape and of excellent quality. This is the finest strain of Crimson Globe type we have seen. Flesh and skin of a beautiful deep color and fine texture; rapidly becoming a first favorite on all markets. Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/9; lb 5/-

SPINACH BEET (also known as Silver Spinach or Seakale Beet)—This is grown for the leaves, which make an excellent dish cooked like Spinach, or the midribs of the leaves are boiled and served with melted butter. Splendid summer vegetable. Note—When gathering the leaves, they should be pulled, not cut. We offer the following two strains—**Lucullus**—Crimped foliage type; **Dark Green Broad-ribbed**.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3; lb 4/-

Nonpareil—The roots are oval and cut without waste. It is one of the earliest and not unlike Yates' Obelisk which is the favorite variety of this type.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/9; lb 5/-

Blood Red—Long and pointed, grows to a fair size, deep crimson in color.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/9; lb 5/-

Sugar Beet, Wanzleben—See Yates' Current Price List.



Yates' Derwent Globe Beetroot

Yates' Derwent Globe Beet carries Our Special Recommendation

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

CABBAGE

Attention is directed to the Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty on page 6.

(E) First Early Variety.

(SE) Second Early Variety.

(MC) Medium Early or Maincrop Variety.

(L) Late Variety.

CULTIVATION.—Cabbages do best on a deeply trenched and highly manured soil. They may be sown during the greater part of the year, the main planting being made in late summer and autumn. Sow in seed beds, and, when large enough, plant out in rows eighteen inches apart and eighteen inches between the plants. The Drumhead varieties will require a little more room than this. For private gardens in the cool season of the year we recommend the smaller hearted early varieties as the most delicate flavored and tenderest table cabbages; they will also stand longer without running to seed than many other sorts.

In order of approximate earliness.

YATES' FIRST EARLY IMPROVED (E)—According to our trials this is the earliest cabbage in our list. It is a good hardy sort which in an average season should produce a very high percentage of hard heads which are medium in size and of conical shape and nicely compact. This variety is of excellent flavor and we predict that it will be widely grown after the market growers have tested it out.

Pkt 6d; oz 4/6; ¼lb 13/6

Year after year in our Trial Grounds the three following round or ballheaded types stand out as compared with the better known flat-headed varieties. Particularly is this so in the crops maturing in the early summer.

These varieties grow quickly, are very hardy particularly under hot, dry conditions making them particularly suitable for spring and summer crops. All three varieties are very similar in type, varying only in size and earliness.

YATES' EARLIBALL—The smallest and earliest of the three. Fine, hard, crisp and tender heads; compact growth, very early, coming in only a few days later than First Early Improved. Pkt 6d; oz 4/6; ¼lb 13/6

YATES' VANGUARD—Heads larger than Earliball being of marketable size, very crisp and good flavor. Very compact growth, short stemmed and carries well. Comes in about a fortnight later than Yates' Earliball. This variety is specially recommended for market gardens, particularly for the Early Summer Crop. Pkt 6d; oz 4/6; ¼lb 13/6

YATES' UTILITY—Practically identical with Yates' Vanguard but slightly larger and three weeks later in maturing. Owing to its later maturity it is hardly so sure-heading as Yates' Vanguard in a very short season.

Pkt 6d; oz 4/6; ¼lb 13/6

YATES' EARLIMARVEL (SE)—The earliest flat cabbage we have grown, being practically as early as Yates' Vanguard and the hearts are about the same size, though, of course, distinct from that variety in shape. In appearance and habit it is like a miniature Succession and should become a very useful early market sort. Supplies of this variety are very short this year owing to the failure of the crop.

Pkt 6d



A fine bed of the round or ballhead type of Cabbage such as Yates' Earliball, Yates' Vanguard and Yates' Utility—see special comparative descriptions in adjoining column.

ALLHEAD (MC)—Originally introduced by Burpee. The earliest of the mid-season varieties. A very popular sure-heading variety, compact growth with deep heads rather flat on top; of excellent quality. Pkt 6d; oz 3/3; ¼lb 10/-

SUCCESSION (MC)—A fine long standing market sort, very similar to Yates' Early Drumhead. It is a splendid variety for growing for market, as it stands the hot Australian summer and carries well. It usually matures in from fifteen weeks in a good season, and hearts in remarkably even and regularly, unless the weather conditions be altogether too unfavorable. We recommend this as the best and longest standing cabbage for late autumn planting for spring use. In our trial grounds this is one of the last market cabbage to run to seed. We offer two strains of this variety.

SUCCESSION, PETER HENDERSON'S GROWN STOCK—This seed is imported direct from the originator each season, and only this seed is supplied under this name. Pkt 6d; oz 5/-; ¼lb 15/-

European Grown Succession—For those to whom the higher price of the above special strain is a consideration, we stock this European Grown Seed which comes from sources we have found reliable.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 3/6

Three Good Sorts for the Home Garden—Yates' First Early Improved, Yates' Earliball, Yates' Vanguard

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

CABBAGE—(continued)

YATES' EARLY DRUMHEAD (MC)—This is our great speciality for Market Gardeners. It is similar to Succession, but a week or so later, and in our trials a hardier and more generally useful cabbage. There is no better variety for standing the hot Australian summer, in fact, it will keep growing when all others fail; the aphid does not touch it to any extent. We consider this the finest market cabbage grown; in good seasons it matures in four months. The heads are large and extremely solid, the foliage is blue-green; a short-stemmed variety and a wonderful carrier. We offer the following two strains of this variety and ask customers to specify which they require:—

YATES' DERWENT RE-SELECTED EARLY DRUM-HEAD—A selected stock grown on Yates' Derwent Seed Farm. This is produced with great care and has given much satisfaction.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 10/-

European Grown Early Drumhead—This is imported seed obtained from a reliable source.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/6

YATES' MAMMOTH LATE DRUMHEAD (L)—One of the hardest Maincrop Cabbages we list, hearting in well under the most adverse conditions. In our opinion, this Cabbage should be largely planted for winter use, but being four to six weeks later than Early Drumhead it is best suited to districts with a fairly long season.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 7/6

SAVOY DRUMHEAD (L)—For use only in cold districts where the frosts make the foliage tender and sweet; sow in summer.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/6

PRIZE RED (L)—For pickling. Does best in cold climates.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/6

APHIS PROOF (MC)—An excellent glossy-leaved variety for planting in the hot season, in localities where the aphid is so troublesome. It does not always give compact hearts; often only loose leaves being produced, which, however, make an excellent vegetable.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 5/-

OTHER STANDARD VARIETIES OF

CABBAGE

in order of approximate earliness.

Golden Acre—A small, very early round-headed variety, similar to Copenhagen Market but smaller.

Pkt 6d; oz 4/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 13/6

St. John's Day, Small Early (E)—Quite distinct from the large St. John's Day. Very early, small and firm hearting. It matures in three months under favorable conditions.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/6

Early Jersey Wakefield (E)—A splendid first early pointed cabbage; excellent flavor.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 5/-

Copenhagen Market (SE)—An early round cabbage with large solid head.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 5/-

Enkhuizen Glory (SE)—An early cabbage with solid round head which carries well. Favored by market growers in the Maitland and Newcastle districts of N.S.W.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 5/-

St. John's Day, Select Improved (MC)—Large, widely grown for summer use. A flat "drumhead" type, lighter in color and slightly smaller than Yates' Early Drumhead.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/6

Enfield Market (MC)—A fine conical-headed second early sort, good flavor.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/6

Burpee's Surehead (MC)—Not so large as Succession, but of similar shape and habit. The round flattened heads are very firm, fine in texture and of good flavor.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 7/6

CHINESE OR CELERY CABBAGE

Entirely distinct in type to any of the ordinary Cabbage.

A vegetable little used hitherto but one which has such good qualities that its popularity must surely increase. It is a quick-growing plant of compact upright habit resembling in appearance the Cos Lettuce. When well grown it is a vegetable of fine quality, tender and crisp, and of an excellent and mild flavor. It can be used raw in a salad; the mid ribs used alone like Celery or, if cooked, like Asparagus; or the whole plant may be boiled and used like ordinary Cabbage. It is easily grown in the home garden, and if a little care is taken to tie up the foliage, the whole plant, with the exception of the outer leaves, blanches beautifully to a creamy white. Sow at intervals from, say, February onwards and transplant about ten inches apart in rows one foot apart. It thrives best during the cool season and must not be checked in its growth, as otherwise it runs quickly to seed.

PE-TSAI—A reliable early heading sort.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 4/3

WONG-BOK—A standard heavy cropper, folding in well.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 4/3

CAPE GOOSEBERRY

CULTIVATION—Sow in spring, when danger from frost is over, and, when large enough, plant out two or three feet apart in any ordinary garden soil. For cultivation, see Tomato, to which it is akin.

Common Small Fruited—This variety is not as large as the next variety, but is a great favorite on account of its excellent flavor and suitability for eating raw.

Pkt 6d; oz 4/6

Golden Nugget—Produces very large yellow fruit which is unsurpassed for cooking and for jam and preserves, but is not suitable for eating raw.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

CAPSICUM or PEPPER

CULTIVATION—Sow in seed bed in late spring and transplant when large enough. They should be planted three feet apart; they are most easily grown, requiring a sunny situation, ample water and well manured soil. They are used for garnishing, in pickles and chutneys, and for flavoring soups. The larger and milder varieties are used green as a salad vegetable.

Hot Varieties for Pickles and Chutney—Long Red Chili, Bird's Eye Chili, Red Cherry.

Sweet Mild Varieties for Salads—Large Red, Large Bell or Bullnose, Long Yellow, Fine Mixed.

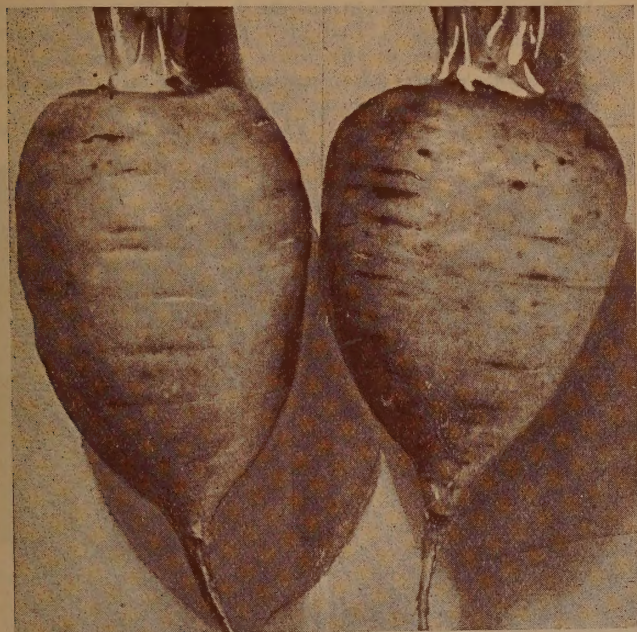
Each Pkt 6d. Bird's Eye Chili, oz., 5/-; other varieties, oz., 2/-.

Market Growers like Henderson's Succession and Yates' Derwent Early Drumhead

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

CARROTS

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring and early summer, and, in warm districts, again in early autumn. Plant in rows nine inches apart, and when large enough, thin to three or four inches between the plants. The short varieties are the best for shallow soils. In France, Carrots are usually used when quite young and half grown; they are much sweeter and more delicate in flavor than when mature. For this purpose the Early Horn should be planted, and successional sowings made each month. We recommend this system of culture to growers; indeed, all Carrots are much better used before fully grown.



Oxheart (Guerande)

YATES' LONG INTERMEDIATE (St. Valery)—A long pointed variety of the finest quality. Splendid for main crop. A favorite market variety particularly in and around Sydney, N.S.W.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-

MANCHESTER TABLE (Scarlet Nantes)—Half long, blunt ended, good, very early, and suitable for warm climates. A splendid variety, hardly so large as Intermediate, but a finer carrot for table use, and very sweet flavored. Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-



MANCHESTER TABLE

OXHEART (Guerande)—A very heavy cropping sort for table; also for stock purposes, in shape it is moderately short and very thick set, and stump rooted. The color is a bright orange-scarlet, rather large core.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-

CHANTENAY (Red Cored)—A half long variety, thick, and very stump rooted. The color is bright orange-scarlet with a small red core. This variety is rapidly becoming one of the most popular varieties both for home and market use. It is particularly suitable for growing in large areas to be marketed in sacks as, while it gives a heavy yield per acre, being only half long it is more easily lifted from the soil than the long varieties.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-

Early Horn—Short; the best for early use. In shallow ground a good variety to plant, even for main crop.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-

James' Intermediate—Good for general use. Half long, tapering straight to its tip. Yields very large crops. Color bright orange-scarlet.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-

Half Long Danvers—In shape midway between the stump root of Manchester Table and the pointed root of Intermediate. It is a very heavy cropper and is largely grown in America for table use and also for making "stock."

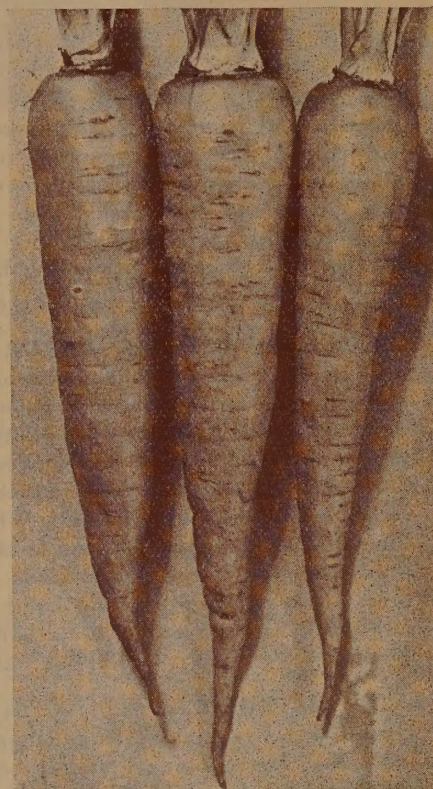
Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-

Early French Forcing—This is a delicious little table carrot, tender and sweet-flavored, and very early.

It is almost globeshaped, and is recommended for the home garden and tropical climates.

Pkt 6d.; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/-

FIELD VARIETIES — See Yates' Current Price List.



Yates' Long Intermediate (St. Valery)

Yates' Long Intermediate (St. Valery) is the best long Market Carrot

CAULIFLOWER

CULTIVATION.—The main thing in growing good Cauliflowers is to rush them on quickly, and never allow them to be checked in their growth; in dry weather they should be copiously watered, especially if just planted out. The soil should be deeply trenched and well-dressed with stable manure, and occasional dressings of liquid manure during the growing season will materially increase the crop. Sow in seed beds, and, when large enough, transplant in rows two feet apart and eighteen inches between the plants for the smaller early sorts and 24 inches for the larger varieties. Hill up between the rows, and keep the ground well cultivated. Late summer and autumn are the best seasons to sow. The later varieties are very much the hardiest, and will often make good heads under circumstances which would cause the early varieties to "button." The early sorts mature in three to four months, the later ones take five to eight months. In cold climates, such as Southern New Zealand and Tasmania, where the cabbage aphid is not prevalent, they may also be sown in the early spring.

CAULIFLOWERS FOR MARKET

To those intending to plant large areas, we wish to point out that the Cauliflower is a precarious crop. When conditions of soil and season are not altogether favorable the crop is likely to vary considerably in earliness, uniformity and type. The descriptions are intended only to serve as a guide in the selection of varieties likely to be most suitable. Attention is directed to Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty on page 6.

A NOTE ABOUT VARIETIES

Those marked (S.P.) are Self Protecting varieties, or as sometimes called Mediterranean type. In our trials we have found them very suitable for Australian conditions. Not only are they very hardy but their vigorous habit of growth and large and incurving leaves are a greater protection to the flower than in some of the sorts more popular in north European countries. Under suitable conditions they are all good heading Cauliflowers.

YATES' PHENOMENAL EARLY (Semi S.P.)—A very fine early variety maturing in about four months. The foliage is pointed, rather curled and open. The heads are of good size, close grained and of splendid color. We have received numerous reports about the good qualities of Phenomenal Early, and this variety and Phenomenal Main Crop are rapidly becoming the two biggest sellers in the whole of our list. Of semi-self protecting habit.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 15/-

YATES' PHENOMENAL MAINCROP (S.P.)—A magnificent main crop Cauliflower which in our opinion will soon be the standard main crop variety in Australia. All Cauliflowers require favorable conditions to be successful, but the results which have been obtained with this variety, even in difficult seasons, have been remarkable. When well grown Phenomenal Maincrop matures in about six months, producing very large white heads of splendid texture. It is of self-protecting habit and throughout our trials has proved to be a hardy sort of first quality.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 15/-

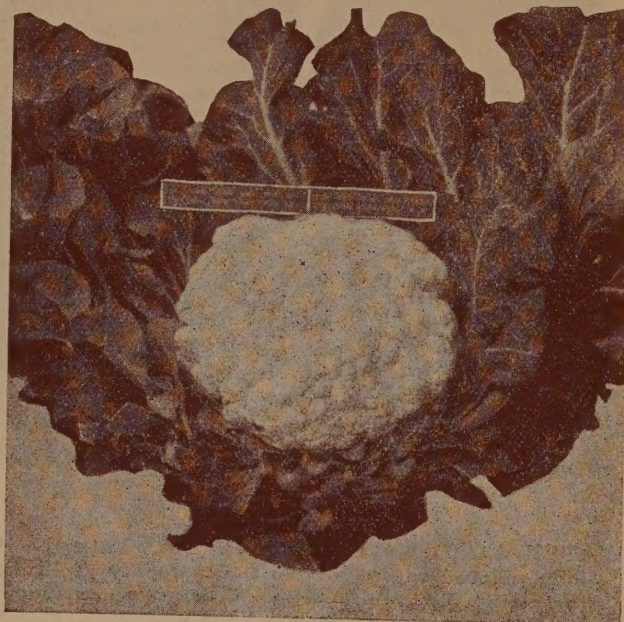
YATES' METROPOLE (S.P.)—The latest of our Cauliflowers, very vigorous and hardy. The heads of Yates' Metropole are large, beautifully white, solid and tender, and perfectly protected by the

closely folding inner leaves. The heads often attain a weight of twenty pounds or more, and, when well grown, should average eighteen pounds without foliage. Usually ready for cutting eight months after sowing.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 15/-

EARLY GREEN GLAZED (or Early Greenleaf)—A variety with glossy green foliage which resists the aphid and seems also to give it a certain adaptability to the arid atmospheric conditions of our inland districts. Provided there is an adequate supply of water at the roots this variety will often give goods results when ordinary sorts fail. It is not recommended for moist climates.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/3; oz 6/6



Yates' Phenomenal Early and Maincrop strains of Cauliflower have proved to be two of the most valuable strain developments ever offered to Australian vegetable growers. The following testimonial is typical of hundreds we have received:—

Mr. T. R. G——, Leongatha, Victoria, writes, 29/11/32:—

"I should like to express my appreciation of the reliability of your Vegetable and Flower Seeds and their trueness to name and type. I grew the most magnificent cauliflowers I have ever seen from your Yates' Phenomenal Cauliflower Seed. I shall certainly grow no other variety in the future."

Early Mammoth—Early variety growing to a moderate size. Suited to private gardens where good cultivation and attention can be given.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 15/-

Early Eclipse (Imported)—An early variety, maturing in four or five months after sowing.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 10/-

Veitch's Autumn Giant (S.P.)—Main crop, heading in about six months from sowing, very hardy, and an old standard variety. Pkt 6d; oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 6/6

Late Italian Giant (S.P.)—A Self-protecting variety, ready seven months after sowing. One of the hardiest and best for succession, heads white and close.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 6/6

Our Phenomenal Early and Phenomenal Maincrop Cauliflowers have swept the board this season

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

CELERY

CULTIVATION.—Sow early in the spring on a good rich nursery bed and, when the plants are large enough to handle, prick out a few inches apart into well-drained, shallow boxes. Trenches, four feet apart and eighteen inches deep, must be prepared by digging in a large quantity of well rotted stable or cow manure. When the plants are three or four inches high, put out in showery weather into these trenches, allowing six inches between each plant and supplying water (if required) till the plants are established; the great art in raising this vegetable is to keep it continually growing. When half matured the plants should be tied round with raffia, and then earthed up to the base of the leaves to blanch the stems; this process may be repeated as the plants grow. They should be well watered in dry weather and never allowed to become dry. If sown in early spring, the early self-blanching varieties should be ready during summer and early autumn, and the late variety for autumn and winter use.

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING (Re-selected and Improved Strain)—Rather later than White Plume, but larger and of splendid quality; produces thick solid stalks of a rich golden color. Plants are compact, full-hearted and of excellent quality. The strain we are offering now is vigorous, taller growing and very regular in type and develops rapidly.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/6

WHITE PLUME—Splendid, tender, self-blanching. Dwarf compared with late winter varieties, and requires much less earthing up. Pkt 6d; oz 1/9

SOLID WHITE—Excellent late variety. The best of the English large white stemmed varieties.

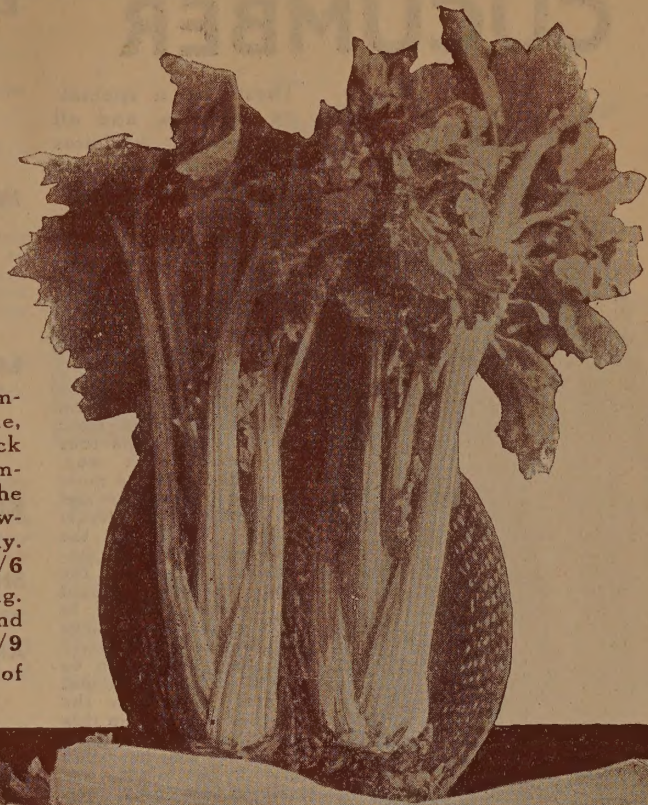
Pkt 6d; oz 1/9

Celeriac, or Turnip Rooted Celery—This is grown for the roots, which are in great favor for boiling or for flavoring soups, etc.; also for salads.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

Soup Celery (Non-Germinating)—The seed is used for flavoring soups, etc. In some cases people affected with rheumatism use it for making celery "tea."

½ lb. 1/-; special quotations for quantities.



White Plume Celery

Yates' Green Sprout Cauliflower (Broccoli Type)

This is a new variety, quite distinct from, and hardier than the familiar white-flowered sorts. It is branching in habit, each branch terminating in a tender green sprout, which is actually a cluster of flower buds. The centre is ready for use in about four months, and several pickings may afterwards be made from the sprouts which form along the stem. These are delicious in flavor; and, combining the tenderness of cauliflower with the succulence of asparagus, they are highly relished. As an article of diet they form a new and important addition to the culinary list. Cook and serve like Cauliflower, using melted butter or olive oil instead of the customary white sauce. Pepper and salt to taste. Cultivation as for Cauliflower.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-; ½ lb 15/-

CHOKO

1/- each, post free.

A tender, marrow-like vine, only suitable for warm climates. Produces an edible fruit, similar taste to a Vegetable Marrow, in very large numbers. Cannot be supplied after September; plant in spring. These are vigorous growing plants, and do best when allowed to ramble over a trellis or fence.

CRESS

CURLED—The well-known salad usually served up with Mustard. Should be sown very thick and cut for salad when two or three inches high. Imparts a delicious flavor to sandwiches. Pkt 6d; ½ lb 2/-

Water Cress—Sow in moist places. Pkt 6d; oz 2/-

CHICORY

(Sometimes called Witloof and French Endive)

This is grown mainly for its root which when dried and prepared is used as a substitute for or an addition to Coffee. The young leaves produced by forcing the grown roots make an excellent salad which is delicious when served with dressing. Sow seed in the spring and treat in a similar manner to Parsnip.

Large Rooted.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ½ lb 1/3

Yates' Garden Guide (1/- post free), contains a Wealth of Information for the Amateur Gardener

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

CUCUMBER



Early Fortune.

keeps its crisp eating qualities longer than the ordinary Apple Shaped, and produces a heavier crop on a more compact and vigorous vine. The fruit, which is of the same pure white color whether young or old, is remarkably regular in size, allowing much more efficient grading. Large quantities of this variety which have been marketed in Sydney from crops produced from our seed have realised exceptional prices, and by many are preferred to any other type of Cucumber.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6; ¼lb 10/-

APPLE SHAPED—Small round variety, very prolific and sweet flavored; more digestible than the ordinary sorts. This variety is undoubtedly one of the finest sorts for the home garden, but during the last year or two it has also come forward very much as a market cucumber and some growers report excellent business from Apple Shaped.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; ¼lb 4/3

These are a speciality with us, and all the leading varieties are grown to our special order. The following descriptions are for guidance only, results depend largely on the soil and season. See "Notice in Reference to Varieties" on page 23.

CULTIVATION.—Plant when the soil is warm and danger from frost is over, in groups four feet apart each way. The soil should be most liberally manured, and a dressing of liquid manure during the growing season will materially increase the crop. The plants should be thinned to four in each group and be kept well watered. For early use, they require to be raised in a frame and planted out when the weather is warm, in this case they must be protected till well hardened off. If the plants are inclined to grow too luxuriantly, pinch off the ends of the shoots. To obtain pickling Cucumbers, such sorts as Improved White Spine or Early Fortune should be grown and the fruit picked when very small.

YATES' CRYSTAL APPLE — A remarkably fine new strain similar in shape to the ordinary Apple Shaped, but the skin is a pure white when mature showing no trace of yellow. It

EARLY FORTUNE—A particularly fine Cucumber of the White Spine type, differing from our Improved White Spine in that it is slightly longer, rather more tapering, and the color is a rich dark green which lasts well. This variety is early, very productive. Flesh white, firm and crisp with very few seeds. In our opinion this is the finest long variety for market purposes.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; ¼lb 5/-
IMPROVED WHITE SPINE—One of the finest strains in cultivation and used exclusively by a large section of our market growers who produce for the Sydney market. The fruit is of medium length, thick and solid, with rather blocky ends—thus it packs and carries well. Light to medium green in color; very prolific.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; ¼lb 4/3
LONG GREEN PRICKLY—A well known and well favored sort for general use. It is very prolific, medium late, and a hardy sort. The fruit grows about 12 to 14 inches long, is slightly marked and tapering. Color: dark green; flesh white and firm.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; ¼lb 4/3
KIRBY STAYGREEN—One of the long Cucumbers, very popular in America owing to its intense green color.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; ¼lb 5/-
SHORT PRICKLY—An early bright green Cucumber, with short fruit, very vigorous and productive.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; ¼lb 4/3
African Cucumber (Horned)—Very prolific. When fully ripe, the skin turns brilliant orange and the inside is juicy like a passion fruit; with sugar it has a most delicious flavor. Thrives in hot climates.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/6
West India Gherkin—Oval shaped, prickly, for pickling only.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/6
Heinz Pickling—A favorite sort for this purpose. The fruit should be pulled when two to three inches long according to requirements.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; ¼lb 5/-
FRAME VARIETIES

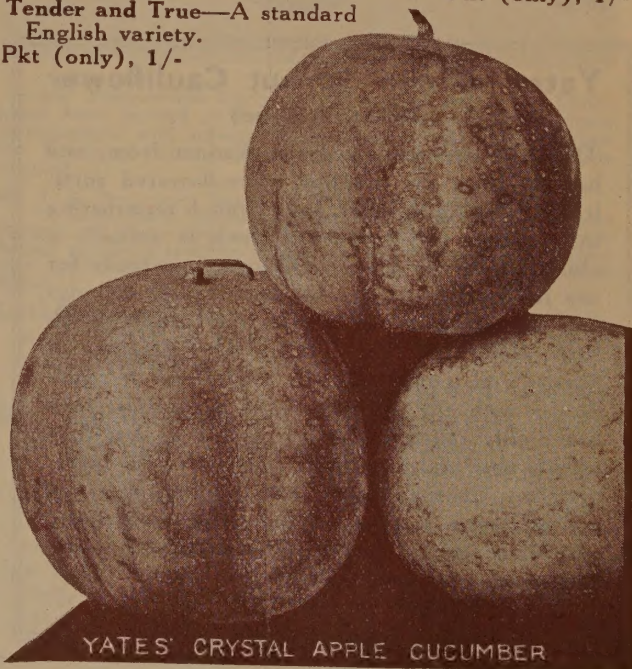
Long Fruited sorts for forcing under glass or growing for show purposes.

Telegraph—One of the best for show bench.

Pkt (only), 1/-

Tender and True—A standard English variety.

Pkt (only), 1/-



YATES' CRYSTAL APPLE CUCUMBER

Two outstanding Cucumbers are Yates' Crystal Apple and Early Fortune

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

CYPHOMANDRA (Tree Tomato)

Sub-tropical shrub; fruit is edible and resembles the Tomato, but is not in any way related to it.

Pkt 1/-

EGG PLANT

CULTIVATION.—Sow in a warm situation in late spring where they have to remain, as they are rather difficult to transplant satisfactorily; the plants may stand eighteen inches to two feet apart. The fruit is cut in slices and then fried in butter with suitable seasoning, or they are delicious made into fritters.

NEW YORK SPINELESS (PURPLE)—The very best variety.
Pkt 6d; oz 4/-

ENDIVE

CULTIVATION.—Treat the same as Lettuce. It is used like Lettuce for salads. When nearly full grown, tie up or cover with a slate to blanch the leaves. Endive is grown quite successfully in the tropical Pacific Islands, and we recommend customers in the tropics to give it a place in their gardens.

Batavian, Broad or Round Leaved—Green, large, fairly solid heads of broad twisted or waved green leaves and thick white mid ribs, can be blanched white; is also used as cooked greens.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-

Green Curled—Dense heads with divided or curly leaves of bright green color, blanching readily to creamy white.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-

GRANADILLA

A large variety of Passion Vine, suitable for semi-tropical climates. The fruit, when ripe, resembles the Passion Fruit in flavor, but is even more luscious. Suitable for outdoor cultivation in semi-tropical climates only.

Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 7/6

LEEK

CULTIVATION.—Sow early in spring and summer, and afterwards transplant in rows twelve or fifteen inches apart into deep soil which cannot be too highly manured. It is a good plan to plant them in a trench like Celery, they can then be more easily watered and blanched. Keep watered during dry weather; if with liquid manure so much the better. When the plants have attained a good size, draw the soil about them to blanch the stems; this also causes mildness of flavor.

The Leek is a member of the Onion family well worth growing and very tasty if boiled and served with white sauce as are the milder onions. The blanched lower part of the leaves constitutes the vegetable, the green or upper part usually being discarded.

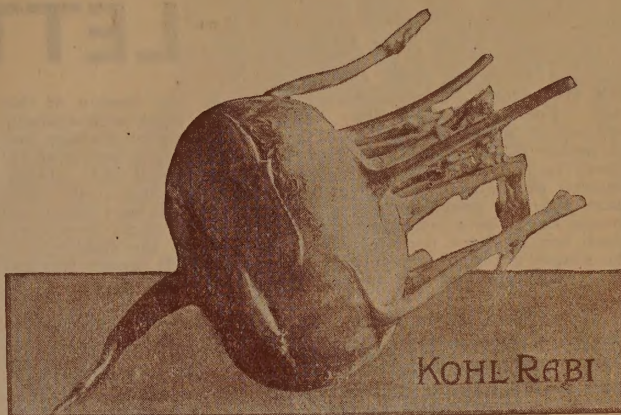
MUSSELBURGH—The best variety for general use.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/6

HORSE RADISH

A dock-like plant grown for the root which when grated or scraped is used as a condiment. We offer roots only (no seed). The small roots supplied should be planted about eighteen inches apart. To plant use a "dibble" or stout pointed stake and drive a hole deep enough to set the top of the rootlet about two inches below the surface. If possible choose a cool deep moist soil. Leave plants undisturbed for six months or longer, then, as required, lift, wash and trim.

Roots (only).

Per bundle, 2/-



KOHL RABI (Turnip-Rooted Cabbage)

CULTIVATION.—Sow in the late summer and autumn in a seed bed. When large enough, usually in six weeks or so, they may be transplanted into a well manured bed, setting the plants 15 inches apart. They are usually ready three or four months later and are best used when half grown. Kohl Rabi is a vegetable intermediate between the Cabbage and Turnip, and combines the flavor of both.

PURPLE—The best sort. We also stock the Green variety.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; ½ lb 4/3

HERBS

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring, or in the autumn, where the winters are mild, in sheltered seed beds or boxes; transplant when large enough. If too thick, thin out before they are too large. When in full bloom, gather and dry and pack away for future use in air-tight bottles.

THYME (Thym, Fr.)—For seasoning and soups.
Seed, Pkt 6d; oz 4/-; Roots 6d. bdle.

SAGE (Sauge, Fr.)—For seasoning.
Seed, Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; Roots, 6d bdle

MARJORAM (Marjolaine, Fr.)—For flavoring.
Seed, Pkt 6d; oz 2/-; Roots, 6d bdle

MINT—(Roots only). 6d bundle

Seed only of the following Herbs also can be supplied in packets only at 6d pkt.

Lavender (Spica) (Common)—Roots only are available as good germinating seed is unprocurable. **Balm, Borage, Chervil, Henbane, Horehound, Rue, Hyssop, Rosemary, Savory, Taragon and Wormwood.**

MUSTARD

CULTIVATION.—This useful salad should be grown the same as Cress. It may be sown at any season. If required to come in with Cress it should be sown a week later. Cut when two inches high, and while still in the seed leaf.

FINEST WHITE—The best for garden use.
Pkt 6d. (for bulk quantities see Yates' Current Price List)

ENGLISH MUSHROOM SPAWN

Autumn and winter are the most suitable seasons for the cultivation of Mushrooms in the open, but they can be grown at almost any time in cool dark cellars, etc., where the temperature ranges between 50 and 60 degrees. Yates' Garden Guide contains directions as to preparation of beds and the cultivation. Each brick should be sufficient to spawn six square feet.

1/- per brick (posted 2/-)

All Our Seeds are of Tested Growth

LETTUCE

CULTIVATION.—Lettuce may be sown at any season of the year. For best results they like a rather light well-drained soil but it must be very rich; good dressings of manure are advisable. While they can be transplanted they are better sown direct in the permanent rows and then thinned out; plants thinned out can be used for filling in where required. The main point in growing Lettuce is to remember that the beds should never be allowed to dry out but at the same time they must not be kept too wet. When in about the fourth leaf the plants should be thinned out to about 1 ft. apart for the large varieties and 6-8 inches for the smaller.

There are three main types of Lettuce: the Crisp Curled Cabbage type which have a distinct brittle or glassy texture in the leaves; the Butterhead Cabbage type which have a rather thicker plain foliage and the leaves are slightly "buttery," and the Upright Cos type suitable only for very cold districts or in the very hot tropical climates where it is used in the very young stage. The Crisp Curled type is by far the most favoured but those who know the Butterhead consider the eating quality is unsurpassed.



Neapolitan Lettuce grown by a customer in Ashfield in eight weeks from sowing. The relative size of the seed packet gives the key to the actual size of this Lettuce.

NEAPOLITAN (DRUMHEAD) (Crisp Curled)—This variety is also sold under the name of "New York" and "Webb's Wonderful." A splendid main crop variety giving firm beautifully crisp heads of large size, and of nice dark green color; foliage crinkled. This variety is the standard everywhere for planting at all times except at the hottest part of the year; in very hot conditions it sometimes does not heart quite so satisfactorily as other varieties such as Iceberg and American Summer.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

Neapolitan (New York) Special Market Stock.—

This is a specially selected stock which we offer for the critical market growers' trade. It stands out in our trials every year as a particularly even and sure hearting strain of excellent color and good texture. Pkt 6d; oz 2/-; ¼lb 6/6

YATES' ICEBERG (CHAMPION CABBAGE) (Crisp Curled)—One of the largest varieties; stands well without bolting to seed, forms large compact crisp heads, well blanched and tender; leaves very crinkled, with a light pink edging as they become older. An excellent all-round variety, extremely hardy, hearting in under very adverse conditions. Particularly good for planting in the very hot weather when it is so difficult to get any lettuce to heart. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

AMERICAN SUMMER (HANSON) (Crisp Curled)—A fine, hardy variety, standing hot conditions extremely well. Forms large, firm hearts, very crisp and good flavoured; thick leaves, slightly crinkled, blanched and a light green color; a favourite for all seasons. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

MIGNONETTE (Crisp Curled)—This variety is probably the best for home garden use, doing particularly well in tropical and hot, dry climates. While the hearts are small, they are solid, stand well and form under very adverse conditions. The outer leaves are tinged brown but when cut and opened it has a very nice appearance. Pkt 6d; oz 1/9; ¼lb 5/-

ALL-THE-YEAR-ROUND (Butterhead)—An excellent sort of the Butterhead type, light green, hearts well folded and beautifully blanched; a splendid sure hearting variety. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

YATES' LONG-STANDING (Butterhead)—A mid-season large variety of pale color and sweet flavour. It is firm hearting and stands longer than most varieties before bolting to seed. It is a fine useful sort for general use. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

CONTINUITY (Butterhead)—A medium large Butterhead variety, foliage well crimped, is plain edged with a deep reddish brown tinge; is medium to late in season and stands well before bolting to seed. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

TOM THUMB (Butterhead)—This miniature variety is not recommended where the other varieties will grow, but it is particularly suitable for tropical conditions as it hearts in very quickly and will form nice solid little hearts where all other varieties fail. It is a nice green color, and the hearts are well blanched. Pkt 6d; oz 1/9

FOR TROPICAL CLIMATES

In the cool season almost any of the varieties should do well but in the hotter months, sorts most likely to be successful are **Tom Thumb**, **Mignonette**, and **All-the-Year-Round**. Some clients find the **Cos Lettuce** do well as a winter crop and trial sowings are recommended for those in the tropics.

Yates' Champion Cos—An upright variety more or less oval in form with long spoon-shaped foliage; extremely hardy, suitable for cold districts, also found to do well as a winter crop in the tropical climates if eaten in the young stage. To ensure good blanching the foliage is sometimes loosely tied together. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

In Hot Climates few Lettuces succeed so well as **Mignonette**



GROW YOUR OWN VEGETABLES

THESE VARIETIES ARE SPECIALLY RECOMMENDED BY YATES

1. Feltham Prolific Beans
2. Hollow Crown Parsnip
3. Yates' Crystal Apple Cucumber
4. Yates' Earlicrop Peas
5. Green Hubbard Squash
6. Golden Hubbard Squash
7. Yates' Derwent Globe Beetroot
8. Yates' Obelisk Beetroot

9. Long Scarlet Radish
10. Yates' Champion Purple Top Swede Turnip
11. Golden Self-Blanching Celery
12. Yates' Hunter River Early Brown Onion
13. Early Barletta Onion
14. Early Fortune Cucumber

15. White Stone Turnip
16. Neapolitan Lettuce
17. Purple Kohl Rabi
18. Yates' First Early Improved Cabbage
19. Greeley Wonder Rock Melon
20. Yates' Market Wonder Water Melon

21. Yates' Earliwinner Tomato
22. Yates' Earlimarvel Cabbage
23. Manchester Table Carrot
24. Yates' Long Intermediate Carrot
25. Yates' Queensland Blue Pumpkin

YATES'
"Home Garden"
 Collection of
SUMMER FRUITS

The following kinds are highly recommended for the home garden. The varieties which we will select are all hardy and vigorous and with ordinary attention will give big yields of first quality fruit:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| 1 APPLE | } This
Collection
FOR
10/6
Packed.
Carriage
Extra. |
| 1 PEACH | |
| 1 PLUM | |
| 1 APRICOT | |
| 1 NECTARINE | |
| 3 LOGANBERRIES | |

Available MAY to AUGUST

Order any time.

Full particulars of Fruit Trees, Berries, Fruiting Vines, etc., are given on pages 117 to 120.

ROCK MELONS

(Also called Musk Melons)

CULTIVATION.—To grow this delicious fruit follow the instructions given for Cucumbers. They do best in a light, rich, well-manured soil, and require plentiful watering when the plants are young, which however must be discontinued when the fruit is set. They require a warm climate, or in cool districts may be grown in frames.

ROCKY FORD (Netted Gem)—Often called Cantaloupe, this variety is one of the hardiest and best. While the fruits are only of medium size, it is extremely prolific, early and a very good carrier. Fruits are slightly oblong, beautifully netted, with green flesh and a most delicious melting flavour. This variety is by far the most largely grown.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

HACKENSACK, EARLY—The earliest of the large Melons. Fruit round, deeply ribbed with green flesh of fair flavour. This variety is popular owing to its size and earliness.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

HALE'S BEST—Listed by us for the first time, this variety has proved its merit in all trials and is very largely grown in America. It is a very early, medium-sized Melon with thick salmon flesh of delicious flavour; oval in shape, heavily netted and a most attractive deep cream colored skin when ripe.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 4/3

GREELY WONDER—A large salmon flesh Melon of splendid eating qualities. Medium early and becoming very popular.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

YATES' MARKET MONARCH—A very attractive medium-sized Melon, offered for the first time. Fruits very similar to Early Hackensack, being nearly round, lightly ribbed, slightly netted, with a light green skin. We prefer this Melon to Hackensack owing to the flesh being pink and of delicious flavour. Excellent for shipping.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 4/3

YATES' SURPRISE—Medium-sized oblong, heavily netted with a grey skin tending to yellow when ripe. Rich salmon flesh with delicious flavour; excellent variety for shipping or keeping.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 4/3

PERFECT BEAUTY—A good extra early medium, round Melon, deeply ribbed, heavily netted, with very sweet spicy green flesh.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

IRONDEQUOIT—Oblong, medium-sized fruit, grey-green in color; flesh deep salmon; good flavour.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

IMPROVED YELLOW CANTALOUPE—A very large long Melon with a yellow skin when ripe; deeply ribbed. The flesh is salmon colored, rather thin and dry. There has always been demand for this on the Sydney market owing to its large size and yellow skin.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

PAUL ROSE—Very early, a good cropper; fruit very small and must be used immediately. Salmon flesh with exceptional flavour. Good for the home garden.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

MIXED ROCK MELONS—A good selection of the best early and late varieties. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/-

CASABA

(Winter Keeping Rock Melon)

Stored in a cool shed or cellar they may be kept right into the winter, thereby finding an excellent and profitable market. They should, of course, be planted in the spring like other Melons.

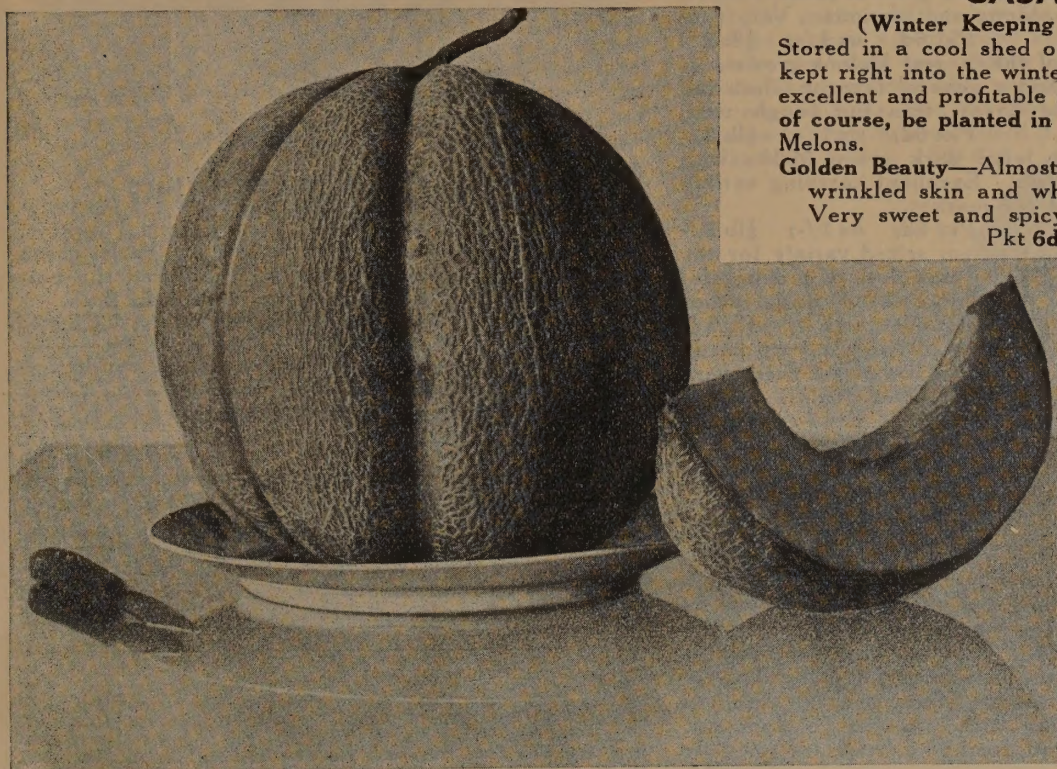
Golden Beauty—Almost round, with yellow, wrinkled skin and white, very thick flesh. Very sweet and spicy.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 4/3

HONEY DEW

A late-maturing, long-keeping type which is round in shape and has smooth cream skin and emerald green flesh, very crisp and juicy. The average size is 10in. by 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ in.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/3



Rock Melon, Yates' Surprise. This variety offered by us this year for the first time, gives great promise of becoming a leading variety

WATER MELONS

CULTIVATION.—The same as for Rock Melon and Cucumber.

YATES' MARKET WONDER—An improved form of the ever-popular Kleckley Sweets. The rind is dark green in color, with rich red flesh, cylindrical in shape and of large size with splendid eating qualities.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

KLECKLEY SWEETS—Dark green skin, crimson flesh, medium to large size, oval shape. Has very sweet distinctive flavor; a very popular sort.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

SUGAR STICK—A large oblong Melon; greyish skin, with red luscious sugary flesh.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

FLORIDA FAVORITE—Main crop, good carrying variety; rind light green with mottled stripes of darker green; crimson flesh with a delicious flavor.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

IRISH GRAY—A large long Melon of light green color and fine eating quality. It is an excellent shipper.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

HALBERT HONEY—A fine medium early Melon for the home garden. Long and cylindrical in shape, deep green rind with fine veins.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

GOLDEN HONEY—The best of the yellow fleshed Melons and a most excellent eating variety. Oblong shaped. Dark green, striped darker.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

MIXED VARIETIES—To suit customers who grow for domestic use only, we offer a mixed packet of the best varieties.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

Ice Cream (White Seeded)—A general favorite, scarlet flesh, thin rind, oblong and luscious. Very productive.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

Cuban Queen—One of the largest Melons grown. It is oblong in form and a general favorite; flesh red and juicy, delicious flavor, thin but tough rind; early.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

Tom Watson—A fine large dark green Melon with bright pink sweet flesh. Excellent carrying variety and one of the best for market.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

Cannon Ball—A round medium sized variety for the home garden. Crisp juicy pink flesh of a delightful sugary flavor; thin creamy colored rind, rather brittle; keeps well.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

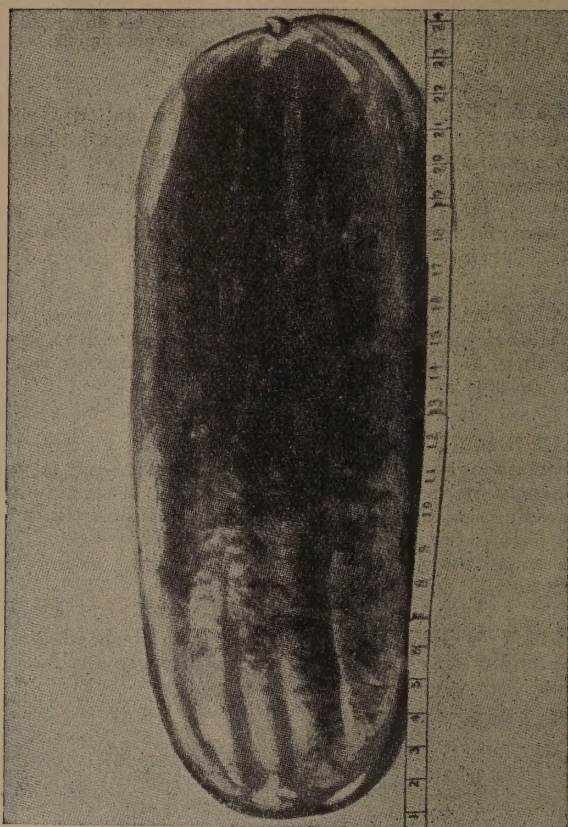
Cole's Early—A splendid early variety; a very hardy sure cropper and has a bright red sweet flesh; very thin green rind, striped with lighter shades. Rather brittle for market.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

Grey Monarch—Large, very productive and fairly early. It is a long shaped variety and the rind is light green.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

EARLY YATES'—A new very early Melon which holds promise of being valuable for early markets as it matures three to four weeks sooner than the standard sorts. Small lots of this variety were sent out in 1932 with very satisfactory results to those who grew them, but as the strain is hardly fixed to type yet we are still working on its development. Write for prices and further particulars at your planting time.



Yates' Market Wonder

MELONS, PRESERVING

CITRON (Red Seeded)—Fruit round, dark green striped and marbled. Usually considered the best variety for jam making, having nice firm flesh.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 1/9

PIE (Green Seeded)—Fruit oblong, light green in color. Fruit usually larger than with the Citron Melon.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 1/9

Mango Melon or Vegetable Peach—Resembles an orange, useful for preserving, very ornamental, prolific.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6

Snow or Frosted Pie Melon—A very solid fruited variety; excellent for preserves, the skin is dark green with a white "bloom" or "frosted" appearance and the central seed cavity is small. Pkt 6d; oz 1/9

Mr. W. C. —, Donnybrook, W.A., writes, 17/6/32:—

"I would like to state for your information that I procured a packet of Yates' Market Wonder Water Melon seeds last season and I gave half of them to a friend in this district, who speaks highly of the results he obtained from them. He had a remarkably heavy crop, some of the Melons weighing 60 lbs. in weight and of beautiful flavour."

Make Your Choice of the Varieties Listed in Heavy Type

ONIONS

CULTIVATION.—Onions do best on a rich, adhesive, loamy soil, which should be trenched or worked at least eighteen inches deep. Light or sandy soils should be made as firm as possible by treading before the seed is sown. In the warmer districts of Australia an early sowing may be made in March, April or May; in Queensland, March is the usual season; in colder climates, August is the best month. Sow in rows 12 inches apart. Afterwards, thin the plants out leaving 4-5 inches between each. For early market purposes Yates' Hunter River Early and Early Golden Globe are excellent, while for main crop and shipping Yates' Derwent Strain

of Long Keeping Brown Spanish is the finest variety in cultivation. The great thing in Onion growing is to keep them well weeded and clean. Onions for picking should be sown very thickly and thinned to an inch or two apart, they will then ripen into small bulbs. Early Barletta is one of the best for this purpose. Where they are required for salad, they can be sown at any season. Onion is not a strong growing seed and is apt to fail, especially if weather be cold and wet.

About 3lbs. of seed will sow an acre in drills, or say, 1½ ozs. for a rod.

We are now listing the more popular varieties in prominent type and approximately in order of earliness. The early varieties are the best to grow in hot climates where the later sorts will not bulb. They are also excellent for early crop in any climate, but as a class they are not good keepers. In cool or temperate climates the later varieties grow to best advantage and, when properly grown, keep well for a considerable period.

EARLY BARLETTA (Silverskin)—One of the earliest Onions grown. A pure white silvery skin; splendid for pickling or general use. If thinned out to four inches apart and planted early will grow to a large size. Delicate mild flavor.

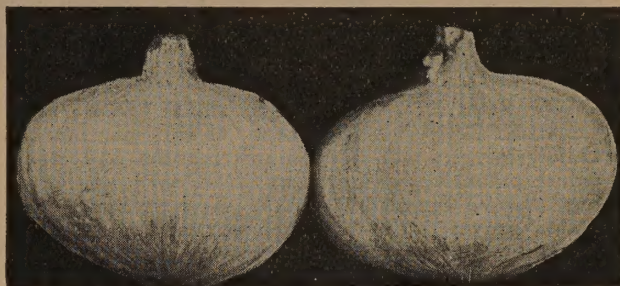
Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 3/3

SILVER KING—A good flat white skinned Onion, of excellent mild flavor. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 3/3

YATES' HUNTER RIVER EARLY BROWN—An extremely early Onion very largely grown for the early markets and of great value for this purpose. Also, owing to its earliness, it is one of the few brown varieties which can be grown with success in our warmer districts. Sown in March or April in early districts it will usually mature sufficiently to market in November and December. Yates' Hunter River Early grows to a fair size, has a brown skin and pink tinted flesh. It is quite distinct from the Brown Spanish Onion and bears no similarity to that variety. It is not a good keeper and the skin is thin and rather tender, nevertheless there is no Onion in so great a demand for early crop. We have a good reputation for our strain of this variety and sales are rapidly increasing.

NOTE.—In all the earliest strains of this variety there will appear at times a small percentage of White Onions.

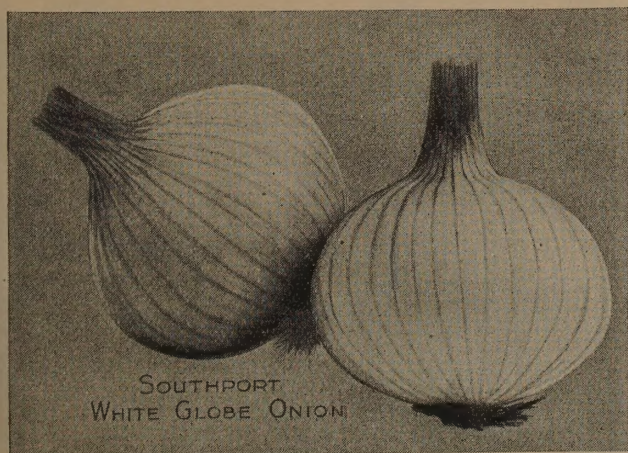
Pkt 6d; oz 4/6; ¼lb 12/6



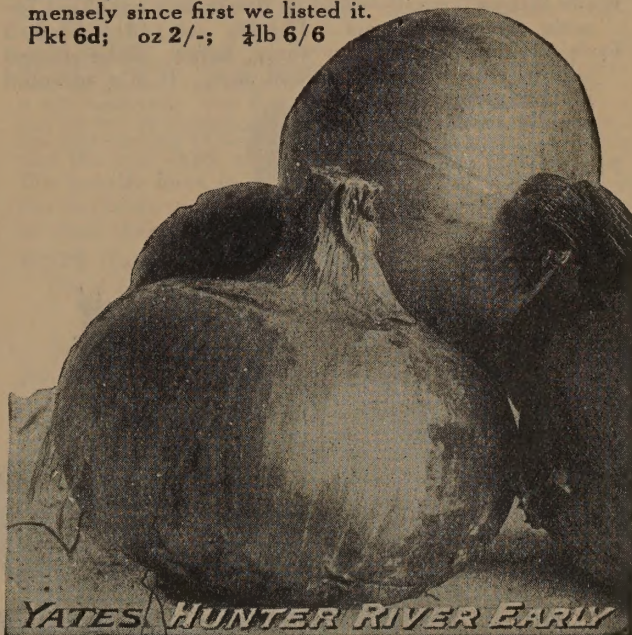
Silver King

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE—A medium sized Onion of good quality. It is globular in shape, pure white in color and the flesh is waxy white and of fine grain. It is a late season variety and, for a white variety, a fairly good keeper. It yields abundantly and is of fine, rather mild flavor. We consider it a very desirable variety, particularly for the home gardener, and the demand has increased immensely since first we listed it.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/-; ¼lb 6/6



SOUTHPORT
WHITE GLOBE ONION

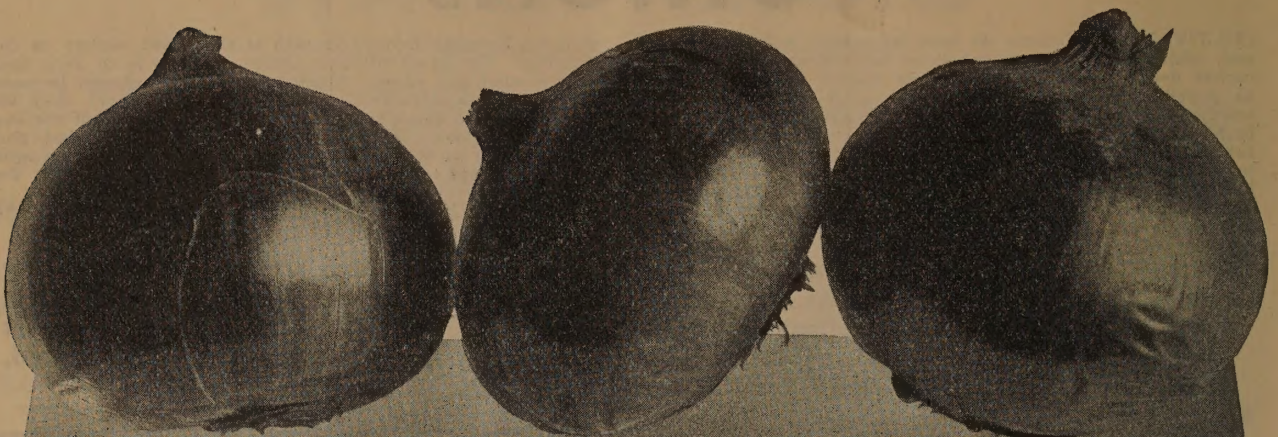


YATES' HUNTER RIVER EARLY

For Early Crop and for Growing in Hot Districts we find Early Barletta and Yates' Hunter River Brown two of the most successful

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

ONIONS (continued)



BROWN SPANISH ONIONS, YATES' DERWENT LONG KEEPING STRAIN

BROWN SPANISH, YATES' SELECT "DERWENT LONG-KEEPING"—The best strain of market Onion grown; will keep many months and stand transhipment anywhere. Our "Derwent Long-Keeping" Brown Spanish is by far the best main crop Onion grown. It is in great favor, and not only in Australia, but with market growers in other parts of the world, and has done as much to enhance our reputation as perhaps any other seed.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; ¼lb 4/3

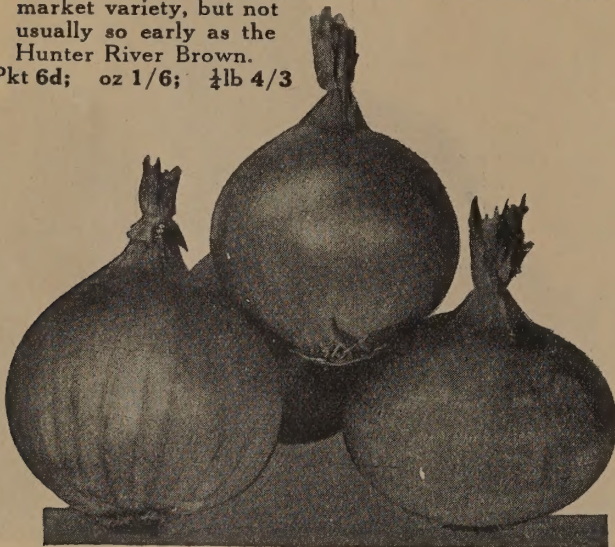
AILSA CRAIG—A very large, light brown skinned Onion, largely grown in Britain for exhibiting; the color is light brown and the bulbs are very large, rather oblong or globe shaped and fairly hard. Notwithstanding its great size it keeps well and is mild in flavor, and can be well recommended, particularly for the home garden for which it is one of the best.

Pkt 6d; oz 2/-; ¼lb 6/6

White Italian Tripoli—Mild in flavor and excellent for early crop; good size. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 3/3

Early Golden Globe—An early, large, globe-shaped Onion, with beautiful golden skin. It is a splendid market variety, but not usually so early as the Hunter River Brown.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; ¼lb 4/3



Ailsa Craig

Brown Spanish (Ordinary)—A good strain of brown keeping Onion. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 3/3

Odourless Onion—A recently introduced variety distinctive for its mildness of flavor and freedom from "taint." The variety is medium in season and produces large bulbs of very excellent flavor. A variety which can be eaten raw without hesitation, is sure of a welcome in every home.

Pkt 6d; oz 4/6; ¼lb 12/6

1933 SUPPLIES

The 1932 crops of some varieties—notably Yates' Hunter River Early Brown, Yates' Select Derwent Long-Keeping Brown Spanish, Early Golden Globe and Odourless—were rather short and stocks quickly sold out owing to the abnormal demand for Onion Seed last year. For this reason we have not been able to supply the above varieties to those requiring for very early planting this current season. Our new crops, however, are now in full growth, and on crop reports received up to the time of going to press, we should have ample supplies of good seed for all our customers' requirements for the main plantings in late March and April. We anticipate that the prices quoted herein will rule throughout the year unless some unforeseen circumstances necessitates alteration.



An extensive area of Onions growing for seed on Yates' Tasmanian Seed Farm.

As a main crop Onion Yates' Derwent Long-Keeping Brown Spanish is specially recommended

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

SUNDRY VARIETIES OF THE ONION FAMILY

The following are usually available during the autumn months, but both supplies and prices are irregular, therefore the following rates are approximate only. For definite quotations and prices for all quantities, see Yates' Current Price List.

All Carriage Charges are Extra.

SHALLOT—Useful for flavoring and seasoning, mild flavor. Plant the bulbs about four inches apart in rows. They increase by multiplying.

GARLIC—Each bulb or clove planted produces a group of cloves which are usable for seasoning and flavoring. Strong flavor.

POTATO ONION—Plant the bulbs singly about six inches apart in rows. Each then produces several bulbs which are mild and of good flavor.

TREE ONIONS—These are small bulblets produced on the top of the stems. When planted in autumn each bulblet grows into a large onion of agreeable flavor. We can usually supply the Tops as described above.

CHIVES—Perennial plants growing in dense tufts, the small green tops are used for salads or soups and are mild flavored. 6d. clump.

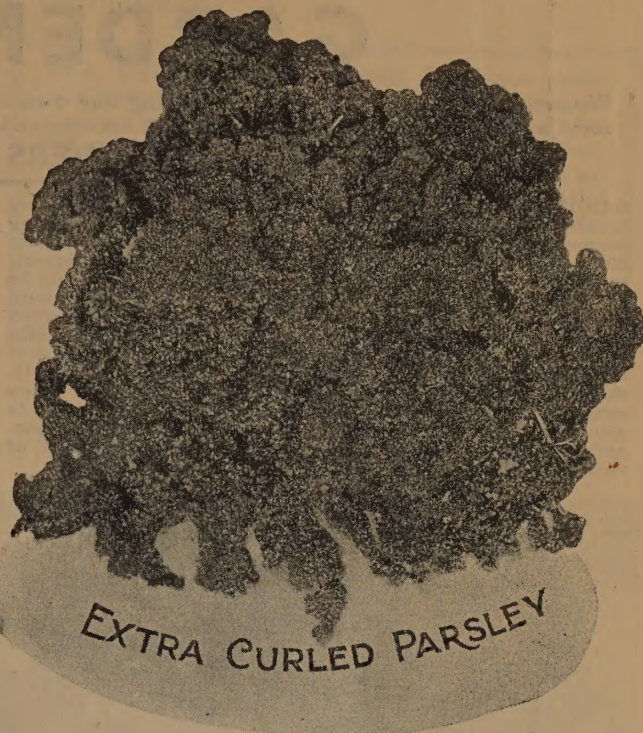
PARSNIP

CULTIVATION.—A deep and strong loam is the best for growing Parsnips, but they will succeed in almost any soil; that which has been manured for a previous crop produces the cleanest and best roots. The seed can be sown at any time in the spring, and, in the milder parts of the States, also in the summer and autumn. Parsnip is one of the weakest growing seeds and soon loses its vitality. It is as well to sow fairly thickly, and, if the soil is at all likely to cake, it is a good plan to cover the seed with a sprinkling of well rotted stable manure, rubbed through a coarse sieve and mixed with light sandy soil. Plant in drills a foot apart and afterwards thin to six or eight inches between the plants. The roots are better left in the ground until wanted for use.

HOLLOW CROWN (Student)—Very select, long roots. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3



HOLLOW CROWN
PARSNIP



EXTRA CURLED PARSLEY

PARSLEY

CULTIVATION.—This may be sown either in the spring or autumn in finely worked soil. Sow thickly, and afterwards thin to a few inches apart. As this seed is long in germinating, the ground should not be disturbed, though the plants do not appear for some time.

EXTRA CURLED—Excellent for general use.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-

PEANUTS

As well as being in great demand for human consumption, the Peanut is being increasingly used as a stock fodder, especially for pigs. They will succeed best in a warm climate in light open soil. Sow in rows three feet apart and twelve to fifteen inches apart in the row. The peanut plant may be grazed, the tops made into hay or the plant used as a soil renovator. For field crop sow 30 to 40 lbs. of nuts or say 10 lbs. of shelled seed per acre. September and October are best months to sow. When ripe, lift the plants and harvest the nuts which are produced below the ground.

We usually have in stock supplies of tested growth of the varieties commonly grown. Customers are asked to state their preference when ordering.

NUTS (in the Shells)—For prices see Yates' Current Price List.

OKRA (or Gumbo)

The long seed pods form the edible portion and they should be gathered while young and tender. The principal use of Okra is in soups and stews. The pods contain a gum-like substance which flavors the soup. Sometimes it is cooked alone or with Tomatoes. Sow in late spring, and plant out eighteen inches apart. Requires a warm climate to do well.

Long Green—The favorite sort. Pkt 6d; oz 2/-

Mr. H. M. H., Bellingham, writes:—

"The Parsnip Seed you sent me last Spring was excellent, every seed grew, and some of the Parsnips are over 2 lb. with the tails cut off."

Mr. E. C., Old Burren, writes, 16/3/32:—

"I had great success last season with your Phenomenal Cauliflower. I also grew some large Onions; in one bed of Odourless the six largest weighed 12 lbs. Seventy-one weighed 107 lbs. Early Barletta Onions must have reached 1 lb. each."

Market Growers and Large Users should Write for Yates' Current Price List

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

GARDEN PEAS

We are continually testing and improving our own strains of Peas, as well as trying out the best of the new sorts as they are introduced, and we can recommend the following as constituting the best varieties:

FOR MARKET GROWERS AND PRIVATE GARDENS

GARDEN CULTIVATION.—For a continuous supply of this favorite vegetable, sow every two or three weeks during winter, spring and early summer months; and in the warmer districts of Australia, where winter frosts are not experienced, they may also be grown in the autumn. They should be sown in rows, as nearly in the direction of north and south as possible, so that both sides may get the sun and the rows should be as far apart as the height that the Peas grow, the taller sorts requiring more space. They should be earthed up and staked when three inches high. The dwarfier sorts, though sometimes grown without, will be benefited by a few sticks to keep them off the ground. The great thing in growing luscious Peas is to pick them just as they ripen, and to keep a succession it is best to plant a number of varieties.

PEAS FOR MARKET.—When planting large areas for marketing they should be sown at the rate of about two bushels per acre in drills wide enough apart to permit of continual horse cultivation until the plants are well advanced. This cultivation conserves the moisture and in some seasons will enable growers to market a remunerative crop, when by poor farming methods it would have been a failure. During the last few years pea growing has been very profitable, and many new growers are turning their attention to this crop. Pea growers planting unduly early or late, for the purpose of catching a high price market, do so at the risk of crop failure, should the season in any way be unfavourable. It should be clearly understood that most varieties of peas will only show their true characteristics under favourable conditions of soil and season. We make all sales subject to the Conditions of Sale and Non-Warranty, as set out on page 2, to which attention is directed.



Fresh luscious green peas, newly picked from one's own garden are always welcome to the housewife and indeed they provide one of the most appetising of all dishes

For customers' information we now list the varieties of greater merit in prominent type and in approximate order of earliness.

YATES' EARLICROP—According to our trials this is the earliest pea we have, being ready for picking appreciably earlier than Witham Wonder and English Wonder. The pods are dark green, straight, pointed and well filled. It is a very heavy cropper carrying the pods in pairs. Plant is of good habit, dwarf, bushy and sturdy. Unfortunately we again have to report that this magnificent pea will be in short supply owing to unfavorable weather in the growing areas.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 2/- lb; 3lb lots 1/9 lb

BLUE BANTAM (Laxtonian)—A very fine large podded early variety; of very dwarf habit, the pods are very heavy, and the peas large and of luscious flavor. It is earlier than American Wonder and the pods are double the size. One of the very best in the early section and well recommended, particularly for the home garden.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d) 1/9 lb; 3lb lots 1/6 lb

Postage or Freight is charged extra on Peas.

NOTE.—Weight of packing must be allowed for—for instance, if 3 lbs. nett of Peas are ordered, the packed weight will, of course, exceed 3 lbs., and will come under 4 lb. rate.

In Our Trials Yates' Earlicrop is one of the very best of the Early Varieties

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

GARDEN PEAS (continued)

YATES' UTILITY—Another extremely early dwarf variety growing 18 inches high. Large, well-filled, dark green blunt ended pods, usually borne in pairs; wonderfully prolific. Gives a heavy crop, is easily picked, and often tops the market for price. In our Trials Yates' Utility shows to best advantage when grown in the cooler season of the year or in the cooler districts, especially in friable well drained soil. Where it succeeds it is one of the finest and sweetest peas grown.

Pkt 6d; (post paid 9d); 1/9 lb; 3lb lots 1/6 lb

ENGLISH WONDER—Dwarf, early long straight well-filled pods; 18 inches. A good cropper and a most excellent sort.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/3 lb; 3lb lots 1/- lb

GREENFEAST—This is proving to be one of the most popular market varieties ever grown in N.S.W. It is a second early dwarf variety with fine deep green haulm, and bears an extremely heavy crop of long, curved, rather round, well-filled pods, which bring top market prices. In our Trials we find it to be one of the best varieties for withstanding hot weather and dry spells. It is in every way a splendid pea; 18 inches. Our general stock is specially grown under our own supervision from re-selected stock seed, but we also offer for market gardeners, to whom the slight extra cost of the superior strain is a consideration, locally grown seed, all of which has been carefully machine-cleaned. This seed has been purchased by us only after careful enquiry from the growers as to type and trueness, but we cannot recommend it as we can our N.Z. contract grown.

Pkt 6d; (post paid 9d); 1/3 lb; 3lb lots, 1/- lb

The following varieties are of less importance except for particular districts or special purposes than those in the preceding list. They are in order of approximate earliness.

Little Marvel—A fine early dwarf, the dark green pods are large and well filled; 18 inches.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/6 lb; 3lb lots 1/4 lb

Witham Wonder—An early dwarf, heavy cropping Pea, with large curved and pointed well-filled pods. This and other similar varieties are fast displacing the old type Little Gem and American Wonder; 15 inches.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/3 lb; 3lb lots 1/- lb

Richard Seddon—A very dwarf, early and most prolific Pea, bearing well-filled long straight pods, containing seven to nine large peas of good flavor; strong, sturdy grower; 18 inches. A splendid all round variety.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/3 lb; 3lb lots 1/- lb

The Daisy—Splendid dwarf second early Pea; the pods are as long as and similar to Stratagem; a heavy cropper; 18 inches.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/6 lb; 3lb lots 1/4 lb

PEA GROWERS—This Retail Catalogue does not contain prices in bushel and larger quantities, so write for our Market Garden Price List whenever you are buying. It is published at frequent intervals, and a copy may be obtained at any time, post free, on request. While we do not expect to have to alter the small quantity prices quoted herein, bushel rates are always subject to fluctuation according to market conditions.

STRATAGEM (Re-Selected)—Excellent cropper, pods long, flat and large, containing seven to eight peas of splendid flavor; very suitable for most cool districts or the winter crop, either for market or home garden use; 3 feet.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/3 lb; 3lb lots 1/- lb



The newer Peas have been added to our list only after careful trials. Photograph shows the heavy cropping capabilities of our new early varieties (Yates' Trial Ground Photograph)

Yorkshire Hero—The well-known and popular variety. One of the hardiest for general use in warm districts or for summer planting; the pods are small, but the vines crop well and the Peas are of an excellent flavor; 2 to 3 feet.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/3 lb; 3lb lots 1/- lb

English Defiance—A very prolific main crop variety; producing long well-filled, dark green pods containing nine large, sweet peas; excellent flavor; 2 feet.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/3 lb; 3lb lots 1/- lb

Telephone—A tall-growing Pea requiring stakes. It is one of the best of the standard tall English sorts and we include it only for those who prefer the very tall varieties or who are growing for exhibition purposes. When well grown this variety produces magnificent pods with very large peas. Does best in a cool climate; 5 feet.

Pkt 6d (post paid 9d); 1/9 lb; 3lb lots 1/6 lb

Sugar or Edible Podded—

Tall Variety.

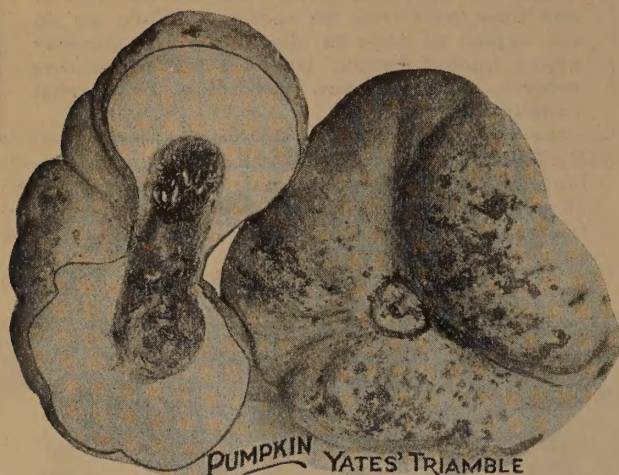
Dwarf Variety.

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/6 lb

Pkt 6d (post paid 8d); 2/6 lb

Peas in lots from $\frac{1}{4}$ bushel to many bushels are quoted in Yates' Current Price List

PUMPKINS, SQUASHES AND MARROWS (Grouped according to their main classification)



CULTIVATION.—Sow in late spring when the ground is warm and treat the same as Cucumber, except that the groups should be eight feet apart each way. They will thrive in any good garden soil. For other varieties see Squash. Winter Squashes are practically the same as our Table Pumpkins, and are, in some cases, superior. The larger Pumpkins make the very best feed for cattle and pigs in dry districts. 2 to 4 lbs. of seed (according to variety) are required for an acre.

CUCURBITA MAXIMA TYPE

Hard-Shelled Table or Vegetable Pumpkins, good keeping and can be stored.

YATES' TRIAMBLE PUMPKIN—This has proved to be one of the best Table Pumpkins we have. It is of distinctive three cornered shape, and very thick fleshed. It is a very dry eating variety, of excellent flavor, keeps well, and is a splendid market variety.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 3/-

YATES' QUEENSLAND BLUE PUMPKIN—A pumpkin of exceptionally fine quality and flavor; dark skin, golden flesh, medium size. Each year our Trials enhance our good opinion of this variety. The flesh is dry and cooks beautifully. Without a doubt Queensland Blue is one of the most satisfactory varieties offered to-day. Re-selected Stock.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 3/-

YATES' SELECT CROWN PUMPKIN (Sydney Type)—An excellent strain carefully re-selected from the old Crown and superior to it in quality and productiveness. This re-selected variety is of good dark color, even shape and has a small seed cavity.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 3/-

Winter or Keeping Squashes. Can be stored and keep well. People who have eaten these agree that they are quite as dry and sweet as the best Pumpkins and we strongly recommend them.

GREEN HUBBARD SQUASH—The most popular of the winter squash. Formerly listed as "Hubbard" it is now called Green Hubbard to distinguish it from the other Hubbard varieties. As a general purpose sort it is not excelled. The fruits are pointed at both ends, slightly warted, and deep green in color. Orange-yellow flesh is dry, sweet and very thick.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 3/3

GOLDEN HUBBARD SQUASH—The earliest of Hubbards and perhaps the most prolific. The shell is moderately warted, hard and strong and of a rich golden orange color, sometimes striped lighter at the blossom end and showing a dark green or black "button." An excellent keeper with dry deep orange colored flesh. Smaller than the other Hubbards.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

WARTED HUBBARD SQUASH—Slightly larger than the Green Hubbard, skin thickly warted and of an attractive dark bronzy color. The fruits are usually about 14 or 15 lbs. in weight.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; ¼lb 4/-

MIXED HUBBARD SQUASH—A mixture of the various Hubbard types. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 3/3

BANANA SQUASH—A good keeper for winter use, like the Hubbard varieties, and stores well, although it can also be used, when ripe, off the vine. In our trial ground the fruit averaged about 22 inches in length and about 14 inches in circumference.
Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 3/3

TABLE QUEEN SQUASH—A recent introduction and once tried will be regularly grown. The fruit is small, heavily ribbed and rather pear-shaped, about 5 inches long with a hard, dark green rind. Bright orange flesh of wonderful flavor particularly when baked. Very prolific. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 3/3

Soft-Shelled Pumpkins. Will not keep and cannot be stored.

Turk's Cap Pumpkin—A very desirable sort for districts where the seasons are short, as it is the earliest Pumpkin grown. It is a good cropper and dry and good flavored. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; ¼lb 2/-

HINT RE EARLY PLANTING OF VINE CROPS

When planting for early crops of all Vine seeds such as Pumpkins, Melons, Squash, etc., experienced growers always plant the seed with the point downwards. Doing this tends to stop the seed rotting through moisture gaining entrance and moreover, the shell of the seed remains longer on the first two leaves and so helps to protect them from adverse conditions.

Yates' Queensland Blue Pumpkin is of fine quality, Flesh is Dry and Cooks Beautifully

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

PUMPKINS, SQUASHES and MARROWS (continued)

CUCURBITA PEPO TYPE

Scallops or Bush Squashes, early maturing, non-keeping, to be used from the vine when ripe.

EARLY WHITE BUSH SQUASH (B)—Very similar to Custard Marrow. The vine does not run. Splendid early sort. A popular vegetable for summer use. Fruits are of medium size, flat shape with ridged or scalloped edges.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

EARLY GOLDEN BUSH SQUASH (B)—Deep yellow, otherwise similar to above.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

MIXED SUMMER SQUASHES—A mixture of the above varieties.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

CUSTARD MARROW—Round fruit, with scalloped edge, of golden-yellow color, medium size, good flavor. A very excellent and healthful summer vegetable. Easily grown and very prolific. It is of the bush non-running habit.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

SUMMER SQUASH

A delightful way of serving both the Early White Bush and Early Golden Bush Squash is to pick the fruits as soon as formed, boil them whole and serve either with melted butter or white sauce. In addition to a delightful dish, the early picking encourages a second crop of fruit.

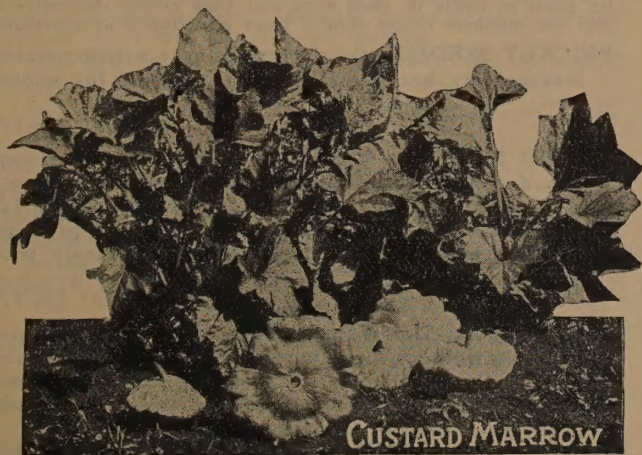
Vegetable Marrows, non-keeping type; use from vine before shell hardens.

LONG WHITE FRUITED BUSH MARROW—White or light cream fruit of the typical marrow shape and size but borne on plants of non-running bush habit. Heavy cropper, splendid sort.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

LONG GREEN FRUITED BUSH MARROW—Of similar habit to above, but fruit is dark green, changing to green, striped yellow as it ripens. Good flavor.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6



CUSTARD MARROW



LONG GREEN MARROW

YATES' RICE MARROW—A variety which can be strongly recommended. Fruit is thick set, hard dark green skin and heavy cropper. When boiled the flesh tends to separate like grains of rice. It is dry and a grand table sort. Of running or vining habit.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3

LONG CREAM RUNNING MARROW—Up to fifteen inches or more long, cream color and of splendid flavor, heavy yielder. This is of the vining or running type.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

LONG GREEN RUNNING MARROW—A vining or running Marrow; the fruit is green with lighter markings, a "dry" Marrow, excellent flavor.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

Vegetable Marrow, hard skinned, good keeping type.

YATES' IRONBARK MARROW—This is of true Marrow shape, and can be used green like any other Marrow, but, if allowed to ripen, will keep all through the winter, and will cook as dry and as well as the best Pumpkin, and is of excellent flavor.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 4/3

CUCURBITA MOSCHATA TYPE

Gramma or Rio; used for pies, also for stock. Keeps and stores well.

GRAMMA OR TROMBONE PUMPKIN—A fine variety for warm districts, but it will not mature in cool climates. A very sugary Pumpkin, and greatly favored by many for pies and for table use. Some users tell us it makes excellent jam. Farmers use it extensively for feeding to pigs and cattle, for which it is very fattening.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 3/3

If you have not grown the Hubbard Squashes, try Green Hubbard

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

POTATOES

Tubers Only.

CULTIVATION.—Should be planted for early use as soon as the frosts are over. A few may be planted rather earlier as it is worth running some risk to get early Potatoes. Open drills about 30 inches apart and six inches deep. If possible, put in this drill a layer of well rotted stable manure; a dressing of some potash manure is also very beneficial. Potatoes up to two or two-and-a-half inches should be planted whole, those larger may be cut, care being taken to leave two eyes at least on each set. Plant the tubers about twelve inches apart in the rows. As soon as through the ground, keep the soil cultivated and when plants are about six inches high, they should be earthed up by throwing the soil towards the rows.

In season we have prime graded samples (hand-picked) of all the leading varieties. Write for prices. Descriptive List published in July.

PURLANE

A fleshy leaved plant of the Portulaca Species.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in spring and summer or in tropical climates throughout the season. This crop should be grown quickly, in light rich soil and given plenty of water and cultivation. Sow into permanent beds in drills nine inches apart, and then thin out plants to nine inches apart. The leaves are eaten cooked or as a salad, or they can be pickled.

Golden Extra Large—This variety has very large leaves and is of compact habit.

Pkt 6d

Green—Has thick green leaves, very productive and neat habit of growth.

Pkt 6d

RADISH

CULTIVATION.—Plant throughout the year, choosing showery genial weather. For succession, sowings may be made every three or four weeks, on good, light, well-manured soil. To have good, tender, crisp-eating Radishes, they must be grown quickly and liberally watered during dry weather.

LONG SCARLET—The favorite market variety, long and good flavor.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/3

LONG WHITE ICICLE—Roots long and slender, pure white, exceedingly crisp and tender. This radish is noted for the way it retains its fine qualities even when fully developed and is perhaps the best variety for home garden growing.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/3

FRENCH BREAKFAST—Oval in shape, bright red with white tip; very early.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/3

MIXED TURNIP (Round or Flat)—White and Red Turnip varieties.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/3

White Chinese—Large white roots, cylindrical in shape, white flesh, mild flavor.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/3

MARKET GROWERS & LARGE USERS

We quote special rates for the larger quantities of Vegetable Seeds in Yates' Current Price List and applications for the current issue are invited whenever growers are in the market for supplies of Vegetable Seeds or Roots, Farm Seeds, etc.

RHUBARB

Undoubtedly the best results with Rhubarb are obtained from seedlings but unfortunately some of the choicer varieties are only available as roots. We can supply roots of all varieties listed, during the winter season. Prices vary according to size and carriage is extra; for mail orders we recommend small roots to save postage.

CULTIVATION.—Sow in the late spring either in permanent rows which should be thinned out to about eight or ten inches apart or in the nursery bed and transplant. For good size keep the rows 2 ft. 6 ins. apart. Plants are gross feeders and respond to heavy manuring and watering; plants grow excellently in damp situations.

CHERRY RED—An excellent variety for the home garden. Stems are richly colored and of excellent flavor, being much sweeter and more fibrous than other varieties; stems are rather small. Roots only. See Yates' Current Price List.

WILSON'S RUBY—A very fine variety largely grown for the Melbourne market; stems are of good size, fairly well colored and of exceptional quality. We do not anticipate having seed of this variety. Roots available in mid-winter.

SYDNEY CRIMSON (Topp's Winter)—A variety bearing the heaviest crop in the early winter, but can be pulled all the year round. This variety is extensively grown in Sydney market gardens and is also recommended for the home garden.

Roots—See Yates' Current Price List.

Seed—Pkt 6d; oz 1/6

VICTORIA GIANT—The largest and best for summer use, dies down in winter months.

Roots—See Yates' Current Price List.

Seed—Pkt 6d; oz 1/6

SALSIFY (Vegetable Oyster)

A most delicious vegetable, which is not grown to the extent it deserves. The cultivation is similar to that of the Parsnip. When full grown the roots should be boiled till tender, and served up with melted butter; they have a pronounced oyster flavor.

Mammoth Sandwich Island—An improved variety.

Pkt 6d; oz 1/6

SPINACH

CULTIVATION.—This useful crop may be sown in the spring, but does best in the autumn, and for succession should be planted at intervals of two or three weeks. The seed should be sown in drills in good rich soil (the richer the better), and for summer crops should have abundance of moisture.

PRICKLY SEEDED—Bright green, large arrow-pointed leaves, very hardy and especially suited for winter use.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/-

ROUND SEEDED—A good variety for summer use, broad somewhat crimped leaves, very productive.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/-

Monstrous Viroflay—A very large vigorous growing sort; in well manured land this is extremely productive.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/-

New Zealand—Suited for growing during the summer in dry arid localities, where the ordinary Spinach does not succeed. Use the young leaves and tender stems and add the minimum of water for cooking. Soak seed in hot water before sowing.

Pkt 6d; ¼lb 1/-

SPINACH BEET—See under Beetroot.

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

SWEET CORN (or MAIZE)

CULTIVATION.—Plant in spring when all danger from frost is over, in rows three feet apart, and thin to a foot between the plants.

HOW TO USE SWEET CORN

The cobs should be cooked while in their green state, and are ready for use as soon as the tassel is withered. To cook, plunge the cobs into boiling water for twenty to thirty minutes, or better still put cobs into cold water and gradually bring to boiling point. This latter method retains the tenderness and flavor. Serve up with butter and pepper to taste. This vegetable should be made to take the place of Peas during our hot summer season.

GOLDEN SUNSHINE—The earliest of the Golden Sweet Corns and has considerable value on that account. It matures some week or ten days before Golden Bantam. Cobs are about the same size as Golden Bantam but are 12 rowed instead of 8. The plant is dwarfer than Bantam and ears carried closer to the ground. First-grade quality and of delicious flavor. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/6

GOLDEN BANTAM—Undoubtedly one of the best and most generally grown of all Sweet Corns. It is of the choicest quality and noted for its rich sweet buttery flavor. It is a hardy variety growing about 5ft. The ears are about six inches long with broad deep kernels. A first early, and valuable for successional sowings for main crop. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/6

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—Produces small white cobs densely covered with irregular rows of white grains of excellent quality. One of the best late varieties for home or market garden. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—A very fine maincrop variety. The grain is tender and sugary, freely produced, and remains in suitable condition for boiling for a long period. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3

FINE MIXED—A mixture of early and late sorts. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3

Pop Corn—For roasting when ripe. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3

SWEET POTATO

CULTIVATION.—The best way to procure these is by ordering rooted plants, which go readily by post, and which are usually obtainable at a few days' notice any time during the late spring and early summer. These should be planted out in ridges two-and-a-half feet apart, in land which has previously been deeply trenched and well fertilized with a good phosphate manure. They are generally ready for digging in about four months from planting.

We expect to have, in November, the following varieties, approximately at the prices stated:—

Price: 1/- per doz; 7/6 per 100; 55/- per 1,000, unless stated otherwise.

PINK—A late variety.

PORTO RICO—Early, yellow flesh.

SOUTHERN QUEEN—Mid-season, yellow flesh.

YELLOW STRASBURG—Mid-season, yellow flesh; hardy.

WHITE MALTESE—Mid-season.

Non-Running Varieties

HONOLULU BUSH—Mid-season, yellow flesh. Recommended. This variety is preferred to Vineless (which we offered last year), as it gives a much heavier yield.



Sweet Corn.

ROSELLA (Queensland Grown)

Only suitable for semi-tropical or tropical climates. The celebrated Rosella Jam is made from the fleshy calyx of the flowers. Sow in early spring in a warm situation. Transplant into rows 5 ft. apart with 4-5ft. between the plants. Pkt 6d; oz 1/3

SCORZONERA

A very similar root vegetable to Salsify only the skin is black. It is perennial, and the roots may be used when two years old. The leaves may be also used as salad. Pkt 6d; oz 1/9

SEA KALE

CULTIVATION.—Only suitable for cold climates, and even then requires two to three years to bring the roots to the size at which they may be forced for use. They should be sown in spring (soak seed overnight in water to soften seed case), in a nursery bed, and the following season transplanted into very rich well manured ground, in clumps of three or four plants four inches apart, and three feet between the clumps. Keep well watered in dry weather to keep them growing, and when the plants are sufficiently strong, they may be forced in the spring by placing a box over each clump after covering them with hot stable manure mixed with leaves. The young, tender, blanched shoots make a delicious vegetable. **SEA KALE BEET**—See under Beetroot. Pkt 6d; oz 1/9

TOBACCO

CULTIVATION.—Sow when frosts are over, or in a hot bed in early spring, and, when large enough and the weather mild, transplant into the open. Will not stand frosts. About one ounce will raise sufficient plants for an acre.

We expect to have seed this season of the varieties usually grown in Australia, but supplies are very irregular. The seed is Australian-saved. Pkts 6d each

Yates' Current Price List will give you Current Rates for all Vegetable and Agricultural Seeds in quantity

TOMATOES

CULTIVATION.—Tomatoes should be sown in a hot-bed early in spring, or in the open air when danger from frost is over and from then on till January in districts with a reasonably long summer, and when the plants are large enough plant out in a warm border, which should be well enriched with good rotten manure. They may be allowed to run on the ground, but if grown against a wall or trellis work, the larger crop will repay the trouble. After the first fruit have set, check the growth of the plants by pinching off the ends of the shoots. Liquid manure during the growing season will be found very beneficial.

YATES' EARLIWINNER—Selected from Earliana and having all the good qualities of that variety but in an improved form. It is slightly earlier than Earliana, the fruit is deeper in shape, more uniform in size and is better shaded from the sun by the improved habit of the plant. In our trials it is a heavier cropper than Earliana and should be a better carrier. In the opinion of expert tomato growers this is a variety of great promise.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 3/-; oz 10/-

EARLIANA—An extra early sort and one of the Tomatoes most favored by market growers. Vines carry very heavy crops of large smooth bright scarlet fruit, but the habit of the vine is not so protecting as Yates' Earliwinner. Fruit itself is solid and meaty. Its earliness makes this a variety of great value.

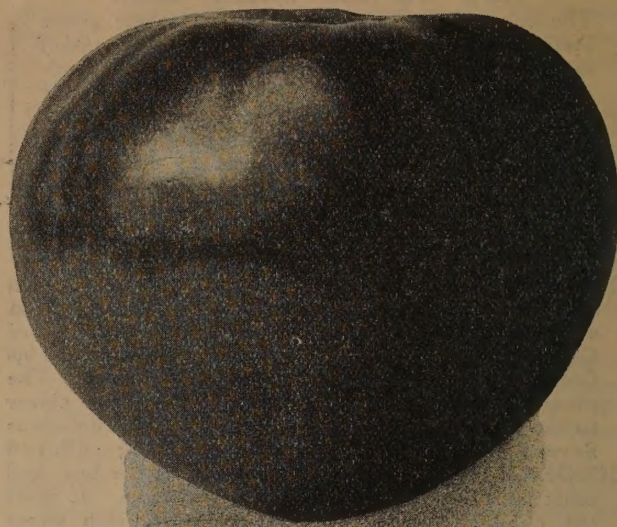
Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

BONNY BEST—In our trials this is about the same season as Chalk's Early Jewel, but in our opinion has points of superiority. The fruit is of medium size, very smooth, solid and uniform, and produced more or less in clusters in the centre of the plant. Growth is vigorous and leafy, thus protecting the fruit well. The crop of bright red fruit ripens evenly and this variety is a decided acquisition.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

MARGLOBE—A very productive variety and, in our trials, a very excellent sort. Second early in season. Plants medium, large and erect, shading the fruit well. Fruit, large, red, smooth, and globular.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6



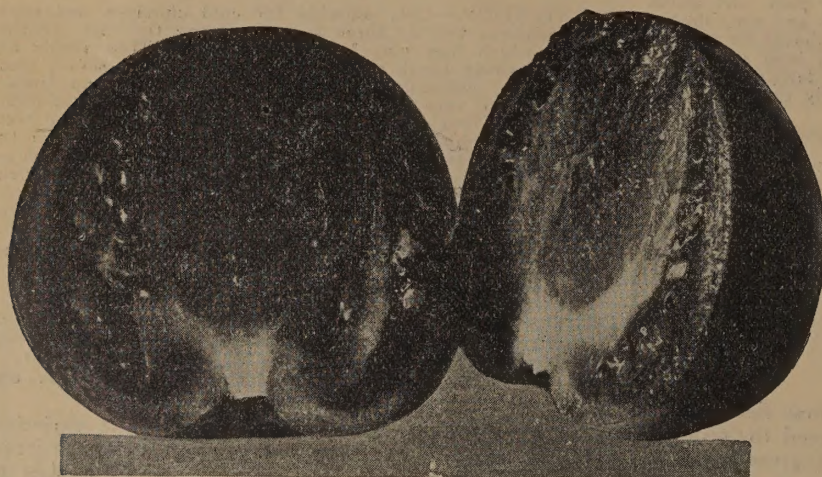
Yates' Earliwinner, perhaps the best of all the early varieties

BREAK O' DAY—This early scarlet fruited variety has done extremely well in all trials throughout the State. The fruit is of good medium size, deep and round resembling Marglobe; vines of open rather spreading growth a little heavier in the foliage than Earliana.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—A first early sort of fine quality. The fruit is of good market size, smooth shaped, solid and bright red color and of remarkably sweet flavor, bears well throughout the season and has for long been a favorite early variety.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6



Marglobe, a recently-introduced variety of great promise

SEE NOTE IN REFERENCE TO VARIETIES ON PAGE 23

There are now a very large number of varieties of Tomatoes in commerce. For customers' convenience we have listed a selection of sorts which in our experience have proved "good doers" under Australian conditions and is representative of all the best yet introduced. Tomatoes require favorable conditions of soil and season to show true characteristics.

PLEASE NOTE CONDITIONS OF SALE AND NON-WARRANTY on page 6.

Three Varieties which are particularly good—Yates' Earliwinner, Bonny Best and Marglobe

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

TOMATOES (continued)

BURWOOD PRIZE—Probably the most favored main crop variety ever grown in this country. It is one of the hardiest and most vigorous varieties we know of, and will give enormous crops of smooth, oval fruit, of fine color and texture, which are very solid and splendid carriers. Juicy, good flavored, and fine size and shape. Foliage is of the type known as Potato-leaved. Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

Ponderosa—This variety has been greatly improved. While not quite smooth and even in shape much of the old "ribbiness" has been eliminated. It grows to enormous size, probably the largest fruited sort grown. In season it is a late main crop. The fruit is luscious, very solid, and of specially good flavor. Purplish-red color, very heavy cropper. Largely grown for home use, but market growers prefer a variety giving more even and moderate sized fruit.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

YATES' IMPROVED STONE (Norton Matchless)—

This is the Smooth Large Red Strain and is very solid and a good carrier. We can recommend this very highly. It is considered by market growers to be one of the very best late varieties for market, and is largely grown to come in after Burwood Prize. The fruit is large and round and of the finest quality.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

YATES' EARLY HARBINGER—An extremely early variety giving a quick crop of good size fruits which are good color and splendid flavor; while generally fairly smooth, under adverse conditions a fair proportion of the fruits are likely to be misshapen.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

June Pink—An early maturing selection from Earliana, and differing chiefly from that variety in the color, which is a purplish pink. The fruit is uniform in size and shape, and the flesh solid. Being a rather tender skinned variety it is not used extensively by market growers for the Sydney market.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

Targinnie Blue—This variety is largely grown in one or two districts in Queensland, mainly for its most excellent keeping and carrying qualities. It is a main crop, bluish crimson in color and largely grown where fruit has to be shipped long distances.

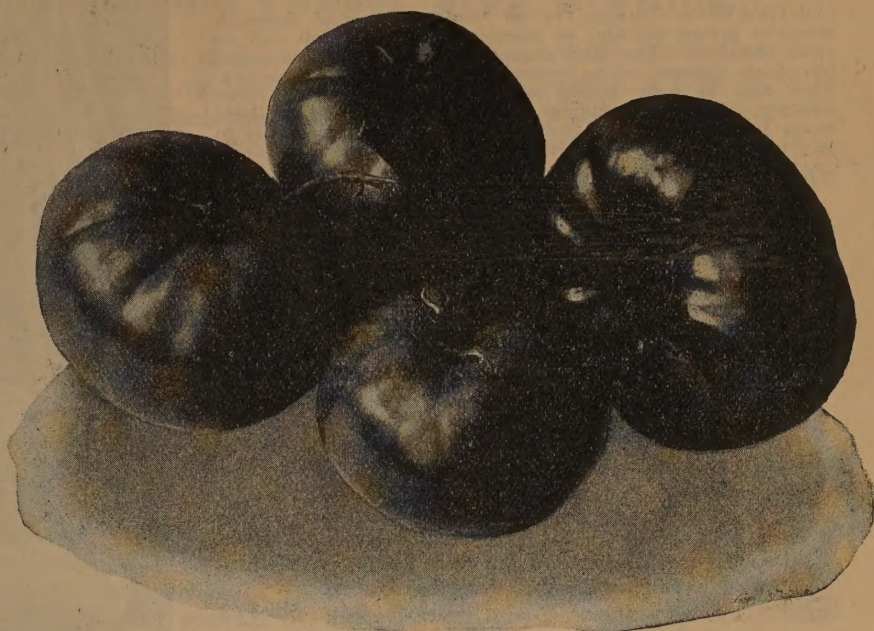
Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

AUSTRALIAN LARGE RED—A variety largely grown in Victoria and other Southern States; the fruit is inclined to be ribbed with large empty seed cavities but it has the ability of setting fruit under much cooler conditions than other varieties, consequently it is of some value for cold districts and glasshouses.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN DWARF RED—This variety is very similar to Australian Large Red but is somewhat smoother and in our trials tends to crop better.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-



Earliana, a leading sort for the home and market garden

Walker's Recruit—Round smooth rather small fruit, firm flesh and delicious flavor. Pkt 6d; oz 5/-

Buckeye State—A late cropping pink fruited variety. Fruit large, plant of vigorous growth.

Pkt 6d; oz 3/6

Golden Queen (Yellow Fruited Variety)—The best of its class. Fruit is of medium size, smooth in shape and a very good cropper. Those who realise the possibilities of the golden fruited varieties for their mild flavor as well as for their value as a contrast with the red sorts in salads, cannot do better than plant Golden Queen.

Pkt 6d; oz 5/-

TREE TOMATOES—See Cyphomandra.

ENGLISH VARIETIES

We grow this seed in Tasmania especially for our English firm, and we recommend growers in Tasmania or Southern New Zealand and similar cold climates to give these varieties a trial. Some are also grown for winter crops in tropical climates.

Reynolds' No. 2 Money Maker. Ailsa Craig
Each Pkt 6d; oz 5/-

SMALL FRUITED VARIETIES

(For the Home Garden)

King Humbert—One of the earliest productive red varieties. The fruit is about the size of a hen's egg, oval in shape with flattish sides. Very good for eating uncooked.

Scarlet Pear Shaped—Fruit small and pear shaped. Early and productive.

Yellow Pear Shaped—Similar to above except in color.
Peach Tomato—A pink variety of peach-like appearance.

Yellow Plum—Small oval yellow fruit. Interesting for its novel shape and useful for preserving, etc.

Red Cherry—Small scarlet fruit about the size of a cherry carried in clusters, for decoration and preserving.

Each Pkt 6d; oz 5/-

Golden Queen (yellow fruited) is of mild flavour and makes a good contrast with red sorts.

YATES' RELIABLE VEGETABLE SEEDS

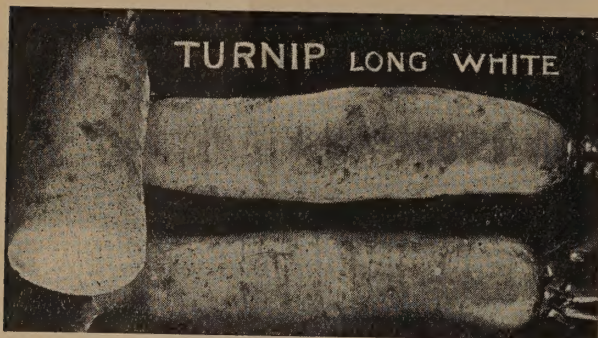
TURNIP

CULTIVATION—Turnips, to be tender and good flavored, must be grown quickly, so should have a rich soil and an open situation. The seed should be sown very thinly, and the plants thinned out to proper distances apart when young. They may be sown nearly the whole year, choosing rainy weather during the summer months; they should be kept moist in dry weather. The best time to sow Swedes is in late spring, summer and autumn.

YATES' FLAT EXPRESS—Offered by us for the first time. This new White Turnip is chiefly remarkable for its extreme earliness and size; coming in earlier than any other variety listed it produces fine, large, rather flat, pure white roots of excellent quality; foliage is upright and long, making it very suitable for bunching. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

YATES' MARKET PRIDE—This new introduction will rapidly become one of the main varieties grown, being of large size, a rapid grower and very attractive in appearance. The roots are globular, pure white with a beautiful purple top and of excellent texture; the tops are long making it one of the best for bunching. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

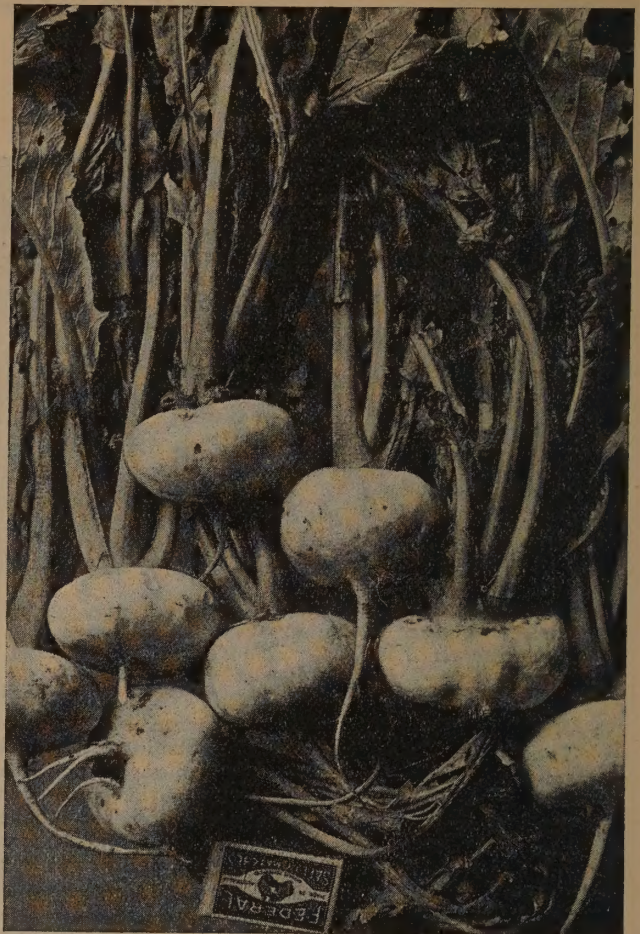
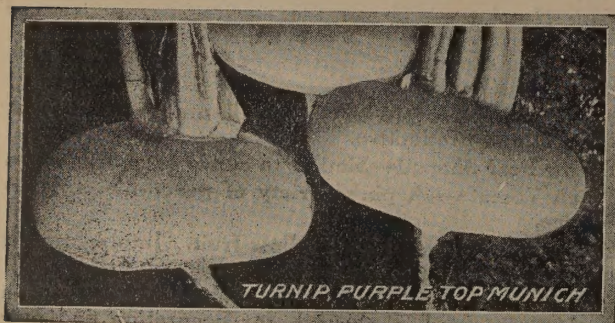
WHITE STONE (or Snowball)—Of all Turnips this variety is by far the most used being the standard all round sort and one of the best; round pure white roots of excellent quality, very hardy. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3



YATES' LONG WHITE (Yates' Warm Climate Turnip)—A long cylindrical Turnip, the most suitable for the warmer parts of this country, as it is a quick grower and does not run to seed so rapidly as other sorts. Pkt 6d; oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 2/6

PURPLE TOP MUNICH—Remarkably early, flat in shape, and pure white, with dark purple top. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3

RED TOP STONE (or American Strapleaf)—White, with pink top; excellent, later than previous varieties. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3



New extra early Turnip—Yates' Flat Express
Orange Jelly (or Golden Ball)—A very fine globe-shaped variety, with rich orange-colored skin. The flesh is pale yellow, firm and of fine quality. It is a late, hardy variety, standing well through the winter. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3

NEPAUL (or White Strapleaf)—An early variety with medium-sized firm snow white flat roots. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/3

NOTE.—Turnip tops when reasonably young can be cooked like Spinach and make an excellent dish.

FIELD TURNIP

Valuable for providing stock feed in the winter and early spring months. They are quick growers, especially the White Fleshed sorts. Sow late summer and autumn. See Yates' Current Price List for Varieties and Prices.

SWEDE TURNIP

YATES' CHAMPION PURPLE TOP (For Garden and Field)—A standard globe-shaped variety, which gives wonderful returns and is the standard sort for growing for market. Our strains are unexcelled, the crop comes in evenly and the Swedes are well shaped, large, and keep well. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/-

YATES' MONARCH—A large tankard-shaped variety, with purple top. Heavy yielder, and a good keeper. Excellent for stock or market growing. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 1/-

Market Growers who use large quantities of Swede Seed should write for Yates' Current Price

The Romance and Reality of Increased Production by Pasture Improvement and Fodder Crop Growing

The age of Pasture Improvement is now definitely with us. What were regarded as the romantic dreams of the theorist have become the amazing realities of to-day, and he would be rash indeed who would prophesy that even the best records of to-day will not be eclipsed in the near future. Infinitely higher yields, healthier stock and a definite lessening of the fear of drought shortage are the results of modern pasture management, augmented by the growing of fodder crops.

Up-to-date methods involve the judicious use of fertilizers, and the sowing of pasture and fodder seeds which may be depended on to give maximum yields. Trueness to variety and strain is all important. A vigorous, high percentage of germination and freedom from weeds is essential.

Seeds are only a small part of the cost of laying down a new Pasture or the renovating of an old one, or the growing of a Fodder crop. The cost of cultivating and preparing the land, and fertilizing it, are considerable. So called "cheap" seeds can be very costly if the results of sowing them are pastures which are shorter lived than expected, or thin, weedy stands, or poor crops and weed-infested cultivation lands.

Different climates and varying types of land all call for special consideration as to what to sow and when, in Pasture and Crop. Local experience is the best guide, but in many districts the newer methods are only just being introduced. Expert advice will help many who are taking their first steps along the new road to increased production.

In the **House of Yates'** you have your source of supply for good seeds; all carefully tested, graded and cleaned. They have a wide, practical experience in things you may want information about. What are the best Pasture seeds for this purpose or that? What crops are best? Write us and we will promptly reply with helpful suggestions to meet your needs.

Notes on the More Important Pasture and Fodder Seeds

PRICES.—Because of market fluctuations, we are unable to quote prices in this Annual Catalogue. Readers are asked to write for our **CURRENT PRICE LIST**, which is always available and new issues of which are published every three to five weeks.

DESCRIPTIVE LITERATURE.—**YATES' AUTUMN FARM FOLDER** now available, gives descriptions of all varieties. Yates' Grassland and Greencrop Farming (1/- post free), is a very complete handbook dealing with the problem how to obtain more production from each acre.

Important Perennial Grasses for Pastures

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS (*Lolium perenne*)

This species may be entitled the King of Grasses. The Perennial forms like reasonably cool climatic conditions with a good yearly average rainfall and soils of good fertility. The aim of every progressive dairy farmer on the Coast and Highlands is to establish a good sward of Perennial Rye Grass. So important is this variety that the Agricultural Depts. of N.Z. and the various Australian States have assisted reputable seedsmen to maintain the true perenniality of their strains. This has been accomplished by issuing certificates to lines deserving of this recognition.

Yates' Special A.Y. Certified.—We stock the very highest grade of New Zealand Government Certified Perennial Rye Grass in both "Mother Seed" and the "First Harvest Seed." Those desiring to lay down a plot to come under a certification scheme for seed saving should use "Mother Seed." For laying down the highest grade utility pastures "First Harvest Seed" will be quite sufficient.

Yates' Re-Machined N.Z.—A heavily machine-dressed vigorous type of Perennial Rye Grass which is not as long-lived as the Certified strains but is a very heavy seeder and will give good results in districts which may be regarded as a little uncertain for the higher grades.

COCKSFOOT (*Dactylis glomerata*)

An important grass for hill country and soils which may be a little too open for Rye Grass. It also does excellently in conjunction with Rye Grass on the best of land. Lasts longer into the warm weather than



Sheep on improved pasture on the Northern Highlands.

YATES' MACHINE-DRESSED AND TESTED—

Rye Grass and should always be included in permanent pasture mixtures. On scrub soils Cocksfoot is often the most persistent and valuable of all varieties.

Yates' A.Y. Certified Akaroa.—This strain is certified by the N.Z. Dept. of Agriculture and is probably the most permanent form of Cocksfoot in the world. For permanent pastures this strain should always be used.

Prime Danish.—A very vigorous upright growing type usually much cheaper in price and will give good results. There is a tendency after a few years for the original plants to thin out. It is a heavy seeding type however, and in rough country should be quite satisfactory.

PHALARIS TUBEROSA (Bulbosa)

The main thing with Phalaris is to secure the real deep-rooted perennial strain. The seed can only be identified by experts, so be sure and buy supplies from a reliable seed house. Growing more and more into favor this valuable deep-rooted perennial should be sown in all cool districts with an average rainfall of 30 inches or more. It does not like competition for the first year of its life and is best sown with a little clover or Lucerne without growing any other grasses. The roots of this grass have been traced six and seven feet deep, thus when once established it is exceptionally drought-resistant.

TALL FESCUE (*Festuca elatior*)

An exceedingly strong grower, a little should be included in mixtures for permanent pastures.

TALL OAT GRASS (*Avena elatior*)

Coming into favor for permanent pasture in cold districts; very hardy, and stands heavy stocking; mainly a winter grass.

PASPALUM DILATATUM (Yates' Prime "Hand Shaken")

The most ubiquitous summer-growing perennial in Coastal districts. What it has done for these districts is beyond computation. It has disadvantages inasmuch as it gives very little winter feed. However, by proper "management" and the introductions into Paspalum pastures of winter grasses this difficulty can be overcome.

RHODES GRASS (*Chloris gayana*)

Another strong-growing perennial giving of its best in the summer months. Does on drier land than Paspalum and, in fact, is now proving useful pasturage in Western districts if a suitable season can be chosen to establish it; often used with Lucerne in dry climates.

KIKUYU GRASS (*Pennisetum clandestinum*)

Growing in importance every year. A recent introduction from Africa, perennial in nature, main growing period in summer, a strong rapidly-spreading type which can only be introduced by planting roots; it does not seed. Useful for overcoming bracken and other rough weed growths. It may be difficult to control in rich agricultural land.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (*Poa pratensis*)

A well-known perennial in cold districts and even in warm districts where lime is present in the soil; grows mainly in the winter. A slow grower but a very useful "bottom" (i.e., lower strata) grass to have in mixtures.

CHEWING'S FESCUE (*Festuca rubra* Var.)

A very fine-leaved low growing grass, perennial, and makes most headway in the cooler months, likes cool districts of good rainfall, stands poorer lands than most of the other good winter-growing perennials. Is worth attention for improving and thickening up fine wool-growing country in the Highlands.

MEADOW FESCUE (*Festuca pratensis*)

In cool districts of good rainfall it makes the most of low-lying rich lands. Perennial, but grows mostly in winter; well worth including in mixtures in the localities indicated.

WALLABY GRASSES (*Danthonia species*)

Probably the hardest of all among our native grasses, does well where many of the introduced grasses will fail. We always have seed in stock of this valuable native pasture grass.

SHEEP'S BURNET

A deep-rooted herb worth including in all grass mixtures, grows winter and summer and responds to every shower.

A Valuable Heavy Seeding Winter-Growing Annual

WIMMERA RYE GRASS (*Lolium rigidum* var. *strictum*.)

A true Rye Grass but with the hardness of many native species. Comes away with first autumn rains, seeds itself heavily in the spring and comes from its own seeding the following autumn. Does best on fairly fertile soils with a good winter rainfall. Being an annual dry summers will not hurt this grass. Does well in association with Lucerne right out in Western parts. For improving poor lands on the Highlands it is very valuable in conjunction with Subterranean Clover. For providing winter feed among Paspalum and Rhodes Grass pastures in rough country it is invaluable. Quickly adaptable to many types of climate. Where it has a chance at all its heavy seeding habit ensures its continuance. Has all the feeding qualities of a true Rye Grass.

Two Exceptionally Quick-Growing Succulent Grasses for Special Purposes

ITALIAN RYE GRASS (*Lolium Italicum*)

There is no quicker grower in the cool months of the year. Biennial in nature this is a most valuable temporary pasture grass used with Perennial Red and Berseem Clovers. May be classed as a link between the permanent grasses and crop species such as the cereals. Seed is usually so cheap that it ought to be largely used where oats are now grown for winter feed. Never becomes a nuisance as the seeds only come well in cultivated land, thus it gradually dies out in pasture. A little should be included in every grass mixture to give quick cover and provide the most palatable feeding to encourage the stock to move quietly over the newly-sown area, thus consolidating the soil round the roots of the perennial grasses, which is essential for a satisfactory "set."

PRAIRIE GRASS (*Bromus unioloides*)

Quickly adapts itself to all rich lands where the rainfall is good. Does not like constant grazing but where it can be regularly spelled is among the most valuable of cow feeds. Does well in conjunction with Lucerne, or it may be treated like a perennial crop of oats.

Perennial Prairie Grass (*Bromus marginatus*)

Said to be permanent under heavy stocking conditions and to have all the succulence of ordinary prairie with this advantage. We are only just building up seed supplies, and will not have it available in quantity for a season or two.

—PASTURE AND FODDER CROP SEEDS

Three Perennial Grasses for Special Purposes

PASPALUM COMPRESSUM

(Also known as Dorrington Grass or Carpet Grass)

A dwarf summer-growing grass suitable for poor sandy ridges; its use should be confined to such localities. Also used as a lawn grass in poor dry soil.

COUCH GRASS (*Cynodon dactylon*)

The basis of all good lawns in coastal districts. Used in pastures on light dry soil. It is important to have seed of good growth to get good results. We use every care in this respect.

ELEPHANT GRASS (*Pennisetum purpureum*)

Grows in clumps something like Cow Cane, has no sugar content, but if kept well cut down is very succulent. May be planted anywhere in a rough place, prefers warm climates, grows mostly in summer, does not seed. We have roots available.

Grasses for Swampy Areas

WATER MEADOW GRASS (*Poa aquatica*)

Does well in fresh water, very valuable for using up waste marshy areas. Roots only are available as it does not seed. Lotus major is a good clover to grow on the edge of marshes and it will work in and establish itself in association with this grass.

PASPALUM DISTICHUM (Water Couch)

For sour water-logged lands; is especially suitable if of a brackish nature; does not seed. Roots available.

Other Grasses

We also stock the following which are of minor importance under our conditions, except for special situations or purposes:

Timothy, *Poa trivialis*, *Poa nemoralis*, Meadow Fox Tail, Crested Dog's Tail, Yorkshire Fog. Rib Grass or Lamb's Tongue (not a member of the grass family).

Lawn Grasses

We specialise in grasses for lawns and can always advise what to sow and how to go about it. Yates' Special Lawn Grass Mixtures are carefully made up to suit all climates and conditions. Write for our leaflet on lawns and see page 100 of this catalogue.

Permanent Pasture Clovers

WHITE CLOVER (*Trifolium repens*)

Probably the most valuable clover we have for permanent pastures. The best perennial forms are worth concentrating on as they stand well into the hot weather and the mother plant remaining alive throws feed whenever moisture is in the ground. A cheaper grade is imported from Europe which seeds heavily and seed is always in the ground although the original plants may quickly die out when the weather is hot and dry. White Clover may be said to be the "running mate" with the best permanent winter grasses.

A.Y. Certified N.Z.—A beautiful close-swarding perennial form.

Yates' A.Y. Superfine N.Z.—Slightly cheaper than above and for all practical purposes equal to same. This latter is the strain we always advise for best results at moderate cost.

Choice European.—A very quick-growing heavy seeding type. Not always perennial in nature but seed is always in the ground to respond to early spring rains. Where price is a consideration this may be used with confidence.

PERENNIAL RED CLOVER OR COW GRASS

(*Trifolium pratense perenne*)

This clover is a taller grower than White. It used to be thought very short-lived. The best strains now, however, show a wonderful long-lasting habit and we have known areas to give solid feeding for four or five years. We always advise this beautiful clover to be included in mixtures and for temporary pasture use in association with Italian Rye Grass or for sowing with a hay crop to give stubble feeding while the land is spelling for a year or two there is nothing better. May be called the dairy-farmer's friend.

A.Y. Selected Cow Grass.—A beautiful long-lasting vigorous type, we strongly recommend for those wanting the best.

Choice European.—The seed is clean and of good growth, but this type is usually not so long-lived.

ALSYKE CLOVER (*Trifolium hybridum*)

Combines the qualities of Red and White Clovers; specially suited for cold wet districts.

STRAWBERRY CLOVER (*Trifolium fragiferum*)

For low-lying lands which keep moist and are subject to floods this clover is ideal. Will thrive where excessive moisture will kill out all other clovers. A little seed introduced here and there in suitable situation will soon spread.

LOTUS VARIETIES

Lotus Major (Greater Birdsfoot Trefoil).—A vigorous perennial, does wonderfully well in low-lying soils and even in swamps where the water is not too deep. Well worth trying as a re-claiming clover in such situations. Main growing period cooler months.

LOTUS CORNICULATUS (Birdsfoot Trefoil)

Perennial but appears to grow best in warmer weather. Stands fairly dry conditions; a good summer clover where summer rains are experienced, and where the absence of winter rains makes the establishment of other winter clovers difficult.

LOTUS ANGUSTISSIMUS (Narrow-leaved Lotus)

Used in New Zealand for sowing in burns on rough country; a good "breaking-in" clover for such conditions.

Annual Heavy-Seeding Pasture Clovers

SUBTERRANEAN CLOVER (*Trifolium subterranean*)

For all districts of good winter rainfall this may be classed as the most valuable soil-improving clover known. Where a little superphosphate may be sown with it this clover will rapidly gain a hold on rough country and quickly spread from year to year, greatly improving the carrying capacity. Summer droughts do not affect this clover, being an annual. Disappointment is sometimes caused because Subterranean Clover when received from the grower often contains a large percentage of "hard" seeds. These sometimes lie in the ground for a season or two before germination. When necessary we specially treat our clover seeds, ensuring prompt and even germination. This is important.

Yates' No. 1 Super-Grade.—A vigorous-growing type for all normal purposes, seed is of excellent germination and should give a quick even strike.

Yates' Special "Earlistrain."—A new early variety for hot districts where the spring period is very short. We think this strain will be successful where the ordinary strain fails owing to the flowers perishing in

YATES' MACHINE-DRESSED AND TESTED—

a hot dry spring. Flowers fully a month earlier than the other strain thus getting the advantage of moister soil and cooler conditions. Has a great future where Subterranean Clover has so far proved a failure.



Lucerne—the King of Fodder Crops

CLUSTER CLOVER (*Trifolium glomeratum*)

A quick-growing annual adapted to lighter and drier soils than the ubiquitous Burr Clover; easily introduced by scattering seed over the land.

TRIFOLIUM CERNUUM

(Drooping Flowered or Gingin Clover)

An annual which seems most suitable for moist soils in cold districts of heavy winter rainfall. Said to stand long periods of inundation. Do not recommend for dry soils.

BURR or "NATIVE" TREFOIL

(*Medicago denticulata*)

Too well-known to need description, already established where it does best. We always have a little seed for those who wish to introduce where it is as yet unknown.

ENGLISH TREFOIL (*Medicago lupulina*)

May be classed as an annual but many of the plants seem to have a tendency to be perennial. Very valuable for including in grass mixtures on the lighter soil. Grows well into the warm weather; has no harmful burr.

BURRLESS or BUTTON TREFOIL (*Medicago orbicularis*)

Attracting attention about the Tamworth and other Northern Districts. Growth much the same as the Burr Trefoil, but carries no harmful burr. Also appears to stand longer into the hot weather.

Valuable Crop Clovers

BERSEEM (or Egyptian Clover) (*Trifolium alexandrinum*)

For rich soils in the more temperate districts this is a magnificent Annual Crop Clover. It must be sown on well-cultivated land in the early autumn. Right throughout the winter and spring it makes a vigorous lucerne-like growth which may be cut many times before the plant finally dies out in the summer.

Difficulties have been met with in obtaining clean samples free from Hexham Scent. We have now obtained some locally-grown seed which we think will give every satisfaction. Important for dairymen, poultry-farmers, and others.

TRIFOLIUM INCARNATUM (or Crimson Clover)

A useful annual crop clover for growing in cold districts on poor land. A wonderful soil renovator

and makes good clover hay. The leaves are somewhat hairy and stock do not take to it when green. There is nothing better for green manuring in orchards in the Highland districts.

BOKHARA CLOVER (or White Sweet Clover) (*Melilotus alba*)

A biennial extremely useful for renovating and green manuring. The plant makes very big root growth and when it dies down after the second year it roots down very quickly, leaving the soil well opened up.

Bokhara can be grazed profitably by all classes of stock, the fodder value by analysis being extremely high. There is practically no danger of bloat with this clover, but it is likely to taint milk. It is an excellent honey plant.

Lucerne

It has been said that the only place where Lucerne will not grow is where it has not been sown. While it does best on deep alluvial flats this adaptable plant will give wonderful returns on any class of country provided the soil is reasonably deep and well-drained. Many areas of our Western country may be sown down with Lucerne for permanent pasture. Both Rhodes and Wimmera Rye Grass do well in conjunction with it. On good alluvial flats in dry districts, and even on the hills in districts of good rainfall Lucerne will provide a wonderful standby against drought when it is kept as hay or silage and stored away. Our seed is saved where the country is deep to water and the resultant strain is hardy, drought-resistant and extremely vigorous. No better strain exists in the world and our seed is all thoroughly machine-dressed and as free as possible from weed seeds and rubbish and the germination percentage is very high indeed.

Leguminous Crops—Autumn Planting

FIELD PEAS

Invaluable as soil improvers and produce a wonderful bulk of fodder. Do well with the cereals. We usually stock Grey, Blue, Dun, and the Black-Eyed Susan Field Pea. Also the White Brunswick variety which is grown in the dry districts for grain. The Blue Field Pea is also grown for the grain largely.

TARES AND VETCHES

These hardy Legumes are adapted to poorer soils and colder climates than the Field Pea. The Golden Tare has been known for many years and is largely grown with a cereal for grazing or hay crop. A new introduction known as The Purple Vetch (*Vicia atropurpurea*), has come greatly into favor recently. It is very hardy, adapts itself to both hot and cold climates and will stand more cutting and grazing than the Golden Tare, and is certainly superior to Field Peas in this respect. The seed is very small and about 20 lbs. per acre makes a good sowing. When sown with a cereal crop we recommend 8-10 lbs. per acre.

NEW ZEALAND BLUE LUPIN

For Green Manuring this crop is greatly favored. It is usually sown in the autumn but in the cooler districts may be sown in the spring. It is not a fodder plant, but is rich in nitrogen, heavy in fibre and makes a splendid cover green crop.

HORSE OR TICK BEANS

A variety of Broad Bean used for growing in the winter as a green manure crop. Stands cold wet soil and is very valuable for such conditions.

-PASTURE AND FODDER CROP SEEDS

Crops for Autumn Sowing

YATES' RE-MACHINED SEED GRAIN has established a standard that has never been beaten.

Less seed be sown per acre when Yates' machine-dressed seeds are used.

SEED OATS

Algerians.—Probably the hardest for winter grazing and gives the longest season.

Sunrise.—A rust-resistant early Oat in great demand on the coast where Algerians are often badly affected by rust. It stands very heavy grazing. It is difficult to get this in the true strain. This is important, and if we have not got the right thing we do not offer.

Mulga.—A very early selection from Sunrise, slightly earlier, but not so rust-resistant.

Budda.—Another early rust-resisting sort, but supplies are difficult to obtain.

We stock several other Oats, including early grain sorts, and the White Tartarian, and Heavy Black and Heavy White Oats, which are largely used on the Southern Highlands.

RYE CORN

This winter fodder crop is good for sowing on sour and poor lands. It gives excellent grazing if kept eaten closely down, does well with the Purple Vetch.

WHEAT

We concentrate on this grain for providing green fodder on the coast and highlands.

Florence.—This is a rust-resistant, very heavy type, gives excellent feed on the coasts and highlands. Comes away quickly, is very hardy, and has a long growing season.

BARLEYS

Barley is the earliest of the grain crops and herein lies its great value as a green fodder. It makes very sweet and palatable green stuff.

Skinless.—Probably the earliest of all.

Cape.—Gives rather more foliage than the above. Other varieties stocked when available.

SOWING RAPE

This is a crop growing in importance. In most climates it is best grown in rich soil through the autumn. In the cooler districts it may be sown in the spring. There is nothing so fattening as a paddock of Rape. Weaned lambs and old ewes top off very quickly on it. We like to see a little Italian Rye Grass sown with this crop, or a little Wimmera Rye Grass in which a lb. or two of Subterranean Clover could be included and after the Rape was finished the Wimmera Rye Grass and Subterranean Clover should spread in the paddock turning it into a good pasture.

SWEDE TURNIP

Originally grown in this country mainly as a vegetable this Turnip is now being used broadcasted like Rape. The stock eat the leaves readily and then feed on the roots, eating them well into the ground. A paddock of Swede Turnip will carry an enormous number of stock and fatten them well.

FIELD TURNIPS

There are several varieties of these used for stock feed and they may be either sown in rows or broadcasted. They are quicker-growing than the Swede and softer but do not give so much weight per acre. They are valuable to sow when the season is short or as a catch crop when it is too late to sow Swede as they mature much earlier.

MANGOLDS AND SUGAR BEET

These roots are rich in feeding value and in hot climates do well sown in drills in the autumn. In the cooler districts they are best sown in spring. We do not advise grazing these roots but if they are lifted and carted out to the stock a tremendous amount of rich fodder is produced per acre.

Sundry Fodder Crops for Autumn Planting

CATTLE CABBAGE, CHOU MOELLIER or MARROW KALE, and THOUSAND HEADED KALE are all good fodder plants. They belong to the Cabbage tribe and produce very heavy weights of rich green feed.

CANARY SEED

Largely grown for bird seed but in districts adapted for this crop it is also used for green fodder and hay.

LINSEED

Does well in cool districts where potatoes thrive. Mainly grown for seed which is rich in oil. The fibre of this plant is used for linen making.

MUSTARD

An extremely quick-growing crop does well with Rape as a corrective against scouring.



Reaper and binder cutting Sudan Grass for Hay

Useful Fodder Trees and Shrubs

Seed and/or plants of the following and other useful fodder plants are stocked.

SALT BUSH

The Old Man Salt Bush is too well-known to need describing. There is also a creeping variety useful for sowing in pastures where winter rainfalls are good and summer very dry. We usually have seed available of the varieties commercially known.

KURRAJONG

A valuable fodder tree and as well as being so useful for this purpose it is among the most ornamental of trees.

TAGOSTASTE (so-called Tree Lucerne)

Seed of this quick-growing plant is easily raised. It makes great breakwinds and is useful for fodder.

MEDICAGO ARBOREA (the Real Tree Lucerne)

A yellow flowered ornamental shrub, with a dense, soft foliage closely resembling Lucerne. Seed available.

We have seed in stock of all other useful shelter and ornamental trees, many of which have a fodder value. Enquiries invited.

YATES' MACHINE-DRESSED AND TESTED FARM SEEDS.

Summer-growing Fodder Crops

SEED MAIZE

Maize is best adapted to districts of good summer rainfall. For grain growing best results are obtained by sowing very thinly in drills. The best green fodder crops of Maize are also grown in drills but the seed may be sown a little more thickly. In some cases where the rainfall is good and the soil very rich satisfactory results can be obtained by broadcasting seed maize for green fodder. For producing grain it is necessary to choose varieties to suit the various districts. Those with a short summer growing period need quick maturing varieties; in those with long moist summers advantage may be taken for growing the heavy yielding late maturing sorts. White grained Maizes are often the best for green feed; their growth being heavy and succulent. We usually stock in season the following varieties of Seed Maizes with others added when available.

Early White Dawn (Flint)—A very early maturing new introduction. Holds out great promise for extra early grain and green feed.

Early Morn—The earliest-maturing of the yellow grained varieties.

Funk's Early Yellow Dent—A first-rate early maincrop sort especially for the lighter soils.

Silvermine—A fine white variety; splendid for early green feed; very hardy.

Wellingrove (or Early Yellow Dent)—Matures a little later and yields a little heavier than Funk's Early Yellow Dent.

Hickory King—A maincrop white variety, especially suitable for green fodder; suckers freely.

Fitzroy—One of the best maincrop yellows. A magnificent market grain.

Small Leaming—A mid-season yellow grain variety, also useful for early green feed.

Large Red Hogan—A late heavy-grained variety.

90 Day Flint—Produces an early yellow Flint grain, good for early green feed.

SORGHUMS

These are very adaptable to soil and climate and do well in districts which are a little too dry for Maize crops. Big yields of useful winter fodder may be obtained. Sow in drills like Maize.

Saccaline—The standard variety, very rich in sugar; stands well into the winter without becoming pithy.

White African—A later maturer, requires a longer growing season. Enormous yielder and retains sweetness throughout the winter.

Planter's Friend—An old standard sort largely replaced by Saccaline.

Cowper (No. 61)—A good quick-maturing sweet sort.

Early Ambercane—Contains very little sugar but one of the quickest growers for autumn green feed.

We usually, also, have small supplies only of **Late Sumac (Collier)**, **Oxley (Early Sumac)**.

SUDAN GRASS

Probably the most wonderful summer-growing fodder for dry districts. A little delicate to establish at first, when once it obtains a hold it produces a wealth of green fodder for cutting or grazing throughout the summer and autumn. It dies out when frosts appear.

It is necessary to have seed as pure as possible. This variety crosses easily with Sorghums. The resulting hybrids can be poisonous before the flowering stage. Pure Sudan is usually regarded as non-poisonous and is used for grazing when quite young and succulent.

MILLETS

Millets are among the quickest growing of all summer fodders. They are excellent for catch crops to take advantage of seasonal rains; very adaptable and do not need a great deal of soil preparation.

Japanese Millet—The best for both cutting and grazing. An extremely quick grower.

Hungarian Millet—Also a very quick grower but does not recover so quickly after grazing. Fairly fine in the leaves and stalks, excellent for a hay crop.

Pearl Millet—One of the most succulent of all Millets, stalks and leaves are very fleshy; a wonderful sort for cutting green, but would probably not stand grazing so well as the finer stemmed Japanese. Makes an extremely quick recovery after cutting and stands hard conditions.

Summer-growing Legumes

COW PEAS

Provided the soil is well provided with moisture these Bean-like fodder plants grow very quickly. Stock do well on them and they are great soil renovators. We usually have the **Black, Clay, and Poona** varieties.

VELVET BEANS

Used much as the Cow Peas but have been difficult to obtain recently. We can usually supply in limited quantities of one or two varieties.

SOY BEANS

This summer-growing fodder bean is adapted to cool summer climates. Until the land has grown one or two crops of Soy Beans they do not give of their best. It seems that the necessary bacteria takes time to develop for this bean. Limited quantities usually available.

PEANUTS

For market purposes they do best on the coast from districts from Grafton north. For home use they will adapt themselves to a variety of conditions. Write for leaflet describing the different varieties, which we will send you on request.

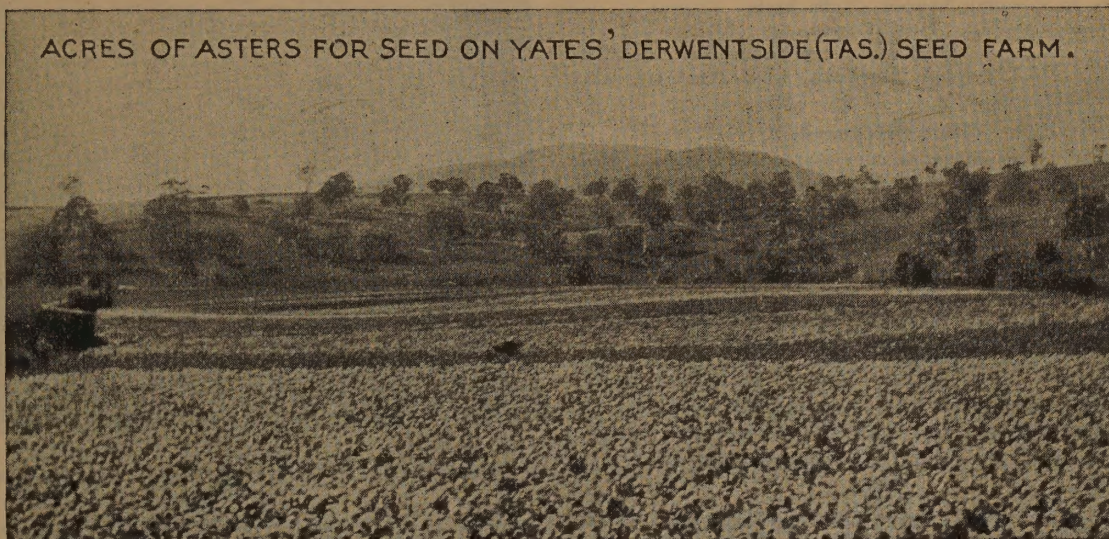


YATES' Choice Strains of

FLOWER SEEDS

FOR THE GARDEN BEAUTIFUL

ACRES OF ASTERS FOR SEED ON YATES' DERWENTSIDE (TAS.) SEED FARM.



SOWING DIRECTIONS

WITH EXPLANATION OF LETTERS AND GARDENING TERMS USED IN FOLLOWING PAGES.

For cultural information and instructions for obtaining the very best results and most pleasure from the flower garden, we would specially recommend Yates' Garden Guide, written by enthusiastic gardeners especially for the amateur. This is the most complete and useful small gardening manual published in Australia. Price 1/-, post free. In the following pages of Flower Seeds the different varieties are marked with reference letters, and by referring to the table below, the amateur will be able to plant them at the right time and to give them the most suitable treatment in sowing.

- H.A.**—Hardy Annual. Sow in Autumn or Spring.
H.H.A.—Half-hardy or tender Annual. Sow late in Spring.
H.P.—Hardy Perennial. Sow in Autumn.
H.B.—Hardy Biennial. Sow in Autumn.
- A.**—The seeds of these can be planted to advantage in the borders where the plants are to grow, thinning out to the proper distances apart when the seedlings are up. Or they can be raised in seed pans or nursery beds, and transplanted when large enough.
- B.**—These plants do not transplant well, and are best sown in the borders where the plants are to grow, thinning to the proper distances apart when large enough.
- C.**—These plants are best raised in pans, boxes, or sheltered nursery beds.
- D.**—Only suitable for raising under glass or frames. In the winter artificial heat would be required.
- E.**—Suitable for very hot sunny positions, and will thrive in the warmer districts as well as in the more temperate climates.
- F.**—These do best in the cooler districts, say where the English fruits thrive.
- G.**—If grown in warm climates requires a shady position.
- Annuals**—Plants which complete their life span within a year. They require to be raised from seed every year.
- Biennials**—Plants which being raised from seed one year, complete their life and die the next.
- Perennials**—Plants which live more than two years.
- Herbaceous Plants**—Those perennials whose stems die annually, while their roots continue alive in the earth.

Early—Applied to plants whose growing season is short, and which mature quickly. For this reason if late sowing becomes necessary an early sort usually does best.

Late—Applied to plants which take longer to complete their growth than other varieties of their species.

Hardy Plants—Are those with a vigorous constitution which will thrive in the open ground without much care.

Tender (or Half-Hardy)—Is a term applied to all plants which, being of delicate growth, require special care in raising. The term is more generally applied to those which are easily killed by extreme cold. Many plants, such as Tomatoes, are very tender in the early Spring, but become quite hardy when the weather gets warmer.

FLOWER GROWERS AND NURSERYMEN

Flower Growers, Florists, Nurserymen and others who use flower seeds in Greater Quantities than those quoted in this Retail Catalogue, should write for our complete "Bulk Flower Seed List," which will be sent on request to all bona-fide applicants.

"It is only when we have tended them ourselves that flowers have things to tell us."

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

ABUTILON (Lantern Flower)

(H.P.—C.) A pretty flowering perennial shrub; hardy, except in cold climates.

Hybridum Maximum (Giant Flowered)—These have immense flowers measuring up to three inches across; mixed colors; 8 feet high.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

ACROCLINIUM

(H.A.—A.) Lovely everlasting flowers, valuable for cutting. Plant out in a sunny border. 1 ft. high.

Roseum—Double. Bright rose.

Pkt 3d.; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

AFRICAN DAISY—See *Gerbera*, also *Arctotis*, also *Dimorphotheca*.

AGATHEA (Blue Marguerite)

(H.P.—A.E.) Has charming blue Aster-like flowers. They like a sunny situation. One of the showiest of our border flowers.

Coelestis—Blue, with yellow centre; 18 inches high.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

AGERATUM (Floss Flower)

(H.A.—A.) Lovely bedding plants with beautiful lavender blue flowers. Sow in the Autumn or Spring in seed beds or boxes and transplant into their permanent position.

Imperial Dwarf Blue—Suitable for edgings or small beds; 6 inches high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

Imperial Tall Blue—Valuable for cut flowers and florists' work; 18in. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

See Novelty Pages for two new *Ageratums*

ALONSOA

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty dwarf plants, throwing up spikes of beautifully tinted flowers.

Warscewiczii—Brilliant scarlet; 18 inches high.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

ALYSSUM

(H.P.—A.) Pretty dwarf perennial plants, for edgings, borders and rock work.

Alyssum Procumbens (Carpet of Snow)—A very select strain, growing only about two and a half inches high. The blossoms are massed, completely hiding all the foliage.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Lilac Queen (Compactum)—A very pleasing change from the usual white sorts.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9



Acroclinium
Roseum



Carpet of Snow (*Alyssum procumbens*), growing among the flagstones

Odoratum (Benthami)—White and very fragrant; 6 in. high. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

Saxatile—Produces a mass of golden flowers, very showy; 9in. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

AMARANTHUS

(H.H.A.—A.E.) Magnificent border plants, with the most brilliant foliage. To obtain the best results, a few seeds should be sown during September, October, or November, when the ground is warm, in clumps, where they are intended to grow, afterwards thin out, leaving the most promising for color. Give plenty of manure and water during the growing period. They should be planted out in the sunniest border in the garden; the more sun the more brilliant the color. They will make a gorgeous show in the autumn.

NEW HYBRIDS

These are a wonderful acquisition, the shades being most brilliant. They grow 5-6 feet high.

Mixed Hybrids—Contains a wide range of colors including the best of the following:—

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Aurora—Red, yellow and dark green with brilliant carmined head. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Henderii—Rose carmine with orange-buff, golden-yellow and olive green. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Quadricolor—Red, brown, and yellow spots on green ground. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Salicifolius Improved (Fountain Plant)—Long narrow leaves, pink foliage; 6 feet high.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Tricolor Improved (Joseph's Coat)—Yellow, red, and green; very showy; 4 feet high.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9

Dwarf Tricolor—Similar to the above but grows only about 18in. Useful for pot growing. Colors more quickly than other varieties.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Collection of four of above varieties, distinct, our selection 1/9

For Crazy Paths and Rockeries we recommend Carpet of Snow (*Alyssum Procumbens*)

ANTIRRHINUMS (SNAPDRAGONS)

(H.P.—A.E.) These are now offered in three distinct types, namely:—Giant Large Flowered, Semi-Dwarf Large Flowered, and the less important, Tom Thumb (Extra Dwarf).

For the average garden and for massing in borders the Semi-Dwarf Large Flowered are recommended as extremely suitable, while the Giant Large Flowered type is well-known for its length of spike, size of bloom, and rich coloring; these are most effective in clumps, or at the rear of borders.

These newer Antirrhinums are recommended with every confidence as some of our very best flowers for Spring and Summer Blooming. They stand the hot weather well, and will grow in dry, sunny positions, where many other plants will fail. Keep all dead flowers cut off to encourage a long blooming season. They do best sown in the autumn, and early winter when fine sturdy plants will become available for spring and summer blooming, but can also be sown in the Spring and early summer. Do not make the ground too rich and do not over-water.

Giant Large-Flowered Type

The majestic Giant Antirrhinums are particularly suitable for planting at the rear of borders, or between shrubs or other tall plants; we suggest that they are much more effective planted in clumps of separate colors, and for this purpose we offer Collections in separate colors. They are all large flowered, and the inferior colors have been discarded.

Yates' Giant Large Flowered Varieties, Mixed

As a combination of all the best colors this mixture is second to none. Practically every shade in Antirrhinums is represented.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

Separate Named Varieties

THE "BEST EIGHT" COLORS—

Brilliant Rose.
Cattleya—Light lilac.
Copper King—Dark tango.

Kermesina Splendens—Scarlet.

*Old Gold—Deep tango.

Rose King—Deep rose.

Snowflake—White with yellow lip.

*The Rose—Light rose.

* These have frilled standards and lips. Each above, Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/6

OTHER GOOD COLORS—

Fire King—Orange-scarlet, white throat.

Golden King.

Goteland—Reddish orange.

Harmony—Terra cotta orange.

Scarlet.

Venus—Soft pink, white throat.

Queen Victoria—The purest white.

Monarch—Deep velvety crimson.

Feltham Beauty—Rose pink with white throat.

Each above, Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/3

Tall Mixed—A good range of colors.

Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/3



Exceptionally large individual flowers and long shapely spikes are features of Yates' Giant Large-Flowered Antirrhinums.

Special Offers—

One pkt., each of six distinct colors (our selection), from the "Best Eight," 2/6

One pkt. each of twelve named colors (our selection), 4/6

Semi-Dwarf Large-Flowered Type

For massing in borders these cannot be excelled, more especially as most of the shades of color blend so harmoniously together. The flowers are large, very showy, and are produced in great abundance.

Yates' Semi-Dwarf Large Flowered Varieties, Mixed

An exceedingly choice blend of all the most beautiful named varieties as listed below.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/3

Separate Named Varieties

The "BEST EIGHT COLORS."

Amber Queen	Fawn	Orange Prince
Crimson Queen	Gloria—Rose	White Beauty
Defiance—Orange	Mauve Queen	

Each Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

OTHER GOOD COLORS—

Black Prince—Black-red
Golden Queen—Yellow
Maize Queen—Salmon-yellow
Grenadier—Dark tango
Rose Dore—Intense rose pink
Pink Domino—Rose pink, late flowering

Fascination—Identical with Nelrose

Each, Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Nelrose—Deep pink

Rose Queen

Terra Cotta Shades

Beacon Rose—Salmon-rose

Brilliant Rose—Beautifully clear

Red Emperor—Deep scarlet

Special Offers—

One Pkt. of each of the "Best Eight Colors" . . 3/6

One Pkt. each of twelve named colors (our selection), 4/6

Cherry Ripe—Rich terra-cotta red, deeply suffused with cerise. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

See Novelty Pages for two new Semi-Dwarf Antirrhinums

Tom Thumb (Extra Dwarf) Type

For carpet bedding, or for massing in fronts of borders, these very Dwarf Antirrhinums are particularly suitable; the flowers are large, varied and bright in color. To keep very dwarf for close bedding, pinch out the central spike and so encourage the lateral growth.

MIXED Tom Thumb—A full range of colors.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-

Separate Colors—Ranging through white and shades of red, rose, and yellow.

Each color Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-

Collection, six, distinct (our selection) 2/6

DERWENT STRAIN ASTERS

CULTIVATION

(H.H.A.—C.) The best results are obtained from September and October sowing, or in cooler districts, October-November. They require rich well-manured open soil, and must be kept well watered and mulched in dry weather.

We urge growers in mild climates to try a few later sowings; a very successful cut flower grower near Sydney makes large sowings in early February and obtains splendid prices for his blooms as they usually come into bloom with the cooler weather, and are more perfect and longer lasting.

NOTES AS TO TYPES

The Asters offered below are nearly all saved on "Derwentside" (Yates' Seed Farm in Tasmania) and are of much stronger and more vigorous growth than any imported seed.

The varieties of Asters generally grown can be divided, broadly speaking, into three main classes—those with long flat petals (sometimes slightly re-curved) which include the Yates' Giant Crego and Californian Giants; those with short stiff straight or slightly curled petals, such as Yates' Tasmanian Branching, American Beauty and Heart of France.

CREGO ASTERS

A splendid strain, of free sturdy growth and attaining a height of two feet, well branched, with long strong stems; flowers are large, often over four inches across. This type is about three weeks earlier than American Beauty and Californian Giants.

Yates' Re-selected GIANT CREGO, MIXED—Contains a magnificent range of colors; very popular.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Separate Colors—White, lavender, pink, dark blue, purple, light blue, deep rose, crimson.

Each Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets distinct colors, our selection . . . 2/6

Nine packets distinct colors, our selection . . . 3/6

HEART OF FRANCE ASTER

A pure ruby-red Aster, deepening a little with age, but retaining its purity of tone, claimed to be the best red Aster introduced. The flowers are medium size.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

TASMANIAN BRANCHING ASTERS

They are well branched, and average two feet or more in height, and, in their season, are covered with blooms of the short straight petalled type.

Yates' TASMANIAN BRANCHING, MIXED—All the best colors in harmonious proportion.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Separate Colors—Pink, rose, purple, pure white, lavender, dark blue, light blue.

Each Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets distinct colors, our selection . . . 2/6

Nine packets distinct colors, our selection . . . 3/6

CALIFORNIAN GIANT ASTERS



Portion of a Large Crop of YATES' ASTERS for Seed

A strain of the Crego type, renowned for its robust habit and length of stem.

CALIFORNIAN GIANTS, MIXED

Made up from the named colors as mentioned below.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

Separate Colors—

Peach blossom, deep rose, light blue, dark purple, white, light purple.

Each Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

Special Collection Offer—

Three small packets distinct colors, our selection, 1/3

Mixed Double Asters—Mixed colors, types very showy, good range of color.

Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

AMERICAN BEAUTY ASTERS

In season these are late, thus escaping the very hot weather. The flowers are very large, and of full short petalled type and are carried on long stems sometimes up to twenty-four inches.

AMERICAN BEAUTY, MIXED—A combination of the beautiful colors as listed below.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9

Separate Colors—Crimson, white, rose, azure fairy, purple, peach blossom, lavender, September beauty (shell pink), carmine rose.

Each pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets distinct colors, our selection . . . 2/6

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

(H.P.—C.F.) These are amongst the most beautiful of all hardy perennials and thrive in a moist open border. They do not give the best results till they are old-established plants. In our cooler districts a bed of these plants in full bloom in the spring is one of the most beautiful sights imaginable, and even about Sydney they do very well. They are long-lived plants, but we would recommend that a small sowing be made each year to keep up a vigorous stock, 4ft. high. Sow Jan.—Feb.—March. In mild coastal climates sow in the spring to establish large plants for the following spring flowering.

Yates' "Derwent" Long Spurred—All Long Spurred types in a splendid mixture of colors. We have included in this the finest English exhibition strains; we are growing and selecting them at our Tasmanian Seed Farm, where they come to great perfection, and we do not believe that a better and more varied mixture of choice Columbines can be supplied.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 5/6

Long Spurred, Mrs. Scott Elliott Strain.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 5/6

AMMOBIUM

(H.A.—A.) Everlasting flowers, suitable for borders.

Alatum — Bears large white flowers; 2 feet.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

ANCHUSA

(Cape Forget-Me-Not)

Italica—Dropmore variety.

(H.P.—C.) A lovely border plant, does well in any soil with sunny position. Has intense gentian-blue flowers with white eye; particularly suitable for cutting; 3 feet high.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Blue Bird.

(H.A.—C.) A Forget-Me-Not type of plant, producing large heads of deep blue flowers, excellent for cutting. If cut back after flowering it will bloom a second time. It will do well under hard or moist conditions.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

See Novelty Pages for a new *Anchusa*

ANEMONE (Windflower)

(H.P.—C.F.) Lovely spring flowering perennial plants of which we also offer the bulbs (see Bulb Section pages 102-109). They are, however, easily raised from seed. For special instructions on raising these plants from seed see Yates' Garden Guide. Make sowings from January to March. One of the finest spring-flowering border plants for cool climates.

St. Brigid, Yates' Prize Strain—A distinct strain of most brilliant and striking colors, most of the flowers being semi-double; 12 inches high.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/6

Single, Mixed (Beauty of Caen)—The flowers are all single but in a fine range of colors and are excellent for cutting; 12in. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

ARCTOTIS (White African Daisy)

(H.A.—A.) A beautiful hardy annual from South Africa, growing well in our climate. They require a sunny border. 2 feet high.

Grandis—The flowers, which are white, are produced on long stems and are three inches across; the petals are pale lilac on the reverse side, and the centre disc is light blue. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Arctotis Scapigera—A half-hardy perennial herbaceous species, producing large flowers in a variety of color, ranging through orange, terracotta, yellow, cream and salmon. It does not show to advantage until the second year. Sow in autumn. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

ARISTOLOCHIA ELEGANS—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

AUBRETIA

(H.P.—C.) These hardy perennials are excellent for rock gardens and trailing down over rocks and banks. They may also be used in the open border.

Graeca—Light blue. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/6

Hybrida grandiflora—A fine strain of mixed colors. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 3/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 5/6

ASPARAGUS (Asparagus Fern)

(H.P.—C.G.) These hardy plants should be sown in autumn or spring in a cool moist situation. As the seeds are very hard they should be slightly nicked with a knife before planting.

Sprengeri—A beautiful variety, very suitable for hanging baskets.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9

Plumosa nana—Dwarf upright habit, useful for growing in pots for table decoration.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/3

Plumosa. — Ordinary climbing variety. See Vines and Creepers, pages 98-99

AURICULA

These plants grow best in partial shade and in climates where English fruits thrive; they love a moist cool situation. The seed should be sown during February or March, in a seed pan kept in a cool shady frame; afterwards transplant to boxes or nurserybeds.

Alpine—Mixed colors; very fine strain; 9 ins. high.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

See Novelty Pages for a new *Auricula*

BALSAM

(H.H.A.—C.E.) To grow the best Balsams, they should be sown late in spring in nursery beds, and pricked off (when in rough leaf) and transplanted into their permanent position; they thrive in rich moist soil. They make excellent pot plants. 18in. high.

Yates' Superb Double Rose and Camellia Flowered

—Extra fine mixture of both these classes in all colors; one of the finest summer flowering annuals. We can also supply in about 9 distinct colors. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-; 1oz 3/9

Special Offer—

Six distinct colors (our selection) . . . 2/6

Good Mixed—A variety of shades.

Pkt 3d.; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/3; 1oz 2/3



Typical St. Brigid Anemone, Yates' Prize Strain

"A mass of flowers in a quiet garden is like a tonic to hearts that grow tired"

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

BALLOON VINE—See *Cardiospermum*, Creepers, pages 98-99.

BANANA PASSION FRUIT—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

BEGONIA

Tubers of certain varieties are also available. See Page 102.

(H.H.P.—D.) We offer the choicest strains of Single and Double Tuberous Rooted Begonias, containing all the best colors and markings; they are saved by the best European growers. Sown in the early spring under glass they will, with good cultivation, flower during the ensuing autumn. See Yates' Garden Guide for instructions for cultivation; they can only be raised successfully under glass. For tubers for planting, see Bulb pages.

TUBEROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS

This type is suitable for bush-house or glass-house cultivation and may be grown in pots or beds.

Double, Finest Exhibition Strain—Saved by the most noted English grower. Every color is represented, and the flowers are of the finest form and quality.

Pkt 2/6; Small pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 7/6



Double Exhibition Begonias (Tuberous Rooted type)

Single—A very fine strain, English-grown, containing every tint of orange, yellow, red, rose, pink and white. We also include in this a proportion of the crested and frilled types in their various colors. Pkt 2/6; Small pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

Pendula—For hanging baskets. A very fine new variety, of trailing habit, especially suited for hanging in a glass or a warm bush-house, very light and graceful in appearance, the colors are chiefly shades of red, rose, salmon and pink.

Pkt 2/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

FIBROUS ROOTED BEGONIAS

Raised in the early spring these will make a wonderful show with their foliage and flowers for two to three months during the late summer and autumn. They are hardy in most positions provided they do not lack moisture.

(Continued in next column)

BEGONIAS (continued)

Dwarf Type (8-10 in. high)

This type is widely used for edging or in masses and in response to this demand, the separate colors mentioned below have been evolved.

Semperflorens, Nana Compacta (Mixed colors)—Contains a good range of the best white, red and rose shades. Pkt 2/-; Bulk pkt 6/-

Gracilis, Prima Donna—Delicate rose color. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Gracilis, Bonfire—Flowers are lustrous carmine scarlet and foliage is metallic brown. Recommended. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Gracilis Luminosa—Deep scarlet flowers with satiny brown-red foliage. Recommended. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Tall Type (12-15 in. high)

Semperflorens Mixed—Contains about ten of the best white, rose and red shades in mixture. Pkt 1/-; 3/2oz 15/-

BELLIS PERENNIS (Double Daisy)

(H.A. and H.P.—C.) Hardy perennials, but are best treated as annuals and resown each autumn; they make excellent bedding plants. When grown as an edging they always look best if all one color. For this treatment Snowball is one of the most effective. 6 in. high.

Yates' Prize Strain—A mixture of large flowering named varieties of brilliant coloring.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 2/-; 1/8oz 2/9

Longfellow—Large, dark rose, long stems.

Pkt 6d; 3/2oz 2/-; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/8oz 4/6

Snowball—Pure white.

Pkt 6d; 3/2oz 2/-; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/8oz 4/6

Giant Dark Red (Monstrosa Tubulosa)—The best dark red double daisy, largely used in Melbourne seedling markets.

Pkt 1/-; 3/2oz 4/6; 1/8oz 7/-; 1/8oz 10/6

Giant Double Daisy (Monstrosa)—A new type of Giant Double Daisies, almost as large as small Asters. The flowers are just as perfect as the old varieties, and come white, light rose, and rose. Pkt 6d; 3/2oz 2/6; 1/8oz 3/9; 1/8oz 5/6

Separate colors of the above—

Pkt 6d; 3/2oz 2/-; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/8oz 4/6

BORONIA

(H.P.—C.F.) Requires a sandy peaty soil, and a cool, moist climate. Sow in seed pan or box in a cool shady situation. As these plants have a habit of dying out when they are a couple of years old, a small sowing should be made each season to keep up a vigorous stock, or, if the old plants are retained, cut back hard about the end of each year. 3 feet high.

Megastigma (The Sweet-scented Boronia)—

Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 1/9; 1/8oz 2/9; 1/8oz 4/3

Mr. A. S. W., Auburn, writes, 11th Feb., 1933:—

"I would like to record my extreme pleasure and satisfaction which I have had with Yates' Giant Bedding Carnations. At St. Thomas' Spring Flower Show 1932, we were awarded First Prize for the first three Carnations, and this despite the fact that the class was open for either named or unnamed varieties. I can sincerely recommend this Giant Bedding Carnation to anybody desiring to grow an easily raised and a large free-flowering Carnation."

The above testimony to the value and beauty of Yates' Giant Bedding Carnation bears out our own opinion of this strain, and there are not many subjects in this Flower Seed Section which can and do give such wealth of colourful blooms as will this wonderful strain of Bedding Carnations.

"Thank God for a Garden and the gift of flowers."

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

BELL FLOWER—See Campanula.

BIGNONIA TWEEDIANA—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

BIRD OF PARADISE FLOWER—See Poinciana.

BLUE LACE FLOWER—See Didiscus.

BRAZILIAN GLORY PEA—See Sesbania Tripetii.

BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy)

(H.A.—E.) These are charming dwarf plants, with lovely, Cineraria-like flowers; a native of Western Australia, and suitable for hot dry sandy situations.

Iberidifolia—Mixed white and blue. 18 in. high.

Pkt 6d; 1/8oz 1/-; 1/2oz 1/6; 1/4oz 2/3

BROWALLIA—See Novelty Pages.

CALAMPELIS SCABRA—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

CALCEOLARIA

(H.H.P.—D.) Lovely glass-house perennials, with gorgeous colored blooms. To grow these plants successfully is the test of a good and clever gardener, especially in climates such as Sydney. They require cool moist conditions, and to be kept free of insect pests; when successfully grown no flower gives a more gorgeous display. In the southern and cooler parts of Australia, and in Tasmania and Southern New Zealand, they are one of the most beautiful plants for spring blooming in the cool glass-houses. 2 feet high. For cultivation, see Yates' Garden Guide.

Hybrida, Yates' Superb Strain—Mixed colors; a selection of all the finest exhibition sorts.

Pkt 2/6; Small pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

CALIFORNIAN POPPY—See Eschscholtzia.

CALLIOPSIS (Coreopsis)

(H.A. and H.P.—A.E.) Very showy, hardy border plants; they continue to bloom through the hottest weather and are much prized for cutting. They are hardy annuals, except Lanceolata varieties.

ANNUAL VARIETIES

These succeed best sown in spring and early summer and are of great value for hot sunny positions.

Drummondii—Yellow, crimson centre; 2 feet high.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; 1oz 1/-

Bicolor (Tinctoria)—A splendid mixture of yellow brown and mahogany shades; 2 feet high.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; 1oz 1/9

Bicolor Double—This is a double form of the well known single Tinctoria, and in our opinion this double form is a distinct advance. The strain includes all shades and combinations of yellow, brown and gold; 3 feet high.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/3

The Sultan—Excellent dwarf border type; very uniform in height. Color is deep orange scarlet.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Autumn sowing is recommended but they can also be planted through the winter and early spring.

Lanceolata Grandiflora—A lovely golden yellow, single flower, hardy perennial, excellent for cutting, and borders; 2 feet high.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/3

Lanceolata Double—A semi-double variety of this favorite perennial, excellent for cutting and coming fairly true. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/6; 1/4oz 2/-

CAMOMILE—See Matricaria.

CALENDULA (Broad-leaved or English pot Marigold)

(H.A.—A.) Very showy, hardy annual, with gorgeous blooms; suitable for borders. 1 1/2 to 2 feet high. In America cut flower growers make good money by forcing Calendulas and disbudding, thus obtaining very long stems and very large flowers. This very useful and always popular variety can be sown at any time except in the very hottest months of November and December. This is one of the most valuable florists' lines for winter blooms.

(Continued in next column)

CALENDULA—(Continued)

Orange King (Ball's Extra Select Forists' Strain)
—Double dark orange red. A very select strain for flower growers; flowers up to 3 1/2 in. across.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

Golden King—Very fine.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

Lemon King.

Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/9

Special Offer—1 pkt. of each above for .. 1/3

Meteor Double Orange—

Pkt 3d; 1/2oz 1/-

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS

Campfire—Brilliant orange, with full yellow centre.

Pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 3/3

Radio—Quilled petals giving unusual effect, color deep orange.

Pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 1/6

See Novelty Pages for two new Calendulas

For French and African Marigold—See Marigold.



Calliopsis Bicolor (Tinctoria)

CAMPANULA (Bell Flower)

(H.B.—C.F. The following are suitable for either the herbaceous border or for pot culture in the bush-house or window garden. They bloom the second season after sowing and are perennials. See also Canterbury Bells, which are varieties of Campanula.

Pyramidalis—Blue and white mixed; 3 feet high.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/6

Carpatica—Blue or white, separately or mixed.

Dwarf and compact; 4 in. high.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

CANARY CREEPER—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

Calendula Camp Fire — brilliant for Summer Bedding

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

CANDYTUFT (Iberis)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual border plants, very showy for massing or edgings in borders. The strains we offer are very superior. Sow from early autumn on to early spring.

CORONARIA TYPE

This class produces long spikes with numerous flowers placed closely up to the stem as in the form of a hyacinth.

Yates' Hyacinth Flowered (Empress)—A grand strain, specially grown and selected at Yates' Seed Grounds, Timperley (Eng.). It has pure white spikes of great beauty and fragrance; 12in. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

White Rocket—A select strain of white Candytuft suitable for cutting. Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/9; 2oz 3/-

UMBELLATA TYPE

This type produces long stems with a lot of small flowers bunched at the top.

Yates' Giant Flowered Hybrids—Choice mixed; this is the finest strain of mixed Candytuft yet introduced; the heads of bloom are double the size of the old varieties; there are also several new and delicate shades; 6in. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

Fine Mixed—For border planting; 9in. high. Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

Crimson—Showy; 9in. high. Pkt 6d

Purple—Good for contrast; 9in. high. Pkt 6d

White—Good for bedding; 9in. high. Pkt 6d

Each above three varieties, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

Rose Cardinal—Very showy, for bedding. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

PERENNIAL CANDYTUFT

Gibraltarica—Very large flowered perennial variety of a beautiful tint of lilac, shading off to white. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/6

CANNA

(H.P.—C.E.) Saved from a fine collection of named varieties of Tall Cannas. The colors range from pink through red to orange and salmon shades. It is advisable to chip away with a knife a piece of the skin of each seed to allow the entrance of moisture, otherwise the germination is very slow.

Giant Hybrids. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

For Plants—See Plant Section of Catalogue.

CANTERBURY BELLS (Campanula Medium)

(H.B.—C.F.) Very handsome favorite border plants. They are hardy biennials, and are best sown in February, March or April; they will then flower in the following spring. Our seed is saved from the most delicate colored varieties. They thrive best in cool climates; 2 feet high.

Single Mixed—Contains white, rose and blue varieties. Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

Above colors separately. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

Double—All the best colors mixed; 2 feet high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer)—Has a large round petal at the back of the bell resembling a saucer. All colors mixed, charming; 24in. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

See Novelty Pages for a new Canterbury Bell

CAPSICUM (Red Pepper)

Interesting half-hardy annuals which thrive in warm climates. Sow in spring.

Celestial—Produces numerous pods the color of which changes from white to white striped purple, yellow and scarlet as they mature. The contrasting colors of the pods on the same plant are strangely effective. 15in. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/9



Yates' Hyacinth Flowered Candytuft

CELOSIA (Feathered Cockscomb)

(H.H.A.—B.E.) Stately border plants with gorgeous feathery blooms of the most glowing colors. They are half-hardy annuals and should be raised in their permanent position when the frosts are over for summer bedding. They are of easiest culture, requiring plenty of moisture, rich soil and lots of warm weather. They are extensively used in parks and large gardens, and require a sunny situation. 3 to 4 feet high.

THOMPSONI MAGNIFICA TYPE

Dwarf Purple Red, Dwarf Rosy Chamois—Two interesting varieties introduced last year, which should be useful for pot growing. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Crimson King—Intense color. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

Scarlet Prince—Vivid color. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

Golden Queen—Rich yellow. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

Thompsoni Mixed—A good strain containing the above fine sorts in mixture. Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/3

Pride of Castle Gould—A distinct new type of the Ostrich Plume Celosia. Mixed. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/6

Childsii (Chinese Woolflower)—An attractive class distinct in habit from other Celosias. The rounded flower heads resemble masses of soft wool and are borne abundantly. Splendid for cutting and for house use. We offer the following colors: **Crimson, Pink, Yellow, Scarlet.** Each Color. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/6

Mixed Colors. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/6

In our trials, Candytuft Rose Cardinal stands out for bedding

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

CARNATION

(H.P.—C.) Carnations are hardy perennials, and may be sown at almost any time of the year except in very hot weather. Autumn sowing will provide strong sturdy plants for spring and early summer blooming. To get good double flowers the best seeds only should be sown. Our choicest strains cannot be excelled. We have made a specialty of these plants. Sow in seed pans or boxes and shade from the sun. For a special article on the raising of Carnations from seed see Yates' Garden Guide. As the choicer strains are usually weak growers, they require care to raise them successfully. 2 feet high. For Rooted Plants of named Carnations, see Plant Section of Catalogue.

Perpetual Flowering Nice Giant—A remarkably fine strain of double mixed Carnations. They produce a great variety of colors and a good percentage of large double flowers.

Pkt 2/-; Bulk pkt 6/-

GARDEN or BEDDING TYPE

All quick flowering and easily grown.

This class of Carnations is easily raised from seed and very free-flowering. They are by far the best for extensive bedding, being very fragrant (for which some prefer them to the Exhibition Type), and continue in bloom for a long period; should be treated as annuals and re-sown every year.

Yates' Giant Bedding—An exceptionally fine strain of Bedding Carnations with a high percentage of doubles. The range of colors is excellent and the flowers are large and highly clove-scented.

Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 4/6; 1/2oz 7/6

Margaret, Giant Malmaison Mixed—The plants are easily raised and bloom in four to five months from sowing, producing in the greatest profusion, large well-formed and beautifully fragrant blooms on long stems. Contains White, Dark Red, Rose, Violet, Yellow mixed.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/2oz 4/6

Colors Separately (a good percentage come true).

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/2oz 4/6

Chabaud's Early—A first-rate strain of the Giant Margaret type. Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 4/6; 1/2oz 7/6

Margaret (Good Mixed)—A valuable class producing large blooms of all colors, free-flowering. Splendid for bright sunny situations.

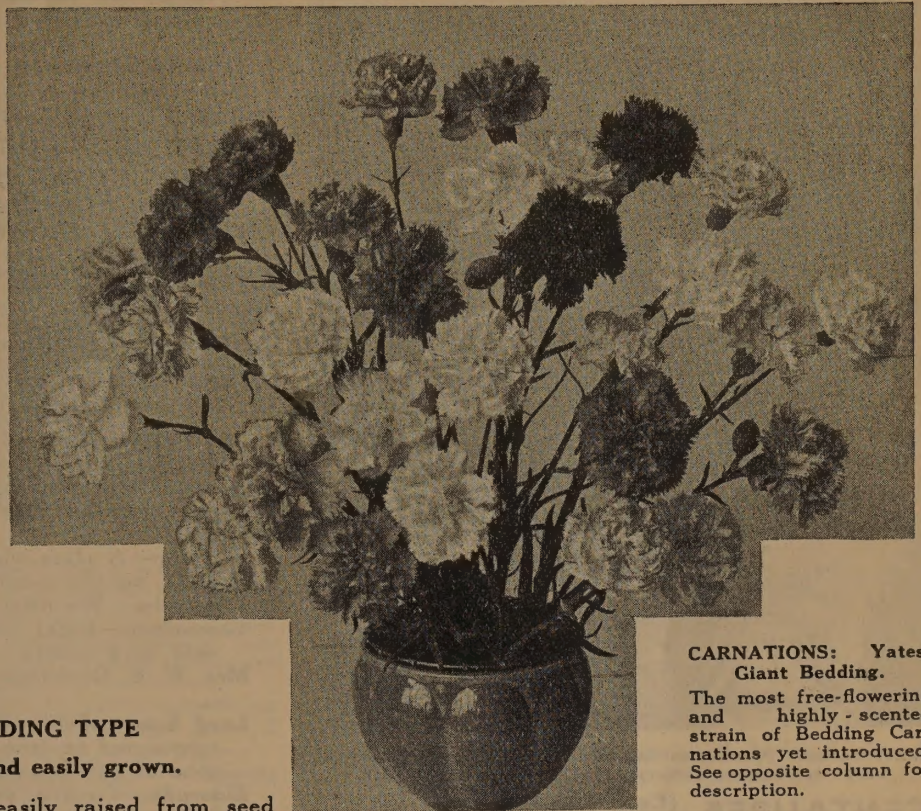
Pkt 3d; 1/2oz 2/3; 1oz 3/3

CAPE FORGET-ME-NOT—See Anchusa.

CAPE PRIMROSE—See Streptocarpus.

CARDINAL CREEPERS—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

CARDIOSPERMUM—See Creepers, pages 98-99.



CARNATIONS: Yates' Giant Bedding.

The most free-flowering and highly-scented strain of Bedding Carnations yet introduced. See opposite column for description.

CASTOR OIL PLANT—See Ricinus.

CAT'S CLAW—See Bignonia Creepers, pages 98-99.

CINERARIA

(H.H.A.—C.) Cinerarias are tender annuals which in very cold climates require to be grown in glass-house or bush-house, but in mild climates like Sydney or in warmer districts, they succeed splendidly in the open ground if sheltered from the wind and too much sun. See Yates' Garden Guide for cultural directions.

Yates' Large Flowered Branching—A strain which we carefully select each year for broadness of petals and variety of colors. The plants, if well grown, will reach three feet and will be almost as much across; they are very vigorous growers, well branched, and have thick leathery foliage. The flowers are large and of brilliant coloring, all inferior shades having been discarded. Pkt 2/6; Small pkt 1/6; 1/2oz 4/-; 1/8oz 6/6; 1/2oz 10/-

Maritima—Quite distinct from the above; this is only grown for its white velvety foliage.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/6

YATES' GARDEN GUIDE

1/- Post Free

Nearly half a million copies of this Australian-wide known handbook have been sold. Every home gardener should have a copy.

"Friends may come and go, but the Flowers will never fail you."

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



Sweet Sultans (*Centaurea Imperialis*). A beautiful but not very well-known variety of the Cornflower family.

CENTAUREA (Corn Flowers and Sweet Sultans)

(H.A.—A.) Lovely hardy annuals, very pretty, splendid for cutting. They are most easily grown and continue in flower a long time if sown in the autumn. In cool climates they may also be sown in the spring.

CYANUS TYPE

The well-known Cornflower family, growing about 3 feet high.

Rose Beauty—The color is a clear bright rose. The double flowers are large and carried in great profusion. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6

Blue King—Deep blue, double flowers; 2ft. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Double Mixed—Contains the above and many other shades of purple, lilac and white. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/9

Gymnocarpa (Dusty Miller)—

(H.P.—C.) A very useful edging plant with feathery-green foliage. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

SWEET SULTAN TYPE.

Quite distinct from the Cyanus type, this class is very decorative and grows about 2 feet high.

Imperialis (Giant Flowering Sweet Sultans)—Produces blossoms from three to four inches across, of graceful, airy effect, and most deliciously fragrant. The colors vary from glistening white, through shades of red from flesh pink to crimson, and in blues from silvery lilac to royal purple. They are excellent for cutting. Mixed colors. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/3; 1oz 4/3

Moschata—Similar to the above but more vigorous and not so highly selected. Colors comprise Yellow, Purple, Lavender and White.

Each Color. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-
Mixed Colors. Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Odorata Marguerite (White)—A very beautiful class, with double white blossoms; splendid for cutting and does well in our mild climate. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 4/3

Odorata Chameleon—A very beautiful flower, yellow and rose. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 4/3

CHINESE WOOLFLOWER—See *Celosia Childsii*.

CHERRY PIE—See *Heliotrope*.

CHINESE LANTERN PLANT (or Winter Cherry)—See *Physalis Francheti*.

CHINESE BELL FLOWER—See *Platycodon*.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

(H.A. and H.P.—C.) Very favorite family of border plants, they are all hardy and excellent for cutting. Perennial types should be sown in the spring, and the annual types in the autumn. For *Chrysanthemum* Plants of named varieties write for special list in Sept.-October.

ANNUAL TYPES.

(“Painted Daisies” or French Marguerites)

A distinct type from the perennials, with *Cosmos*-like foliage and only growing to a height of about 2 feet. They are excellent for cutting, and are very free-flowering.

Tricolor—A class which has striking rings of rich color on the petals and surrounding the black centres. We offer the following:—

Chameleon—Light yellow changing to apricot with dark centre. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

Mrs. W. E. Gladstone—Large velvety crimson. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

Lord Beaconsfield—White petals with dark brown centre and an inner zone of yellow and an outer zone of rich brownish red. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

Eldorado—Canary yellow, with very dark disc. The yellow is much deeper than other varieties. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Tricolor Fine Mixed—Contains all the best colors. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

Evening Star—Pure golden yellow single flowers of really handsome appearance, splendid for cutting. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

(Continued next page)



YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

CHRYSANTHEMUM—ANNUAL (continued)

Star of the East—A selection made in Yates' Seed grounds, Timperley (England). The single flowers are cream with a rich dark brown centre; very handsome and good for cutting.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

Northern Star—The brilliant white of the petals, shading to soft yellow at the base, is in striking contrast to the large black centre disc; single flowers, splendid for cutting. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

PERENNIAL TYPES

Single, Yates' Early Flowering (Indicum)—Mixed colors. This seed is saved from a collection of the best of the newer single autumn flowering Chrysanthemums, similar to the type offered as plants in the spring. They usually have two or three rows of petals of great substance, and are of a great variety of colorings and wonderful vigor. Sown in the early spring they will flower during the autumn; hardy perennial, growing about 3 to 4 feet high.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz 3/3; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 7/-

Shasta Daisy (Excelsior)—Much the largest of the Shasta Daisies, measuring up to four and a-half inches in diameter. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/-

CLARKIA

(H.A.—A.) Our strain of this hardy annual will produce a large percentage of double flowers, the dainty colorings of which will harmonise in any setting. The flowers are formed in crinkly rosettes on the long stems in the manner of peach blossoms. They should be well staked and sheltered from strong winds, as they grow to a height of about 2½ feet and the root growth is very shallow. Sow in the autumn.

Choice Mixed Colors—A splendid mixture made up from the following colors. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/3

We also offer the following colors separately:—

Apple Blossom —Pink	Queen Mary —Lovely rose.
Brilliant —Bright carmine rose.	Scarlet Queen (or Vesuvius) —Orange scarlet.
Purple Prince —Light purple	Chamois.
Salmon Queen	

Each Color, Pkt 6d; $\frac{3}{8}$ oz 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/3

Special Offer—Four varieties (our selection), 1/9

See Novelty Pages for a new Clarkia



Double Clarkias are beautiful for cutting.

CHEIRANTHUS

(H.P.—C.) Hardy perennials which may be sown in autumn or spring.

Allioni (Siberian Wallflower)—A brilliant orange colored variety strongly recommended for general bedding purposes.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

Linifolius—Very useful for rockeries and borders producing a mass of lilac colored blooms. While it succeeds best in the cooler districts it is also admirably suited to such climates as Sydney.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

CYCLAMEN

(H.H.P.—D.) These beautiful bulbous plants make a splendid show in the glass-house or bush-house during the early spring. They can be sown either during autumn or spring in pans, and should be kept growing till they flower, after which they go to rest. In Sydney, July sowing is recommended. It is advisable to make a sowing every year to get the best results. They are best grown in a cool frame, and should always be kept close to the glass; they do not require artificial heat. For further cultural directions, see Yates' Garden Guide. For prices of bulbs see Bulb pages.

Persicum Giganteum—A superb strain of mixed colors from the leading English growers.

Pkt 2/-; Bulk pkt 6/-

Bush Hill Pioneer—The large pure white flowers have a distinct crest or feather at the base of each petal.

Pkt 2/-; Bulk pkt 6/-

Butterfly (Papilio)—The petals are very broad across the top, the edges being gracefully waved and curled, and more brilliantly colored than Persicum.

Pkt 2/-; Bulk pkt 6/-

Mrs. Buckstone—A beautiful soft salmon, with frilled petals.

Pkt 2/-; Bulk pkt 6/-

Scarlet King—Bright glistening scarlet. A free bloomer.

Pkt 2/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

Northern Lights—Rose suffused with salmon.

Pkt 2/6; Bulk pkt 7/6



"It is only when we have tended them ourselves that flowers have things to tell us."

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



Cynoglossum—Chinese Forget-me-not.

CLIANTHUS

(H.P.—B.) Beautiful hardy plants, worthy of a place in any garden. They all do best if sown where intended to remain.

Dampieri (Sturt's Desert Pea)—Thrives in dry, poor, sandy soil; it is a native of the dry Australian interior, and it requires somewhat similar conditions to bring it to perfection. Sow thinly in the open in the early spring in a warm, dry situation, and afterwards do not disturb them; the seed requires soaking in hot water or spirits before sowing; they will not transplant. The flowers are brilliant deep crimson, black centres.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Puniceus (New Zealand Glory Pea)—A splendid hardy perennial, trailing or climbing flowering shrub, growing six to ten feet high, with gorgeous crimson flowers, which are produced in the greatest profusion in the spring. Sow in spring.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

COBAEA SCANDENS—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

COCKS AND HENS—See Dolichos, Creepers, pages 98-99.

COCKSCOMB

(H.H.A.—C.E.) Half-hardy annuals, and are amongst the best summer bloomers we possess. Sow in the spring, in warm situations or frame.

Glasgow Prize—Crimson, a very dwarf strain saved from exhibition heads.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/6

Good Mixed—Several shades, including crimson and yellow, salmon and gold.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/3; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9

For Feathered Cockscomb—See Celosia.

COLEUS

(H.A.—D.E.) In the climate of Sydney they make extremely handsome border plants for summer bedding, also excellent bush-house plants; but in cool climates they should be grown in pots under glass or in a warm sheltered corner. For fuller cultural directions see Yates' "Garden Guide."

Yates' Special Exhibition—For a choice strain of these favorite foliage plants we recommend highly the seed we now offer. It contains the large-leaved exhibition varieties in a wide range of color and also a small proportion of the fringed types. Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 12/-

CONVOLVULUS

Minor Mixed (Dwarf Morning Glory)—Contains white, and shades of blue, and is valuable for borders or beds. 12in. high.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; 1oz 1/3

Major (Climbing Morning Glory)—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

COREOPSIS—See Calliopsis.

CORNFLOWER—See Centaurea Cyanus.

COSMOS

(H.A.—A.E.) The Cosmos is one of the finest autumn flowering plants. They are most graceful and beautiful for cutting. Sow in the spring. In Sydney and warm climates excellent results are obtained by sowing in nursery beds as late as January and transplanting them to the borders when large enough. They do not grow so tall under this treatment and give fine blooms late in the autumn.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

Early Flowering Double Mixed—This strain yields a good percentage of double flowers, which are of fine size and carried on long stems. About 3ft. high. They flower in about ten or eleven weeks, and contain:—Whirlwind, pure white; Carnelia, rose; Peach Blossom, light pink; in mixture. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 4/6

Each above color. Pkt 2/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 6/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 11/-

Special Offer—One pkt. of each color . . . 5/-

Late Flowering Double, Mixed—The flowers vary considerably in their degree of doubleness. In most cases the centre of the flower is very double and prettily frilled, and is surrounded with a row of broad single petals, the effect being very dainty and attractive; in others the whole flower is double. When planting out select plants with the coarser foliage—these are the doubles. This strain contains pink, white and red mixed.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9

Each above color—

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/-

SINGLE VARIETIES

Mammoth Perfection, Mixed—The flowers are of the most delicate shades of white, crimson, and rose, and of large size. 6 feet high.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; 1oz 1/9

Colors separately. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3; 1oz 2/3

Lady Lennox—The largest and most vigorous pink.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3; 1oz 2/3

Yellow Klondyke—Brilliant orange flowers, very showy; requires warm seed bed; 3 to 4 ft. high.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/3

CUPFLOWER—See Nierembergia.

CYNOGLOSSUM (Chinese Forget-me-not)

(H.A.—C.) A pretty little perennial, suitable for borders, somewhat like Forget-me-nots.

Amabile—Blue flowers.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

For the "Blue Garden" include Chinese Forget-me-not (Cynoglossum)

YATES' ASTERS

grown on our Seed Farm

Derwentside

(TAS.)



For early Asters we recommend the Crego type while for late blooming in the cooler months when the choicest blooms are obtained we would choose the more branching Californian Giant and American Beauty Asters.

Full descriptions and prices of all Asters on page 60



YATES' RANUNCULUS ASIATICUS

To describe in words the beauties of these glorious spring flowers is difficult, and besides it is unnecessary, since they are so well-known and loved by everyone. We take particular pride in the quality and diversity of color in our strain and offer it in the form of seed or bulbs to our many customers with full confidence that it will give the utmost satisfaction and pleasure. Any well-drained soil in a sunny position will suit them.

Bulbs—Set two inches deep and four to six inches apart. Available Feb. to May.

1/- doz.; 7/6 100; 60/- 1000

Seed—Sow Jan. to end of March in a nursery bed and transplant into permanent position four to six inches apart when well rooted.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

CUPHEA

(H.P.—C.) Very useful for borders; does best when sown in the autumn and will then flower in the early spring. Transplant about nine inches apart. Height, one foot.

Pink Pearl—A very attractive shade of rose pink.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

Fireflame—A rich scarlet.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur)

(H.P.—C.F.) Lovely class of border plants; very stately and attractive. The seeds should be sown in February, March or April, and also again in spring. When large enough, transplant into rich moist soil in sheltered positions, they will then flower six months later, either in autumn or spring. They are much better treated as annuals in the warmer districts of Australia, the old plants being discarded after flowering and fresh seed sown. Treated in this way they may be had in bloom twice yearly; the flowers from seedling plants are also usually much finer. In cool climates they will last for some years. Protect well from slugs and snails with "265" Snail Killer (see page 132).

Yates' Extra Select Perennial Hybrids—Saved from a fine collection of named Delphiniums. The flowers are of a great many beautiful shades, from sky-blue, to rich dark blue, and purple, and include single, double and semi-double blooms in great variety. We save the seed at our Tasmanian Seed Farm.

Small pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/8 oz 1/9; 1/4 oz 2/6; 1/2 oz 3/6

Blue Butterfly (Chinese Delphinium)—A most distinct and neat growing variety, with fine feathery Cosmos-like foliage, and freely producing loose spikes of exquisite blooms which last a long time cut. Plants are of bushy growth, grow to a height of 2½ feet, and bloom throughout the summer. We offer the following colors:—

Gentian (Dark) Blue, Azure Blue, White.

Each color. Small pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; 1/4 oz 2/-; 1/2 oz 3/-; 1/2 oz 4/6; 1 oz 9/-

Annual Delphinium—See Larkspur.



The beautiful Blue Butterfly Delphinium is much prized for cutting for house decoration

DAHLIAS

(H.P.—C.) Very easily raised from seed, and, if sown in the early spring, will bloom the first season. The raising of new varieties in this way is extremely interesting, as there is a large element of chance. Quite frequently, when the choicest seed is sown, such as we offer, many of the plants will equal the best of the named varieties. Seedlings are usually extremely hardy and vigorous, and are of infinite variety of coloring, no two plants being usually quite the same. For plants and tubers of named varieties write for special list in Sept.-October.

Double Mixed—A mixture of seed saved from named varieties of Pæony, Cactus and Double Show types. The resulting seedlings produce many variations of those types and in all shades, many of them being extremely attractive for garden decoration and cut flower work.

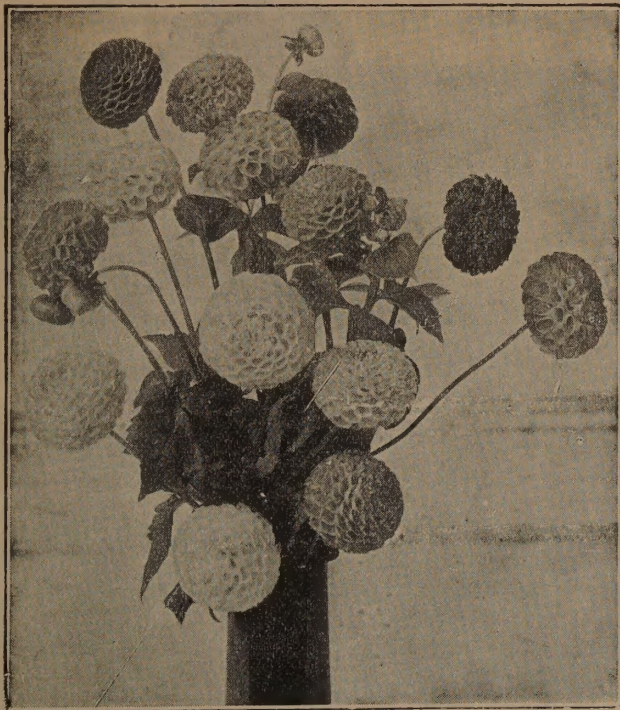
Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/4 oz 6/6; 1/2 oz 10/-

Choice Single Mixed—Saved from the finest Collar-ette and Giant Single types and should produce a wide range of the most attractive shades. Excellent for cut flower and decorative work.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/4 oz 3/-

Pompones—Saved from a very fine collection of named varieties. Pkt 1/-; 1/4 oz 10/-; 1/2 oz 15/-

Single—Ordinary mixed. Pkt 3d; 1/4 oz 2/-



Pompones Dahlias

Delphinium Seed does not keep. Our Seed is saved at frequent intervals and if out of stock when you order we will hold and send as soon as ready

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



Yates' Single Hybrid Dianthus.

DIANTHUS

(H.B.—A.E.) Dianthus are amongst the best flowering plants we have, and, although they are actually biennials, they will only last one flowering unless cut back severely before seeding. To get the best results fresh seed should be sown each year. They are quite hardy and continue to bloom throughout the year. We offer a very fine collection, and we strongly recommend customers to sow several varieties of them. Sow in either spring or autumn.

Yates' Double Hybrids, Derwent Strain—A mixture of all the best varieties grown, and continuously selected for their beauty of color, size of flower, and compact habit. An excellent strain.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/9

Yates' Single Hybrids, Derwent Strain—A very fine strain; bearing extra large flowers of the richest colors and markings, many being deeply fringed.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

Salmon Queen, Laciniatus—Single fringed, very showy; a lovely shade of color.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Fireball, Double—Brilliant scarlet. It forms thickly branching bushes covered with bloom.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Mourning Cloak—A very large double flower; dark-purple, edged pure white and fringed.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

(Continued at top of next column)

DIANTHUS—(Continued)

Snowball—Large flowered, double white, very effective. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Mixed Singles—Beautifully fringed, and plain-edged flowers, recommended.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/9

Heddewigii, Double (Japanese Pinks)—Mixed; a fine strain. Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/9

Little Gem (The Bride). Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Eastern Queen. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Crimson Bell. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Vesuvius, Laciniatus. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Nobilis (Royal Pinks). Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Chinensis (Indian Pinks). Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6

Special Offer—

12 distinct varieties (our selection), 4/6

PERENNIAL DIANTHUS

Cheddar Pink Hybrids—A charming class of Rock Pinks for rockwork, etc.; clove scented, mixed colors. This variety only grows to perfection in cold climates. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 4/6

Dianthus Barbatus—See Sweet William.

DAISY, SHASTA—See Chrysanthemum.

DAISY, DOUBLE—See Bellis Perennis.

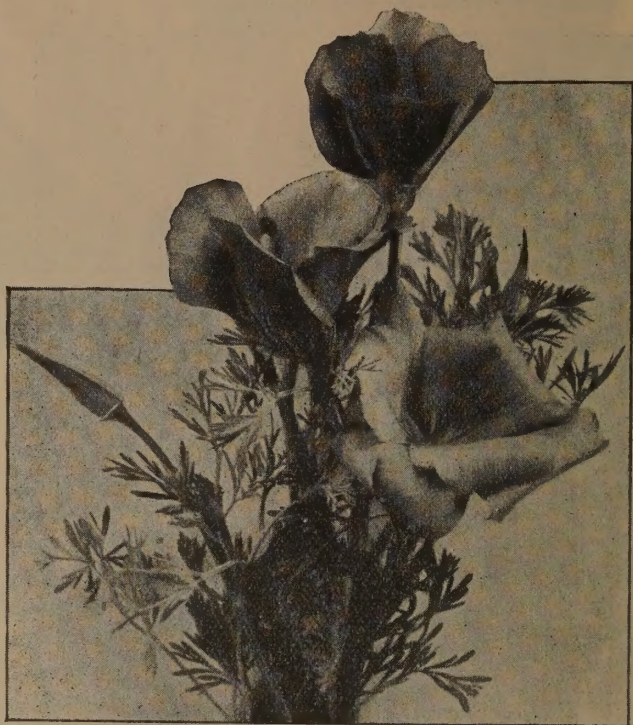
DESERT PEA—See Clanthus Dampieri.

DIASCEA

(H.A.—C.) A dainty annual, growing to a height of 15in. with flowers resembling miniature Columbines. Suited for bordering. Sow in Autumn.

Barbarae Salmon Queen.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 9/-



Eschscholtzia, Choice Mixed Hybrids.

Lovers of rare flowers should grow *Didiscus coeruleus*, the beautiful "Blue Lace Flower" of Western Australia

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

DIDISCUS (Blue Lace Flower)

In mild climates this annual may be sown in early autumn or in spring. In colder districts we recommend sowing in the spring after frosts are over. The color is a rare and exquisite shade of clear light blue. The plants grow 18 in. to 2 ft. high.

Coeruleus—Blue. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

DIGITALIS—See Foxglove.

DIMORPHOTHECA (African Golden Daisy)

(H.A.—C.E.) A choice and extremely showy annual from South Africa. It is a most profuse bloomer and has a very neat branching habit, growing twelve to fifteen inches high. The brilliant flowers are set off by having dark centres, the general effect, when grown in masses, being extremely fine. They like a bright sunny situation. Sow in the spring.

Aurantiaca—Brilliant orange. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Aurantiaca Hybrida—They vary in color from pure white to reddish and bluish white tints, and include various shades of sulphur and lemon-yellow and beautiful salmon and salmon-orange. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

Golden West—Bright buttercup yellow flowers. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

Salmon Beauty—A useful new color. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/6

White Beauty—Pure white with dark centre. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-

Calendulacea Lemon Queen—Brilliant lemon with black central zone. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Eklonis—A perennial type which has a recumbent or trailing habit, and attains considerable length. The flowers are almost pure white with a blue centre. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Ringens—Flowers are blue with a white centre; spreading habit. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 6/6

DOLICHOS (Varieties)—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE—See Aristolochia, Creepers, pages 98-99.

ERIGERON

A splendid hardy perennial, very useful for cutting. The flowers are carried in large numbers. In habit this is not unlike the Shasta Daisy. 18 inches high.

Speciosus—A pretty lilac shade, with a yellow centre. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 4/6

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (Californian Poppy)

(H.A.—B.E.) A very showy race of hardy annuals, which thrive in our dry hot climate, and make a great show nearly the whole year round. Sow in the autumn or spring. 12 inches high.

We offer the following set of named varieties which are the result of constant endeavour by a noted raiser.

Choice Hybrids, Mixed—A superior strain, producing a good range of vivid colors, including most of the following. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/9

Double Toreador—A double variety with golden bronze petals, with orange crimson reverse.

Ramona—Pale coppery gold; petals heavily frilled; a charming effect. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 5/3

Orange Flame—Vivid orange scarlet, plant very erect and compact, excellent for borders.

Ballet Girl—Outside of petals vivid carmine, inside creamy white, a startling contrast.

Tango—Bronzy red, overlaid terracotta.

Mauve Beauty—A beautiful shade of pure mauve.

The Geisha—Orange crimson, inside petals golden.

Purple Glow—The darkest variety in existence and a great advance. Color, a rich reddish purple.

Lovely—A bright rose pink, suffused salmon.

Scarlet Beauty—Like a vivid scarlet tulip.

Each above variety, other than first three, specially priced. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/6

Special Offer—Six varieties (our selection), 2/6

Crimson—A brilliant color.

Carmine King—One of the best carmine rose.

Mandarin—Brilliant deep orange.

Californica—Orange, effective in clumps.

Each above color. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Fine Mixed—For bedding and general use. Contains the above four colors and many other beautiful shades. Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

EVERLASTINGS

See Acroclinium, Ammobium, Globe Amaranth, Helichrysum, Rhodanthe, Statice.

Mr. P. R. V., Fairfield, Brisbane, Q'land, writes, 24/1/33 :—

"The packet of Aster Seeds you sent me some time ago have now commenced blooming and neighbours say they have never seen Asters like them before. I am supplying the cut blooms to a city florist, who says good Asters are very scarce this season. All the other seeds purchased from you have turned out wonderfully."

Mr. J. H. S., Quirindi, writes 17/9/32 :—

"My garden at present is the admiration of the district. I have never seen a better show of Stocks, Iceland Poppies and Pansies. The people ask me how I get such good results and I tell them I always buy the best seed procurable and when it germinates give the plants all the attention possible. I must say that everything I have bought from you comes up true to label. I secured about 92 per cent. of double stocks this year from your seed."

Mr. H. W., Simla, India, writes 15/8/32 :—

"I enclose a British Postal Note for 10/-, and shall be obliged if you will kindly send me at the above address as much Sweet Pea Seed as you can for this amount. I would like a selection of the best varieties, such as have established the reputation of your firm in India."



Dimorphotheca aurantiaca hybrida

Grow Eschscholtzias in your sunny beds, and order enough Seed to sow broadcast in permanent positions

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



Foxglove, a beautiful perennial for cool climates.

FELECIA (Kingfisher Daisy)

(H.A.—C.) A pretty little annual, very suitable for rock gardens or edgings. 9 in. high.

Bergeriana—Bright blue.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

FAIRY GRASS—See Gypsophila.

FEATHERED COCKSCOMB—See Celosia.

FOXGLOVE (Digitalis)

(H.P.—A.F.) Stately, hardy perennial border plants, very handsome in mixed borders. If sown in the autumn they will bloom in the following spring; 3 to 4 feet high.

Monstrosa—Long spikes of large flowers of various colors, many being beautifully spotted. The chief characteristic of this strain is the enormous bell-shaped blossom at the top of each spike.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 2/3

Large-Flowered Spotted—These are particularly large and beautifully spotted. The colors include white, cream, rose, red, and other shades, with beautiful markings in the throat, and blotchings and spots of purple and maroon.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/3

Fine Mixed—All shades.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/3

FLOSS FLOWER—See Ageratum.

FLAX—See Linum.

FOUNTAIN PLANT—See Amaranthus.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis Alpestris)

(H.P.—C.F.) This old English favorite does best in a sheltered moist border. Sow in the autumn. Hardy perennial; about 18 inches high.

Blue Bouquet—Very dwarf-growing, with large flowers like the taller-growing strains. Color is a rich deep blue. Pkt 1/6; ¼ oz 7/6

Blue—The favorite color. We offer a specially selected strain. Pkt 6d; ½ oz 3/-; ¼ oz 4/6

Mixed Colors—White and blue shades.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/6

CAPE FORGET-ME-NOT—See Anchusa.

FREESIA

(H.P.—C.) Sow in the autumn. Flowers the first season from seed, beautifully fragrant. 9 inches high. For bulbs, see Bulb pages 102-109.

Yates' Hybrids—Contains an exceptionally wide variety of colors, including pink, rose, purple and orange shades. Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 2/6

Refracta Alba—Pure White. Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/9

See Novelty Pages for a new Freesia

GAILLARDIA

(H.P. and H.A.—A.E.) Very effective border plants. They do extremely well in our climate and give a good show of bloom nearly all the year. They may be sown either in the autumn or spring. 10 inches high.

PERENNIAL TYPE

Perennial Hybrids—A very select strain grown at our Tasmanian Farm. They include several new tints and shades, from almost pure orange to Indian red, with innumerable intermediate shades; exceptionally large. Pkt 1/-; ¼ oz 2/-

Grandiflora Dazzler—Dark rich red flowers with bright orange tips. Pkt 1/-; ¼ oz 5/3

Grandiflora Bremen—Coppery scarlet with dark brown disc; most petals are yellow tipped.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

Tangerine—A mixture of tangerine and orange shades; very useful for cutting. Pkt 1/-; ¼ oz 5/3

Portola Hybrids—Extra large flowers, in shades of bronzy red, with gold tips. Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 4/-

Grandiflora Fine Mixed—A grand strain of this splendid hardy perennial. Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/3

ANNUAL TYPE

These varieties bloom quickly from seed.

Lorenziana—Large handsome double-quilled flowers of red and yellow shades.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/6

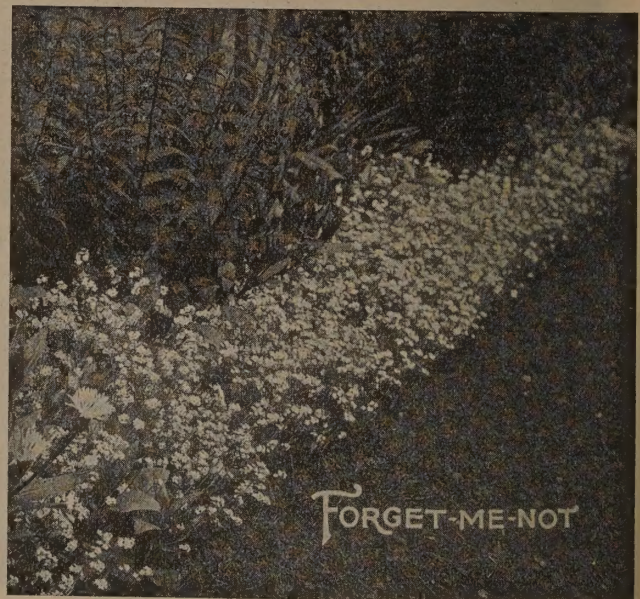
Picta, Single—Mixed colors.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/3

GERANIUMS—See Pelargoniums.

GLORY PEA, Brazilian—See Sesbania Tripetii.

GLORY PEA, New Zealand—See Clanthus Puniceus.



FORGET-ME-NOT

The old favorite Forget-me-not, giving color to a border which is otherwise sombre

Yates' Plant Food is an excellent all round Fertilizer

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

GENTIANA

(H.P.—C.) An interesting herbaceous perennial. The young plants are inclined to trail but become erect later.

Hascombensis—Large heads of bright blue flowers, speckled white. Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

GERBERA JAMESONI (African Daisy)

(H.P.—D.E.) Perennials, requiring a warm sunny situation, with well-drained light soil. In cold climates the plants should be protected in the winter season. For a special article on their cultivation see Yates' Garden Guide. (1/- post free.)

New Hybrids (Mixed Colors)—These are hybrids of the favorite Gerbera Jamesoni, and include a great range of colors, from pure white through shades of pale yellow, red and salmon to orange-rose, scarlet and crimson. The flowers are well formed and borne on long strong stems, making them admirably suitable for all kinds of floral decoration. We have made special arrangements for the supply at short and regular intervals of freshly gathered seed. When sold out we reserve orders.

Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 4/6; 1/2oz 6/6

For Plants—See Plant pages.

GLADIOLI

(H.P.—C.) The seed we offer is saved from best named sorts as well as from vigorous seedlings selected for color, size of bloom and substance. Gladioli are easily raised from seed. We can also supply bulbs in season. See Bulb pages 102-109.

Yates' Giant Hybrids—All the most beautiful shades of the well-known large flowered Gladioli, carefully blended. Pkt 6d; 1/8oz 2/-; 1/2oz 2/9

Primulinus Hybrids—Have beautiful orchid-like flowers, and bloom freely the first year from planting. Colors range through yellows, oranges and crimson. Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 1/6; 1/2oz 2/-
See colored illustration, page 103.

GESNERA

(H.H.P.—D.) These are allied to the Gloxinia, and require similar treatment in growing and raising from seed, but are winter bloomers. They can only be successfully grown in a glasshouse, or in semi-tropical climates they would do in a bush-house. They flower the first year from seed if well grown, and, when in full bloom, are exceedingly beautiful. For cultivation see Yates' Garden Guide.

Choice Mixed. 9 inches high.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

GEUM

(H.P.—C.) Very pretty and showy perennial border plants. They do not thrive in the hotter districts, but do very well in Sydney. Sow in the autumn.

Mrs. Bradshaw—Large brick-red, semi-double flowers on long stems, free flowering, much the best red variety. Pkt 6d; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/2oz 4/6

Lady Stratheden—It is almost identical with Mrs. Bradshaw in all but color. It carries the same large flowers on well branching plants. The flowers are semi-double and of a bright golden-yellow, and are carried in great profusion. Pkt 6d; 1/8oz 2/-; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/2oz 4/6

Tango—A new and pleasing shade which is sure to become very popular with lovers of this showy perennial. Throws a fair percentage true to color. Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 3/9; 1/2oz 5/9

GOLDEN MOSS—See Pyrethrum Aureum Laciniatum

GOLDEN GLORY VINE—See Thunbergia, Creepers, pages 98-99.

GOMPHRENA—See Globe Amaranth.



Geums are graceful, hardy perennials, which thrive in cool climates as least as temperate as Sydney

GODETIA

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty hardy annual border plants. In the warmer districts they should be planted in the autumn or winter for spring flowering; they are most easily raised. The dwarf, compact varieties make splendid bedding plants; 12-18 inches high.

Dwarf Double Carminea—Dwarf strain; suitable for pot culture. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

Fine Mixed—A mixture of the tall growing sorts, including doubles. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

Crimson Glow—Rosy crimson. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

Duchess of Albany—Pure white. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

Gloriosa—Dark red, compact. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

Lady Albermarle—Brilliant crimson. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

New Lavender—Very choice. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

Sunset—Fiery crimson. One of the brightest colored of all. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

The Bride—White and crimson. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/-

See Novelty Pages for two New Godetias.

GOURDS—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

GRASSES, ORNAMENTAL—We offer Collections of these, see page 96.

Flower Growers in temperate climates should try Godetia Tall Double Carminea

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



Heliotrope is an old favorite perennial which has been overlooked in recent years

GYPSOPHILA (Fairy Grass)

(H.P. and H.A.—A.) Hardy graceful border plants, splendid for cutting for bouquets, and the best and most graceful foliage to mix with Sweet Peas or other flowers, the effect of the small white Gypsophila is like a veiling over the brighter and larger flowers; they are best treated as annuals and sown in the autumn. To make a show of this, large quantities of seed should be broadcasted in the permanent position. Every bud will open in water. This should be much more largely grown in Australian gardens. 2ft. high.

Elegans Grandiflora—Hardy annual; flowers earlier than *Paniculata*.

White.	Small pkt 3d;	Pkt 6d;	1 oz 1/-
Rose.		Pkt 6d;	½ oz 1/-
Mixed.		Pkt 6d;	½ oz 1/-

Paniculata—White; hardy perennial.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/-

See Novelty Pages for a new *Gypsophila*

GLOBE AMARANTH (Gomphrena)

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty bushy everlastings; make a good show throughout the summer; hardy annuals. Splendid for massing in beds or for ribbon borders; 2 feet high. Sow in autumn or spring.

Purple.	Pkt 6d;	½ oz 1/-;	1 oz 1/6
Mixed Colors. Including Orange, Flesh Pink, and Purple.	Pkt 6d.	½ oz 1/-;	1 oz 1/6

GLOXINIA

(H.P.—D.) Lovely glasshouse bulbous plants, which, in climates such as Sydney or in warmer districts, do well in the bush-house, cool frame or glass-house. The seed should be sown in the spring or summer under glass in pans. For special instructions, see Yates' Garden Guide.

We also offer the Bulbs. See Bulb pages 102-109.

Yates' Prize Strain—A very choice mixture of all classes, saved from named varieties.

Pkt 1/6; Large bulk pkt 7/6

HELIANTHUS (See Sunflower)

HELICHRYSUM (Straw Flower)

(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual everlastings, handsome border plants, also suitable for cutting. Sow in the autumn or spring; 2 feet high.

Mixed Colors—Contain a mixture of white, salmon, rose, crimson, scarlet and yellow shades.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; ½ oz 2/-

Rose Queen.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/-

Double White.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/-

HELIOPSIS

(H.P.—C.) A handsome herbaceous perennial, growing about 3ft. high. Sow in autumn.

Double—Large semi-double golden-yellow flowers on long stems; excellent for cutting.

Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 7/-

HELIOTROPE (Cherry Pie)

(H.P.—C.E.) Hardy perennials. They are readily raised from seed, which should be sown in a pan under shelter. The fragrant blossoms are produced nearly the whole year round.

Triomphe de Liege—Light lilac.

Roi de Noirs—Dark violet.

Reine Marguerite—Large, dark blue.

White Lady—White.

6d pkt;
Bulk pkt 1/6

Special Offer—Four varieties, 1 pkt. of each, 1/9

Mixed Varieties. Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/9; ½ oz 4/-

HEUCHERA

(H.P.—C.) A hardy perennial now coming back into favor, particularly for cut flower work. The seed should be planted in autumn.

Sanguinea—Bears spikes of beautiful coral red blooms which last well. Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 6/6

New Hybrids—Include shades of white, blush, pink. Pkt 1/-; ½ oz 6/6

HOLLYHOCK (Althæa)

(H.P.—C.F.) Hardy perennial plants, very stately and highly decorative in mixed groups. They are one of the representative flowers of the old English cottage gardens. Sow in autumn in frame or sheltered seed bed; 6ft. high.

Yates' Derwent Strain, Mixed—This is a very select strain saved from a specially fine assortment of Double Hollyhocks. The large spikes of double-flowers are of brilliant coloring and add a delightful old world touch to the garden. A very large percentage of the finest doubles may be expected.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; ½ oz 3/-

Separate Colors, Doubles—White, Rose, Crimson, Scarlet, Maroon, Yellow and Chamois.

Each Pkt 6d; ½ oz 3/-

Special Collection Offer of Doubles—

Six packets distinct colors, our selection .. 2/6

Single Mixed—Many shades.

Small pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/3

HONESTY (Lunaria)

(H.B.—A.) A handsome spring flowering border biennial. The shining silvery seed pods are much prized for winter decorations; 18 inches high.

Purple—The best color.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

Yates' Derwent Strain of Double Hollyhocks is especially fine

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



This photo shows the compact upright growth of the new "Spire" type Larkspur. Varieties in this class are La Duchesse, Rosabelle, White Spire.

HUNNEMANNIA (Mexican Poppy)

(H.P.—B.E.) A lovely dwarf perennial from Mexico. The seeds should be sown thinly, either in the autumn or spring in the permanent beds, as this plant will not stand transplanting. They are very suitable for cutting, as they last long in water, and are very decorative. Do not overwater them and choose a warm sunny position; 9 inches high.

Fumariaefolia—Glowing yellow, single flowers, not unlike the Iceland Poppies, fine for massing.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/6

HYACINTH BEAN—See *Dolichos*, pages 98-99.

IMPATIENS (Sultan's Balsam)

(H.P.—C.) Lovely bushy plants, very attractive for house decoration or they may be grown in sheltered shaded positions in the open. Sow in the autumn or spring in seed pan or box.

Holstii, New Hybrids—Includes brilliant scarlet, dark velvety violet, and pure white; 18in. high.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

INCARVILLEA

(H.P.—C.) A hardy perennial border plant with very pretty Schizanthus-like foliage. Flowers are tube shaped, borne up the stem like *Antirrhinums*. Sow in the autumn. Height, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.

Variabilis—Lilac rose.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

IPOMOPSIS

(H.B.—A.) Hardy biennial border plants, with long spikes of bloom. Sow in autumn; 2 feet high.

Mixed Colors—Orange and scarlet.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9

IPOMOEA (varieties)—See *Creepers*, pages 98-99.

JOSEPH'S COAT—See *Amaranthus Tricolor*.

KALANCHOE—See *Novelty* pages.

KOCHIA (The Mock or Summer Cypress)

(H.A.—A.) It is grown for its ornamental foliage and shapely habit of growth. By mid-summer it has attained a height of two to three feet and a pleasing pyramidal shape and of a vivid bright green shade which changes to a rich russet-crimson in the autumn.

Tricophylla (Childsii Strain).

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

KUDZU VINE—See *Creepers*, pages 98-99

LARKSPUR (Annual Delphinium)

(H.A.—A.) Very pretty hardy border annuals; they should be sown from early autumn on to early spring. The following are the improved Large Flowered varieties. These plants are useful for poisoning grasshoppers and locusts.

TALL BRANCHING STOCK FLOWERED VARIETIES

This tall growing branching class is the best for cut flowers and for large borders, and is in great demand by florists. They grow about $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high.

Tall Choice Mixed Colors—Contains a splendid range of charming shades.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

We offer the following colors separately as being particularly attractive.

The following are all blues and range from light to dark in the order mentioned.

Sky Blue—A very rich color used extensively by flower growers.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Mauve Beauty—A beautiful clear mauve, shade varies slightly.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

Amethyst Blue—The name describes the color which is very attractive, shade varies slightly.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

Dark Blue—A most brilliant color and very free flowering.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

The following are all pink shades and range from light to dark in the order mentioned.

Exquisite—Light rose-pink; favored by flower growers.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Pink Beauty—Rich pink; good branching habit.

$\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/-

La France—A beautiful soft light pink, recently introduced.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/9

Lustrous Carmine—An intense color slightly deeper than the above.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Rosy Scarlet—Particularly good color.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Special Offer—Four varieties (our selection), 1/9

The following "Spire" type Larkspurs are of rather different habit, being more compact; most of the flower spikes come from the main stem near the top.

La Duchesse—An attractive light pink.

Rosabelle—Slightly deeper than La Duchesse.

Each Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/3

White Spire—The best white.

$\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/9

See *Novelty Pages for a New Larkspur*

DWARF VARIETY

Dwarf Rocket (Hyacinth Flowered)—Suitable for bedding and massing; 18in. high.

Mixed or separate Colors.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

PERENNIAL LARKSPUR—See *Delphinium*.

LANTERN FLOWER—See *Abutilon*.

LATHYRUS—See *Pea*, *Everlasting*.

LAVENDER SHOWER—See *Thalictrum*.

Two beautiful Larkspurs which harmonize well are Lustrous Carmine and Dark Blue

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



Linaria Maroccana "Excelsior" Hybrids on Yates' Trial Ground.

LEPTOSIPHON

(H.A.—C.) Dwarf hardy annual, doing especially well when grown in rockeries or sunny borders. Sow in the autumn. Height, 3 inches.

New Hybrids—All shades in mixture, including pink, orange, red and yellow. Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

LINUM (Flax)

(H.A.—A.) A showy, hardy annual and an old favorite. Sow in the autumn.

Grandiflorum Coccineum—Glowing crimson; 12in. high. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/3

See Novelty Pages for a new Linum

LEPTOSYNE (Great Winter-Flowering Yellow Marguerite)

(H.A.—A.) A hardy annual with brilliant light yellow flowers. They do best sown in the autumn. Excellent for cutting. It is easily raised from seed, and comes very rapidly into bloom. 2 feet.

Maritima—Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; ¼ oz 2/-

LOBELIA

(H.A.—C.) Lovely bedding plants. They should be raised in a seed pan preferably in the autumn months and transplanted as soon as large enough to handle.

Compacta Type

Compact in habit and suitable for edging.

Mrs. Clibran—Dwarf; growing only 4 inches high, compact growth, deep bright violet-blue, with distinct white eye. Pkt 1/-; ⅛ oz 4/3; ⅓ oz 6/3

Crystal Palace, Compacta—Dark rich blue, dark foliage; 4 in. Pkt 6d; ⅓ oz 2/-; ⅛ oz 3/-

Emperor William—Deep blue, no eye; 6in. Compacta Alba—White, 4in. Compacta Deep Blue—4in. Compacta Magenta—Red with white eye; 4in.

Each above Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

Erinus Type

About 9in. high, spreading in habit.

Erinus Alba—Pure white. Erinus Gracilis—Light blue. Erinus Royal Purple. Erinus, Prima Donna—Purple red.

Each above Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

(Continued in next column)

LOBELIA—(Continued)

Erinus Speciosa—Azure blue; 4in. high. Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; ⅓ oz 2/-; ¼ oz 2/9

Pendula Type

This type is very suitable for hanging baskets, window-box or rockery work. We offer three colors.

Sapphire—Deep blue with white eye. Amanda—Rosy lilac, passing to amaranth red, white eye. Angelina—Pure white, large flowers.

Each above Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

LOVE-IN-A-MIST—See Nigella.

LOPHOSPERMUM—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

LINARIA (Toad Flax)

(H.A.—A.E.) A very pretty family of graceful plants, thriving in dry, hot situations, and resembling in appearance miniature Antirrhinums. They do remarkably well in rockeries and dry borders exposed to the sun. They succeed best sown in the autumn.

Maroccana "Excelsior" Hybrids—A very choice strain, and a great improvement on the old form. This choice mixture contains all rich colors, including blues, orange shades, purples, pinks, etc.

Small pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/3

Reticulata—Showy hardy annual, with yellow and dark violet flowers; plant in groups for best effect. 9 inches high. Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/3

Macedonica Speciosa—A perennial type with large golden yellow flowers, suitable for rock-gardens. Pkt 1/-; ¼ oz 6/6

See Novelty Pages for a new Linaria

LYCHNIS

(H.P.—C.) This hardy herbaceous border plant is a result of a cross between Lychnis Chalcidonica and Lychnis Haageana. It blooms throughout the summer in great profusion; the flowers varying from orange-scarlet to soft salmon-pink.

Arkwrightii—Bright colors. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

See Novelty Pages for a new Lychnis



Lobelias have been greatly developed recently and now offer excellent material for garden display.

SUPERB LUPINS—A YATES' SPECIALITY

The Lupin has been receiving a great deal of attention during recent years and many charming Hybrids have been evolved. After careful tests in our own Trial Grounds, we have selected the following, all of which are worthy of attention. They make a wonderful display and provide cut blooms for a long period. We would draw your attention particularly to the Hartwigii or Hairy Foliaged varieties; these resist the attacks of snails and slugs to a remarkable extent and for this reason are preferred by many gardeners. (H.A. and H.P.—B.) Sow in the open borders; they do not readily transplant. Make the main sowing in early autumn to ensure winter blooms. Additional sowings may be made right through until August for successional flowering.

TALL ANNUAL VARIETIES

For general garden decoration, for border work, and for cutting, this is undoubtedly the most useful group.

A splendid range of charming colors is now available, and some of the varieties are beautifully perfumed.

The numbers against the varieties form a guide to the comparative height (3) being the tallest, (2) the medium tall, and (1) a lower growing variety. Those marked (3) reach a height of about 4 feet.

Of course, even that marked (1) is much taller than, and altogether distinct to, the Dwarf Varieties listed below.

Many beautiful effects can be worked out by combining together, in color schemes, varieties of both the Tall and Dwarf sections.

LARGE SEEDED VARIETIES

Pink Pearl (3)—Shell pink shading to lighter pink at top with a dainty golden spot. Strongly perfumed and of branching habit. The favorite pink Lupin. Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/-

Blue Gem (3)—Rich deep blue with yellow centre, the latter changing to brown with age. Strongly perfumed, well branched. Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/-

White Pearl (3)—A fine white selection from Pink Pearl shading to mauve as the flowers age. Similar habit to above. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/-

Hybridus nigrescens (3)—A darker blue than Blue Gem with rich maroon markings. Vigorous grower, slightly perfumed. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/-

TALL LARGE SEEDED VARIETIES, MIXED—Contains the above and other shades.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; ½oz 1/-

SMALL SEEDED VARIETIES

Hartwigii albus (Hairy foliage) (2)—A beautiful pure white, retaining its color right through; well branched, long spikes. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/3

Hartwigii Blue (Hairy foliage) (2)—A dark blue with white eye, and a companion in habit and type with H. Albus. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/3

Heavenly Blue (Hartwigii coelestinus) (Hairy foliage) (2)—A charming shade of pale blue with white eye; very attractive and the only one of this color which is uniform from the opening stage. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/3

Menziesii (Sulphureus superbus) (1)—A pure but-tercup yellow and a very attractive variety of bushy habit, but hardly so tall as above sorts. Undoubtedly the best yellow Lupin for cut flower work. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/9

TALL SMALL SEEDED VARIETIES, MIXED—Contains blues, white and yellow. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/3

DWARF ANNUAL VARIETIES

These form a distinct group for edging and massing and for use in combination with the Tall varieties for working out special effects. Each of the four varieties mentioned is well worth growing. They are of dwarf spreading or semi creeping habit.

Luteus Romulus—In trials this proved a very desirable sort, and we suggest that it be planted alternately with Subcarnosus; the combined effect will be well worth while. The blooms of Luteus Romulus are a rich canary yellow and are sweetly perfumed. The plant is of a dwarf spreading habit, and is early flowering.

Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/6; ½oz 2/3

Subcarnosus (Texanus)—Of similar habit to the above, and a variety which makes a very fine effect. The flowers are a beautiful rich deep blue, with a cream centre, the latter changing to brown as the bloom ages. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/6

Nanus Blue—A vigorous sort of spreading habit; produces an immense number of fine heads, the wings of each bloom being dark blue, while the standards are white. Splendid for edging and massing; slightly perfumed. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/9

Nanus Albus (White)—Similar to the above in type and habit, but the flowers are pure white on opening, and change with age to light sky blue. Slightly perfumed. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/9

Dwarf Annual, Mixed—A mixture of dwarf growing Lupins, comprising most of the above colors, and specially recommended for edging and massing.

Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/6

Special Offer—

Three dwarf varieties (our selection) . . . 1/3

YATES' SUPERB COLLECTION

Of Tall Annual Lupins, 2/6

Contains—One packet each of Blue Gem, Pink Pearl, Hartwigii Blue, Hartwigii coelestinus (Heavenly Blue), Hartwigii albus, and Menziesii FOR 2/6 POST FREE

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Recommended only for cool districts. For flowering the following spring sow early in autumn.

Arboreus, Snow Queen (Tree Lupin)—A giant variety of perennial Lupins. They form large bushes and are covered with spikes of lovely white flowers. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/6

New Hybrid Polyphyllus—These are hybrids of the Tree Lupin and the old herbaceous Garden Lupin. They are grand hardy border plants producing long handsome spikes in many beautiful shades of color. They should be sown early to bloom the first year, but they will make their best showing the second year from seed. 3 feet.

Pkt 1/-; ½oz 2/9

For Dependable Spring Blooms grow Lupins—We recommend Yates' "Superb Collection" of Tall Annual Varieties, 2/6

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

MARIGOLD (Tagetes)

(H.A.—A.) Old favorite hardy annuals. Very effective in mixed borders, and the dwarf varieties are particularly good for bedding. Sow in the spring or autumn.

IMPORTANT—For the Broad Leaved or English Marigold, see Calendula.

TALL AFRICAN TYPE

This class grows to a height of 2 to 3 feet, and is one of the brightest and finest bedding plants we have. The strains we offer are highly selected and each plant will produce a tremendous crop of immense double blooms. Words cannot express the value of these showy annuals for cutting and indoor decoration.

Guinea Gold—This recent introduction has received a sensational reception both by garden lovers and for commercial purposes by florists. Its hardy free flowering habit, magnificent color and the artistically irregular formation of its double blooms make up a combination of attractive features seldom found in one kind of flower. An outstanding point is its high percentage of doubles.

Pkt 1/-; ¼ oz 3/6

Orange Prince (Fistulosa)—Glowing orange, well-formed, extra quilled, large blooms.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 2/3

Lemon Queen (Fistulosa)—Similar to above but an attractive shade of lemon-yellow.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 2/3

African Tall Double Mixed—A good strain containing a nice mixture of orange and lemon shades, suitable for bedding.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/9

FRENCH TYPE

A distinct type from the above, greatly in demand by florists for posies and bouquet work on account of their full, rich shades.

French Tall Double—Mixed yellow and brown striped; 2 feet high.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/6

Tall Tree Marigold—A variety greatly in demand by florists for its beautiful rich shades, which are not excelled by any other type of Marigold. It flowers right on to the autumn and sometimes later even than Chrysanthemums; 4 feet high.

Pkt 1/-; ¼ oz 3/6

French Dwarf, Double—A mixture of the following colors. Useful for borders; 12in. high.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 2/-

Robert Beist (darkest of all, mahogany edged gold).

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 2/9

Brown with Yellow Edge, Golden Ball, Golden

Yellow with Brown Margin, Sulphurea (lemon yellow), **Striata** (brown and gold bicolor).

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 2/-

(Continued in next column)



Guinea Gold Marigold, one of the most outstanding of recent introductions in the garden world.

MARIGOLD—(Continued)

French Legion of Honor (Dwarf Single)—Compact; useful for borders. 12in. high. Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/3

Star of India (Dwarf Single)—Deep brown mahogany, striped yellow. Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/6

Diadem (Dwarf Single)—Similar to above but deeper in color. Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/6

Josephine (Tall Single)—Brown with gold markings. Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/6

MANDEVILLEA SUAVEOLENS—Creepers, pp. 98-99

MARGUERITES

Blue—See Agathe.

White—See Chrysanthemum leucanthemum.

Lilac Shade—See Erigeron.

Yellow, Winter-flowering—See Leptosyne.

MATRICARIA (Camomile or Double Pyrethrum)

(H.P.—C.) Hardy perennial producing heavy clusters of double daisy-like pure white flowers. An excellent subject for florists' work. Sow in spring.

Double White.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 2/-

Golden Ball—A dwarf golden flowered variety which makes a splendid show when grown in masses or long rows in borders; height 6in. Sow in autumn.

Pkt 6d; ¼ oz 1/6

For Late Autumn golden and rich brown flowers, nothing is better than Tall Tree Marigold

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

MATHIOLA (Night-scented Stock)

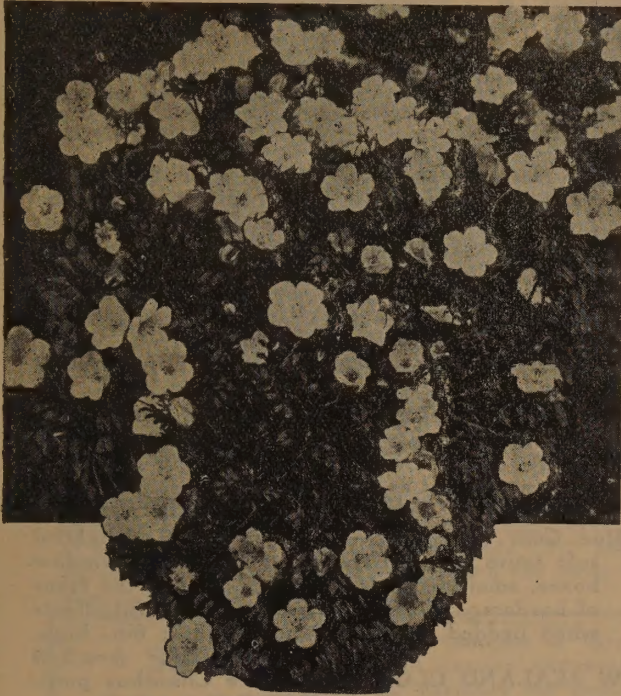
(H.A.—A.) Hardy annual. A very interesting and pretty lilac flower; after a shower or in the evening they emit a delightful perfume. They should be scattered about the garden; 1 foot high. Sow in autumn.

Bicornis—Lilac.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

MAURANDIA—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

MEXICAN POPPY—See Hunnemannia.



Nemophila insignis.

MECONOPSIS—See Novelty pages

MIGNONETTE (Reseda)

(H.A.—B.) These old favorites are hardy annuals, and may be sown either in the autumn or spring in the borders they are to occupy; they do not transplant well. As the seed is uncertain in its germination, it is advisable to make two sowings from each packet at a short interval; 6-9in. high.

Yates' Special Florists' Strain, Crimson Machet.

Has enormous spikes, an extra special stock.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/6; ½ oz 3/6

Yates' Selected Large-Flowering—Large spikes, of all shades from yellow to crimson.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/6; ½ oz 2/3

Goliath—A giant flowering variety, with enormous trusses of double red flowers.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/6; ½ oz 3/9

Golden Machet—Yellow compact variety.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/6; ½ oz 2/-

Orange Queen—Deep brick red flowers, richly scented.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/6; ½ oz 2/-

Giant Pyramidal—Very large and upright; very desirable.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/6; ½ oz 2/-

Old Large-Flowering—Very sweet scented.

Pkt 3d; 1 oz 1/9

MONKEY FLOWER—See Mimulus.

MOON FLOWER—See Ipomoea; Creepers, pages 98-99.

MEDEOLA (Smilax)

(H.P.—C.) A beautiful trailing plant, is easily raised from seed and is particularly suitable for growing in hanging baskets or up a dwarf trellis. Largely used for florists' work. It rivals the Asparagus as a decorative foliage plant.

Asparagoides.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/-

MIMULUS (Monkey Flower)

(H.P.—C.F.G.) A beautiful family of perennials; hardy in moist climates, but in warm districts are best grown as annuals for early spring blooming. The flowers are finely blotched and marked. Sow in the autumn and treat the same as Pansy; 1½ to 2 feet high.

Yates' Large-Flowered Hybrids—A splendid strain of Hybrid Mimulus, very large-flowered and blotched with various shades of pink, red, and copper. The markings are most varied and beautiful.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; ½ oz 3/9

Hose-in-Hose—Charming double variety; tigered and spotted.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

See Novelty Pages for a new Mimulus

MINA LOBATA—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

MOCK CYPRESS—See Kochia.

MORNING GLORY—See Convolvulus, Creepers, pages 98-99.

MOTH PLANT—See Physianthus, Creepers, pages 98-99.

MUSK (Mimulus Moschatus)

This favorite pot plant requires considerable care in raising. The seed should be sown on the surface of damp soil and the pot then covered with shaded glass; they should not be watered on the surface until the plants are a fair size, but may be kept moist by placing the pot in a dish of water occasionally. They should not be kept too moist or in too close an atmosphere, or they may damp off. Transplant into three-inch pots when large enough to handle.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

MYOSOTIS—See Forget-me-not.

NIGHT-SCENTED STOCK—See Mathiola.

NEMOPHILA

(H.A.—A.) Pretty dwarf hardy annuals, suitable for borders. Sow in the autumn; 12 inches high.

Insignis—Blue flowers, with white centres.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

Maculata—White, blotched with violet.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

NIEREMBERGIA (Cupflower)

(H.P.—C.E.) Hardy perennial. A constant bloomer, charming for open borders. We strongly recommend this plant, which should be more largely grown. Sow in the autumn; 18 inches high.

Gracilis—Lilac and white flowers.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 4/6

NIGELLA (Love in a Mist, or Devil in the Bush)

(H.A.—A.F.) Hardy annuals, pretty and interesting. Old English border flowers, very suitable for cutting. Sow in the autumn and in cold climates in the early spring; 15 inches high.

Miss Jekyl—The flowers are double and of a beautiful deep blue shade and are half hidden in the foliage from which fact they derive their common name. Very suitable either for border decoration or cutting.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

Yates' Crimson Machet Mignonette and Old Large-Flowering will provide both quality of bloom and sweetness of perfume if grown together

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

NASTURTIIUM (*Tropaeolum*)

(H.H.A.—A.) Very valuable subjects which give a wonderful show of bloom, throughout the spring. They flower best on poor, dry land, and should be sown in the autumn or early spring. They are quite hardy except in cold climates, where they can only be sown in the spring.

GOLDEN GLEAM

This new dwarf semi-trailing Nasturtium has been very widely discussed in horticultural circles, and has received the admiration of all. The color is a beautiful pure golden yellow; the flowers are double and the fragrance exceptionally strong. We very strongly recommend it.

Pkt 6d; 1oz 5/-

See colored plate, page 2

CLIMBING VARIETIES

These grow to a length of 10 feet or more and are extremely useful for covering unsightly fences, etc., or trailing over embankments.

Yates' Matchless Mixture—The colors are very brilliant and varied. Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/-

Firefly—Orange spotted red.

Roi des Noirs—Black-brown.

Aza Grey—Cream.

Golden Queen—Yellow.

Schultzi—Scarlet with dark leaves.

Brilliant—Bright scarlet with dark foliage.

Cloth of Gold—Fiery red.

Black Prince—Purple, with dark leaves.

Dunnett's Orange—Orange.

Rose.

Fordhook Fashion—Terracotta on yellow ground.

Crimson—Velvety crimson.

Separate Varieties, as above—Each Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/-

Six distinct (our selection) for 2/6

Good Mixed. Pkt 3d; 2oz 1/6

DWARF VARIETIES

These varieties are suited for border work and make excellent window-box plants. They grow about 1 foot high.

Lilliput Mixed—The flowers and leaves are small, but the colors are extremely brilliant; very free blooming. Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/-

Tom Thumb Mixed—All the most beautiful colors as below. Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; 2oz 1/9

(Continued at head of next column)

NASTURTIIUMS—(Continued)

Separate Varieties.

Each Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/-

Six distinct (our selection), for 2/6

Dwarf Chameleon—Diversified colors on each plant.

King Theodore—Maroon.

Crystal Palace Gem—Sulphur.

Empress of India—Crimson.

Ruby King.

King—Searlet.

Golden King.

Crimson.

Scarlet Queen.

NEMESIA

(H.A.—C.E.) A charming annual from South Africa, with pretty flowers of various colors, ranging from white to yellow, orange, brown, and crimson and many other shades. The plants are hardy and should be sown in the late summer or early autumn. They will then, in mild climates, bloom in the winter and spring in the open borders, making a good display. Very suitable for clumps and edgings.

Large-Flowered Strumosa Mixed—The flowers are very large and of the most brilliant colors, and the strain is exceedingly fine, especially for cut flower work, as the blooms are carried on long stems. Colors include scarlet, rose, orange, crimson and aurora (bicolor). 12-18in. high. Small Pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/9; 1/2oz 2/6; 1/4oz 3/9

Separate Colors, as above—Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 6/9

Grandiflora Compacta—As compared with the Strumosa type this is much more compact in habit, and for this reason is the better strain for massing or extensive bedding. The individual flowers are just as large and of the same charming colors; 6 inches high. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 5/6

Blue Gem (compacta)—Flowers are a delightful soft azure blue. Excellent for edgings, window boxes, small beds, or for massing along the front of borders. We have seen some beautiful effects when bedded round Iceland Poppies; 6in. high.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 3/9

NEW ZEALAND GLORY PEA—See *Clianthus puniceus*.

BEDDING PANSIES

For Giant and Exhibition varieties, see page 83.

The Best Ten Varieties.

Planted in masses in large clumps or in ribbon borders these give a magnificent show in spring. Their colors are very bright and they yield a great wealth of bloom. The flowers are not so large as the ordinary Pansies, but they are of strong, compact, upright habit.

Choice Mixed Bedding Pansies—Containing all the best colors.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 1/9; 1/4oz 2/6

Separate Varieties—Each Pkt 6d;

Large pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 1/9; 1/4oz 2/9

Collection "Best Ten" for 4/-

Candidissima—White.

White with Purple Eye.

Lord Beaconsfield—Dark blue.

Emperor William—Bright blue.

Azure Blue—Mid blue.

King of the Blacks—Very dark.

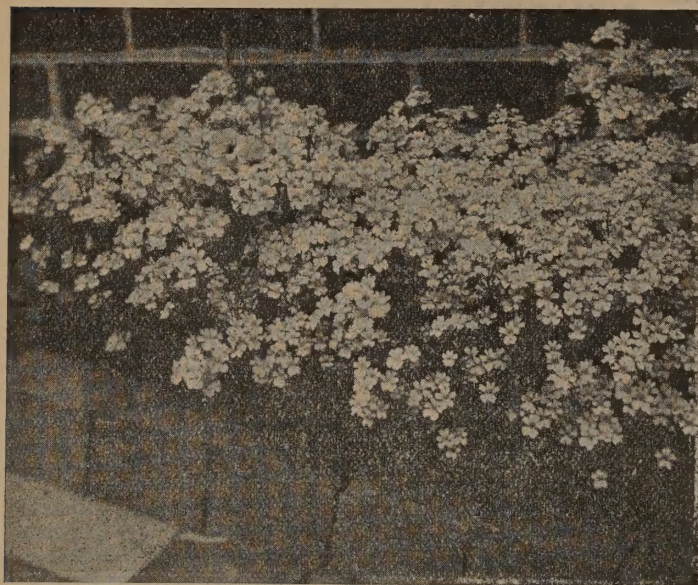
Prince Bismarck—Tawny yellow.

Golden Queen—Yellow.

Emperor Frederick—Maroon, gold margined

Meteor—Red-brown.

Fairy Queen—Light blue, white border.



The beautiful Blue Gem Nemesis

When ground is not required for a few months plant a crop of Field Peas or Beans, Clovers or other green crop and dig in when high enough, it will improve your soil

YATES'—



— LIST OF SELECTED — GIANT EXHIBITION AND GARDEN PANSIES

We believe that our Giant Exhibition and Garden Strains are unexcelled for size, coloring and markings, and are equal to the best and most highly bred that can be obtained anywhere in the world. For methods of cultivation, see Yates' Garden Guide (1/- post free). The following Special Collection offer is excellent value at 7/6 and is specially intended for those who require a fair number of plants representative of the best for general garden work.

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFER

This consists of three of our most distinct varieties and carries our recommendation. For description of varieties see below:—

- 1 packet Yates' Special Exhibition 5/-
- 1 packet Yates' Champion Fancy 3/6
- 1 packet Yates' Large Flowered Blotched 1/-

FOR
7/6

YATES' SPECIAL EXHIBITION—This is probably the best strain of Exhibition Type Pansies grown; the blooms are very large, of excellent form and substance, and show beautiful markings and full, rich colors. Like most extra choice flower seeds, this strain requires special care to raise successfully.

Pkt 5/-; $\frac{3}{32}$ oz 7/6; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 11/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 20/-

YATES' CHAMPION FANCY—A truly magnificent strain of Giant Fancy Pansies. The colorings and markings are remarkable for their diversity of striking shades, while the substance and size of the blooms eclipse any other variety we have seen. Has probably won more prizes last year than any other strain.

Pkt 3/6; $\frac{3}{32}$ oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 7/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 11/-

YATES' SUPERB GIANT MIXED—A very excellent strain of Giant, Show and Exhibition Pansies. The flowers are large, brilliantly marked, and of a great variety of coloring.

Pkt 2/6; $\frac{3}{32}$ oz 3/3; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 8/-

ROGLI'S GIANTS—An exceptionally fine strain of Giant Pansies, combining size, substance and diversity of color. The form is good though not of the true exhibition type.

Pkt 2/6; $\frac{3}{32}$ oz 3/3; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 8/-

YATES' LARGE FLOWERED BLOTCHED—A choice strain of blotched Pansies; the color is rich and varied and the flowers of fair size and good substance. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 6/6

YATES' RUFFLED MASTERPIECE—The petals are frilled, flowers are of good size and stand up well; a good range of colors and mixture.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 5/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 9/-

CASSIER'S FINE MIXED—A fine strain of Blotched Pansies, of great richness and good variety.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz 2/9; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/6

TRIMARDEAU MADAME PERRET—An excellent Pansy for florists' purposes containing an attractive blend of wine-colored tones, with lighter shaded edges.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9

TRIMARDEAU MIXED—These are good hardy Pansies, giving a large variation of colors, and are early bloomers.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/6

MIXED PANSIES—Contains a good assortment of hardy varieties which are easily raised and bloom freely over a long period.

Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

For Bedding Pansies, see preceding page.

For Violas, see page 95.

Yates' Champion Fancy Pansies are one of the best types we have seen and are easily raised and grown. See colored plate, page 1

SUPERB PETUNIAS

CULTIVATION—(H.P.—A.E.) When growing the better strains of Petunias offered here, it will be found that a small proportion, usually amongst the first to flower, are of inferior types; these should be discarded. Choice Strains of Petunias are particularly subject to reversion.

All the choicest seed is hand-fertilised—these strains do not set seed naturally—this makes the seed very costly to produce. In warm climates they are best treated as annuals and may be sown in the open in a prepared seed bed or box in late spring. Take care that the young seedlings are not too shaded and so become drawn. They will continue in bloom during the driest and hottest weather. See Yates' Garden Guide, 1/- post free, for further cultural directions.

LARGE FLOWERED TYPES

YATES' SUPERB EXHIBITION and Fancy Mixed Single Superbissima Grandiflora—A large flowered strain of great substance, bearing a profusion of flowers, with wide open beautifully veined throats. The flowers are blotched and marked in many rich dark and delicate light shades. A distinct class, perhaps the best of the large flowered Petunias for outdoor cultivation.

Very suitable for exhibition.

Pkt 2/6; Small pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

Yates' Single Fringed or "Fluffy Ruffles"—All the finest fringed varieties in mixture. Although not so large flowered as Superbissima, this strain is particularly attractive as the blooms are delicately fringed and ruffled.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

Single Giants of California—A good large flowered strain from U.S.A.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Dwarf Giant Flowered—The most compact growing of the Large Flowered type. Very suitable for pot culture or edgings.

Pkt 2/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

LARGE FLOWERED BEDDING TYPES

SINGLE GRANDIFLORA—We have specialised in these and now offer a very superior strain with the largest size of blooms, and wonderful colors. These are the large-flowered self colors, not the extra large Superbissima class and should not be confused with the latter. These are the best strain of Petunias for Bedding, Massing and all Broad Effects.

Named Varieties:—

Brilliant Rose
White
Purple-Blue

Veined
Silvery Lilac
Striped

Each, Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

All colors, mixed. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

SPECIAL OFFER—1 pkt each, six colors, 5/-

SMALL FLOWERED DWARF BEDDING TYPES, SINGLE

The following, although smaller flowered, will continue in bloom for a longer period than the choicer strains mentioned. In addition they are more easily raised from seed. They are most effective when used for massed bedding or in a broad "ribbon edging" for large borders or circular beds.

Dwarf Mixed—Of compact bushy habit, and contains a proportion of the named varieties below as well as blotched and striped types, splendid for borders, pots, and window culture.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/3

Rosy Morn (Improved)—Pink with white throat.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-
 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/3

Pale Blue (Silvery Lilac)—Dainty pale blue, with white eye.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-
 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/3

Violacea—Very compact, free flowering, blooms deep violet.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-
 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/3

Snowball—Pure white.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-
 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/3

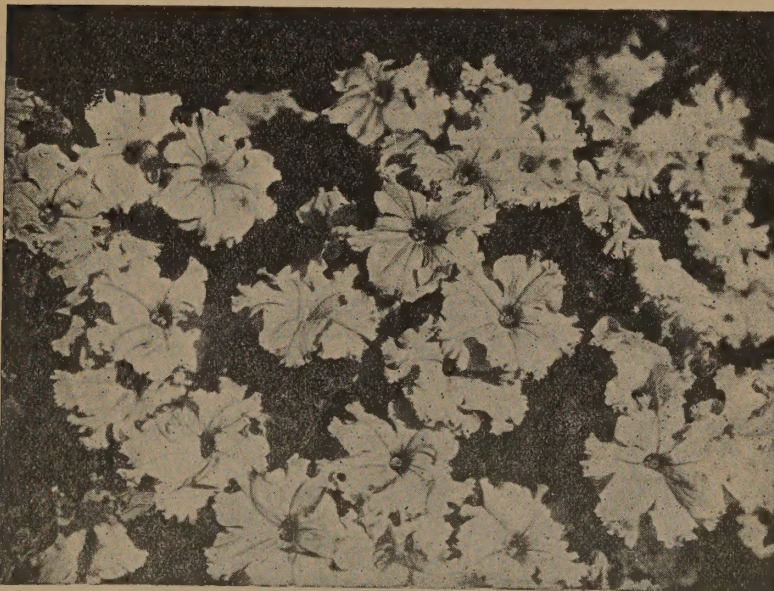
Norma—Deep mauve with white starred centre.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-
 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/3

SMALL FLOWERED TALL BEDDING SINGLE

Tall Mixed—A good strain for border planting, giving a large assortment of colors.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-



Yates' Single Fringed or "Fluffy Ruffles" Petunias. This magnificent variety, with its beautiful and varied flower forms, should be grown by all Petunia lovers.

Make extensive plantings of Rosy Morn (Improved) and Pale Blue—they harmonize well

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

PHLOX DRUMMONDII

(H.A.—A.E.) This is one of the prettiest annuals grown. They continue in bloom till late in autumn, and for summer bedding are unequalled, their brilliant and varied colours keeping the garden gay throughout the summer. In cold climates, spring sowing is recommended. In warm climates, where little frosts are expected, sow any time from early spring on to the autumn. They delight in a sunny border.

DRUMMONDII GRANDIFLORA TYPE

Yates' "Derwent" Large Flowered—This is a very fine strain of the largest flowered section. It contains all the most effective and beautiful colors as follows:—White, Flesh, Light Rose with dark centre, Chamois Rose, Scarlet, Buff and Yellow, Bright Red with White centre, Bright Rose, Lilac, Vermilion, Violet with White centre, Rose with White centre.

Choicest Mixed.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Separate Colors—As described above.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Special Offers—

Six colors (our selection) 2/6

Twelve colors (our selection) 5/-

Drummondii, Mixed—Good mixture of colors.

Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

For Perennial Phlox see plants, page 124.

PENTSTEMON

(H.P.—C.) Extra choice handsome hardy perennials, splendid for borders, where they bloom continually through the spring, summer and autumn. They should be sown in the autumn. For Plants, see Plant Section.

Gloxinia-Flowered Hybrids—Brilliant, large-flowered strain; mixed colors.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 6/9

See Novelty Pages for three new Pentstemons

PHASEOLUS—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

PLATYCODON

(Chinese Bell Flower, also known as *Campanula Grandiflora* and *Wahlenbergia*) (H.P.—C.) A dwarf perennial Campanula-like plant, with blue and white bell-shaped flowers, growing one foot high and blooming most profusely all the summer. A lovely little border plant; sow in the autumn.

Dwarf, Large-Flowered Single—Mixed blue and white.

Pkt 6d; Bulk pkt 1/6

Dwarf, Large-Flowered Double Blue—Beautiful shade. About

ten per cent. of the plants will throw double flowers from seed.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

PORTULACA (Sun Plant or Pig Face)

(H.H.A.—A.E.) Lovely half-hardy annuals. Flowers of the most gorgeous coloring. They thrive in dry, warm situations, and are invaluable for summer bedding. Sow in the late spring in a nursery bed, and, as soon as they are large enough to handle, transplant into the borders, or, better still, sow thinly in the borders. They will flower in the very hottest weather.

Double Mixed—Dazzling colors; 4in. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-

Single, Mixed—Contains all the most striking colors.

Pkt 3d.; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/-

PHYSOSTEGIA (Mock Erica)

(H.P.—C.) Handsome hardy perennials, growing about two feet high, and producing long spikes closely covered with dainty tubular flowers. Sow in the autumn. The seed is exceedingly slow to germinate.

The following are two large-flowered varieties, beautiful for cutting and various ornamental purposes.

Virginiana Rosy Lilac. Pkt 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/9
Virginiana White. Pkt 1/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/9

PHYSIANTHUS ALBENS—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

PASSION FRUIT VINE—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

PEA, EVERLASTING (The Perennial Pea)

(H.P.—A.) Most attractive dwarf creepers, or they may be grown as border plants by tying to a stake; excellent for cut bloom. Sow in autumn or spring.

Red, Rose or White—Separately. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/3

Mixed—All the above. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/3

Lathyrus, Pubescens (Argentine Perennial Pea)—

Literally covered with long spikes of lovely pale violet flowers during the spring; splendid for cutting. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/6

PELARGONIUMS (Geraniums)

(H.H.P.—D.) Saved from the best named varieties only. Sown in seed pans, under glass, they will bloom the following year. For Plants, see Plant Section.

Choice, Stage, Show and Fancy—Mixed colors.

Pkt 2/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

Zonale—Saved from named varieties. Mixed colors.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

PHYSALIS (Chinese Lantern Plant or Winter Cherry)

(H.H.A.—C.) A showy annual, growing two feet high, the seed pods are extremely ornamental in the autumn; they change from brilliant yellow to scarlet, resembling a small lantern. An edible variety of Cape Gooseberry.

Francheti. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/6

POINCIANA (Bird of Paradise Flower)

(H.H.P.—C.) A sub-tropical shrub, which does well in warm climates. It grows from four to six feet high, with graceful Mimosa-like foliage and curious yellow flowers, with red anthers. Sow seeds in pans or boxes in the spring.

Gillesii—Best variety. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9



Chinese Lantern Plant, *Physalis Francheti*.

Grow lots of Phlox—Sow direct in beds or raise in boxes and transplant when very small

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

ICELAND POPPIES

(Yates' Re-selected)

These are some of the most popular flowers in Australian gardens. We strongly recommend them for all districts. Where severe winters are experienced, they may be sown in March, or early spring, but in warm climates we suggest January and February as the best for first sowings; they will then bloom in the winter and early spring. Successive sowings will provide blooms through the spring months. Unlike most of the Poppies, this variety should be sown in boxes, pans or nursery beds and then transplanted. Iceland Poppies are particularly suited for house and table decoration, the glowing tints being most artistic, especially the newer Rose Pink and Terracotta shades. If the ends of the stems are burnt as soon as they are gathered they will last for many days in water. The colors range from white and yellow through pink and rose to orange, including many beautiful intermediate tints and art shades. In our climate these Poppies are best treated as annuals.

N.B.—To raise Iceland Poppies in Jan.-Feb. they must be sown in a cool shaded seed-bed.

YATES' "ROSE TINTS" RE-SELECTED

This is our very best strain re-selected in our seed grounds and contains a truly gorgeous collection of colors, ranging from the most delicate shell pinks to deep rose and carmine tints.

We commend it to our customers as one of the finest offerings obtainable.

Pkt 1/6; 3/2oz 2/6; 1/2oz 3/6; 1/2oz 5/-; 1/2oz 8/-

YATES' "SUNSET HYBRIDS" RE-SELECTED

This strain is second only to Yates' "Rose Tints," and contains many new tints of the most artistic shades of lemon, pale orange, rose, terracotta, etc. This strain was also re-selected in our seed grounds, and we offer it to our customers fully confident that it will give great satisfaction.

Pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 2/6; 1/2oz 3/6; 1/2oz 5/-

COONARA PINKS

This is the original Victorian strain of Coonara Pink Poppies, recognised as a distinct advance in Iceland Poppy selection. It contains a wide combination of pink shades and the flowers are borne on long stems.

Pkt 1/-; 3/2oz 2/6; 1/2oz 3/6; 1/2oz 5/-; 1/2oz 8/-

SUNBEAMS

A quite distinct strain of Iceland Poppies, giving larger blooms on extra long stems, and of particularly robust habit. It contains a fine selection of colors, ranging through tangerine, yellow and white, and is two to four weeks later than other strains, so should not be planted late. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-; 1/2oz 1/6; 1/2oz 2/3

FINE MIXED

White, yellow, and orange mixed.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; 1/2oz 1/6

PINKS—See Dianthus.

PIG FACE—See Portulaca.

PIN CUSHION—See Scabiosa.

RHODANTHE (Everlasting Daisy)

(H.A.—A.) Pretty everlastings, with drooping flowers. They are hardy annuals, but do best sown in spring; 12in.

Mixed Colors. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/3

Manglesi—Rose. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/3

Maculata—Rose, crimson spots. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/3

Maculata Alba—White. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/3

POPPIES

(Iceland Poppies, see adjacent column)

(H.A. and H.P.—B.) Poppies have been very much in vogue of late years, and have been greatly improved. The seeds offered are of the newest and best varieties. They should be sown in the autumn in cool and moist climates, and in cold climates in early spring also. Sow thinly in the open borders where intended to flower, as they do not transplant well. When cut, Poppies will last much longer in water if the ends of the stems are burnt.

Yates' Queen Poppies—A magnificent strain of Annual Double Poppies raised by our English house. The colors range from pure white and blush to rich crimson, hardly two being alike and many showing a distinct Picotee edge. This is the finest strain of Double Poppies in cultivation.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 1/3; 1/2oz 1/9

Shirley Poppy, American Legion—Dazzling orange scarlet flowers borne on long stout stems, annual.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/3

Shirley Re-selected (Annual)—The colors extend from purest white, through every shade of pink and rose, to deep crimson.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; 1/2oz 1/-

See Novelty Pages for new Shirley Poppy

Mephisto (Annual)—Scarlet, black spots.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

Peony Flowered Admiral (Annual)—Single large flowers of pure white, edged scarlet.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

Yates' Selected Oriental Hybrids—The blooms are nearly as large as Peonies and are of all the tints of scarlet, crimson and salmon, with large black blotches in the centre of the flower. They succeed best in a cool climate. Hardy perennials.

Pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 2/6

Glaucum (The Tulip Poppy) (Annual)—Very pretty, bright scarlet flower.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

Carnation Flowered—Mixed colors. Hardy annual.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

Danebrog (Danish Flag)—Single, brilliant scarlet, spotted white. Annual.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

Umbrosum—Single flowers, golden vermilion, black spots in centre. Annual.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/-

POOR MAN'S ORCHID—See Schizanthus.

PRIMROSE

(H.H.P.—C.F.G.) These require the same treatment as the Polyanthus, but are more partial to shade, and, if possible, should be planted under a south wall in stiff soil; if protected from hot winds and kept moist they will thrive even in our warmer districts, and give a grand show of bloom in the early spring. The seed is slow to germinate; sow in the early autumn.

Hybrida, Finest Colored—Single and of various shades.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Yellow—The old favorite Primrose of England.

Pkt 6d; 3/2oz 2/-; 1/2oz 3/-

Blue—A selected strain of these beautiful spring flowers; color varies from light blue to purple.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

New French Hybrids—A vigorous growing cross between the Polyanthus and the Primrose. The flowers are very large and the colors brilliant.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

PUERARIA—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

"Rose Tints" Iceland Poppies and Blue Violas or Blue Gem Nemesias, make a delightful combination

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

PRIMULAS

(H.H.P.—D.) Bush-house or green-house perennials, with the exception of *P. Malacoides*, which thrive excellently in the open border. Sow in summer and autumn, under glass, and keep shaded till the seeds are up, when they can be transplanted into pots; these plants thrive much better if grown in a southerly aspect, where they get little or no sun. *Primulas* are one of the best early spring flowering green-house, or, in warm climates, bush-house plants. For cultivation see Yates' Garden Guide.

MALACOIDES TYPE

This type is suitable for open air cultivation. Treated as an annual in the open ground and sown in the late summer and early autumn, it blooms to perfection in winter and early spring when flowers are generally scarce. They also make excellent pot plants for indoor decoration.

Malacoides, Princess Mary—Larger in bloom, richer in color, and more vigorous in growth, than the original *Malacoides* mauve and is recommended.

Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 4/-; 1/8oz 5/9

Malacoides, Mauve—The standard variety so widely used for edgings and borders.

Small Pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; 1/8oz 3/-; 1/8oz 4/6

See Novelty Pages for a new *Primula Malacoides*.

SINENSIS TYPE

These are only suitable for bush-house and glass-house cultivation. For hints on growing, see Yates' Garden Guide, 1/-, post free.

Sinensis Fimbriata, Yates' Superb—Mixed colors.

Choicest English-saved, a remarkably fine strain and highly recommended for exhibition; they will give a splendid range of colors and flowers of immense size.

Small pkt 1/6; Pkt 2/6; Bulk pkt 7/6

Sinensis Fimbriata, La Duchesse—Large pure white blooms, each having a bright crimson eye.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

Sinensis, Alba Magnifica—Splendid, large flowered white, with yellow eye; very large.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

Sinensis, Ruby Queen—Bright glowing crimson.

Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

OTHER TYPES

The following should be grown in a protected situation, such as a bush-house or glass-house.

Japonica (Mrs. Scott Elliott's Strain)—

Hardy herbaceous perennial; requires shade and a cool climate.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Obconica, Large Flowered—This is a

very handsome *Primula* and a great improvement on the old variety, the flowers are nearly double the size and the colors range from pure white to deep rose; some of the flowers are fringed.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

POMEGRANATE (Dwarf)

(H.P.—C.) A hardy, pretty dwarf plant growing 18 inches high. It flowers within 12 months from seed and bears a continuous crop of bright red flowers. The fruit, which is about 1½ to 2 inches in diameter, is also very decorative.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

POLYANTHUS

(H.P.—C.F.G.) Lovely spring flowering border plants. Sow in a cool, moist, shady bed in the autumn, and, when large enough, transplant. They will bloom the following spring.

Yates' Extra Selected—This is a mixture of the large flowered type, containing whites and yellows. They are beautiful plants for spring blooming, very easily raised from seed, and flower the first year.

Pkt 1/-; 3/8oz 3/6; 1/8oz 6/-

Gold Laced—Saved from finest exhibition varieties.

Pkt 1/-; 1/8oz 3/-

Good Mixed—A good assortment of colors.

Pkt 6d; 1/8oz 3/-

PYRETHRUM

(H.P.—C.F.) A beautiful class of hardy perennials. Sow in light soil in the autumn or spring.

Aureum (Golden Feather)—Splendid bedding plant, golden yellow foliage, unrivalled for borders; 6in. high.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; 1/8oz 1/3

Aureum Laciniatum (Golden Moss)—Finely cut golden foliage, dwarf and compact.

Pkt 6d; 1/8oz 1/3

Hybridum Roseum, Single and Double—Mixed. Marguerite-like flowers. Excellent for cutting when grown in cool moist climates. All shades of rose and lilac. 2 feet high.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Double White (Camomile) see *Matricaria alba*.



These lovely *Polyanthus* thrive in cool climates, but can even be grown in climates as warm as Sydney in a shady spot by experienced gardeners

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS



Rehmannia, an interesting biennial from China, well worth growing by all who seek uncommon varieties.

RICINUS—(Continued)

Zanzibariensis—Gigantic green leaves, white ribs.
Gibsoni—Rich dark red foliage.
Sanguineus—Deep reddish leaves.
Africanus—The old large variety.

Each
Pkt 6d;
1oz 1/-

Collection of four varieties 1/9

REHMANNIA

(H.B.—C.) Herbaceous biennial from Central China, with large and handsome foliage. The long-tubed, Gloxinia-like flowers appear at the axis of the leaves, they are three inches across, bright rosy purple, with yellow throat spotted and striped with purple; 3 feet high. They make excellent pot plants.

Angulata. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

SALPIGLOSSIS

(H.H.A.—C.E.) One of the most beautiful of all our annuals. The improved varieties which we offer have brought this plant rapidly into favor, and they are now one of the most popular flowers for summer bedding and for cutting. The gorgeous colors, and rich and varied markings of Salpiglossis, are not equalled by any other flowers. They are half-hardy, and, except in tropical climates, should be sown in the spring. They must not suffer from drought, and do not transplant very easily; therefore they should be raised in their permanent position if possible.

Yates' Emperor, Derwent Strain—An improved strain of the large flowered varieties containing: **Brown, Light Blue, Scarlet, Crimson, Violet, White and Rose**, each color beautifully veined with gold.

Mixed or in separate colors—

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 3/6

Collection of 7 separate colors, 2/9

SALVIA (Sage)

(H.P.—C.E.) Handsome, free-flowering, perennial border plants. The seed should be sown in early spring under glass, or in late spring in nursery beds. They like a sunny, well-drained border. It is much the best plan to raise seedlings each year and discard the old plants.

NOTE—All Salvia should have the leader "pinched out" when a dwarf habit is desired.

Splendens Harbinger—The plants are dwarf and compact and bear spikes of dazzling bright scarlet flowers, which are beautifully set off by the strong dark green of the foliage. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Splendens, Improved Scarlet—A handsome fiery Scarlet Salvia, producing a profusion of extra long flower spikes through the summer and winter months. The plant forms dense bushes, well branched from the base, literally a blaze of intense color. Showy and effective in the open border; 3ft. high. Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 2/6

Bonfire (Improved, True Stock)—A darker variety than Splendens, both in flowers and foliage, the flowers being dark crimson and giving usually heavy spikes of bloom; 3ft. high.

Pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 2/6; 1/2oz 4/-

Farinacea—This variety grows about the same height as Splendens, but is a delicate Wedgwood blue, with white eye on the lip, and has handsome foliage. We strongly recommend it for massing or occasional planting in the open borders; planted alongside the Scarlet Salvia the effect is brilliant.

Pkt 6d; 1/2oz 1/9; 1/2oz 2/9; 1/2oz 4/9

See Novelty Pages for a new Salvia

RANUNCULUS See color plate, page 70.

(H.P.—C.) Sow in January for preference, though later will do, transplanting the little bulbets in the autumn into their permanent positions, or we can supply the bulbs ready grown during the autumn (see Bulb pages 102-109).

Asiaticus, Yates' Superb Mixed—The flowers are single, semi-double and double, and the colors range from the purest lemon yellow, through the most varied and beautiful tints of orange, salmon pink and scarlet, to deep glowing crimson; no two flowers are alike, and the various tints are blended together most harmoniously.

Small pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 2/-

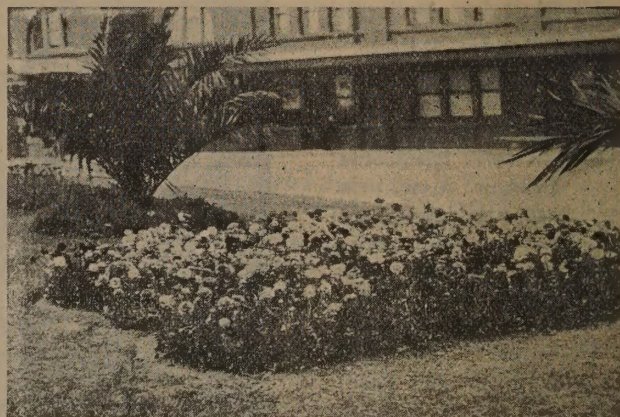
Camellia-Flowered—The flowers are of immense size, of great substance, and throw a large proportion of doubles, while the range of colors leaves nothing to be desired. Pkt 1/-; 1/2oz 6/6

See Novelty Pages for a new Ranunculus

RICINUS (Castor Oil Plant)

(H.H.P.—B.) Handsome sub-tropical border plants; sow in late spring.

Communis—Deep maroon foliage with vivid orange scarlet berries. Pkt 1/-; 1oz 2/-



Ranunculus in the celebrated Randwick Racecourse gardens.

Yates' Plant Food is a complete fertiliser and is excellent for general garden use

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

SCABIOSA (Pin Cushion)

(H.A. and H.P.—A.E.) Very pretty annual and perennial border plants; they are also useful for cutting. The annual varieties have been much improved, the flowers are larger and the colors much more brilliant than the old type. Sow in the autumn or early spring.

TALL DOUBLE ANNUAL VARIETIES

Peach Blossom—Produces large deep pink blooms.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

Shasta—A pure white of large size, supported on long strong stems. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

Azure Fairy—This is a very lovely color in the Annual Scabious. We can best describe it as a rich pale blue. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Cherry Red—Bright red. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

White—Large flowered, hardy annual; 2ft. high. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Other Separate Colors, including Black, Purple, Fiery Scarlet, Rose, Yellow, and Crimson.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/6

Collection of six colors (our selection) .. 2/6

Double Mixed—2ft. high. All shades.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/3

See Novelty Pages for new Dwarf Scabiosa

PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Scabiosa Columbaria—This is a South African form of this handsome species and is of a charming shade of delicate mauve. The flowers are beautifully formed like *S. Caucasica*, and are from two to two-and-a-half inches across. The foliage is decorative. Very useful for cutting and garden decoration. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 5/-

Caucasica—One of the most beautiful of the hardy perennials. The flowers, which will last in water for a week, are of a most lovely lilac tint; only suitable for cool climates; 2ft. high.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

SCARLET PASSION FLOWER, see *Tacsonia*, Creepers, pages 98-99.

SCHIZANTHUS (Poor Man's Orchid)

(H.A.—A.) A beautiful hardy annual, rapidly becoming very popular for border plants, for massing, edging, and for pot work. The unique butterfly-like flowers never fail to excite the greatest interest and admiration, hence the title "The Poor Man's Orchid." The flowers are of curious shape and produced in great variety of charming colors and markings. For pot plants, for bush-house or green-house, it is a capital thing. It is quite hardy and should be sown in late summer or early autumn, either in pans or nursery beds for subsequent transplanting, or directly in the permanent borders where they should afterwards be thinned to three to four inches apart. They make excellent pot plants.

Wisetonensis New Hybrids—Compact habit, large, both in size of head and individual blooms the Hybrids are a great advance on the original type; 16in. high. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/6

Fine Mixed—Good shades.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/-

SEA LAVENDER—See *Statice*.

SHASTA DAISY—See *Chrysanthemum leucanthemum* Excelsior.

SIDALCEA

(H.P.—C.) A handsome hardy perennial, suitable for cool districts. Sow in autumn.

Rose Queen—Bright rose color.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Scabious have long "wiry" stems, so are ideal for cutting. We recommend especially Azure Fairy and Cherry Red

SESBANIA (Brazilian Glory Pea)

(H.P.—A.) A magnificent flowering shrub, native to Brazil and Argentine. It is a shapely shrub growing to a height of 9ft. or more, and covered with very graceful Mimosa-like foliage. It has a long flowering season, usually from the middle of October to about the middle of March. The flowers are carried in bunches or racemes, and are a most delightful shade of orange-scarlet or "Tango." It is a perennial and will flower within a year of sowing the seed. It should be raised in seed-bed or seed-box, being very hard the seeds take some time to germinate. Transplant just as soon as large enough, so that the tap root be not injured. Being a legume, and thus deep rooting, it does not rob the surrounding ground and is very charming in the centre of circular beds, etc.

Tripetti.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 5/-

SMILAX—See *Medeola Asparagoides*.

SNAPDRAGON—See *Antirrhinum*.

SNAIL FLOWER—See *Phaseolus*, Creepers, pages 98-99.

STEVIA

(H.A.—C.) Very pretty and showy annual border plant; does best in sunny situations. They are excellent for cutting.

Paniculata—Small star-shaped pure white flowers, borne in clusters. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-



Schizanthus, Wisetonensis Hybrids.

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

STOCKS

THE FAMOUS "YATES' GIANT PERFECTION" STRAIN

These are large flowered Stocks which grow to a height of twenty to twenty-four inches, and come into bloom very early, and are of very branching habit and remarkably free flowering. The blooms are carried on long stems, and this is therefore an excellent strain for florists and for cut flowers. Many customers report from 70% to 80% of doubles, and our own trials bear out these figures. In recent Tests of 150 different varieties and colors we found this strain easily excelled all others. Stocks are very impatient of wet, undrained land, and care should be taken not to over-water them. They like a sunny position. In warm climates Stocks must be planted in the early months of the year to enable the plants to make their growth during the cool season and flower in the late winter and early spring. In very cold climates spring sowings are sometimes successful.

Special Value Offered in Collections

- 12 pkts., separate colors (our selection), 4/6
6 pkts., separate colors (our selection), 2/6



Typical habit and form of Yates' Giant Perfection Stocks

YATES' GIANT PERFECTION CHOICE MIXED—A first-grade mixture of the best named varieties.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1½oz 2/-; ½oz 3/-; ¼oz 5/-

Recent Introductions—

- Moonlight**—Intense royal purple.
Golden Rose—Rich light rose.
Antique Copper—Helebre red overlaid with copper.
Each above Pkt 1/-; 1½oz 4/6; 1oz 6/9; ½oz 10/-
Blood Red—A very striking shade showing up well for indoor decoration.
La France—Shade is a delicate blush pink.
Fiery Scarlet—The most brilliant colored variety of all and literally glows in bright sunlight.
Sapphire—While not quite as tall growing as the other varieties the individual pips of the flowers are larger and the percentage of doubles, if anything greater.
May Queen—An entrancing shade of pale blue, and a vigorous free bloomer.
Heatham Beauty—Individually this is considered the most beautiful shade of all. Color is vieux rose, shaded terra-cotta.
Empress Augustus Victoria—This should be included in all collections; the color is a distinct shade of silvery lilac.
Canary Bird—A good branching stock of a rich deep creamy yellow shade.
Rose—A rich shade of pink which deepens with age to rose; highly recommended for florists' use.
Snowdrift—The best strain of white Stock that has been produced; has long spikes and branching habit.
Violet Slate—Not as tall as other varieties, but the color is a unique shade of slate mauve.
Queen of the Belgians—A tall growing sort with flowers of a pale mauve tint.
Each Variety Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-;
1½oz 2/6; ½oz 3/9

NICE GIANT OR BEAUTY STOCKS

LIST OF VARIETIES

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| President Woodrow Wilson—Violet slate. | Queen Alexandra—Rosy lilac. |
| Glorious—Buff yellow. | Bella Napoli—Terra-cotta pink. |
| Minister Lloyd George—Blood red. | Pride of Keller—Pale blue. |
| Beauty of Nice—Flesh pink. | Bianca—Pure white. |
| Monte Carlo—Yellow. | Violet—A beautiful shade. |

Each pkt 6d; 1½oz 2/6; ½oz 3/9

NICE GIANT CHOICE MIXED.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; 1½oz 2/-; ½oz 3/-

Special Offer—

Six separate varieties (our selection) . . . 2/6
Fine Mixed—Contains many lovely shades and will produce a good proportion of double flowers.

Pkt 3d; ½oz 2/6; ¼oz 3/9

Stocks are particularly effective when bedded out in separate colors, attention is drawn to the Special Collection Offers above

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

STATICE (Sea Lavender)

(H.P. and H.A.—A.) The different varieties of these handsome everlasting flowers are being grown very largely in England for florists' use; they are extremely decorative and will last a very long time when cut and dried; as border plants they are also very handsome. They are of the easiest cultivation. Sow in the autumn or early spring.

Bonduelli—Lovely yellow shade, hardy annual; 18in. high. Unlike some Statice this variety is easily raised from seed.

Pkt 6d; 1oz 2/6

Seed of the three following varieties is often "shy" in germinating.

Incana—Dwarf, small flowered, mixed red shades; hardy perennial. Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/9

Perezii Multiflora—A deep pure blue of a true perennial type. Stems up to 3 feet long. Pkt 1/-; ½oz 3/6

Caspia—The flowers and stems, which are almost as fine as those of Gypsophila, are a pretty lavender shade. Pkt 1/-; ½oz 4/6

SINUATA TYPE (easily raised from seed)

Rosea Superba—Bright rose. Pkt 6d; 1oz 2/6

True Blue—Rich navy blue. Pkt 6d; 1oz 2/6

Hybrids—Mixed colors; hardy annual. Pkt 6d; 1oz 2/6

See Novelty Pages for new Statice

STOKESIA (Stoke's Aster or Cornflower Aster)

(H.P.—C.) Handsome perennial of erect habit. The charming blue flowers are very effective in beds when massed.

Cyana Blue. Pkt 1/-; ½oz 4/3; ¼oz 6/3

STRAWFLOWER—See Helichrysum.

STREPTOCARPUS (Cape Primrose)

(H.P.—D.) A lovely plant for pot culture in bush-house or cool green-house. Sown in the autumn or early spring, under glass, they will bloom the following summer.

New Hybrids—An exceptionally choice strain. The large trumpet-shaped flowers are of several soft shades; 9in. high. Pkt 1/6; Bulk pkt 4/6

STURT'S DESERT PEA—See Clanthus.

SULTAN'S BALSAM—See Impatiens.

SUMMER CYPRESS—See Kochia.

SWAN RIVER DAISY—See Brachycome.

SWEET SULTAN—See Centaurea Imperialis.

SWEET WILLIAM

(Dianthus Barbatus)

(H.P.—A.) A favorite old-fashioned perennial, very effective in mixed borders. If sown in the autumn they will bloom the following spring.

Double Mixed—All colors and markings. We are specialising in these at our Tasmanian Seed Farm. We have secured the latest and finest of the English varieties, including Pink Beauty and Scarlet Beauty. For cool climates no flowers are more showy than these improved Sweet Williams.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; ¼oz 1/6

SWEET WIVELSFIELD

(H.P.—C.) A cross between Sweet William and the ordinary Dianthus, this is a very useful subject for massing and edging. If cut back after flowering it will throw up fresh flower heads.

Pkt 1/-; ½oz 7/-; ¼oz 12/6

TACSONIA (varieties)—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

TAGETES—See Marigold.

SUNFLOWERS (Helianthus)

(H.A.—C.E.) Splendid hardy annual border plants. No flowers are more decorative or ornamental than these; all varieties should be grown. Sow from spring on to early summer.

Tall Red Sunflower—The dark centre of the flower head is surrounded by a band of purple red, the tips of the petals showing the original yellow.

Pkt 6d; ½oz 1/-

Tall Single—Yellow, excellent for hiding fences, etc. 5ft. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; 2oz 1/-

Primrose Colored—Charming variety; very pretty; 5 feet. Pkt 6d; 2oz 1/-

Argophyllus—Bright silver foliage, single yellow flowers; 5ft. high. Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/3

Globosus—Very large double flowers; a stately plant; 5ft. Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/3

Large Russian—The seeds are grown for fowl feed. Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d. For prices in quantity see Yates' Current Price List.

DWARFER VARIETIES

We have grouped the following dwarfing growing varieties together for those who prefer them.

Bronze Hybrids (Purpureus)—A mixed strain comprising many pretty shades of terracotta, copper, salmon pink, rose and bronze.

Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/3

Miniature—Pretty single variety, suitable for bouquets; one of the best annuals; 3 feet high.

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; ½oz 1/-

Miniature, in Named Varieties—We offer the following; all 3ft. high. Diadem (large, light citron);

Orion (Crisped petals); Stella (extra large).

Each Variety pkt 6d; ½oz 1/-

Collection of three varieties 1/3

Dwarf, Double—Similar to Globosus but much dwarfier. Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; ½oz 1/-

Mexican Sunflower—See Tithonia.



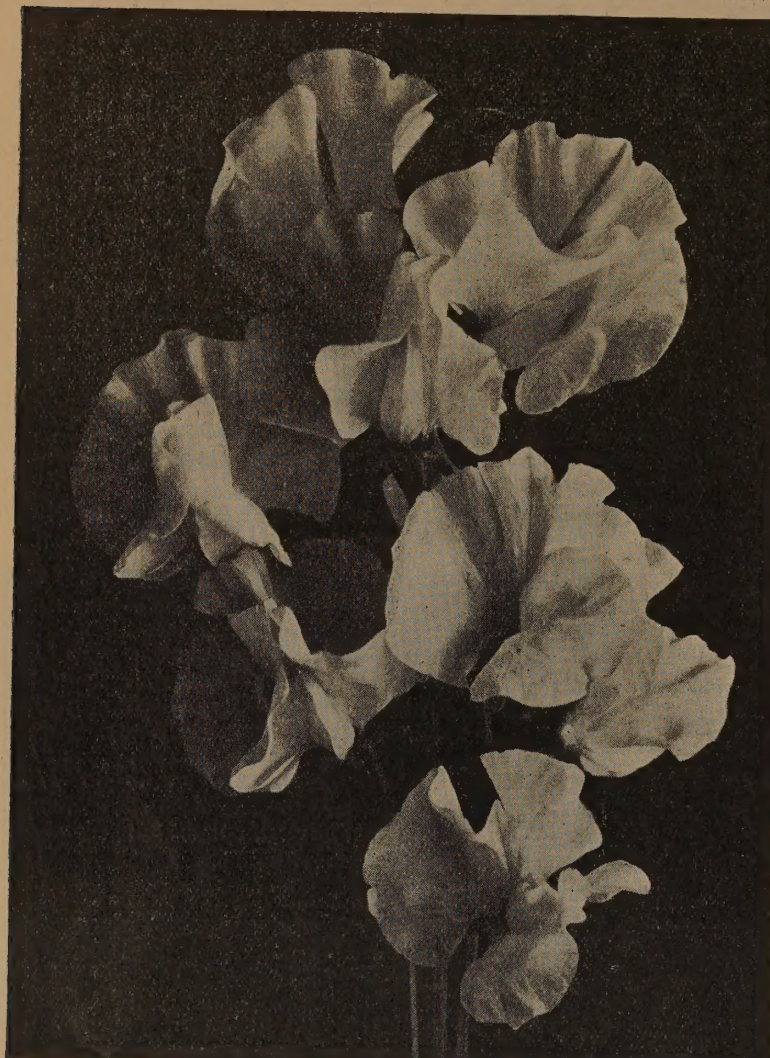
Statice Incana.

Any ground not required for a few months should be planted with a Field Pea, Bean or Clover crop for digging under

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

YATES' CHOICE SWEET PEAS

The World-Famed Australian Early-Flowering Strain



Yates' strain of Early Flowering Sweet Peas is unexcelled for beauty of form and is of the true waved Spencer type.

Together with some of the best introductions from America.

For Australian gardens there are few flowers that can give so much pleasure and provide such a bountiful return of fragrant bloom as the Australian Early-Flowering Sweet Peas. Each year we conduct extensive trials of all the best varieties, including novelties offered by ourselves and other raisers, and we have no hesitation in saying that the following lists contain the very cream of present-day varieties. Our seed crops are all personally inspected and are harvested by hand. We believe that for trueness to type and color they are equal to any offered in any part of the world.

CULTURAL NOTES—The secret of success for Sweet Pea growing is thorough preparation of the bed before sowing. Any free, open, well-drained soil will suit Sweet Peas, but it is necessary that the roots should be able to go well down. Heavy or clayey soils where the drainage is poor should be trenched to a foot, at the same time incorporating manure and should be raised a little above the surrounding levels if necessary to prevent water lying in the bottom of the trench. In sandy soils the manure should be buried so that none is closer to the surface than four inches.

Sown at intervals through the late summer, autumn and early spring, these "quick flowering" varieties may be had in bloom for about eight months out of the twelve.

Those who are keen to obtain the best results, should write for our special booklet "The Cultivation of Sweet Peas" which contains very complete directions both for ordinary and exhibition growing.

SPECIAL OFFERS IN COLLECTIONS OF SEPARATE NAMED VARIETIES

Those, who prefer to grow Sweet Peas in masses of separate colors, would do well to take advantage of one or other of these special offers. They not only contain much greater value, but include a well-balanced range of colors each in separate named packets.

Yates' Special "BEST TWELVE FOR 1933" Collection 6/6

With the extensive trials and crops of Sweet Peas (covering, last season, some 12 miles of row) which we carry out each year, we are able to make very close and accurate comparisons between each of the varieties. Although opinions will, of course, always vary as to which varieties are the best we believe no organisation is better capable of arriving at this decision than ourselves. This collection comprises the following twelve varieties which we ourselves think to be the absolute "pick of the bunch," and contains one full size packet of each, together with a free packet of the old favorite Yarrawa.

Except where otherwise stated, the price (separately) of each of the following varieties is Pkt., 6d.; ½ oz., 1/6; ½ oz., 2/-; 1 oz., 4/-.

Queensland Amber—Deep cream. Pkt., 1/-; ½ oz., 1/9; 1 oz., 5/-	Ajax—Rose crimson. Pkt., 1/-; ½ oz., 1/9; 1 oz., 5/-
Fairy—Soft salmon cerise. Pkt., 1/-; ½ oz., 1/9; 1 oz., 5/-	Yarrawa—Rose pink standard, pink wings.
Glitters (Imp.)—Reddish orange.	Friiled Pink—Blush pink.
Marie Cheslyn—Cream pink.	Pale Violet Flush—Deeper at edges.
Vulcan—Orange scarlet.	Mixed Flakes—Flaked or striped.
Monarch—Crimson.	
Blue Wonder—Mid blue.	
Albury Lavender (Imp.)—Azura.	

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

AUSTRALIAN EARLY-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS—*continued*

SPECIAL OFFERS IN COLLECTIONS—Continued

YATES' "CROWN" COLLECTION, 5/- POST FREE
Contains 1 packet each of 12 named varieties (our selection), which have been chosen for their hardiness as well as for their varied colors.

YATES' "STAR" COLLECTION, 12/6 POST FREE
This collection is made up of 30 choice varieties, selected by us, including many prize-winning sorts and also a large packet of Yarrawa. It contains 31 packets in all (about 16/- worth at catalogue rates), and for those who wish to study the characteristics of the individual varieties this collection has a special appeal.

YATES' "CHAMPION" COLLECTION, 20/- POST FREE

A large collection for Sweet Pea lovers and those with spacious gardens in town or country. It is especially suitable for exhibitors in the important shows and we send a large number each year to customers in India, China and other Eastern countries. This collection contains extra special value (about £1/7/6 worth at catalogue rates), and includes all the leading sorts, also a large packet of the world-famed Yarrawa, parent of the Australian Early Flowering Strain.

SPECIAL OFFERS OF MIXTURES

YATES' PRIZE PACKET, 5/- POST FREE

This special offer comprises the "Best Twelve for 1933" varieties above mentioned and the next best eight sorts, all in mixture. Yates' Prize Packet is intended to suit the requirements of those many garden lovers who have limited space but who desire to have the very best. The proportions of the different colors in this mixture have been very carefully chosen, with the object of giving an artistic color balance. It contains approximately 150 seeds and is sufficient to plant about 50 feet of row, setting three seeds to each foot.

MIXED HYBRIDS—An excellent mixture of the Australian Early Flowering Sweet Peas (Spencer Type) containing representative colors from throughout the following list, ranging through whites, creams, pinks, reds, crimson, oranges, blues, mauves and flaked varieties. Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3; 1 oz 2/6

YATES' FIRST CHOICE SPENCERS (MIXED COLORS)

A super mixture made up from the finest varieties in our list and containing a complete range of all the colors offered, also waved and "double standard" sorts. We sincerely believe this to be the finest mixture available.

Pkt (about 200 seeds), 2/6; Small pkt (about 75 seeds), 1/-; Per oz 3/-

LIST OF VARIETIES

(Classified under Colors)

Except where otherwise priced all varieties are pkt. 6d. ; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 1/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 2/- ; 1 oz. 4/-

WHITES

White Elfyn (Black Seeded)—Large and free flowering. More vitality than the White Seeded sorts.

CREAMS

Cream Elfyn (Black Seeded)—A strong germinating cream producing many 'fours.' Prettily waved.

Queensland Amber—Unique shade of deep cream with a very faint flush of light pink.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/6; 1 oz 5/-

PICOTEES

Daybreak (Field Daisy)—Creamy white with rose pink edgings; produces many "fours."

Pale Violet Flush—A very enchanting shade.

Deep Violet Flush—Rather deeper than the foregoing but an equally charming variety.

CREAM PINKS

Marie Cheslyn—Apricot on cream ground.

Mrs. May Hassett—Deep pink on cream ground.

Duplex Gem—The buds and young flowers are a beautiful cream pink, slightly deeper than Marie Cheslyn. In our trials, over 30% of the flowers have double (or Duplex) standards. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/9; 1 oz 7/6

BLUSH PINKS

Countess—Light Blush Pink, deeper at edges.

Yarrawa—The original variety of Yates' Early Flowering Spencer Strain of Sweet Peas. Deep rose pink standard, blush pink wings.

Frilled Pink—Pure soft pink, very heavily frilled and producing many "double standards."

CRIMSON AND SCARLET

Sunshine—A clear bright scarlet, does not burn.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/6; 1 oz 5/-

Grenadier—The finest true scarlet yet introduced; has little or no tendency to burn.

Emperor (A. J. Quarrell)—A rich crimson red.

Monarch—An unusual ox blood shade with good resistance to burning. The deepest red shade.

ROSE CERISE SHADES

Superb—A bright rosy cerise, throwing a large proportion of "Double standard" blooms which are strongly frilled and waved.

Arthur Yates—An intense glowing cerise of excellent form. **Chevalier**—A true uniform rose red color.

Superior Pink—Only a recent introduction, this color has been sought after for many years. It is a rich bright pink between the deep pinks and the cerise.

Springsong—A rich bright rose pink.

Ajax—A rose crimson shade, in some cases the four flowers on one stem are double.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/6; 1 oz 5/-
(See Novelty pages for a new Crimson-rose Early-flowering Sweet Pea.)



A Sweet Pea Seed Crop on Yates' Derwentside (Tas.) Seed Farm

The 45 varieties on this and the next page are the cream of several hundreds tested out in our Trial Grounds over a series of years

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

AUSTRALIAN EARLY-FLOWERING SWEET PEAS—*continued*

PURPLE AND MAROON

Red Indian—Deepest maroon with no sign of purple.

Pkt 1/-; ½oz 1/9; ¾oz 2/6; 1oz 5/-

Chief—A rich deep maroon of fine massive form.

Laura—Beautiful dark purple maroon.

Concord Purple—Mauvy purple to purple blue.

BLUE SHADES

Queensland Beauty—Very pale blue and a magnificent beautifully frilled variety, suitable for exhibition.

Pkt 1/-; ½oz 1/9; ¾oz 2/6; 1oz 5/-

Blue Butterfly—Clear sky-blue—most entrancing.

Blue Wonder—A very early mid-blue, throwing a good percentage of "fours," nicely frilled.

Sapphire—A vigorous grower, throwing a large quantity of "fours" and of a delightful shade of mid-blue.

New Blue Bird—The darkest of this class.

LAVENDER AND MAUVE SHADES

Albury Lavender, Improved (Azura)—True lavender.

Winsome—An unusual shade of lavender pink.

Elfin Mauve Lavender—A distinct color producing many "fours" and lasts very well when cut.

Charm—The standard is white tinted very light heliotrope; wings almost white.

ORANGE AND SALMON SHADES

Vulcan (Rawhiti)—A magnificent glowing orange scarlet for florists; very resistant to burning.

Glitters (Improved)—Produces long stems nicely frilled and many "fours," a magnificent and very popular variety; rich reddish orange and does not burn easily.

Rosy Glow—A fine variety, best described as a lighter shade of Glitters. Recommended.

Albury Beauty—An enchanting soft salmon shade.

Fairy—A warm tone of Glitters; producing many double standards. Pkt 1/-; ½oz 1/9; ¾oz 2/6; 1oz 5/-

FLAKED AND STRIPED

Donald J. Coghill—White flaked rosy salmon.

Grey Flakes—Chocolate flakes on slate blue ground.

Columbine—White ground heavily flaked crimson, throws many "fours."

Blue Flakes—Deep blue flakes on white ground.

Mixed Flakes—A mixture of flaked varieties.



Choosing the Yates' "Best Twelve" varieties for season 1933.
Photo taken October, 1932

LATE FLOWERING SPENCER SWEET PEAS

While for the greater part of the Commonwealth we consider that the Early Flowering Spencers will give finer results both in winter and summer; these Late or "Long Growing Season" varieties can be grown with success in cold climates. We are, therefore, cataloguing the following sorts, which are representative of the best yet produced. Main sowings should be made in March-April and a small sowing in August. In other respects their cultivation is similar to the Australian Early Flowering varieties.

Late Flowering Spencers Mixed—A splendid combination containing an almost infinite variety of colors.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; 1oz 1/3

Special Collection Offer—

Eighteen packets distinct varieties, our selection, for 6/-
Named Varieties—(List on application). Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/9



In this area of Yates' Sweet Peas growing for seed there are some 12 miles of row. As shown above every variety is closely inspected and all "off" types and colors removed.

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

THALICTRUM

(H.P.—C.) Graceful herbaceous perennials with very fine foliage of great value for bouquets and cutting. Sow seed in the early autumn or spring.

Dipterocarpum (Lavender Shower)—Carries, during the summer, a profusion of dainty lavender flowers with yellow anthers. The foliage is also very ornamental. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 5/9

THUNBERGIA—See Creepers, pages 98-99.

TITHONIA (Mexican Sunflower)

(H.A.—C.E.) Handsome orange-scarlet flowers, very showy.

Speciosa. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/3

TOAD FLAX—See Linaria.

TREE MARIGOLD—See under Marigold.

TROPOEOLUM (varieties)—See Nasturtium, and also Creepers, pages 98-99.

TORENIA

(H.H.A.—C.) Extremely beautiful little plants, very easily grown. Sow in seed pans in the early spring and autumn. and when sufficiently large, plant out in pans, say three inches apart. They will bloom very freely and make one of the prettiest bedding plants we know. In Sydney they do well in the open borders, being most attractive and effective when massed.

Fournieri—Blue. Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-

URSINIA

(H.A.—C.) Hardy annual which does best when sown in the spring and planted out in a warm sunny situation it will then flower the same summer. Both varieties are about 9 inches high and produce a profusion of bloom. The flowers are enriched by the dark purple zoning surrounding the centre.

Anethoides—Orange-yellow. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Anethoides New Hybrids—A mixture of cream and yellow shades. Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

See Novelty Pages for a new Ursinia

VENIDIUM

(H.H.A.—C.) A magnificent new species from the Cape. The plants attain a height of two to three feet, and above the greyish silky foliage rise numerous rich orange-colored Daisy-like flowers, which are marked with a purple-black zone at the base of the petals. The flowers average four to five inches across, and make a most striking display in the border. This variety is best treated as a half-hardy annual, sowing the seed in March or April, as germination is difficult if started earlier. The plants deserve the most sunny position in the garden.

Fastuosum.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

VERBENA

(H.P.—C.E.) Nothing can surpass in beauty and brilliancy a bed of Verbenas. If cared for and not allowed to seed, they will continue in bloom for months. Sow in autumn for best results; hardy perennial.

Yates' Large-flowered Extra Choice, Mixed—This is a fine strain of Mammoth Verbenas. The flowers are large and all shades of color, saved from a large collection of named varieties.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/6

Separate Colors—Fine for massing. **Etna**—Intense geranium red with small creamy eye. **Luminosa**—Flame pink, toning to salmon and coral. **Rosea Stellata**—Rose pink, white eye. **Blue**—White eye. **White.** **Lucifer**—Showy red, no eye, and **Royale**—Royal blue with creamy yellow centre. **Defiance Red**—White eye. **Purple.**

Each Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/6; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 6/6

Good Mixed.

Pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6

Royal Bouquet—A new type of upright growing Verbena. A compact upright growing plant fifteen to eighteen inches high and not more than ten inches across, having no lateral branches.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

See Novelty Pages for two new Verbenas



Apricot Viola, a recently introduced color which blends delightfully with the more widely known blues.

VERBASCUM

(H.P.—C.) A hardy herbaceous perennial growing 3 feet high and bearing long spikes of flowers in abundance.

New Hybrids—A mixture of violet and red shades.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

VIOLAS

(H.A.—C.) Somewhat similar to the bedding Pansy, but blooms rather smaller, unequalled among the Pansy family for freedom of flowering and length of blooming season. Treat the same as Pansies, except that when planting out, space them about four to six inches apart, they will then make an unbroken carpet of bloom in the flowering season.

Mixed Colors—A choice mixture is offered below for those who require all the various shades. We suggest, however, that it is preferable to select one or more separate varieties for color massing.

Named varieties—

Apricot—A greatly admired color but hardly so free flowering as the others. Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 11/-

Gracilis Velvety Blue—Compact grower; flowers produced on long stems well above foliage.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 15/-

Lord Nelson—Rich mid-blue, recommended.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 11/-

Papilio Lavender Blue—Lower petals lighter.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9;
 $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/-; 1 oz 8/-

Papilio Deep Violet—Deep velvety shade.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9;
 $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/-; 1 oz 8/-

Lutea Splendens—Pure yellow, broad petals.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9;
 $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/-; 1 oz 8/-

White Perfection—Pure white, broad petals.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/9;
 $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/-; 1 oz 8/-

Blue Perfection—Mid-blue, varies a little.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/-; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-;
 $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 4/6; 1 oz 9/-

Mixed Colors—Contains many of above.

Small pkt 3d; Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/- $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9;
 $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/-; 1 oz 8/-

Yates' Large Flowered Verbena is unsurpassed for size and brilliancy

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

VINCA ROSEA

(H.P.—A.E.) Handsome bushy perennial producing an abundance of round single flowers. It is suitable for pot culture or for clumps or specimens in sunny flower beds. 2ft. high.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 3/6

VIOLETS (Sweet Scented)

(H.P.—C.F.G.) This seed is very slow to germinate, and requires a cool temperature and shady seed bed. Sow in autumn or early spring.

We offer Odorata the ordinary variety in Blue or in White or in Mixture, also the larger flowered Czar variety in Blue, White or Mixed.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 5/-

VIRGINIAN STOCK

(H.A.—A.) Pretty old-fashioned hardy annuals. They are suitable for edgings or small borders. Should be sown in autumn; 6 inches high.

All Colors Mixed—

Pkt 3d; Large pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

Crimson Gem—Very attractive.

Pkt 1/-; Bulk pkt 3/-

Yellow.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

Fairy Queen—Carmine.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

Crimson King.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/-

VISCARIA

(H.H.A.—C.) Very showy and effective garden annuals, flowering freely through the summer. The single flowers look splendid in beds or when massed and are also useful for cutting. Colors range through white, blue, lavender and pink. 1ft. high.

Mixed.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6; 1oz 3/-

See Novelty Page for a new Viscaria.



Virginian Stock, showing the compact growth and numerous flowers.



Yates' Select Single Early Flowering Wallflower. This is the only class that may be grown with consistent success in warm climates.

WALLFLOWER

(H.P. and H.A.—C.F.) Old favorite border plants, with very fragrant blooms. They are one of the most satisfactory border plants, both the rich coloring and delicious fragrance make them universal favorites.

EARLY FLOWERING TYPES FOR ALL CLIMATES
Sow this type from late summer until early winter, and again in spring in cool climates.

Early Wonder Double—This Annual strain contains all the beautiful colors and the doubleness of the perennial double type. Although much earlier than late flowering type this is not so quick-flowering as the singles nor is it so scented.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 2/9; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 4/3

Single Early Flowering, Yates' Selected—Planted in the late summer or early autumn these will bloom the following spring. Colors comprise: Yellow with Brown buds, Blood Red, Yellow, Brown.

Mixed or in separate colors.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/6

PERENNIAL LATE FLOWERING TYPES FOR COOL DISTRICTS ONLY. Sowings should be made only in the autumn months.

Double Branching—A splendid strain, will give a large percentage of double flowers.

Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 6/6

Single Late Flowering, Mixed—All the finest forms and most attractive colorings. Contains the following shades: Purple, Golden Yellow, Ruby Red, Blood Red.

Pkt 6d; Small pkt 3d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

Colors separately.

Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3

SIBERIAN WALLFLOWER—See Cheiranthus Allioni.

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

Nothing adds more grace to a bouquet or a table decoration than a few ornamental grasses with the flowers. When an assortment is planted a supply is assured throughout the year. They should be sown thinly, in clumps, during the autumn. We can supply at 6d. per packet, or for extensive planting, Bulk packets of any variety for 1/6. Special collection of six varieties (our selection), for 2/6, or twelve varieties for 4/6

Flowering Bulbs and Flowering Plants are listed in other sections of this catalogue. See Index

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

ZINNIAS THE IMPROVED MODERN STRAINS, including the World-famous Gold Medal Dahlia Flowered Varieties

CULTIVATION NOTES.—

(H.H.A.—A.E.)—The brilliant colors that have been evolved in the hardy free flowering Zinnia during the last few years have made them, in such climates as ours, one of the most popular annuals for summer bedding. Successional sowings may be made every eight weeks from early spring (after frosts) till early Autumn. They grow 2½ to 3 ft. high, and flourish on most soils, but of course do better when well fed with manure; the first blooms usually come more or less single, and should be removed from the plants.



GIANT DOUBLE TYPE (Robusta Grandiflora)

The plants are of exceptionally robust habit, and throw up long firm stalks crowned with immense flowers, sometimes measuring five to six inches across, which are nearly all very double. For showy groups and borders these Zinnias are unrivalled.

Yates' Selected Giant Double, Mixed
—An outstanding strain embodying the following brilliant colors.

Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; ¼oz 2/-

Separate Colors—Scarlet, Buttercup, Golden-Yellow, Salmon Shades, Orange, Rose, White, Flesh, Crimson, Light Canary, Purple.

Each Pkt 6d; Large pkt 1/-; ¼oz 3/-

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets of distinct colors, our selection, 2/6

Robusta Pink Shades (Florists' Strain)—A special selection of soft shades most suited for florists' purposes. Pkt 6d; ¼oz 2/3

GIANT DAHLIA FLOWERED TYPE

A comparatively new type, the flowers of which somewhat resemble double dahlias. The rich colors and soft tones of this class have lifted the once despised Zinnias into the forefront of garden flowers.

Giant Dahlia Flowered (Gold Medal Strain), Choice Mixed—A magnificent strain which has become very popular. It contains an almost endless range of color. Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 2/6; ¼oz 3/6

A perfect
bloom showing
the form of the
Giant Dahlia
Flowered
ZINNIA

Separate Colors—Golden Dawn, Purple Prince, Exquisite (light rose), Golden State, Old Rose, Crimson Monarch, Dream (deep lavender), Illumination (deep rose), Giant Attraction (brick red), Polar Bear, Oriole (Orange and gold), Meteor (deepest red),

Canary Bird (primrose), Scarlet Flame.

Each Pkt 1/-; ¼oz 2/6; ¼oz 3/9

Special Collection Offer—

Six packets distinct varieties, our selection, 5/-

Ten packets distinct varieties, our selection, 7/6

LILLIPUT OR POMPONE TYPE

Lilliput Mixed—These are miniature "Pompone" flowered Zinnias, 12-18 inches high. They are useful for edgings and dainty for indoor decoration.

Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; ¼oz 2/-

Separate Colors—Canary Yellow, Golden, Scarlet Gem, Salmon Rose, White.

Each Pkt 1/-; Small pkt 6d; ¼oz 2/-

See Novelty Pages for a new Lilliput Zinnia

DWARF DOUBLE (Pumila Elegans) TYPE

Double Mixed—Bright colors, semi-dwarf.

Pkt 3d; ¼oz 1/3

VINES AND CREEPERS FROM SEED

The following varieties are quite hardy, except in very cold localities and they are easily raised from seed. Sow in the late Spring and in the case of those varieties marked * sow in early Summer as they germinate more successfully when the soil is warm. They are invaluable for covering fences, arbors, and walls and when trained up a trellis, are most useful for blocking out unsightly places. We recommend raising in seed boxes or beds and transplanting into their permanent positions when large enough to handle.

SPECIAL OFFER

(Selection is to be made by us). One packet each of 12 choice climbers, 4/6

One packet each of 6 choice climbers, 2/6

Antigonon leptopus—A charming slender creeper producing an abundance of bright rose colored flowers; perennial.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/3; 1 oz 4/6

***Aristolochia Elegans** (Dutchman's Pipe)—A variety of the old Dutchman's Pipe, with flowers of extraordinary shape and harmonious coloring; perennial.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/9

Asparagus Plumosa—The well-known Asparagus Fern which is very useful for floral work.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 3/6; 1 oz 6/9

Banana Passion Fruit—See Tacsonia Mollissima.



***Bignonia Tweediana** (Cat's Claw)—A remarkably handsome climber, suitable for warm climates; exceedingly showy, with yellow flowers; perennial.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

***Calampelis Scabra** (Eccremocarpus)—One of our finest climbers, with orange colored flowers; sow in the spring; perennial.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/9

Cardinal Climbers—See Ipomoea Quamoclit Cardinalis.

Cardiospermum Halicacabum (Balloon Vine)—A beautiful and curious creeper, bearing white flowers; sow in late spring; annual; 6 feet high.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/9

***Cobaea Scandens**—A creeper, with handsome foliage and large bell-shaped flowers, green at first but changing to violet blue; perennial.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/9

Convolvulus Major, Single (Tall Morning Glory)—We offer this annual in the following colors: crimson, scarlet, dark blue, light blue, carmine and rose. Separate Colors.

Pkt 3d; 1 oz 1/6; 2 oz 2/6

Mixed Colors. Pkt 3d; 1 oz 1/-

Convolvulus Major, Double and Semi-Double—The colors vary from pure white to white spotted and veined with blue, red, and purple shades. Showy, quick growing climber; annual.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

Dolichos Lablab (Hyacinth Bean)—Vigorous rapid grower, purplish-pink flower; annual.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

Dolichos Lignosus (Cocks and Hens)—Vigorous, hardy perennial. We offer two colors, white and pink. A strong, quick grower.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/9

***Gourds, Ornamental**—Rapid climbers, very ornamental. Sow when frosts are over, and plant in well manured ground; annual. Varieties offered are—Dishcloth (or Loofa), Nestegg, Calabash.

Each Variety. Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/3

Mixed. Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

***Ipomoea Grandiflora** (Moon Flower)—Has large, pure white flowers, which open at night, closing about 10 o'clock the following morning; annual.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/-

***Ipomoea Quamoclit Cardinalis** (Cardinal Creeper)—An exceptionally fine creeper, one of the most beautiful and brilliant in our list. It is a strong, rapid grower, with beautiful finely cut foliage, and is literally covered right through the summer with a blaze of cardinal red flowers; annual.

Pkt 1/- ½ oz 2/-; ½ oz 3/9

***Ipomoea Quamoclit**—Has delicate dark green feathery foliage, and an abundance of star-shaped rose, scarlet, and white blossoms; 15 feet high; annual.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 2/-

***Ipomoea Learii**—A very rapid grower, with beautiful violet flowers; perennial. Crop failed.

Ipomoea Imperialis (Japanese Selected)—Bears large flowers of all shades of white, pink, and blue; annual.

Pkt 6d; ½ oz 1/9

YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

VINES AND CREEPERS—(continued)



Maurandia; a dense growing perennial creeper with innumerable small leaves and slender twining stems. It forms a complete cover for fence or other unsightly object.

Kudzu Vine—See *Pueraria Thunbergia* below.

***Lophospermum Scandens**—Beautiful creeper, hardy in mild climates; rose colored flowers; perennial.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 3/-

***Mandevilla Suaveolens**—A vigorous climber, handsome trumpet-shaped white flowers, fragrant, hardy, except in cold districts; perennial.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9

Maurandia Barclayana—Hardy creeper, mixed colors; perennial.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 5/-

***Mina Lobata**—Will thrive in any warm sheltered situation; its flowers are first vivid red in the bud, changing to orange and cream as they open. Sow in late spring; annual.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/-

***Passiflora Edulis** (Passion Fruit Vine)—Suitable for warm districts only. When once established it is a remarkably quick grower, and bears heavy crops of fruit; perennial.
Pkt 6d; 1oz 1/3

***Phaseolus Caracalla** (Snail Flower)—The curious purple flowers are very useful for bouquets. Is perennial in moderately warm climates.
Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 6/-

***Physianthus Albens** (The Moth Plant)—Has exquisitely scented white pendulous flowers. The flowers are succeeded by pretty gourd-like seed pods; perennial in mild climates.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz 3/6

Pueraria Thunbergia (Kudzu Vine)—A remarkably quick-growing vine, especially after it has become established. It is covered with large handsome foliage, and in the late summer is covered with small bunches of rosy purple pea-like flowers; perennial.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 2/-

Scarlet Runner Bean—Very ornamental, see vegetable section.

***Tacsonia van Volxemi** (Scarlet Passion Fruit)—A remarkably handsome climber; thrives in a sunny situation; perennial.
Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 14/-

***Tacsonia Mollissima** (Banana Passion Fruit)—Remarkably quick ever-green, climber, bearing blooms similar to the Passion Flower; a lovely shade of soft pink in great profusion; fruit large creamy-white, oblong, and edible; perennial.
Pkt 1/-; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/6

Tropaeolum Lobbianum—See Nasturtiums in Flower Seeds.

Tropaeolum, Yates' Matchless Mixed Nasturtiums—See Nasturtiums in Flower Seeds.

Thunbergia, Mixed—Pretty little climbers, running up four or five feet; white, yellow and buff flowers, black centre; annual.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz 1/9

Thunbergia Gibsoni (Golden Glory Vine)—The intense green ivy-like leaves form a fitting background for the mass of brilliant orange red flowers which are such a feature of this vine; perennial.

Pkt 2/-; Bulk pkt 6/-

Tropaeolum Canariensis (Canary Creeper)—Pretty yellow butterfly-like flowers; sow when frosts are over; likes a partially shaded situation and cool moist climate; annual.
Pkt 6d; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz 1/3



YATES' LAWN GRASSES

A well-kept lawn adds more than any single thing to the attractiveness of the home and garden; and it is well worth spending thought and time on the preparation of the soil, the sowing of the seed and the after care of the lawn when established. But with all the care that can be given results are disappointing unless the mixture be made of suitable varieties and the seed be of strong germination and as free as possible of weeds and foreign matter. With our long experience to assist us in the selection of grasses and our complete seed-cleaning plant to ensure vitality and freedom from foreign matter, we claim that our mixtures are much superior to the so-called cheap mixtures, and after all the slight saving is certainly no recompense for the poor results so often obtained.



To have a lawn in good condition throughout the year, a good water supply is essential. If it is difficult to secure water, and particularly in the inland districts where the summers are hot and dry, we suggest planting only such grasses as Couch, Buffalo and possibly Kikuyu.

The varieties in the mixtures in the next column are carefully selected for the various purposes, viz., smoothness and texture in the Putting Green Mixture, hard wear in the Tennis Court Mixture and so on.

Important Notice.—We give reduced rates for 28 lb. lots and again for 100 lb. lots and 500 lb. lots. When ordering please be sure and give particulars of climate and soil and water supply available, so that we may vary the varieties and proportions accordingly. Postal or freight charges are extra and should be allowed for in remittance.

Sowing Lawn Seed

We recommend that the seed be sown in the autumn; if possible after the first early autumn rains.

Careful and thorough preparation of the land and the elimination of weeds is necessary.

When sowing, divide the total quantity into two parts, and sow the first part over the whole area, then take the other part and working in a different direction sow this over the whole area. This method gives a more even sowing than by attempting the whole at one time.

QUANTITIES REQUIRED FOR SOWING:

A Plot 10yds. x 10yds.	about 2 lbs.
Full Sized Tennis Court (40 x 20yds.)	16 lbs.
Croquet Lawn (35 x 28yds.)	20 lbs.
Bowling Green (42 x 42yds.)	35 lbs.
$\frac{1}{2}$ acre 20lbs., $\frac{1}{4}$ acre 40lbs., 1 acre 80lbs.	

Special Mixtures and Varieties

No. 1 Mixture—"Yates' Evergreen Lawn Grass"—a mixture of the finest dwarf varieties for producing an evergreen turf.

No. 2 Mixture—For Tennis Courts.

No. 3 Mixture—For Putting Greens.

No. 4 Mixture—For Fairways.

No. 5 Mixture—For Bowling Greens and Croquet Lawns.

To obtain the best results with the above mixtures it is important to give particulars of climate, rainfall, class of soil and facilities for watering so that the mixtures may be varied accordingly.

No. 6 Mixture—A low price mixture of hardy, quick-growing grasses.

Creeping Bent Grass (*Agrostis tenuis*)—The best and most widely used of the Bent Grasses. Our samples are specially re-machined.

Couch Grass—For warm climates. Our Supergrade Couch is heavily re-machined for lawns.

Kentucky Blue Grass (*Poa pratensis*)—Particularly suited to cold, limestone districts. Generally used in mixtures.

Italian Rye Grass—For surface sowing each autumn on Couch or mixed grass lawns to improve the sward during winter.

Chewing's Fescue—A fine-leaved grass but not usually sown alone.

Perennial Rye Grass—For quick, rough lawns and particularly in cold climates with good rainfall, usually sown in conjunction with other varieties.

Buffalo Grass—(Roots only)—Very vigorous growing. Succeeds in all warm districts.

Kikuyu Grass—(Roots only)—A very hardy grass which has succeeded in inland districts where other varieties failed.

For all prices see Yates' Current Price List, available on application.

Ask for Yates' Folder
"Lawn Making and Maintenance"

TREE SEEDS

FOR BREAKWINDS, HEDGES, &c.

Nothing adds more to the look of a homestead than a few clumps of trees and well kept green hedges. The following can be readily raised from seed by anyone, and they grow quickly. They should always be planted in nursery beds, and transplanted during the following winter into permanent situations.

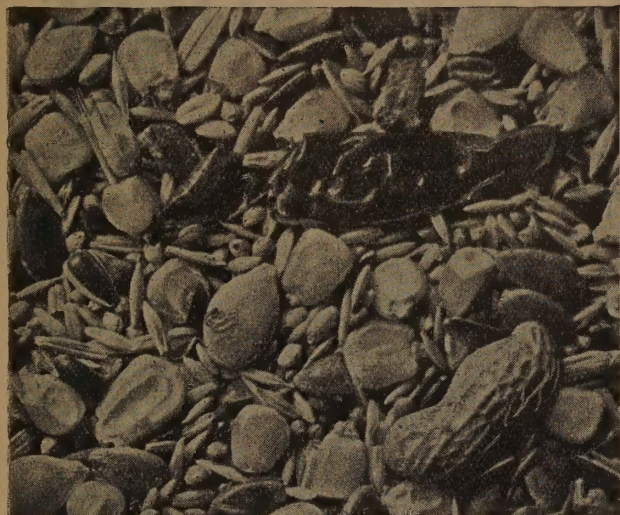
The *Pinus Insignis*, Wattles, Casuarinas, Tagosaste and Sugar Gums, are some of the best for shelter, while the Eucalyptus make most excellent firewood and are also useful as timber. We can also recommend the Wattles, Casuarinas, Kurrajong, Pepper, and Flowering Gums, for ornamental purposes.

State varieties required and we will advise if available and current prices.

We invite correspondence from Golf Clubs and other sporting bodies

YATES' FAMOUS BIRD SEEDS

ORDER THEM THROUGH YOUR GROCER



Left: Yates' Parrot Food; Right: Yates' "Top Note" Mixture, showing the clean high quality ingredients of these bird foods, described below. Our experience in preparing bird seed mixtures suitable for Australasian conditions extends over fifty years

We are the largest suppliers of bird seeds in Australia, and keep large stocks of all the different varieties of seeds and supplies required for cage birds. Having exceptionally complete facilities for buying and regrading, we are confident that our prices will be found competitive and our quality unequalled. The seed is all heavily cleaned and freed from dust and other impurities.

YATES' "TOP-NOTE" MIXTURE

For Canaries, Finches and other small birds.

This mixture is made up in scientific proportions and contains all seed necessary to keep cage birds in robust health. Furthermore, we vary the proportions to suit the requirements of birds at the different seasons of the year.

YATES' PARROT FOOD

For Parrots, Cockatoos, Parrakeets, etc.

Is made up from selected seed and grains, such as Maize, Sunflower, Wheat, Oats, Hemp, Peanuts, etc., and is mixed in the proper proportions to keep this class of bird in perfect health and plumage. This mixture ensures a varied diet such as the birds get in their wild state.

The two above are made up and Packed in 2lb. Nett Cotton Bags, and are available at most suburban and many country grocers and produce merchants stores. In addition they may be obtained in larger bulk quantities—see below.

TO BIRD DEALERS, FANCIERS, BREEDERS, AND OTHER LARGE USERS

In addition to the bag seed referred to above, we can supply all the following in bulk, and we regularly quote per lb., 7 lbs., 14 lbs., 28 lbs., and per cwt., the latter price applying to 56 lbs. and over. Our quotations for these are nett f.o.b. Sydney and freight is charged extra. We shall be pleased to give quotations to any one interested, and if customers will mention the quantity in which they are interested, we can give an estimate of the freight and expenses to their nearest rail or port.

Yates' "Top Note" Mixture in Bulk.	Hemp.
Yates' Parrot Food Mixture in Bulk.	White Millet.
Yates' Reliable Plain Canary.	Red Millet.
Giant Spanish Canary.	Hungarian Millet.
Morocco Canary.	Japanese Millet.
	Ordinary Bird Rape.
	Rubsen (or Summer) Rape.



YATES BIRD SEED IN HANDY COTTON BAGS

Black Sunflower.
Large Grey Sunflower.
Peanuts.
Linseed.
Bird Lettuce.
Maw.
Gold of Pleasure.

Bird Rib.
Bird Pumpkin.
Bird Melon.
Chillies.
Shell Grit.
Silver Sand.

Special Mixtures for Special Purposes will be made up for a small extra charge

CHOICE FLOWERING BULBS

All Bulbs Post Free unless otherwise stated

ANEMONE (Windflower)

Plant Feb. to June. Planted in rows, clumps or masses, these make one of the gayest spring flowering borders. Roots should be started in boxes and subsequently transplanted 1½-2 inches deep and 4-6 inches apart.

St. Brigid, Yates' Prize Strain, Mixed Doubles. 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100; 80/- 1000.

Singles, Finest Mixed—Giant flowering, richly colored. 1/- doz.; 7/- 100; 55/- 1000

ACHIMENES

Pretty trumpet-shaped flowers allied to the Gloxinia and requiring similar treatment. Excellent for hanging baskets—put 4 to 6 bulbs in a 10-inch basket. Mostly shades of blue. Plant Aug. to Oct. 6d. ea.; 5/6 doz.

ANOMATHECA CRUENTA (Scarlet Freezia)

Plant Feb. to April. 3d. ea.; 2/6 doz.; 17/6 100

ARUM LILY—See Callas.

AGAPANTHUS (African or Christmas Lily)

Plant any time except Nov. to Jan. Singles, Blue or White, 1/- ea., postage 6d. extra.



A crop of Special Re-selected Anemones growing on Yates' "Derwentside" (Tas.), Seed Farm

ALSTROEMERIA (Peruvian Lily)

Plant Feb. to July. Flowers abundantly in the summer.

Aurea—Bright yellow. 1/- ea., 10/- doz.

Aurantica—Orange. 1/- ea., 10/- doz.

Postage extra on above, 3d. ea., 1/- doz.

Psittacina (Parrot Flower)—Red and Green, 6d. ea., 5/- doz., 35/- 100, post free.

BEGONIAS, TUBEROUS

Plant Aug. to Nov. Best grown in a partially shaded bed or in a bush-house, also excellent as pot plants.

Double, Separate Colors. 1/6 ea., 15/- doz.

Mixed Colors. 1/3 ea., 12/- doz.

Single, Separate Colors. 1/- ea., 10/- doz.

Mixed Colors. 10d. ea., 9/- doz.

Fringed Edge, Separate Colors. 1/- ea., 10/- doz.

Mixed Colors. 10d. ea., 9/- doz.

Fimbriata, Double, with serrated petals—

Separate Colors. 1/6 ea., 15/- doz.

Mixed Colors. 1/3 ea., 12/- doz.

(Continued in next column)

BEGONIAS—(Continued)

Crested, Separate Colors. 1/- ea., 10/- doz.

Mixed Colors. 10d. ea., 9/- doz.

Double Erecta Multiflora—Smaller, blooms very freely produced. Named Sorts. 1/- ea., 10/- doz.

Bertini—1/- ea., 11/- doz.

Hanging Basket Begonias—An exceedingly beautiful class. Separate Colors. 1/6 ea., 15/- doz.

Collections of Tuberous Begonias—

A.—6 bulbs each of the Doubles and Singles (our selection), 10/-.

B.—3 bulbs each of the Double, Single, Crested, Frilled, Bertini and Fimbriata classes; 18 bulbs in all, for 15/-.

C.—A complete collection comprising 3 bulbs each of the above-mentioned classes; 24 bulbs in all, for 20/-.

BABIANAS

Plant Feb. to April. Thrive in a dry, warm position. Mixed Colors, 1/6 doz., 10/- 100

BRODIAEA

Plant Feb. to April. Very hardy bulbs from California, throwing up in late spring clusters of flowers on long straight stems. Mixed Colors, 3d. ea., 2/6 doz., 17/6 100

BILBERGIA NUTANS

Plant April to July. Curious drooping flowers of pink, green and blue.

1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

BELLADONNA LILY

Plant Nov. to Jan. The handsome rose-colored blooms appear in summer after the foliage has died down.

6d. ea., 5/- doz. (Postage extra, 1 bulb 1/-, 6 bulbs 2/6).

BRUNSVIGIA MULTIFLORA

Plant Nov. to Jan. Resemble the Belladonna Lily but have larger heads of flower which are delightfully fragrant.

1/3 ea. (Postage extra, 1/- ea.)

CALADIUMS

Beautiful foliage plants. Except in warm climates, should be grown under glass. Extra Choice Named Varieties.

5/- ea., 50/- doz.
Mixed Unnamed. 2/6 ea., 24/- doz.

CALLA (Arum Lily)

Plant April to July.

Ethiopica (Lily of the Nile or ordinary white Arum Lily)—1/- ea., 10/- doz., 60/- 100

Elliottiana—Yellow, foliage dark green, spotted white. 2/- ea.

Maculata Alba—White with spotted foliage. 1/- ea.

Solfaterre—Primrose yellow with purple centre. 1/-

Pentlandi—Rich yellow, black spot in throat. 1/6 ea.

Rehmanni—The pink Calla. 3/6 ea.

Sanctum (The Black Arum Lily)—2/- ea.

CYCLAMEN

Plant Dec. to March. We have a very fine strain.

Giant Large Flowered—All shades. Dry tubers 1/3 ea., 12/- doz.

Growing bulbets in leaf, 9d. ea., 7/6 doz.

CLIVIA

Plant Jan.-Feb. The gorgeous flowers are carried in large clusters of a striking reddish orange. Succeeds in a bush-house or as a verandah plant. 3/6 ea. (Postage extra 1/6).

CYRTANTHUS (Ifafa Lily)

Plant April to July. From South Africa; prefers sandy loam, does well in pots.

Lutescens, Yellow—1/- ea., 11/- doz.

Sanguineus, Red—1/6 ea., 16/- doz.



No. 1



No. 2



No. 5



No. 6

GLADIOLI

YATES'

"Garden Glory" COLLECTION

Containing all these beautiful varieties, together with 3 other choice sorts for—

7/6 ^{Pos} ^{Free}

or a collection of 12 extra choice and more expensive varieties in similar colours for

12/6 ^{Post} ^{Free}

or a collection of 24 extra choice sorts, including all these types illustrated, for

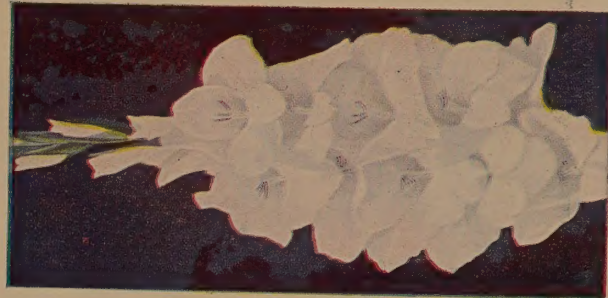
20/- ^{Post} ^{Free}

GLADIOLI SEED

We offer two splendid strains in mixed colours. (See page 73.)



No. 7



No. 8

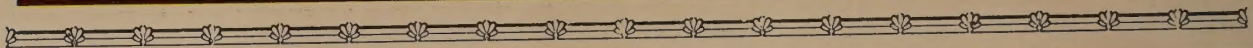
No. 3



No. 4



No. 9



CARNATIONS

YATES' "BEST EIGHT" FOR 1933

One Plant
of each for **10/-** Packing and
Carriage Free.

1, Amethyst; 2, Bridesmaid; 3, Lucrecia; 4, H. M. Norton; 5, John Storey; 6, Mrs. W. Miller; 7, Saf-ron; 8, Marnie.

The above are all free-flowering and hardy good growers. The flowers are large and of up-to-date type.

For descriptions see page 122.

ROSES

YATES' "BEST SIX" FOR 1933

One Plant
of each for **9/6** Packing and
Carriage Free.

1, Sensation; 2, President Herbert Hoover (1931 Novelty); 3, Portadown Fragrance (1932 Novelty); 4, Mabel Turner; 5, M. G. van Rossem; 6, Mrs. Bryce Allen.

The above are all bush roses of the best modern types. They are free blooming, hardy, good growers and have large flowers, and include two recent novelties. In our opinion no better six roses could be chosen for general garden use. For descriptions see pages 111-116.

YATES' CHOICE FLOWERING BULBS



DOUBLE TUBEROUS BEGONIA



BRODIAEA



CALADIUM

CRINUM

Plant Jan. to Mar. Lily-like blooms in large clusters. Powell Album, pure white; Powell Rosea, dark pink; Moorei, clear pink. All 2/- ea. (Postage extra 9d. ea.)

DAFFODILS (Narcissus)

Plant Feb. to May. These beautiful spring flowering bulbs need no description. While they succeed best in cool districts, they may be grown in a wide variety of climates, excepting sub-tropical districts. Excellent for pot culture.

Special Offer—For those who do not wish to choose their own varieties we make up Special Collections at 5/-, 10/- and 20/-. These contain extra good value and include a fine assortment of varieties.

TRUMPET VARIETIES.

Emperor—Yellow trumpet, deep cream perianth; one of the best. 4d. ea., 3/- doz., 20/- 100, 160/- 1000
Empress—Yellow trumpet, creamy white perianth. 6d. ea., 5/- doz., 37/6 100
Golden Spur—Yellow throughout, hardy variety. 4d. ea., 3/- doz., 20/- 100
Goldfinch—Deep gold throughout. 4d. ea., 3/6 doz., 25/- 100
Golden Bell—Deep yellow trumpet, serrated edge, pale perianth. 4d. ea., 3/6 doz., 30/- 100
Glory of Sassenheim—Frilled yellow trumpet, creamy white perianth, very large. 1/6 ea., 15/- doz.
King Alfred—One of the giants of this section, large open trumpet, beautifully frilled. 9d. ea., 7/6 doz., 55/- 100
Van Waverens Giant—Large yellow. 2/- ea., 20/- doz.
Monarch—Very large, rich full yellow. 1/- ea., 11/- doz.
Sulphur Beauty—Cream trumpet. 1/- ea., 10/- doz.
Princes—Lemon perianth, slightly darker trumpet. 3d. ea., 1/6 doz., 10/- 100, 75/- 1000

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

Orange Phoenix (Albus Plenus Aurantius)—White, with orange nectary. 4d. ea., 2/6 doz., 17/6 100
Golden Phoenix (Aurantius Plenus)—Golden. 4d. ea., 3/- doz., 20/- 100

JONQUILS

Campnello—Single rich yellow, scented. 1/6 doz., 10/- 100
Golden Sceptre—Beautiful large yellow. 6d. ea., 5/- doz.

MEDIUM AND SHORT-CUPPED VARIETIES.

Baths Flame (Barri)—Deep yellow cup, edged orange red; ideal for cutting; one of the best of this class. 9d. ea., 7/6 doz., 50/- 100
Commander—Sulphur perianth, yellow cup stained orange. 4d. ea., 3/6 doz., 25/- 100
Sir Watkin—A giant-cupped sort, sulphur perianth, orange yellow cup. 4d. ea., 3/6 doz., 25/- 100
Conspicuous (Barri)—One of the most beautiful of this class, having a broad yellow perianth, wide cup, edged orange scarlet. 2/6 doz., 15/- 100
Ornatus (Poeticus)—Pure white perianth, broad cup edged scarlet. 2/6 doz.
Recurvus (Pheasant's Eye)—White with scarlet eye. 2/6 doz., 15/- 100
Queen of the North (Leeds)—White perianth, pale yellow cup, a good show variety. 9d. ea., 7/6 doz.
Firebrand (Barri)—Creamy white perianth, fiery red fluted cup. 9d. ea., 7/6 doz.

(Continued next column)

DAFFODILS—(continued)

POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS, Bunch Flowered Varieties. Soleil d'Or, Paper White Grandiflora, Double Roman. Each variety, 1/6 doz., 10/- 100. (Approximate postage extra per doz.: N.S.W., 1/-; other States, 1/6)

DAFFODILS IN MIXTURE.

Very effective when planted in grass banks or lawns. On the following special prices postage or freight is charged extra.

Mixed, All Classes. 1/6 doz., 10/- 100, 80/- 1000
Mixed, Trumpet Varieties Only. 2/- doz., 15/- 100, 120/- 1000

BULB FIBRE—Specially prepared material for growing Daffodils and other hardy bulbs in bowls, etc., without drainage. For price, see page 132.

DAHLIAS—see page 110

FREESIAS

Plant Feb. to May. Deliciously scented and suitable alike for border work and pot culture; they flower in early spring.
Refracta Alba—White. 9d. doz., 5/- 100
Purity—Large white. 1/6 doz., 10/- 100
Bronze Queen—1/- ea.
Conqueror—Purple. 6d. ea., 5/6 doz.
Fairy—Pale mauve, large. 1/- ea.
Hero—Mauve. 6d. ea., 5/6 doz.
King of the Yellows—1/- ea.
Rose Gem—1/- ea.
Sunset—Orange yellow. 6d. ea., 5/- doz.
Victor—Blue. 6d. ea., 5/6 doz.

Yates' New Hybrids Mixed—Many and varied shades. 1/9 doz., 12/- 100

GLADIOLI

(See color plate, page 103)

Generally speaking the best time to plant is from Aug. to Dec. in cool climates, and May to Aug. in warm localities. For full cultural directions, see our "Garden Guide" (1/- post free), or write for leaflet on Gladioli culture.

If customers wish to select their own varieties, prices are—
Varieties Priced at 9d. ea., 7/6 doz. }
" " " 1/- ea., 10/- doz. } Postage Free.
" " " 1/6 ea., 15/- doz. }

Half-dozen lots at dozen prices.

But we strongly recommend the following collections in which, as they are made up in quantities beforehand, we are able to give much better value. Customers will note that in addition to reducing the price, we send these collections free of all postage charges.

Collection of 12 varieties (our selection), for 7/6. Post free.
Collection of 12 varieties (our selection), from choice varieties for 12/6. Post free.

Mixed Sorts, unnamed, 5/6 doz., post free; 35/- 100, carriage free.

Postage Extra on following prices.

(Continued on next page)

YATES' CHOICE FLOWERING BULBS



DAFFODILS
(GROWN IN BOWL)



GLOXINIA



HYACINTHS
(GROWN IN BOWL)

GLADIOLI—(Continued)

WHITES AND CREAMS.

- Albania**—Beautiful white; healthy, vigorous grower. 9d. ea.
Carmen Sylva—A fine new white, tall spike of wide open flowers. 1/- ea.
King Pearl—White, shading to cream, with cream yellow blotch. 1/- ea.
Purest of All—Beautiful pure white, fine flower and spike. 9d. ea.
White Butterfly (Primulinus)—A beautiful creamy white. A lovely vase flower. 9d. ea.

LIGHT PINKS.

- Annie Laurie**—Delicate pink with lilac spot in throat, slightly ruffled. 1/- ea.
Amethyst—A fine exhibition variety, lilac rose, lighter in centre and edged with deep rose. 1/- ea.
Betty Nuthall—Glowing orange pink, shading to pale yellow in throat; fine long spikes. A beauty. 1/6 ea.
Mrs. Galvin Coolidge (Primulinus)—Soft salmon pink, shading to yellow in throat. Very beautiful. 1/- ea.
Mary Frey—Light lavender pink with fine spikes of large flowers, good exhibition variety. 1/6 ea.
Mrs. Dr. Norton—Light pink shading to white, deeper pink on edges. 1/- ea.
Mrs. F. Pendleton—Light salmon pink, blood red blotches on lower petals. 9d. ea.
Maiden's Blush (Primulinus)—Clear pale pink. 9d. ea.

DARK PINKS AND SALMONS.

- American Beauty**—Rosy cerise, cream blotch on lower petals, long spikes. 1/- ea.
Averill—Rosy salmon flecked with salmon-scarlet, yellow blotches on petals. 9d. ea.
Dr. Bailey—Rich tyrian rose shading to lighter throat blotches. Large, well ruffled flowers of fine spikes. 1/6 ea.
E. J. Shaylor—Large ruffled deep rose flowers. Healthy grower. 9d. ea.
Esme Desailly—Pale salmon pink shading to cream on lower petals, large flowers and perfect spikes. 1/6 ea.
Osalin—A lovely new shade of salmon pink, shading to orange centre; large flowers and excellent for exhibition. 1/- ea.
Rose Mist (Primulinus)—Large flowers on fine long spike. Deep rose shaded buff. 1/- ea.
W. H. Phipps—One of the finest for exhibition, up to 12 blooms open at once. Clear light salmon pink. 1/- ea.

BRIGHT AND DARK REDS.

- Arabia**—Good spikes of large rich velvety black-red flowers. Fine type. 1/- ea.
Capt. Brandt—Scarlet ground mottled deep crimson. Very striking. 9d. ea.
Chicago—Very heavily ruffled. Geranium red shaded salmon, blue line round edge. Very showy and attractive. 1/6 ea.
Dr. Bennett—One of the finest reds in cultivation; bright glowing scarlet, with small cream markings in throat. 1/- ea.
Midsummer Dream (Primulinus)—Very showy, large flower of rich geranium red. 9d. ea.
Pride of Hillegom—Brilliant scarlet with large flowers. 9d. ea.

(Continued in next column)

GLADIOLI—(Continued)

BLUES AND MAUVES.

- Blue Moon**—A fine new blue, white markings in throat and violet blotch. 2/6 ea.
Blue Beauty—A bright medium blue with white throat markings. 1/- ea.
Blue Flag—Opened blue flowers, small white blotches and crimson spot in throat. 1/- ea.
Catherina—Dainty mauve blue with darker shading and maroon centre. 9d. ea.
Daintiness—Deep violet blotch contrasting with mauve ground color. 1/- ea.
Mrs. Van Konijnenburg—A beautiful light blue. Tall strong spikes of large flowers. 1/6 ea.
Saphir—An intense deep violet blue. 9d. ea.

ORANGE AND YELLOW SHADES.

- Canberra**—Long spikes, clear yellow flowers, slightly ruffled. 1/- ea.
Golden Frills (Primulinus)—Bright golden yellow with scarlet spot in throat. 1/- ea.
Gold Eagle—Rich yellow, medium size, but very early. 9d. ea.
Golden Dream—Rich coloring of clear deep yellow on fine spikes. 1/- ea.
Juliana (Primulinus)—Soft yellow with edging of salmon pink, small flower but many open. 9d. ea.
King of Oranges (Primulinus)—Large flower of rich deep orange shade; one of the best. 1/6 ea.
Marnis—Round flowers of rich bright orange, shading to yellow in throat. 1/- ea.
Oraflame—A beautiful light orange, shading to a golden throat. Growth tall and strong. 2/6 ea.
Souvenir (Primulinus)—A splendid deep yellow. 9d. ea.

MINIATURE GLADIOLI.

- Spring blooming. Very free flowering and excellent for cut flowers.
Colvilli Alba (The Bride)—Pure white.
Cardinalis—Bright red.
Insignis—Scarlet with blue stripe.
Victoria—Scarlet with white stripe.
Peach Blossom—Pink.
 Price, 4d. ea., 3/6 doz.

GLOXINIAS

- Plant Aug. to Nov. For best results these require to be grown in a glass-house or bush-house.
Separate Colors. 1/3 ea., 14/- doz. **Mixed Colors,** 1/- ea., 10/- doz.

HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily)

- Plant April to June. Bloom profusely in early summer, excellent for table and very hardy. Ajax, orange; Apricot, lemon yellow; Aurantiaca Major, orange yellow, large; Fulva, double orange; Luteola, bronze yellow.
 All above, 1/- ea., 10/- doz. (Postage extra 3d. ea., 1/- doz.)

HIPPEASTRUMS (Amaryllis)

- Plant Dec. to March. Very majestic blooms in shades ranging from white streaked with red, to the deepest crimson.
First Choice (Selected Colors)—3/- ea.; 30/- doz.
Second Choice (Mixed Colors)—2/- ea.; 20/- doz.
 Postage extra on above, about 1/- ea.

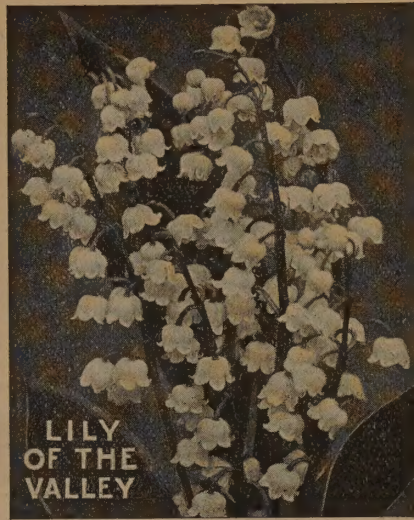
YATES' CHOICE FLOWERING BULBS



BEARDED FLAG IRIS



**RECAL LILY
(L. RECALE)**



**LILY
OF THE
VALLEY**

HYACINTHS

Plant Feb. to April. Succeed to perfection in our cool districts, but can be grown even in warm climates in a sheltered situation in an easterly aspect, protected from westerly winds, or in pots or bowls for indoor decoration.

Singles, Separate Colors—White, red, blue, pink or yellow. 1/- ea.; 11/- doz.; 80/- 100

Doubles, in similar separate colors. 1/- ea.; 11/- doz.

Singles and Doubles—Mixed colors for bedding and massing. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.; 50/- 100

Roman Hyacinths—White, fragrant. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

Candicans (Summer-Flowering Hyacinths)—Different in habit to the above, white flowers on very long stems. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

IRIS

No garden is complete without a bed of these beautiful flowering plants. Well-drained soil, watering in dry weather, and occasional dressings of lime are all that are necessary to cultivate these plants successfully; but the Japanese varieties dislike lime in any shape or form and prefer moist situations.

BEARDED FLAG.

Royal—Blue and violet.

Purple King—Crimson purple.

Inglebrog—Pure white.

Aurea—Golden yellow.

Queen of May—Pale rose.

Dalmatia—Large blue.

Machantha—Pale blue and indigo.

Madame Merveille—White and light blue.

Darius—Primrose and purple red.

Jacquinianna—Bronze carmine.

Madame Chereau—White edged violet blue.

Cypriana—Purple and indigo, large.

Price: 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

Postage: 3d. ea., 1/6 doz. extra.

Or a collection of one each for 10/6 post paid.

Extra Choice Varieties.

Alcazar—Purple blue and indigo.

Oriflamme—Very large blue and purple.

Incognito—Orange red and claret purple.

Aurora—Fine lilac shade.

Iris King—Crimson maroon and old gold.

Princess Victoria Louis—Pale yellow and plum color.

Prosper Laugier—Olive and purple violet.

Isoline—Bronze yellow, tinged pale rose.

Mary—White, rose, lilac frillings.

Maori King—Yellow standards, rich velvety crimson falls, reticulated white.

Mrs. Alan Gray—Mauve self.

Standard Bearer—Rich reddish purple.

Price: 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.

Postage: 3d. ea., 1/6 doz. extra.

Or a collection of one each for 16/6 post paid.

JAPANESE IRIS SINGLES

Royal—Deep blue and purple. White Wings—Pure white.

Princess—Pink. Delicate—Pale blue.

Juno—Violet red. Chloe—Dark blue.

Price: 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

Postage: 6d. ea., 2/- doz. extra.

JAPANESE IRIS DOUBLES

Zulu—Blue black.

Mauveen—Mauve.

Icicle—Pure white.

Emperor—Light purple.

Perfection—Maroon. Beauty—Pink netted and wine striped.

Price: 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.

Postage: 6d. ea., 2/- doz. extra.

A collection of one each of the above Twelve for 14/- post paid

IRIS SPANISH

Plant Feb. to April. Easily grown in any well-drained garden soil; like partial shade and shelter.

Named Sorts:

4d. ea.; 3/- doz. Post free.

Filomela—Mauve and creamy white.

King of the Yellows.

Hercules—Deep bronze.

L'Innocence—Pure white.

King of the Blues.

Non plus Ultra—Dark blue.

Mixed Colors—In great variety. 2/- doz.; 15/- 100, post free.

IRIS STYLOSA (Unguicularis)

Plant March-April. Much prized for winter flowering; if cut in bud stage will open perfectly indoors.

Blue, Pale Blue, or White. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.

IRIS OCHROLEUCA (Gigantea)

Plant March to July. Ivory white and yellow blooms, plants of tall habit. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

IRIS PAVONIA (Peacock Iris)

Plant April to June. Pale heliotrope blooms, blue blotch on each petal. 3d. ea.; 2/6 doz.

DUTCH IRIS

Plant Feb. to April. Similar to the Spanish Iris but larger blooms. Mixed Colors—3/6 doz.

IRIS SUSIANA (The Mourning Iris)

Plant May-June. Remarkably handsome blooms, brown color with dark netting. 2/6 ea.

IXIAS

Plant Feb. to May. Thrive in a well-drained soil in sunny situation. The colors range from white through the various shades of yellow, rose and crimson.

Named Varieties—3d. ea.; 2/- doz.

Achievement—Pink.

Golden Drop—Yellow, dark centre.

Purity—Pure white.

Lavendula—Lavender shade, tall.

Crateroides—Scarlet.

Magenta (Longiflora).

Finest Rainbow Mixture—All colors, including the best sorts.

1/- doz.; 7/6 100

Ixia Viridiflora (The Gorgeous Green Ixia)—4d. ea.; 3/- doz.; 20/- 100

KNIPHOFIA TRITOMA

(Torch Lily or Red Hot Poker)

Plant April to July. Extremely hardy and produces cones of brightly colored bell-shaped flowers on long thick stems.

Aurea—Yellow.

Grandiflora—Giant flowering

Corallina—Coral red.

red and yellow.

Uvaria—Red and yellow.

Nancy Burton—Red tinted

Ensifolia—Golden-yellow.

salmon.

Goldelsi—Pale yellow.

Star of Baden—Large bronze

Tubergeni—Orange, tall.

yellow.

Baby Joy—Bright scarlet.

Sandersi—Dark red and pale

J. Lowden—Red and yellow,

yellow.

tall.

All 1/- ea.; 10/- doz. Postage extra, 3d. ea., 1/3 doz.

Collection—1 root each of the 12 varieties, 10/6. Post free.

YATES' CHOICE FLOWERING BULBS



LYCORIS OR NERINE
JAPANESE SPIDER LILY



ORNITHOGALUM



SCILLA

LILIES

Plant May to Aug., except where otherwise stated. For the cultivation of these beautiful plants, a deep, rich, well-drained soil is best, and care should be taken to keep lime away from them. They should be left undisturbed for a few years, and only lifted and separated when the beds become overcrowded.

- Henryi**—Orange yellow, heavily spotted. 1/6 ea.
Pardalinum—Orange red, spotted. 1/- ea.
Phillippinense—Long trumpet, blooms pure white, sweet scented, requires shelter. 3/- ea.
Regale—White trumpet blooms, yellow throat shaded wine color; very hardy. 2/- ea.
Sargentine—Somewhat similar to Regale, funnel-shaped blooms, milk white with golden throat, outside deep reddish brown. 3/- ea.
Rubrum—A very beautiful type, white, suffused rose, heavily spotted. 1/6 ea.
Sulphureum—Large funnel blooms, pale yellow deepening at throat, outside tinged claret red. 4/- ea.
Sulphur Gale—A cross between Sulphureum and Regale, should be in every collection. 2/- ea.
Longiflorum (November Lily)—Beautiful pure white blooms, sweetly scented. Plant Feb. or March. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.
Tigrinum—Orange spotted with blue; very hardy. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

SPECIAL COLLECTION:

- 1 Bulb each of the first eight for 17/6. Post free.
 Postage extra on above, 3d. ea.; 1/6 doz.
Arum Lilies. See Callas.
Lilium Gloriosa (Climbing Lily) Hybrid—Fiery red with yellow bar. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz., post free. (Plant July-Oct.)

LILY OF THE VALLEY

Plant May to July. Thrive best in cool moist climates but can be grown in climates such as Sydney, given a southerly aspect and plenty of moisture.
Flowering Crowns. 4d. ea.; 3/6 doz.; 25/- 100

LACHENALIA (Cape Cowslip)

Splendid foliage and pretty tubular-shaped flowers. Good for pot culture.
Aurea—Yellow.
Quadricolor—Red, green-yellow and purple.
Tricolor—Red, yellow and green.
 All 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

MONTBRETIAS

These are a very hardy race of bulbous plants and will thrive almost anywhere, even in partial shade. Many new varieties have lately been introduced, and are a wonderful improvement on the older types, both in size and color.

Plant March to July.

- His Majesty**—Giant flowered velvety scarlet. 1/- ea.
Goldfinch—Yellow and maroon. 1/- ea.
Tragedie—Maroon and orange yellow. 6d. ea.
Queen of Spain—Golden orange. 1/- ea.
Nimbus—Gold with crimson band. 1/- ea.
Pocahontas—Coppery scarlet. 1/- ea.
Rosea—Pink. 6d. ea.
Prometheus—Orange yellow, red centre. 1/- ea.
Queen Charlotte—Orange scarlet. 1/- ea.

A collection of 1 Bulb each for 6/6. Post paid.
 We can also supply many of the older standard varieties at 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.; or Mixed Unnamed at 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

MORPHIXIA (Buff Ixia)

Plant Feb. to May. Reddish buff flowers, good for cutting, resembles Ixia. 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

MUSCARI (Grape Hyacinth)

Plant Feb. to April. Dwarf plants producing in the spring, numerous heads of small blue flowers. Suitable for massing in cool situations, or for pot culture. 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

NERINE

Plant December to March.
 Interesting and beautiful plants, very easily cultivated and are suitable for either pot culture or open border. They should be planted with the neck of the bulb above the surface of the soil.
Japonica (Lycoris)—Red Spider Lily. 8d. ea.
Japonica Alba—Pure white. 1/6 ea.
Fothergilli—Bright scarlet, spangled with gold. 2/- ea.
Rosea—Rose. 1/6 ea.
Sarniensis—Crimson. 1/6 ea.

ORNITHOGALUM

Plant Feb. to May. Last well when cut, very hardy.
Arabicum—White with black eye. 3d. ea.; 2/6 doz.
Thrysoides—White. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.
 Postage extra on above, 2d. ea.; 1/- doz.

PAEONIES

Plant June-July. Beautiful herbaceous plants which thrive in a cool moist climate. List of varieties on application, or we will select varieties for you.
 2/6 ea.; 28/- doz. Postage extra, 6d. ea.; 3/6 doz.

PANCRATIUM (Hymenocallis)

Plant April to June. Very pretty daffodil-like flowers.
Littoralis—White. 1/- ea.
Calathina—Ivory white. 1/6 ea.
Sulphur Queen—Yellow, sweet-scented. 3/6 ea.

RANUNCULUS

Plant Feb. to May. A beautiful decorative flower both for the garden and house; the cut blooms will last many days, while a bed of them is a delightful sight in the sunlight.
Asiaticus, Yates Superb Mixed—1/- doz.; 7/6 100; 60/- 1000

SCHIZOSTYLIS (Kaffir Lily)

Plant April to Aug. Gladioli-like flowers during summer and autumn. Excellent for cutting.
Coccinea—Scarlet. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.
Mrs. Hegarty—Pink. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.

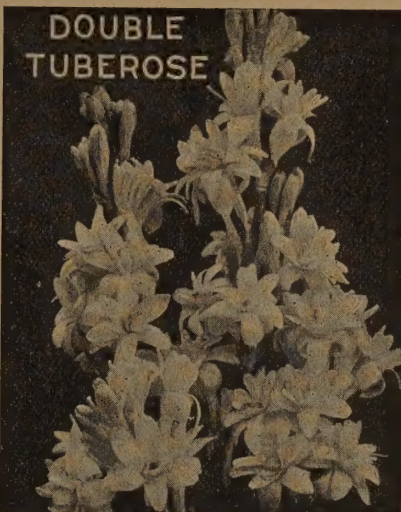
SCILLAS (Blue Bells)

These are very pretty flowering bulbous plants that are very suitable for growing under the shade of trees and shrubs, and make excellent subjects for bush-house cultivation.
 The blue variety is similar to the Blue Bells of England.
Campanulata—Blue. 3/- doz.; 20/- 100.
Campanulata—White. 3/- doz.; 20/- 100
Rosea—Pink. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

YATES' CHOICE FLOWERING BULBS



TIGRIDA PAVONIA



**DOUBLE
TUBEROSE**



**DARWIN
TULIPS**

SNOWFLAKES (*Leucojum*)

Often called Snowdrops, which they very closely resemble.
9d. doz.; 6/- 100
Giant Snowflakes. 1/6 doz.; 10/6 100

SPARAXIS

Plant Feb. to May. Brilliant colored plants, excellent for naturalising in grass.
Mixed Colors—1/- doz.; 7/- 100
Pulcherrima (Fairy Bells)—Pink. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

SPREKELIA FORMOSISSIMA (*Jacobean Lily*)

Plant Nov. to Dec. Deep crimson, very showy. 1/- ea.

STERNBERGIA LUTEA (*Autumn Crocus*)

Plant Dec. to March. Bright yellow, resembles the true *Crocus*. 8d. ea.; 6/- doz.

TULIPS

In the cool districts and especially on the highlands, these beautiful old-world favorites bloom to perfection, and even in climates similar to that of Sydney, if planted in cool semi-shaded positions, may produce fair blooms, of course not equal to those grown in the colder districts.

They will thrive in any well drained garden soil, but the coloring will be greatly improved if a liberal amount of old, well-decayed manure is placed say 4 or 5 inches below the bulbs, which should be planted about 3 or 4 inches deep.

We have devoted a considerable amount of time and expense in building up a wonderful collection on our Tasmanian Farm, where they thrive remarkably well, and we now offer the choicest varieties which we have obtained from all parts of the world.

The following are a selection, but we have also many others of equal merit.

- Remembrance—Lilac shaded rose.
- Pride of Haarlem—Brilliant rosy carmine, blue base.
- La Candeur—Creamy white.
- Marconi—Large violet flowers, with yellow centre.
- Clara Butt—Delicate salmon pink.
- Moralis—Deep purple, shaded white.
- Mrs. Farncombe Sanders—Brilliant dark rosy red, white base.
- Sieraad van Flora—Vivid rosy red.
- Nauticas—Purplish rose, dark violet base, shaded bronze.
- Madame Krelage—Bright lilac rose, margined pale silvery rose.
- Marnix van St. Aldegonde—Carmine rose, edged orange.
- Anton Roozen—Vivid rosy pink, white base.
- Miss Willmott—Primrose yellow.
- Inglescombe Yellow—Clear yellow.
- La Tulipe Noire—Maroon black.
- Ethel Roosevelt—Rose color with bright blue base.
- William Copeland—Soft lavender.
- The Sultan—Almost black.
- Nora Ware—Heliotrope.
- Glory—Brilliant scarlet.

Prices: 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.; 35/- 100

TULIPS—(Continued)

Mixed sorts, Unnamed, 4/6 doz.; 30/- 100
If the selection is left to us, we will send only those varieties (not necessarily from above list), that will suit the district, and produce the best effect in color, and the prices of the collection sent, will be as follows:—

2 each of 6 named sorts, 4/6
3 each of 12 named sorts, 11/6
Post Paid

TIGRIDA PAVONIA (*Tiger Flower*)

Plant June to Sept. A lovely crimson, iris-like flower, spotted with yellow. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

TRITONIAS

Plant Feb. to April. A South African bulb after the style of *Sparaxis* and *Ixias*. Fine for naturalising.
3d. ea.; 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100

TUBEROSE

Plant June to Aug. Fragrant, splendid for cutting.
Single or Double—
9d. ea.; 7/6 doz. (Postage extra, 3d. ea.; 1/6 doz.)

TULBAGHIA

A native of South Africa, bearing pretty mauve colored flowers in umbels on long straight stems, making them excellent for cutting. Blooms almost throughout the year.
Plant June to Sept.
Violacea—1/- ea.

VALLOTA PURPUREA (*Scarborough Lily*)

Plant March to Sept. Large bright red blooms in clusters.
1/3 ea.; 12/- doz.

WATSONIAS

Plant Feb. to May. Handsome border plants and very hardy.

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS

- Rosa Holloway—Large delicate pink. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.
- White Queen—Pure white compact. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.
- Pink Perfection (*Ixia* flowered)—Pink, ideal for cutting. 4d. ea.; 3/6 doz.
- Mauveen—Large deep mauve. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.
- Orangea—Orange scarlet, almost continuous blooming. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.
- Peach Blow—Peach blossom pink. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.
- Lady Fawkes—Salmon red. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

OLD STANDARD VARIETIES.

- O'Brieni Alba—Pure white. 3d. ea.; 2/6 doz.
- Marginata—Rosy pink. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.
- Coccinea—Orange scarlet. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.
- Rosea—Rosy red. 3d. ea.; 2/6 doz.
- Aletroides—Pendulous flowers, rich red with white tips. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

Postage extra on the above, 3d. ea.; 1/- doz.

(Continued in next column)



DAHLIAS

Dry tubers are available from September to November inclusive. Green plants from mid-November to early January. Those interested in Dahlias are kindly asked to write for our complete Dahlia list published about September, which includes the best obtainable from all sources. The following carriage free collections are offered and will be carefully selected to provide a wide range of colour.

Full catalogue of varieties available September.

General Collections—Carriage Free Dahlia Collection "A" Dahlia Collection "B"

12 named varieties (Our Selection).

Carriage free for .. **11/6**

1 tuber each of 6 choice Decorative, 4 Cactus and 2 Pæony type.

18 named varieties (Our Selection).

Carriage free for .. **17/6**

8 Decorative, 4 Cactus, 3 Pæony, and 3 Pomponé Dahlias.

Dahlia Collection "C"

25 named varieties (Our Selection).

Carriage free for .. **22/6**

Includes 9 Decorative, 6 Cactus, 6 Pomponé and 4 Pæony type Dahlias.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Plants available from September to about last week in November.

CHRYSANTHEMUM COLLECTION "A"

24 Double type (Our Selection). Carriage free for .. **18/6**

CHRYSANTHEMUM COLLECTION "C"

12 Single Chrysanthemums (Our Selection).

Carriage free for .. **10/-**

CHRYSANTHEMUM COLLECTION "B"

12 Double type (Our Selection). Carriage free for .. **10/-**

CHRYSANTHEMUM COLLECTION "D"

6 Double type (Our Selection). Carriage free for .. **5/-**

Write for Complete List, Published September next.



YATES' *Superb* ROSES

No flower has occupied the attention of horticulturists and hybridists to a greater extent than the Rose. The evolution, however, has been most rapid during the twentieth century, the rich colouring and beauty of form of many of the present-day Roses causing one to wonder as to how much further improvement can be carried.

Certainly a number of the modern Roses lack the vigour of older kinds, but their richness of colour is a compensation, and the complaint that present-day Roses lack perfume cannot be supported, with the existence of such fragrant varieties as General Macarthur, Etoile de Hollande, Hoosier Beauty, Rose Marie and many others. Our list of Roses has been reduced to include only the very best, the six illustrated in colour on page 104, being specially recommended. Our well-grown plants, including the latest Novelties from Europe, will be ready for distribution from early April to September. Write for Leaflet on Rose Cultivation.

Approximate weight of Rose Plants (not Standards), including packing: 1 plant, 1 lb.; 3 plants, 2 lbs.; 6 plants, 3 lbs.; 12 plants, 4 lbs.; each additional 6 plants, 1 lb. extra.

Packing Charges: 1 to 6 plants, 3d.; 7-12, 6d.; 13-25, 1/-; over 25, 1/6.

KEY TO TYPES: (T) Tea; (H.T.) Hybrid Tea; (H.P.) Hybrid Perpetual; (Pernet) Pernetiana.

NOVELTY ROSES FOR 1933

As all the novelties imported by us for distribution this season have already flowered, we are able to indicate the most promising. Comtesse Vandal, Leon Chenault, Leslie Dudley, Mme. R. Gaujard and Sir Henry Seagrave are specially recommended as being distinct and very attractive.

Prices as stated—packing and carriage extra.

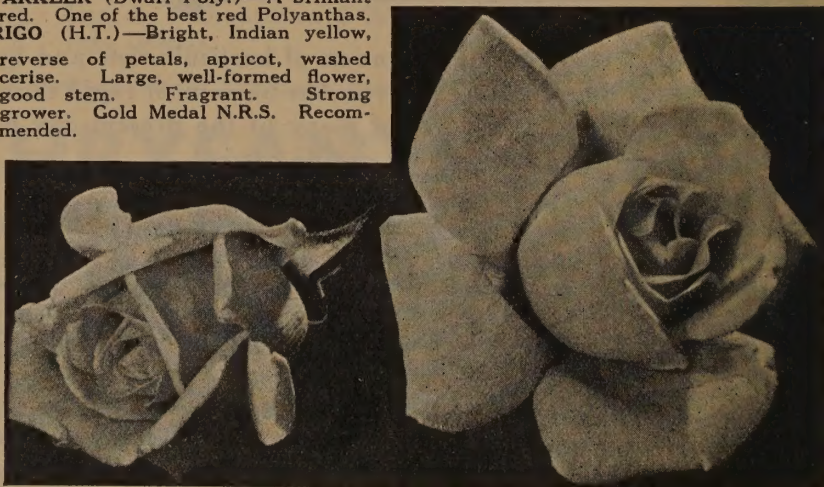
- AUREATE (H.T.)**—Orange in bud, opening to large, well-shaped bloom of sunflower yellow, shaded orange-scarlet. Moderate, erect growth; scented. Gold Medal Nat. Rose Society, England. 4/-.
- BARONESS KRAIJERHOFF (H.T.)**—Peach, shaded salmon, large blooms, scented. Strong, bushy growth. 4/-.
- CHAS. H. RIGG (H.T.)**—Deep rose pink, nice shape. Scented, vigorous. 4/-.
- CLG. ETOILE DE HOLLANDE (H.T.)**—The fragrant, red bush rose "Etoile de Hollande" is considered by many to be the finest of all red roses. We now offer the climbing form, confident that it will prove to be the outstanding red climbing rose. 4/-.
- COMTESSE VANDAL (H.T.)**—Reddish copper in bud, opening to nicely formed full flower of buff and salmon with coppery-salmon reverse. Good healthy grower. Has received four Gold Medals in Europe. This rose is indeed a novelty and a very beautiful one. Highly recommended. 4/-.
- EDITOR MACFARLAND (H.T.)**—Large, full flower. Colour, bright rose, shaded salmon. Vigorous erect grower. Awarded two Gold Medals in Europe. 4/-.
- GIPSY LASS (H.T.)**—Scarlet crimson, with blackish shading. Blooms very full, richly scented. Growth vigorous. 4/-.
- HEINRICH GAEDE (Pernet.)**—Coppery salmon, moderately large. Resembles "Mme. Edouard Herriot." 4/-.
- LEON CHENAULT (H.T.)**—Rich, deep salmon, nicely shaped blooms, very large, fairly full. Good grower, highly recommended. 4/-.
- LESLIE DUDLEY (H.T.)**—A rose of many pretty shades, outside of petals soft pink, buff and gold, deepening to carmine, orange and salmon. Nicely shaped flowers of medium size. Scented. Vigorous bushy grower. Gold Medal of Nat. Rose Society, England. 4/-.
- MME. R. GAUJARD (Olympiad) (Pernet.)**—A magnificent bloom, large, full and good shape. Colour Oriental scarlet with yellow base, covered with a velvety sheen. Vigorous growth. Gold Medal, Bagatelle, France, 1930. This is undoubtedly the outstanding novelty of the year. Highly recommended. 4/-.
- MRS. HENRI DAENDELS (H.T.)**—Flesh pink in the bud, opening to apricot yellow. Vigorous, bushy growth. Claimed to be an improvement on the "Rev. F. Page Roberts." 4/-.
- MRS. H. JOHNSON (H.T.)**—Rose pink, deeper at the centre. Bloom large, very full. Growth vigorous. 4/-.
- MRS. PAUL GOUDIE (Pernet.)**—Colour, yellow with petals heavily margined carmine scarlet. Large, full blooms, scented. Vigorous bushy growth. 4/-.
- MRS. T. B. DOXFORD (H.T.)**—Inside of petals pale buff and peach, salmon-carmine reverse. Medium size flowers, scented. Growth vigorous. 4/-.
- RUBY MANWARING (H.T.)**—Sport of Betty Up-riehard—velvety scarlet to carmine, vigorous growth like the original. 4/-.
- SIR HENRY SEAGRAVE (H.T.)**—Pale Primrose yellow with deeper base. Large, full, well-formed flower. Scented. Vigorous hardy grower. Recommended. 4/-.
- SOUV. DE H. VENOT (H.T.)**—Very full, brilliant red flowers, sweetly scented. Vigorous. 4/-.

NEW ROSES OF LAST SEASON

Price 2/6 each. Packing and Carriage Extra.

After a further season's trial, the following varieties have been selected as being the best of the 1932 introductions; Clg. Daily Mail Scented and Clg. Souv. de Mme. Boulet being specially recommended.

- CLG. DAILY MAIL SCENTED (Clg. H.T.)**—A climbing sport of the "Daily Mail Scented" rose. Rich, deep, velvety red with a scarlet sheen. Recommended.
- CLG. SOUV. DE MME. BOULET (Clg. H.T.)**—Climbing sport of the popular dwarf. Deep, apricot yellow, long buds, tea scent. Recommended.
- VIOLET SIMPSON (H.T.)**—Vivid, shrimp pink. Erect growth, disease-resistant foliage; fine shaped bloom; scented.
- E. J. LUDDING (H.T.)**—Deep pink, shaded salmon. Blooms full and well-formed. Vigorous grower. Gold medal at "The Hague," July, 1930. Recommended.
- SPARKLER (Dwarf Poly.)**—A brilliant red. One of the best red Polyanthas.
- TRIGO (H.T.)**—Bright, Indian yellow, reverse of petals, apricot, washed cerise. Large, well-formed flower, good stem. Fragrant. Strong grower. Gold Medal N.R.S. Recommended.
- EILEEN DOROTHEA (H.T.)**—Bright, reddish crimson, shaded deeper at edges. Blooms medium size, moderately full. Fragrant. Hardy, vigorous grower.
- HEINRICH WENDLAND (H.T.)**—Reverse of petals is deep golden yellow, inside, vivid, nasturtium red with yellow base, lightening as flower ages. A very richly coloured rose, large, full and well formed. Vigorous growth. Recommended.
- HERMAN EGGERS (H.T.)**—Very large, bright red, very full; vigorous grower. Exhibition.
- PORTADOWN FRAGRANCE (H.T.)**—Salmon pink, flushed orange scarlet. Blooms fairly large, full and delightfully fragrant. Colour varies. Gold Medal N.R.S. Highly recommended. (See coloured illustration.)



The recently-introduced popular Bush Rose, Souv. de Mme. Boulet, a climbing sport of which is offered in this subsection.

ROSES—GENERAL LIST

Price 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and Carriage Extra.

REDS.

- Daily Mail Scented (H.T.)**—Rich, deep velvety red with a scarlet sheen. Blooms moderately full, growth moderate to vigorous. Richly fragrant (see also Climber, 1932 Novelty).
- Dr. Hawkesworth (H.T.)**—Crimson, shaded maroon. Medium-sized blooms, good shape, long stems. Scented. Vigorous.
- E. G. HILL (H.T.)**—Dazzling scarlet, deepening to red as bloom develops, large full blooms, sweetly scented; growth moderately vigorous. Suitable garden or exhibition.
- EARL HAIG (H.T.)**—Deep crimson, large full blooms of exhibition standard. Growth vigorous. Scented.
- ETOILE DE HOLLANDE (H.T.)**—"The best red rose in commerce." Large fragrant blooms, moderately full, of brilliant crimson. Growth is vigorous, good foliage. Recommended.
- GENERAL MACARTHUR (H.T.)**—Light crimson, a popular garden rose. Healthy foliage. Highly fragrant. (See also climbers.)
- George Dickson (H.T.)**—Large double blooms, deep rich crimson, veined and shaded velvety black. Extra vigorous.
- HADLEY (H.T.)**—Rich velvety crimson, blooms good shape and size. Sweetly scented. Foliage mildew-resistant. Growth vigorous. Recommended. (See also climbers.)
- HOOSIER BEAUTY (H.T.)**—Deep velvety red, veined black. Scented. Recommended as one of the best garden reds. (See also climbers.)
- K. of K. (H.T.)**—Intense scarlet, a beautiful decorative rose, semi-single. Free flowering, vigorous.
- Lady Helen Maglona (H.T.)**—A fine fragrant, dark red. Large, full blooms. Growth moderately vigorous.
- LAURENT CARLE (H.T.)**—Bright crimson, large, full blooms, sweetly scented. Growth vigorous. A popular red for garden or exhibition. (See also climbers.)
- Lord Castlereagh (H.T.)**—The darkest semi-double red rose. Growth is vigorous and healthy. Fragrant.
- LORD CHARLEMONT (H.T.)**—Carmine crimson, buds long and pointed. Sweetly scented. Growth vigorous.
- MARCHIONESS OF LINLITHGOW (H.T.)**—Blackish crimson, strongly perfumed. Moderate grower.
- McGREDY'S SCARLET**—One of the most promising novelties. Very large blooms, fairly full. A vigorous grower. Best in cool weather or in autumn.
- MRS. W. E. LENON (H.T.)**—Reddish carmine, very large, long pointed blooms, not very full, but very fragrant. Vigorous grower.
- MRS. GEORGE GEARY (H.T.)**—Orange cerise, shaded red; large, very full blooms. Vigorous grower, free blooming.
- Mrs. H. Winnett (H.T.)**—Crimson, blooms full, of good form; fragrant. Vigorous.
- Penelope (H.T.)**—A bi-colour, centre creamy white, outer petals marked and shaded deep red. Nicely formed. Growth generally moderate.
- Red Letter Day (H.T.)**—Brilliant scarlet crimson, semi-double, free flowering, vigorous. Recommended for garden or hedge.
- RED RADIANCE**—Sport from Radiance, same growth and habit, colour light red, darker in late autumn and winter. Recommended for garden or cut flowers. (See also climbers.)
- SENSATION (H.T.)**—Rich velvety crimson, shaded deeper, sometimes veined with black. Blooms are large, full and nicely formed. Fragrant. Growth moderately vigorous. See coloured illustration.

Souv. de Georges Pernet (Pernetiana)—Orient red, blooms large, full and perfect shape. Vigorous. (See also climbers.)

Star of Queensland (H.T.)—Deep crimson maroon, fairly full blooms, thrives best in warm climates. Vigorous.

Yves Druhen (H.T.)—The darkest free blooming rose. Dark velvety red, shaded black, medium-sized blooms, fairly full. Vigorous.

YATES' "SIX" OF 1933

for 9/6, Packed, Carriage Free.

Mabel Turner

Mrs. Bryce Allen

President Herbert Hoover (1931 Novelty)

M. G. Van Rossem

Portadown Fragrance (1932 Novelty)

Sensation

For descriptions see this and adjacent pages, also coloured illustration, page 104.

PINK AND SALMON.

BETTY UPRICHARD (H.T.)—Inner face of petals delicate salmon pink, reverse glowing carmine, tinted orange. Blooms large, semi-double, scented. Vigorous grower.

Chas. P. Kilham (H.T.)—Orient red in bud, opening to deep salmon, shapely buds on long stems. Foliage mildew-proof. Growth moderately vigorous.

COLUMBIA (H.T.)—Deep pink, nicely formed flowers, long stems. Fragrant. One of the best for garden or cut flowers. Vigorous growth, few thorns. (See also climbers.)

Dainty Bess (H.T.)—A delicate salmon pink. Large single blooms with pretty reddish golden stamens. Fades in hot weather; beautiful in late autumn. Vigorous.

Dame Edith Helen (H.T.)—Glowing pink, perfectly shaped blooms (70 to 80 petals), borne on upright stiff stems. Reliable for exhibition, moderately vigorous growth. Must not be heavily pruned.

Duchess of Sutherland (H.T.)—Long, perfectly shaped buds of delicate rose pink. Tall upright grower. Garden or exhibition.

ETHEL SOMERSET (H.T.)—Shrimp pink, edge of petals deep flesh. Large blooms of good form, suitable garden or exhibition.

FEDERICO CASAS (Pernetiana)—A very attractive flower. Red in bud opening to large, richly-shaded red and yellow, semi-double bloom. Growth bushy. Gold Medal Saverne, 1929.

HILDA (H.T.)—Light pink, reverse of petals bright carmine. Large, very full, well shaped blooms. Vigorous grower.

JONKHEER J. L. MOCK (H.T.)—Inside of petals silvery pink, reverse carmine; blooms large and of good form. Growth vigorous and erect. Recommended for garden or exhibition. (See also climbers.)

THE "BOUNTIFUL" COLLECTION.

Twelve Bush Roses, assorted, our selection.

For 15/-, Packing and Carriage Extra—N.S.W., 2/-;

Other States, 3/6.

Konigin Carola (H.T.)—Soft pink, large full blooms; a perfect exhibition rose; also recommended for garden.

Lady Ashtown (H.T.)—Large, full blooms of perfect form, colour pale rose. Growth moderately vigorous. Garden or exhibition.

La France (H.T.)—Large, full blooms, pale rose, reverse of petals deeper. Sweetly scented. Growth is moderate. Prune lightly.

MABEL TURNER (H.T.)—Blooms very large, of exhibition form; colour, pale pink shaded deep salmon. Growth sturdy. Recommended. See coloured illustration.

MME. ABEL CHATENAY (H.T.)—One of the oldest and best pink roses in commerce. Rosy pink, shaded salmon, base of petals deeper. Large well formed blooms, long stems. Growth vigorous. (See also climbers.)

MME. BUTTERFLY (H.T.)—Apricot, pink and gold on pale flesh ground. Blooms moderately full and fragrant. Healthy grower. (See also climbers.)

MME. SEGOND WEBER (H.T.)—Colour clear salmon rose, extra large, with fine stiff petals. Recommended for garden or exhibition. (See also climbers.)

Maman Cochet (T.)—Deep flesh pink shaded carmine on outer petals. A large heavy bloom, best in warm weather. No scent. (See also climbers.)

MARGARET McGREDY (H.T.)—Orange scarlet, opening to orange salmon. Large, well-shaped blooms. A vigorous grower. Recommended.

MRS. BRYCE ALLEN (H.T.)—Carmine rose, full globular bloom, richly scented. Exhibition or garden. Recommended. See coloured illustration.

MRS. CHAS. J. BELL (H.T.)—The shell-pink Radiance; a sport from Radiance, resembling the popular favorite in all but colour, being a delicate shell-pink; at its best in cool weather. Scented.

MRS. GEO SHAWYER (H.T.)—Clear rose pink, blooms are large, well formed and full. Excellent show rose, also recommended for garden. Vigorous. (See also climbers.)

OLIVER MEE (H.T.)—Deep salmon, flushed fawn. Very large blooms of excellent shape. Glossy foliage. Vigorous growth.

RADIANCE (H.T.)—A popular garden and cut flower variety. Inner face of petals silvery pink, reverse carmine. Large full blooms carried on long stems. (See also climbers.)

ROSE MARIE (H.T.)—Rose pink, nicely shaped buds, opening to a good full flower. Rich, fruity scent. Vigorous and free flowering. Recommended. (See also climbers.)

Sunny South (H.T.)—Bright pink, flushed carmine, large semi-double flowers. A vigorous growing decorative rose, useful for hedge or garden.

Una Wallace (H.T.)—Soft cherry rose throughout. Large, well shaped blooms. Scented. Vigorous. Garden or exhibition.

YELLOW AND COPPER.

Alex. Hill Gray (T.)—Lemon yellow, good size bloom, suitable exhibition or garden. Vigorous.

Angele Pernet (Pernetiana)—Orange yellow, shaded fiery red, outside of petals golden yellow. Beautifully coloured. Scented. Moderate growth. Glossy foliage.

ASPIRANT M. ROUYER (H.T.)—Deep apricot, lighter on outer petals. Nicely shaped blooms moderately full. Recommended.

AUTUMN (H.T.)—Brownish orange, streaked with red. Colour varies. Upright growth, good foliage. Fruity scent.

ROSES—GENERAL LIST (continued)

YELLOW AND COPPER—(Continued)
Canary (H.T.)—Buds clear, golden yellow, opening to moderately full blooms of clear canary yellow, vigorous growth. Foliage mildew-proof.
ELEGANTE (H.T.)—Creamy yellow, of good form. Scented. Healthy grower, makes shapely bush.
GAJETTY (H.T.)—Buds are very attractive, being orange, flushed with vermillion and old rose, opening to well shaped blooms of moderate size and fullness. Growth is vigorous and compact. Recommended.
GOLDEN DAWN (H.T.)—Buds rich yellow, flushed with old rose, paling to lemon yellow as flower ages. Blooms are large and of good form, growth vigorous. Recommended for garden or exhibition.
Golden Emblem (Pernetiana)—Rich golden yellow, shaded red on outer petals. Large well shaped blooms. Grows best as a standard.
GOLDEN OPHELIA (H.T.)—A rich golden yellow in the bud, opening to medium-sized blooms, lighter on outer petals. Useful cut flower or garden variety. (See also climbers.)
Hugo Roller (T.)—Lemon yellow, petals edged and suffused with crimson. Blooms medium-size and good shape. Moderate grower.
Irish Elegance (H.T.)—Colour coppery orange in bud, opening to single flowers of varying shades of apricot. Vigorous, healthy grower.
Irish Fireflame (H.T.)—Coppery red in bud, opening to single blooms of coppery yellow and pale biscuit. Sweetly scented. (See also climbers.)
JULIEN POTIN (Pernetiana)—Rich golden yellow. Long buds opening to large flowers of perfect form. Scented. Growth moderately vigorous.
LADY HILLINGDON (T.)—Orange yellow, not very full, but the long-pointed buds are very pretty. Has been a favourite garden yellow for over 20 years. (See also climbers.)

Mme. Edouard Herriot (Pernetiana)—Coral red in bud, shaded yellow at base, opening to prawn red and salmon. Growth moderate. Grows best as standard in coastal districts. (See also climbers.)
MME. PIERRE S. DU PONT (H.T.)—Rich yellow, long buds, scented. Disease resistant foliage, vigorous grower.
M. G. VAN ROSSEM (H.T.)—Flamed orange and apricot on a golden yellow base. Reverse of petals is bronze. Blooms fairly full. Growth moderately vigorous. Very pretty. (See coloured illustration.)
MRS. DUNLOP BEST (H.T.)—One of the best yellow roses in cultivation. Reddish apricot, moderately full. Free flowering, strong healthy grower, makes a shapely bush.
PORTADOWN BEDDER (H.T.)—Outside of petals orange-yellow, centre deep apricot. Bushy growth. Scented. 30 to 35 petals.
PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER (H.T.)—Large, semi-double blooms, outer petals claret red, inner petals deep, salmon flesh to fawn. Vigorous grower. (See coloured illustration.)
REV. F. PAGE ROBERTS (H.T.)—One of the most beautiful roses ever introduced. Deep golden yellow, overlaid and veined with coppery orange on reverse of petals. Large, full blooms. Fragrant. Growth moderately vigorous. Garden, exhibition or cut flowers.
ROSELANDIA (H.T.)—A sport from "Golden Ophelia. Deep orange yellow. Blooms of medium size, freely produced. Scented.
SHOT SILK (H.T.)—Bright, cherry cerise, flushed salmon orange and rose. Blooms medium size, fairly full. Foliage glossy, growth moderately vigorous. (See also climbers.)

SOUV. DE CLAUDIUS PERNET (Pernetiana)—Sunflower yellow, deeper in centre; large, full, perfectly formed flowers, upright stiff stems. Glossy foliage. Moderate to vigorous growth. (See also climbers.)
SOUV. DE MME. BOULLET (H.T.)—Deep orange yellow, long buds opening to fairly full flowers. Growth vigorous. A good garden yellow. (See also climber, 1932 Novelty.)
SOUV. DE H. A. VERSCHUREN (H.T.)—Yellow to orange, blooms large, full and well shaped, carried on rigid stem. Free blooming and vigorous. Scented.
Sunburst (H.T.)—Yellow, with deep orange centre, long pointed buds, blooms large and fairly full. Free flowering and vigorous. (See also climbers.)
Sunstar (H.T.)—Pretty buds opening to medium-sized, semi-double blooms. Colour, orange, edged and veined crimson and vermillion. Moderately vigorous grower. Good foliage. (See also climbers.)
TALISMAN (H.T.)—One of the most richly coloured roses yet introduced. Shades of scarlet, pink, copper and gold are to be found, but colour is extremely variable. Scented; nice buds, good growth. Recommended.

WHITE AND LIGHT COLOURS.

Caledonia (H.T.)—Pure white of exhibition standard, scented. Good growth. Foliage mildew-proof.
FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (H.P.)—A favourite pure white, large blooms, extra vigorous, semi-climbing growth.
K. A. VICTORIA (H.T.)—Still one of the best whites; large blooms of perfect exhibition form. (See also climbers.)
Konigin Luise (H.T.)—White with greenish tinge. A recent introduction. Recommended for exhibition.
LORD ROSSMORE (H.T.)—A perfect exhibition rose, large beautifully shaped blooms of a delicate creamy flesh colour. Vigorous grower. Gold Medal.
Mme. Jules Bouche (H.T.)—White, flushed pink; large well formed blooms. Scented. Vigorous.
Molly Sharman Crawford (H.T.)—Greenish white, full, well shaped blooms of good size. Moderately vigorous grower.
Mrs. Chas. Lamplough (H.T.)—Cream, tinted pink, very large, full and well shaped blooms. A frequent winner of champion honours at shows. Upright, vigorous grower.
MRS. HAROLD BROCKLEBANK (H.T.)—Creamy white, centre buff, outer petals sometimes tinted salmon rose. Large, full blooms; good shape. Show or garden; vigorous grower.
Mrs. H. R. Darlington (H.T.)—Creamy white, sometimes yellow in centre when opened out; a perfectly formed bloom. Exhibition or garden. Growth moderately vigorous.
MRS. H. STEVENS (T.)—One of the best white roses, long-pointed buds, large blooms. Suitable exhibition or garden. Vigorous grower. (See also climbers.)
MRS. LOVELL SWISHER (H.T.)—Colour pale flesh, outside of petals shaded lilac rose. Large, full, shapely blooms. Vigorous grower. Tea scented.
Phoebe (H.T.)—Colour cream, deeper in centre. Perfectly shaped blooms of medium size; very refined. Vigorous.
WHITE ENSIGN (H.T.)—White, flushed cream, blooms of medium size, lasting well when cut. Vigorous.
WHITE MAMAN COCHET (T.)—Creamy white, tinted deep pink to red on outer petals. Large heavy blooms. Exhibition or garden. Mildew-proof foliage. Vigorous. (See also climbers.)



Oliver Mee (See Pink and Salmon Section on previous page)

CLIMBING ROSES

(Not including Wichuraiana or Dorothy Perkins type)

Price 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and Carriage Extra.

Climbing Roses may be grown on arches or pergolas, trellises, fences, etc. When planting, the budded side or shoot should be directed towards the support.

REDS.

BLACKBOY—The best red climbing rose, colour deep, blackish crimson, blooms not very full but freely produced on established plants. Suitable for arch or pergola.

Clg. General Macarthur—A vigorous, light red, suitable for arch or pergola. Ample, mildew-proof foliage. Fragrant.

CLG. HADLEY—A valuable recent addition to the list of red climbers. Resembling the popular dwarf variety. Mildew-proof, fragrant. Recommended.

Clg. Hoosier Beauty—A moderately vigorous, dark red climber, mildew-proof. Fragrant.

CLG. LAURENT CARLE—A scented red climber, mildew-proof and vigorous.

CLG. RED RADIANCE—A vigorous climber, blooms light red, identical with the parent bush rose. Suitable for all purposes.

Clg. Souv. de Georges Pernet—A recent introduction. Orient red, an uncommon shade in climbers. Large beautifully shaped blooms of exhibition standard.

COUNTESS OF STRADBROKE—A recent introduction and a rival to "Blackboy" as the most popular red climber. Large fairly full blooms of dark velvety crimson. Rich fragrance. Nice foliage.

MISS MARION MANIFOLD—A vigorous climber producing large, fairly full blooms, of crimson scarlet.

Noella Nabonnand—The most fragrant red climbing rose in commerce. Rather loose blooms of carmine crimson. Worth growing for its fragrance alone.

PAUL'S SCARLET CLIMBER—A vigorous climber, blooms in clusters of medium size, dazzling scarlet.

ROYAL SCARLET HYBRID—Related to Paul's Scarlet Climber, but, deeper and richer in colour and blooms along the stems of previous season's growth.

PINK.

CLG. COLUMBIA—Climbing form of the popular pink bush rose. Free blooming and mildew-proof. Recommended.

Flying Colours—A large cerise pink single rose, makes a bright show on trellis, arch or pergola; one of the earliest to commence blooming in the spring. Good foliage. Recommended.

SPECIAL COLLECTION OF CLIMBING ROSES

Six assorted Climbing Roses, our selection (not ramblers) for 7/6, Packing and Carriage Extra—N.S.W., 1/6; Other States, 2/6.

Clg. Jonkheer J. L. Mock—A vigorous climbing form of the bush variety. Produces very large blooms, petals of silvery pink, carmine reverse.

Kitty Kininmonth—A beautiful climbing rose with very large bright carmine pink blooms. Recommended for all purposes.

Clg. Los Angeles—Rich, coppery salmon blooms of excellent form and size. A beautiful rose, but does not carry sufficient foliage for use on arch or pergola.

CLG. MME. ABEL CHATENAY—A favorite pink climber, suitable for all purposes. Free blooming and vigorous. Scented.

Clg. Mme. Butterfly—Colour pale flesh, flushed coppery pink at centre. Colour varies, vigorous. Scented.

Clg. Mme. Cecil Brunner—A favorite miniature rose, colour salmon flesh, centre of coppery salmon, borne in sprays up to 60 and 70 buds.

CLG. MME. SECOND WEBER—A beautiful pink climber producing very large full blooms of silvery pink shaded salmon rose. Recommended for all purposes.

Clg. Maman Cochet—One of the most vigorous climbing roses. Large, heavy, pink blooms. Mildew-proof.

CLG. MRS. GEO. SHAWYER—A vigorous climbing form of the pink dwarf. Produces extra large blooms of exhibition standard.

CLG. RADIANCE—A climbing form of the popular pink bush of same name. A vigorous free blooming climber suitable for arch or pergola.

CLG. ROSE MARIE—A richly scented climber, blooms clear rose pink, of good shape. Recommended.

Mme. Driout (Striped Reine Marie Henriette)—Perhaps the most unique coloured climber. Pale rose, striped carmine; vigorous.

Sachsengruss—A vigorous climber producing very large, soft pink blooms. Buds do not open freely in cold weather, but the flower at its best is excellent.

CLG. SHOT SILK (Knight)—This locally raised variety is assured an appreciative reception, providing a new colour in climbers. The glossy foliage and coppery salmon blooms being identical with the well-known and popular bush variety. Highly recommended.

YELLOW AND COPPER.

CLG. IRISH FIREFLAME—One of the most beautiful single climbers. Sweetly scented blooms of biscuit, shaded copper, outer petals coppery red in bud stage. Recommended.

CLG. LADY HILLINGDON—One of the best yellow climbing roses. Free blooming, good foliage.

CLG. MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT—Coppery salmon, moderate growing climber. Very attractive.

Clg. Souv. de Claudius Pernet (Clg. Pernetiana)—Clear sunflower yellow. A vigorous climber of the popular dwarf. Glossy foliage. Recommended.

Clg. Sunburst—Colour orange yellow, paler on outer petals, nice long buds.

CLG. SUNSTAR—A moderately vigorous climber, beautiful in bloom and foliage; colour golden yellow with coppery shading and veining. Recommended.

Cloth of Gold—An old variety. Sulphur yellow to cream blooms, moderately full. Vigorous climber.

Marechal Neil—An old favorite yellow, beautifully scented.

MERMAID—Large single creamy yellow blooms freely produced. Vigorous climbing growth, beautiful glossy foliage. Highly recommended for all purposes.

WHITE AND LIGHT COLOURS.

Clg. K. A. Victoria—One of the best white climbers. Large shapely blooms. Does not carry enough foliage for growing on pergola or arch.

CLG. MRS. H. STEVENS—A fine vigorous white climbing rose. Large well-shaped blooms.

CLG. WHITE MAMAN COCHET—A vigorous climber requiring plenty of space and strong support. Large heavy blooms.



Gloria Mundi, listed in Dwarf Polyantha Roses next page. It is one of the really outstanding introductions of recent years.

DWARF POLYANTHA ROSES

These little cluster roses bloom about 7 months in the year, and are excellent for permanent borders or massing in beds; they grow about 18 inches to 2 feet in height.

Plant about 18 inches apart.

Price 1/6 each, 16/- dozen.

Carriage and Packing Extra.

Alice Amos—Colour cherry pink with white eye. Makes a bright display. Mildew-proof foliage. Recommended.

Ellen Poulsen—A bright pink, blooms large and double; nice foliage. Recommended.

FIREGLOW—Fiery orange red, very brilliant. Small flowers. Recommended.

Golden Salmon (Syn. "Goldlachs" and "Orange Perfection")—Sport from "Ideal"; colour is fiery golden salmon. Fades quickly, but beautiful in autumn.

GLORIA MUNDI (See photo, p. 115)—

This is an outstanding introduction. Colour is glowing orange vermilion, the small dainty blooms, which are double, are borne in pretty sprays. This variety is a distinct improvement on "Golden Salmon" as it does not fade. Dwarf growth. It has received four Gold Medals and several Awards in Europe.

George Elger—Golden yellow in bud, paler when opened.

Ideal—One of the best Polyanthas, very dark red. Recommended.

Lady Reading—A carmine red sport of Ellen Poulsen, nice foliage. Recommended.

Miss Edith Cavell—Scarlet crimson; an attractive Polyantha.

Mme. Cecil Brunner—A perfect rose in miniature. Soft pink, shaded coppery salmon in centre. Grows 3 to 4 feet. (See also climbers.)

Orleans Rose—Rosy cerise, with white eye. (See also climbers.)

Yvonne Rabier—The best white Polyantha, lemon scented, glossy foliage.

WICHURAIANA (or Trailing) ROSES

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and Carriage Extra.

These are useful for quickly covering banks, outbuildings, fences, etc.

American Pillar—Bright pink, single flowers, about 2 inches across with clear white eye, produced in large clusters. Glossy foliage. Recommended.

Dorothy Perkins—Colour rich, soft rose, double blooms, borne in clusters.

Excelsa—Light red, like "Dorothy Perkins," only deeper colour.

Emily Gray—Golden yellow; one of the best of this type. Clusters of double blooms.

Shower of Gold—Glossy foliage, large trusses of double yellow flowers.

They bloom about Nov.-Dec.

Sander's White—An improvement on "White Dorothy Perkins." Clusters of double white blooms.

Romeo—The best red Wichuraiana. Glossy foliage.

White Dorothy Perkins—Identical with "Dorothy Perkins" except colour.

STANDARD ROSES

These are the same varieties as the Dwarf or Bush Roses, but are budded on straight briar stems two feet six to three feet in height. Their particular feature is that annuals, etc., may be grown close up to them. For descriptions see general lists.

Price 4/- each, 45/- dozen. Packing and Freight Extra.

Freight—As Standards are usually too long to be sent by post, please include sufficient money to cover freight by Passenger train. Approximate weight packed, 3 Standards 6 lbs., 6—10 lbs., 12—20 lbs. Packing 3d. each, 9d. for 6, 1/6 for 12.

Red Shades

Etoile de Hollande

General Macarthur

Hadley

Hoosier Beauty

Laurent Carle

Red Letter Day

Red Radiance

Pink and Salmon

Betty Uprichard

Chas. P. Kilham

Columbia

Ethel Somerset

Jonkheer J. L. Mock

Los Angeles

Maman Cochet (Pink)

Mme. Abel Chatenay

Mme. Butterfly

Mme. Segond Weber

Mrs. Bryce Allen

Mrs. Chas. J. Bell

Mrs. Geo. Shawyer

PINK AND SALMON (continued)

Radiance

Rose Marie

Sunny South

Yellow and Copper

Angele Pernet

Elegante

Gaiety

Golden Dawn

Golden Emblem

Golden Ophelia

Lady Hillingdon

YELLOW AND COPPER (continued)

Mme. Ed. Herriot

Mrs. Dunlop Best

Rev. F. Page Roberts

Shot Silk

Souv. de Claudius Pernet

Souv. de H. A. Verschuren

Souv. de Mme. Boulet

Sunstar

White and Light Colors

K. A. Victoria

Molly Sharmar Crawford

Mrs. H. Brocklebank

Mrs. H. Stevens

Roses for Special Situations and Purposes

FOR SANDY AND SEASIDE PLACES. For descriptions, see general lists.

BUSH ROSES

Reds—Etoile de Hollande, E. G. Hill, General Macarthur, George Dickson, Hadley, Hoosier Beauty, Laurent Carle, Red Letter Day, Red Radiance.

Pink Shades—Columbia, Ethel Somerset, J. J. L. Mock, Mme. Abel Chatenay, Maman Cochet, Mrs. Chas. J. Bell, Radiance, Sunny South.

Yellow and Copper—Irish Elegance (Single), Irish Fireflame (Single), Lady Hillingdon, Mrs. Dunlop Best, Souv. de Mme. Boulet.

BUSH ROSES (Continued)

White and Light Colours—Frau Karl Druschki, K. A. Victoria, Mme. Jules Bouche, Mrs. Harold Brocklebank, White Maman Cochet.

CLIMBERS

Blackboy (Red)

Clg. Columbia (Pink)

Clg. General Macarthur (Red)

Clg. Hillingdon (Yellow)

Clg. Laurent Carle (Red)

Clg. Shot Silk (Coppery)

CLIMBERS (Continued)

Clg. Mme. Abel Chatenay (Pink)

Clg. Mad. Seg. Weber (Pink)

Clg. Maman Cochet (Pink)

Clg. Mme. Butterfly (Salmon & Flesh)

Clg. Radiance (Pink)

Clg. Red Radiance

Flying Colours (Single Pink)

Mermaid (Single Yellow)

Paul's Scarlet Climber

Royal Scarlet Hybrid

Clg. White Maman Cochet

PERGOLAS AND ARCHES

Reds—Blackboy, Clg. Red Radiance, Countess of Stradbroke, Paul's Scarlet Climber, Royal Scarlet Hybrid.

Pink Shades—Clg. Mme. A. Chatenay, Clg. Segond Weber, Clg. Radiance, Flying Colours, Kitty Kininmonth.

Yellow and Copper—Clg. Lady Hillingdon, Clg. Sunstar, Mermaid, Clg. Shot Silk.

DWARF HEDGES OR BORDERS

(Plant 18 inches apart)

Pink Shades—Alice Amos, Ellen Poulsen, Golden Salmon, Orleans.

Reds—Gloria Mundi, Ideal, Lady Reading, Miss Edith Cavell.

HEDGES

(3 to 5 feet high)

Plant about 2 ft. 6 ins. apart.

Reds—Etoile de Hollande, Red Letter Day, Red Radiance.

Pinks—Radiance, Sunny South.

Yellows—Lady Hillingdon, Mrs. Dunlop Best.

FOR COVERING WALLS, Banks, Outhouses, or Fences—The Wichuraiana (Rambler) Roses.

YATES' Selected FRUIT TREES

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERS

YATES' "HOME GARDEN" COLLECTION OF SUMMER FRUITS—10/6 packed, carriage extra (approx. weight, 7 lbs.)—Eight plants comprising one Apple, Peach, Plum, Apricot, Nectarine and three Loganberries. Selection must be left to us and we will choose only hardy, popular sorts.

YATES' "TWENTY-FIVE" OFFER OF SUMMER FRUITS—35/- packed, carriage extra (approx. weight, 30 lbs.)—Twenty-five trees (priced at 1/6 each), of the kinds and varieties which will do best in the district for which they are intended. Selection of varieties must be left to us, but customers' preference (if stated on order), will be followed as closely as possible.

YATES' "FIFTY" OFFER OF SUMMER FRUITS—65/- packed, carriage extra (approx. weight, 42 lbs.)—Similar to the "25" Offer, but comprises double the number of trees.

YATES' "CITRUS 8" COLLECTION—16/- packed, carriage extra (approx. weight, 7 lbs.)—Five good Oranges (including two Navel Oranges), two Mandarins and one Lemon. All varieties selected by our experienced staff.

YATES' "CITRUS 15" COLLECTION—30/- packed, carriage extra (approx. weight, 14 lbs.)—Fifteen trees comprising ten Oranges (including four Navel Oranges), three Mandarins and two Lemons (our selection).

YATES' "CITRUS 26" COLLECTION—50/- packed, carriage extra (approx. weight, 21 lbs.)—Twenty-six trees, including twelve assorted Oranges and Lemons, six assorted Mandarins and eight nicely assorted Navel Oranges. We carefully select all varieties.

LIST OF VARIETIES

The following are all well-known varieties, but we can supply a great many others, which we have not space to catalogue. We shall be glad to answer fully all enquiries and to quote specially for large lots.

KEY TO DESCRIPTIVE LETTERS

TC—Recommended for Queensland coast and similar sub-tropical climates.

C—Recommended for New South Wales coast and similar climates.

T—Recommended for cool tableland climates.

In—Recommended for small home orchards in the warm inland districts.

Those not marked with any of the above letters are of less importance and not so widely grown.

APPLES

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

Northern Spy stocks, blight-proof roots.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Allsopp's Early—Kitchen, dessert. C

CARPENTER (or Gravenstein)—Large, fine dessert. C-T

CARRINGTON—Fine dessert. C

Cowell's Red Streak—Highly colored, ripens before Trivett's. C

Irish Peach—Blight-proof, dessert. C

LORD NELSON—Extra large cooking. C

Scarlet Pearmain—Good dessert. C

TRIVETT'S SEEDLING—Dessert. C

Wms. Favorite—Large, good color, blight-proof, dessert. C

MID-SEASON VARIETIES.

Mobb's Royal—Large kitchen. C

Pomme de Neige (Lady in Snow or Fanny)—Dessert. C-T

Twenty-Ounce—Kitchen, blight-proof. T

LATE VARIETIES

Cleopatra (or New York Pippin)—Kitchen or dessert, heavy cropper. T

DELICIOUS—Dessert, streaked bright red. Good keeper, one of the best for cool climates. C-T-In

DEMOCRAT—Dessert, dark red. Heavy bearer, good carrier. C-T-In

FIVE CROWN PIPPIN—Kitchen or dessert, blight-proof, good keeper. T-In

Granny Mac—A cross between McIntosh's Red and Granny Smith.

GRANNY SMITH—Splendid kitchen and dessert apple, good keeper, heavy bearer. Large green, one of the best all-round varieties grown, thrives almost anywhere. TC-C-T-In

GRIMES' GOLDEN—A golden yellow apple of fine quality. Vigorous grower. C-T

JONATHAN—Splendid dessert, good keeper; dark red, one of the best for cold districts. C-T-In

KING DAVID—Rich dark red, dessert, good flavor, rich and juicy. C-T-In

LALLA—A highly colored form of "Delicious," which should be an acquisition to growers. C-T

McINTOSH'S RED—Dessert, crimson, consistent cropper, good keeper. C-T

Munro's Favorite—Large, kitchen, good carrier. T

Northern Spy—Large, dessert, tender and juicy. T

ROME BEAUTY—Large, dessert, yellow streaked with red, splendid fruit, good keeper. C-T-In

Winter Pearmain (Stone Pippin)—Kitchen and dessert, large green, good keeper. T

YATES—Dessert; small fruit but enormous bearer; comparatively blight-proof. T

THOSE PRINTED IN EXTRA LARGE TYPE are the most popular varieties and generally much more widely grown.

Approx. weight packed of 6 trees, 6 lbs.; 12 trees, 14 lbs. Packing Charges up to a dozen 1/- to 1/6, according to material used; good packing ensures safe transit.

How Dozen Rate is Charged—Not less than six trees of any one kind (e.g., six Apples), will be supplied at the dozen rate but different varieties of the one kind may be selected. (c) or (f). With Peaches, Nectarines, Plums and Prunes indicates "Clingstone" or "Freestone" respectively.

APRICOTS

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

This fruit requires a well-drained soil and warm situation.

EARLY VARIETIES.

Allen's Early (Syn. Bobby Allen)—Good marketing variety. C-In

Cattell's Early—Resembles Allen's Early, but crops regularly. C-In

EARLY MOORPARK—Medium size, rich juicy and excellent. C-In

NEWCASTLE EARLY—Heavy bearer, ripens end of November. C-In

Oullin's Early—Large, yellow. C-In

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Hemskirke—Canning or market. C-T-In

Pineapple Apricot—Large bright yellow, good bearer. C-T-In

LATE VARIETIES

LATE MOORPARK—Large, rich and juicy. C-T-In

Royal—Large with red cheeks. C-T-In

SHIPLEY'S BLENHEIM—Large, good. T-In

TREVATT—Somewhat resembles Shipley's. Good canner. C-T-In

CHERRIES

2/- each; 22/- dozen.

This fruit requires a deep, warm, well-drained soil.

EARLY VARIETIES

Early Purple Gean—Delicious, large. T

EARLY LYONS—Large red. T

LATE VARIETIES

BIGARREAU NAPOLEON—Large, rich; pale red. T

Black Republican—Large. T

FLORENCE—Large red, good carrier. T

Noble—Large blackish crimson, very late. T

ST. MARGARET—Large, black. Very juicy, with a strong flavour, always commands high prices. T



YATES' SELECTED FRUIT TREES (continued)

FIGS

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

This delicious fruit will grow in almost any Australian climate provided the soil is good and there is a reasonable amount of moisture.

BLACK GENOA—Large juicy and rich. C-T-In

BLUE PROVENCE—Small, rich, abundant bearer, and a splendid sort for the home garden. C-T-In

Brown Turkey—Luscious; good for drying. C-T-In

WHITE ADRIATIC—Large size; red flesh; rich. C-T-In

White Genoa (Marseilles)—Fruit above medium size, quite round; skin pale yellowish green. C-T-In

MULBERRIES

Will do well almost anywhere except in hottest inland districts where water is scarce. They are valuable for ornamental purposes as well as for the fruit they bear.

BLACK ENGLISH—The best. Luscious fruit, very ornamental trees. 3/6 ea. Downing's Ever-Bearing—An enormous cropper. 2/6 ea.

HICK'S FANCY—Large juicy fruit. 2/6

NECTARINES

Worked on Peach Stocks.

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

These prefer a fairly warm situation and well drained loamy soil.

EARLY VARIETIES

ALBERT VICTOR (f)—Juicy. C
COOZA (f)—Enormous, splendid color, luscious flavor. C-T-In

EARLY RIVERS (f)—Large, juicy. C
Elruge (f)—Medium size, good. C
Mrs. Dr. Chisholm (f)—Good, fine flavor. C

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Diamond Jubilee (f)—Large bright red, flesh white, prolific. C-T
Lady Carrington (c)—Brilliant color. C-T

Lee's Seedling (f)—Magnificent nectarine, beautiful color and flavor. C-T-In
FERTILE DU POITOU (f)—Very large and highly colored. C

LATE VARIETIES

GOLDMINE (f)—Large, red, juicy. C-T-In
NEW BOY (f)—Large, brilliant crimson. C-T-In
W. C. Frupp (c)—Large yellow with red, good bearer. C-T-In

PEACHES

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

Worked on Seedling Peach Stocks. They require deep open loam (well drained) and a moderately warm climate.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES

BELL'S NOVEMBER (f)—Very juicy. TC-C
BRIGGS' RED MAY (f)—Tender and rich. TC-C-In
DUFFY'S XMAS BOX (f)—Good size and color, regular cropper. TC-C
Edward VII. (f)—Ripens early, November. TC-C

Flat China (f)—Fruit flat. TC-C
Greensborough (f)—Large bright red cheek. Prolific. TC-C-In

High's Early Canada (f)—Very large. C

Le Vainqueur (f)—Good quality, white flesh and prolific in habit. TC-C-T-In

May Flower (semi-cling)—Large, bright red, good quality. C

Triumph (f)—Large, rich flavor. C

WATT'S EARLY CHAMPION (f)

—Ripens first week in November, good size, splendid color, heavy cropper. TC-C

MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

AUNT BECKY (f)—Large, good carrier, vigorous grower. TC-C-In

Camden Superb (Devlin's Red) (c)—Earliest cling, deep red, juicy. C

CARMEN (f)—Large roundish, pale yellow skin, white flesh, recommended. C

Hale's Early (f)—Juicy, excellent. TC-C

Wiggins (f)—Ripens Christmas to early January; good size. C

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

ELBERTA (f)—Large, yellow fleshed, sweet; for either dessert or canning. TC-C-T-In

Royal George Cling (c)—Large, red. C

Royal George (f)—Large, juicy. C

Shanghai Freestone (f)—Large white flesh. TC-C

LATE VARIETIES

GOLDEN QUEEN (c)—Heavy cropper; medium size; good canning. C-T-In

Italian Slip (f)—Large yellow flesh, heavy bearer. T-In

J. H. HALE (f)—Yellow, skin almost covered with crimson. TC-C-T-In

LADY PALMERSTON (f)—Large, rich, skin greenish yellow, with a deep red cheek, flesh pale yellow. C-T-In

Phillip Cling (c)—Large, yellow flesh. C-T-In

Pullar's Cling (c)—Large, heavy bearer, one of the best for canning. C-T-In
Shanghai Seedling or Red Shanghai (c)—Large, beautiful red. TC-C

PEARS

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

This favorite fruit thrives best in cooler districts in any strong loam with well-drained sub-soils, sheltered from prevailing winds.

EARLY VARIETIES

Clapp's Favorite—Large, strongly resembles Bartlett. C-T-In

WILLIAMS' BON CHRETIEN OR BARTLETT—Large, one of the best all-round. C-T-In

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Beurre Bosc—Large, russet color, good eating. T

Beurre Capiaumont—Very prolific. T

Keiffer Hybrid—Enormous bearer. C

PACKHAM'S TRIUMPH—Rich melting flavor, enormous bearer. C-T-In

LATE VARIETIES

Beurre Clairgeau—Large, delicious. T

Josephine des Malines—Medium size and roundish. Pale greenish yellow with a delicate aroma. T

Vicar of Winkfield—Large, fine cooking. T

Packham's Late—Fairly large, heavy cropper and promises to rival Triumph. T

Winter Bartlett—Similar to Williams but about two months later. T

WINTER COLE—Buttery and rich. T

WINTER NELIS—Medium size, skin yellowish green covered with russet. C-T

PERSIMMONS

OR JAP. DATE PLUMS

2/3 ea.; 24/- dozen.

These are a delicious fruit, and trees are very ornamental in the autumn with their beautifully tinted foliage and richly colored fruit.

DAI DAI MARU—Large, orange skin, yellowish flesh, nearly seedless. Late. TC-C

Haya Kume—Very large, round. Late. TC-C

Haychi Ya—Large, oblong; good. Early. TC-C

TANENASHI—Early, large, conical; good, seedless. TC-C

Yemon—Large, seedless, rounded, practically identical with Dai Dai Maru. Late. TC-C

PLUMS, ENGLISH

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

Worked on Seedling Stocks.

Do well in most districts, and best in heavy loamy soils, requiring but little care and attention.

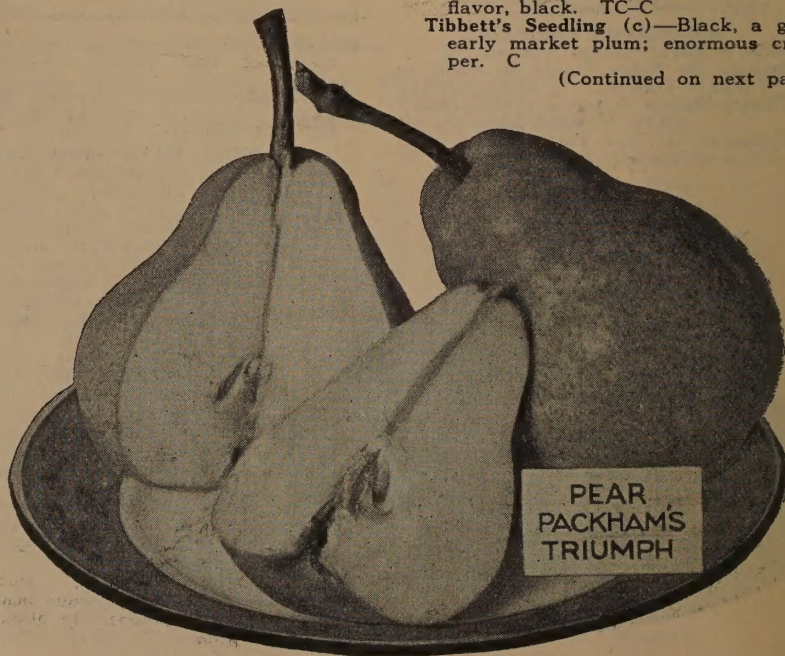
EARLY VARIETIES

Cherry (American Red) (f)—Very early. TC

Evans' Early (f)—Juicy, excellent flavor, black. TC-C

Tibbett's Seedling (c)—Black, a good early market plum; enormous cropper. C

(Continued on next page)



YATES' SELECTED FRUIT TREES (continued)

PLUMS—(Continued)

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

ANGELINA BURDETT (f)—Purple, prolific. C-T-In
Damson (f)—Hardy, heavy cropper. Black. T
Diamond (f)—Large, good cooker. Blue black. TC-C-T-In
Greengage (f)—Rich flavor. T
Magnum Bonum, Red (f)—Dessert. T
Orleans (f)—Large, purple, sweet. T

LATE VARIETIES

Coe's Golden Drop (f)—Large, oval. T
JEFFERSON (f)—Largest size, oval; skin golden yellow, with a purplish red cheek; very rich and luscious. T
Loutherborough (f)—Heavy cropper. Black. C-T
Magnum Bonum, White (Egg Plum) (c)—Good cooking, large. T
POND'S SEEDLING (f)—Very large, oval, juicy and sugary. Dark red. T
PRESIDENT (f)—Fruit is large, oblong-shaped, beautiful purple, flesh firm and sweet. T-In

PLUMS, JAPANESE

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

Japanese Plums are very hardy and heavy bearers. Some, however, consider the flavor to be inferior to that of the English Plum.

EARLY VARIETIES

ALBERTA OR WILSON (f)—Ripe mid-November; highly colored, almost black; flesh yellow when ripe. Good keeper, splendid carrier, one of the best for market. TC-C
Early Gem (f)—Large, dark, good flavor; very early. TC-C
SANTA ROSA (f)—Large, crimson flesh. TC-C-T

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Blood (Cyso Sumono) (Upright) (f)—Large, heart shaped, heavy bearer. C
Chalco (f)—Large, flat, reddish-purple. C
Climax (f)—Very large, highly colored, ripens about Xmas time. C
October Purple (f)—Large, yellow flesh. C-T
WICKSON (f)—Large, heavy cropper. TC-C-T

LATE VARIETIES

NARRABEEN (c)—A local introduction. Large, dark red, heavy cropper. Highly recommended. TC-C
Ruby Blood—Seedling from Satsuma but much later; upright growth. C
SATSUMA (c) (Blood)—Dark red. C
Sultan (f)—Large, very sweet. Blood. TC-C

PRUNES

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

Prunes are easily grown and may be used either ripe or for drying.

EARLY VARIETIES

Splendour (f)—Very productive, firm, rich, sugary and large. T
Sugar (f)—Large, yellowish flesh, rich in sugar juice. T

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

PRUNE d'AGEN (French Prune) (f)—Oval, flesh yellow, unrivalled for drying. T-In
Robe de Sargent (f)—Similar to Prune d'Agen, heavy bearer. T-In

LATE VARIETIES

Giant (f)—Fruit of largest size, deep purple, heavy cropper. T
Golden (f)—Golden color, exquisite flavor. Large. T



Passion Fruit thrive almost without attention on the east coast of Australia from Sydney northwards.

NUTS

ALMONDS—1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. (Eight varieties).
Chestnuts (Spanish or Japanese Giant)—2/6 ea.
Filberts—2/6 ea.
Pecan Nut—2/6 ea.
Walnut, Named varieties—2/6 ea.
Macadamia (Queensland Nut)—Two varieties. 2/- ea.

QUINCES

1/6 each, 16/- per dozen. Packing and carriage extra.

Quinces are very hardy, and will thrive in moist, low situations, where other fruit will not grow.

EARLY VARIETIES

Master's Early—Very early, flesh tender, good flavor and a heavy cropper. C-T
Missouri Mammoth—Very large. C-T
REAS' MAMMOTH—Very early. C-T
Giant of Lescovas—Large, does not turn red when cooked. C-T
Smyrna—Delicious flavor, keeps well. C-T

LATE VARIETIES

CHAMPION—Large, exquisite taste. Good for canning. Good carrier. C-T
Pear-shaped—Large and good. C-T
Van Dieman—Large, oblong sort, particularly heavy bearing, good quality. C-T

SUNDRY FRUITS, ROOTS, AND PLANTS

Postage and packing extra.
Bananas—Several sorts. 2/6 ea.
Banana Passion Fruit—1/6 ea.
Blackberries—Six varieties. 1/- to 1/6
Currants (Red, White and Black)—1/- ea.; 10/- dozen.
Custard Apple (Cherimoyer)—Seedlings only. 2/6 ea.
Gooseberries—Sorts. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.; 75/- per 100
Guavas—Several varieties. 2/- ea.; 18/- dozen
Loganberry—This splendid berry is now being very extensively grown. The fruit is large, dark red in color, and exquisitely flavored. It is equally fine raw, cooked, or as jam. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.; special quotes per 100.
Loquats—Sorts. 2/- ea.; 20/- dozen.
Mangoes—3/6 ea.

Medlars—Best varieties. 2/6 ea.
Olives (Fruiting)—Several sorts. 2/6
Passion Fruit (in pots). 9d. ea.; 6/6 doz.; 50/- per 100; (open ground): 1/6 doz.; 10/- per 100; 75/- per 1,000.

Pawpaw Tree (Carica)—3/6 ea.
Pomegranate—2/- ea.
Raspberries—All the best varieties. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.; 35/- per 100
Tree Tomato (Cythomandra)—2/- ea.
Please Note—Blackberries, currants, gooseberries, loganberries, and raspberries will not be available until about the middle of June.

GRAPE VINES

(On own roots)
 For N.S.W. only.

Special list on application for Queensland clients.

1/- ea.; 10/- doz.; 70/- 100.
 Postage and Packing Extra.

Grape vines bear during late Summer and Autumn and besides being valuable for their fruit, are also useful for providing Summer shade on pergolas, or for growing on trellises, arches, etc. Many other varieties available.

Black Hambro (Early)—Best for coastal districts.

Black Lady's Finger (Purple Cornichon)—Very late.

Black Muscat (Mid-season)—A favorite.

Black Prince (Late)—Large and sweet.

Buckland's Sweetwater (Early)—Pale amber. (Improved Sweetwater.)

Doradillo (Late)—Large, amber, good keeper.

Gordo Blanco (Late)—One of the best white muscats.

Gros Colman (Late)—Very large, black.

Hayes' Keeper (Late)—A fine late white.

Isabella (Early Black)—Vigorous growing, suitable pergolas, etc.

Lady's Finger (Cornichon) (Late)—Long, pink berries.

Mrs. Prince's Black Muscat (Late)—Large, well-flavored.

Muscat Hambro (Snow's) (Late)—One of the best muscats.

Sultana (Late)—Pale yellow, seedless.

Waltham Cross (Late)—Large, round, white berries.

White Muscat (Mid-season)—A favorite white.

YATES' SELECTED FRUIT TREES (continued)



Strawberry, var. Warrawee.

STRAWBERRIES

Plant 15 inches apart, 2 feet between rows. Remove runners as they appear unless required for increasing stock. It is advisable to plant more than one variety for pollenisation. Fendalcino especially requiring another to fertilise it. Many other varieties available.

25 Plants packed weigh under 1 lb., 50 under 2 lbs.; 100 under 3 lbs.

Carriage extra.

(Continued at head of next two cols.)

STRAWBERRIES—(Continued)

Creswell's Seedling—Large fruit, continuous bearer. Best all round variety. 1/6 doz.; 7/6 100
Fendalcino—Large, dark red fruit, prolific. 2/- doz.; 10/- 100
Illawarra—Large, early, hardy and prolific. 2/- doz.; 10/- 100
Marguerite—A market variety. 1/6 doz.; 7/6 100

Phenomenal—Early, large, splendid flavor. 1/6 doz.; 7/6 100
Rhodes Special—Medium size, but a continuous bearer. 2/- doz.; 10/- 100
Warrawee—Large, deep scarlet, bears all year round in frost free district. 2/- doz.; 10/- 100

Prices per 1,000 on application.

Citrus Fruits

See also Special Collection Offers on page 117

Our trees are grown in one of the best districts near Sydney, are sturdy, well-rooted and healthy. They are available from April to November. Carriage and packing extra. Approx. weight packed, 6 trees, 6lb.; 12 trees, 14lb.

ORANGES

2/- ea.; 22/- doz. (except where otherwise priced.)

EARLY VARIETIES

Blood—Juicy, red flesh. TC-C
Jaffa—Large, almost seedless. TC-C
Joppa—Rich, juicy, large, practically seedless; a regular bearer TC-C
Mediterranean Sweet—Very prolific. TC-C
Parramatta—Large, very prolific. TC-C

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

Golden Buckeye Navel—Large, thin skin, delicious good cropper. TC-C 2/6 ea.; 27/- dozen
Golden Nugget Navel—A regular cropper, fine flavor. TC-C 2/6 ea.; 27/- dozen
Groverley Navel—Thin skin, large, sweet. TC-C
WASHINGTON NAVEL—Large, rich flavor. TC-C

LATE VARIETIES

St. Michael's—Large, good. TC-C
LATE VALENCIA—Large and rich. TC-C

PRESERVING VARIETIES

Cumquat—Fruit small and round. TC-C
Poor Man's Orange—Large, skin thick. TC-C
Seville—Best variety for preserves. TC-C

MANDARINS

2/- ea.; 22/- per dozen.

EARLY VARIETIES

Canton—Large, very prolific. Recommended for Queensland. TC-C
Feutrell's Early—Thin skin; good. TC-C
Imperial—Earliest, good cropper. TC-C
Jacob's Special—Ripens early. TC-C
Oonshiu—Seedless and hardy. TC-C
Scarlet—Reddish-yellow; large. TC-C
THORNY—An immense bearer; flat. TC-C

MID-SEASON VARIETIES

EMPEROR—Largest, best for market. TC-C
Parker's Special—Large excellent. TC-C
Beauty of Glen Retreat—Large, delicious flavor. Recommended for Queensland. TC-C

LATE VARIETIES

Ellendale Beauty—Huge, pale color. TC-C
King of Siam—Very large, hangs well. TC-C
LATE EMPEROR—Very late, keeps till January. C

LEMONS AND LIMES

2/- ea.; 22/- per dozen.

(Except where otherwise priced.)
We offer a splendid stock of Lemons and other varieties of the Citrus family, including—

East Indian Limes—Large, juicy. TC-C 2/6 ea.; 27/- dozen
LISBON LEMONS—Best all-round. TC-C
Persian Limes—Small, very juicy. TC-C 2/6 ea.; 27/- dozen
Shaddocks—Large preserving. TC-C
SWEET RIND LEMON (Eureka)—First-class, thin skin. TC-C
Tahiti Lime—Recommended. TC-C
Thornless Lisbon Lemon—Large. TC-C
Villa Franco Lemon—Thin skin, firm, very juicy. TC-C
Citrons (Bengal)—Preserving and peel. TC-C
Knight's Citron—Fruit large, oblong, best for peel. TC-C

GRAPE FRUIT

(Improved Pomelow)

2/6 ea.; 27/- per dozen.

MARSH SEEDLESS—Medium size, thin rind. TC-C
Triumph—Medium size, not bitter. TC-C



Picking a heavy crop of Oranges in an orchard near Sydney.

NOTE—Although none of the above Citrus Fruits is indicated as suitable for Inland conditions, they will grow to perfection there with irrigation or some other regular supply of water.

Flowering & Ornamental Plants

Prices as stated, packing and carriage extra. Plants available at all seasons, unless stated otherwise.



Bouvardias make splendid cutting flowers for the house.

ASPARAGUS

Usually called Asparagus Ferns, these are of climbing habit, with beautiful, feathery foliage which is very useful for decoration. They look especially well if grown in pots and trained over a wire globe or frame. We have the three leading varieties. Plant out any season.

Plants 1/6 ea.; 15/- dozen, packing and carriage extra.

ASTERS (Perennial)

(Michaelmas Daisies). Plant in Spring.

These are splendid summer and autumn flowering perennials, and are much admired. We can supply twelve varieties in a good assortment of color, ranging from white, through pink, light and dark blue, to purplish red.

Plants 1/- ea.; 10/- dozen, freight and packing extra.

AZALEAS

See Tree and Shrub Section, page 128.

BEGONIAS

Perpetual Flowering Tree.

Tree Begonias are very handsome and succeed admirably either in the bushhouse or a sheltered position outside. They will grow to six feet high if supported or can be kept to two or three feet. Planted in a large pot or tub they make beautiful verandah specimens, are seldom out of flower, and even through the winter produce enormous trusses of blooms of the most delicate shades of rose, blush, scarlet, and cerise, the foliage being very ornamental. Plant at any season. Price 1/- ea.; 11/- per dozen. Packing and freight extra. Approx. weight packed: 1 plant 1 lb.; 3—2 lbs.; 6—3 lbs.; List of varieties on application.

Special Offer—A collection of six varieties, our selection, for 5/-, packed, carriage extra. This collection includes some beautiful varieties.

BOUVARDIAS

Plant November to February.

Bouvardias thrive best in the warmer parts, and are one of the most dainty summer and autumn flowering perennials. They require protection from hot winds in summer and should be cut back and covered with hay or straw during winter in districts where there are heavy frosts. A light well-drained soil which has been well manured is most suitable. Many varieties are sweetly scented, the flowers being useful for bouquets and other decorative work.

Price 1/- ea.; 11/- per dozen, packing and carriage extra. Approx. weight packed: 1 plant, 2 lbs.; 3—4 lbs.; 6—6 lbs.; 12—11 lbs. List of varieties on application.

CANNAS (New Giant Flowering)

The Canna, once regarded as little more than a weed, has been greatly improved by hybridists and the varieties now offered are worth a place in any garden, whether grown as specimen plants or massed in clumps. Roots can be supplied any time during autumn, winter and early spring. Our list includes the latest and most attractive varieties. Price 9d. ea.; 7/6 per dozen. Postage and packing extra. Approx. weight packed: 1 to 3 plants, 1 lb.; 6—2 lbs.; 12—4 lbs.

Special Offer—12 choice Cannas assorted (unnamed), for 6/- packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS (See page 110)

DAHLIAS (See page 110)

FUCHSIAS

These old favorites are particularly well suited for the bush-house, or a shady position in the open borders. If kept well watered, with occasional application of liquid manure, they will last in bloom for several months, after which they should be well cut back. They can be grown without much trouble and make splendid decorative plants. Any good garden soil will grow them and plants are available at all times. Price 1/- ea.; 11/- per dozen, packing and freight extra.

Special Offer—6 plants, our selection, different varieties, single and double, 5/- packed, carriage extra, or 12 plants, our selection, different varieties, 10/- packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

GERBERAS (African Daisy)

These magnificent perennials require a light soil, and it is absolutely necessary for the drainage to be perfect, for they cannot be grown satisfactorily in badly drained situations, and the crown of the plants must be kept above the ground. They grow best in warm sunny positions, and in cold climates should be protected during the winter months. Plants are available throughout the year. We have a nice collection of specially selected plants and can supply pure white, various shades of pink, red, and yellow. Price 1/6 ea.; 15/- per dozen, packing and carriage extra. Approx. weight packed: 1 to 3 plants, 1 lb.; 6—2 lbs.; 12—4 lbs.

Gerberas for Exhibition.—We also have specially selected plants for exhibition purposes. Price 2/- ea.; 22/- dozen, packing and carriage extra.

Seedling Gerberas—From open ground. These are unflowered and naturally cannot be supplied in any definite colors. 9d. ea.; 7/6 dozen, packing and carriage extra.



YATES' CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

CARNATIONS

Plant March to December inclusive

Few garden plants have attained a greater popularity than the Carnation. This is deservedly so, as they may be grown in all climates and have a prolonged flowering season. Their wide range of color, length of flower stem and lasting qualities make them an ideal flower for decorative use; many varieties in addition being delightfully scented.

Carnations prefer a light sandy loam enriched with well rotted manure, but heavy clay soil may be made suitable by adding lime, sand and dairy or stable manure.

A—Denotes American or Fringed Edged.

P—Denotes Perpetual or Smooth-edged.

Varieties in LARGER TYPE are specially recommended. Prices as stated—Packing and carriage extra. Our leaflet on Carnation growing will be posted free on request.

NOVELTIES FOR 1933 MRS. BAGNALL (P)—Yellow ground with a picotee edge of red. A fine carnation for show purposes. Exceptionally strong growth. 2/6
PHOEBE (P)—White ground marked and edged cerise. Nicely shaped flowers with well-formed petals. Strong growth, good stems and free flowering habit. 2/6

RECENT INTRODUCTIONS

- Amethyst** (A)—Silvery mauve with broad petals, free flowering. 1/6. (See colored illustration.)
AVON (P)—White ground heavily marked chocolate, growth vigorous. 1/6
Beauty (P)—Yellow ground lightly striped maroon, large. 1/6
Bluebird Improved (A)—Deep mauve, large slightly fringed; quite unique. 1/6
Brilliant (A)—Salmon scarlet, free flowering and stiff stems. 1/6
Carlton Beauty (P)—Sport from "Beauty." Deep yellow, splashed crimson. 1/6
CHEERFULNESS (P)—Pale pink ground, striped and flaked with bright pink. Strong, vigorous grower and free flowerer, long wiry stems. Sound calyx. 1/6
CONSTANCE (A)—Pure white ground with occasional marks of bright red. Prettily shaped flowers, petals nicely serrated. Strong, bushy growth. 1/6
Doris (P)—White ground, marked maroon; excellent show form. 1/6
F. J. WALTERS (P)—White ground, splashed rose; vigorous and healthy. 1/6
FRANK ALLDRITT (A)—The color is a pleasing shade of delicate shell pink. The blooms, which are large and well-formed, have petals which are slightly frilled or crimped; the calyx is non-bursting; the stems are strong and carry the bloom erect; sweetly perfumed; recommended. 1/6
Geisha (A)—Heliotrope with pink centre; sweetly scented. 1/6
H. M. NORTON (P)—Pink, splashed with scarlet. Strong, blue growth, large flowers, good stems. 1/6. (See colored illustration.)
J. M. DUNNINGHAM (P)—Color: pure white ground, edged, marked and dotted maroon; excellent for show or garden purposes, having a vigorous free-flowering habit, long stems and good calyx; sweetly perfumed. 2/-
KATHLEEN WEBB (A)—A pure crystal white self, well-formed fringed-edged flowers, carried on long stems; growth is healthy and vigorous. 2/-
KEITH ANDERSON (P)—White, heavily edged and marked maroon. Large flowers, strong and healthy growth. 1/6
Lismore (P)—Bright cerise, heavy maroon markings; stiff stems. 2/-
MAGPIE (P)—White ground, deep maroon markings; stiff stems. 1/6
MARION KIEL (P)—Color bright orange, shaded with darker marks. The flowers are large, with broad, smooth edged petals, nicely built up in the centre. The color will appeal to all. 2/-
Miss V. Gam. (P)—White, flaked and dotted maroon; large. 1/6
Mrs. Harford (P)—White, edged and dotted bright red. Strong and free flowering. 1/6
Mrs. Reid (P)—Pure white, marked bright scarlet; good show flower. 1/6
MRS. UPTON (P)—White, marked light mauve, Baptist Bronze Medal. 1/6
MRS. W. MILLER (P)—A very rich purple. Flowers large, well-formed, long stems. Strong growth, and free flowering. 1/6. (See colored illustration.)
NANCY (P)—Heliotrope edged and marked plum. Growth and habit strong. Flowers are of good size and borne on long stems. 1/6
PEEP-O-DAY (P)—Bright yellow ground, with marks of scarlet; very attractive show flower. 2/-
SAFFRON (A)—Yellow sport from "Sunstar." Best yellow carnation. 1/6. (See colored illustration.)
SALLY (A)—Sport from Salamander; salmon, striped red. 1/6
SHEILA MAHER (P)—Rich, deep velvety crimson. Baptist Medal, 1928. 1/6
Strawberry (P)—An improvement on the old variety "Crushed Strawberry," being stronger and better. 1/6
Sunray (A)—Buff, heavily striped red. Flowers throughout the year. 1/6
SUNSTAR (A)—Almost pure yellow, only a few pink splashes; 3 ins. across. 1/6

For Special Collection Offers see foot of opposite page

GENERAL LIST

At 1/- each, 11/- dozen, Packing and Carriage Extra.

- Adria** (P)—Yellow ground, well splashed with scarlet.
APSLEY (A)—Sport from "Denet." Flesh pink, with salmon centre.
AUSTRALIA (A)—Pink, splashed and striped with a deeper pink.
AVIGNON (P)—Buff ground, dotted bright red.
B. JOLLY (P)—Pale yellow, marked light mauve and purple. Non-bursting.
Bridesmaid (A)—A beautiful rose-pink self. 1/- (See colored illustration.)
C. ANTON (A)—Bright, velvety crimson, long wiry stems.
CAMILLE (A)—Salmon scarlet, sport from "Torchlight."
Chancellor (P)—Cream, laced with pale rose.
DENET (A)—Pale, flesh pink; large, with long stems.
Fair Maid (A)—Delicate, flesh pink; continuous bloomer.
F. GOODYEAR (P)—Crushed strawberry, large shapely flowers; strong grower.
GLORY (P)—Deep scarlet, particularly fine.
John Storey (A)—A scarlet decorative, vigorous grower, long stiff stems. (See colored illustration.)
Lucrecia (P)—White, edged and marked bright purple; very attractive. (See colored illustration.)
MARNIE (A)—Shell pink, strong calyx, stiff stems. (See colored illustration.)
Mauve King (A)—Lavender heliotrope shade.
MOTHER'S DAY (P)—One of the finest pure whites.
Nabob (P)—Pearly white ground, picotee purplish maroon.
NAOMI (P)—White, edged and marked rose, vigorous grower.
PURPLE EMPEROR (A)—A purple self; strong grower.
RED DENET (A)—Large, fringed-edged scarlet; free flowerer.
Rose Bay (A)—One of the best deep crimson, decorative type.
SALAMANDER (A)—Growth strong, calyx perfect, beautiful shade of salmon pink.
Splashes (A)—Pale pink, splashed and marked light red.
SUSSEX WHITE (A)—Pure white; one of the best whites to date.
VASHTI (A)—Pink with deeper pink stripes.
W. BELL (P)—Yellow, bright red markings, good for show.
White Enchantress (A)—A sport from the well-known pink variety.
WINIFRED (A)—Cream, marked with vermillion.
Wunda (A)—Deep velvety crimson; the largest in commerce.

VARIETIES FOR CUT FLOWERS—The following are specially recommended:—Apsley, Denet, Sussex White, Salamander, Australia, Camille, Red Denet. Special quotes for large quantities.

Approximate Weight of Carnations packed: 1 plant, 1 lb.; 8—2 lbs.; 12—3 lbs.; 25—6 lbs.

FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL PLANTS (continued)

CARNATIONS—See also opposite page

YATES' BEST EIGHT CARNATIONS for 1933

for 10/-. Packed, Carriage Free.

Amethyst
Bridesmaid

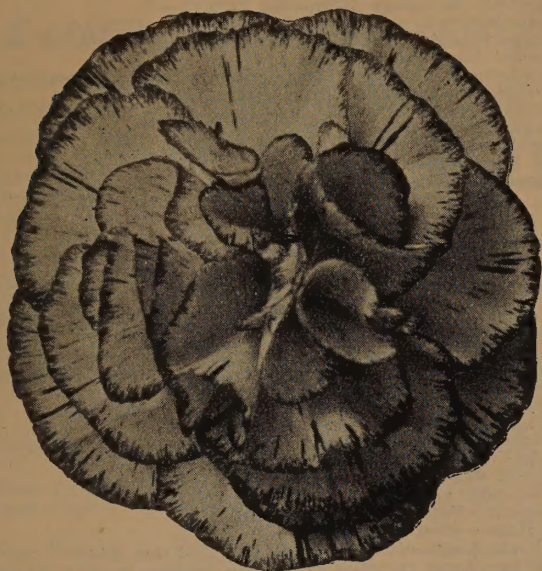
H. M. Norton
John Storey

Lucrecia
Marnie

Mrs. W. Miller
Saffron

See descriptions in lists, also Colored Illustration page 104

COLLECTION 12 Varieties (our selection), from above Recent Introductions, 16/- packed, carriage extra.



Our list of Carnation varieties includes all the best available, taking into consideration utility and real merit as well as novelty.

Space does not permit the inclusion of all of the many kinds of plants we have available, but we will be pleased to supply if possible, any plant required which is not listed.

MARGUERITES (Perennial)

(Species of the Chrysanthemum family)

Plants available in spring.

Price 1/- ea., postage and packing extra. Approx. weight packed: 1 plant, 1 lb.; 3—2 lbs.

Single White (two varieties).

Single Yellow (shrubby growth).

Pink (Single, shrubby growth).

Mrs. F. Sanders—Double and Single white flowers on the same plant.

PENTSTEMONS

(Gloxinia Flowered)

These gorgeous flowering plants are most easily grown, standing heat and drought better than almost any other border plants. They are constantly in bloom, and if they are attended to in the way of cutting away old blooms and given regular watering and manuring, they respond wonderfully. The varieties we offer are a distinct improvement on the old type, and the flowers are equally good for border decoration or for cutting. We can supply good plants from January to August in fifteen varieties. Price 1/- ea.; 10/- per dozen, postage and packing extra.

Approx. weight packed; 1 plant, 1 lb.; 3—2 lbs.; 6—3 lbs.; 12—5 lbs.

Special Offer—One plant each of twelve varieties, our selection, for 8/6 packed, carriage extra. This offer comprises twelve splendid varieties of the modern Gloxinia Flowered Pentstemons in a beautiful assortment of colors. List of varieties on application.

PALMS

Palms, graceful and stately, are very ornamental and add variety to the garden. Those listed are hardy and will thrive in all, except the coldest parts, but should, if possible, be planted during the spring and summer to enable them to become established before winter. We also list separately, palms suitable for indoor decoration. When used for this purpose, they should be transferred occasionally to a bush-house, special care being taken to water regularly. To prevent scale, the leaves should be sponged once a fortnight with soapy water, washing them afterwards with fresh water.

PALMS (Outdoor)

The following are hardy and unless stated otherwise may be grown in all except the coldest climates.

Prices as stated, carriage and packing extra.
Brahea (Washingtonia)—Cotton or Railway Palm. 30 feet.

From 2/-

Chamaerops Excelsa (Fan Palm)—25 ft. From 2/-

Humilis—10 ft. From 2/-

Cocos Plumosa—40 ft. Suitable warm climates only. 2/-

Yatay (Wine Palm)—10 ft. Hardy everywhere.

From 2/-

Phoenix Canariensis (Canary Island Date Palm)—15 ft.

Hardy, used for street planting. From 2/-

Phoenix Reclinata—12 ft. Variety with curved trunk. 2/-

Roebelinii—Dwarf growing, fine leaves. 3/6 to 15/-, according to size.

Seaforthia Elegans (N.S.W. Bangalow Palm)—100 ft. Suitable warm coastal climates only. 2/-

Washingtonia (See Brahea).

INDOOR PALMS

Prices as stated, packing and carriage extra.

Cocos Weddelliana—Beautiful, light, feathery fronds; very graceful. From 3/6 ea.

Kentia, Belmoreana, Canterburyana and Forsteriana—The Palms most commonly used for indoor decoration, Forsteriana being most favored. From 2/- ea.

Phoenix Roebelinii—A beautiful fine-leaved variety. From 3/6

Advanced Specimens available from 7/6 each, of most of above Palms. List supplied on application.



Pentstemons are one of the hardiest outdoor perennials for Australian gardens.

FLOWERING AND ORNAMENTAL PLANTS (continued)

PELARGONIUMS (Geraniums)

Although the Geranium is distinct from the Pelargonium, differing in flower formation, the two are so closely related that for commercial purposes they are now generally classed under the one heading of Pelargonium. These plants are hardy, especially the Zonal and Ivy-leaved varieties, and will thrive in any soil, but prefer a sunny position.

They are an improvement on the old-fashioned Geraniums, the blooms being larger and the colors are wonderfully bright and effective. The Ivy-leaf or Climbing type is specially recommended for covering out-houses, trellises, stumps, etc., being available in a wide range of colors.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ZONAL (over 40 varieties)

Price 1/- ea.; 10/- per dozen, packing and carriage extra. Approx. weight packed: 1 plant, 1 lb.; 3—2 lbs.; 6—3 lbs.; 12—5 lbs.

Special Offer—12 varieties of single and double Zonal Pelargoniums, our selection, for 8/6 packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

REGAL OR DECORATIVE TYPE

These are suitable either for pot culture, or growing in the garden, and are particularly effective. Twelve varieties available.

2/- ea.; 22/- per dozen, packing and carriage extra.

List of varieties on application.

BEDDING OR WINDOW BOX VARIETY

Price 1/- ea.; 10/- per dozen, packing and carriage extra. Antoine Crozy—Bright orange scarlet.

Lady Gertrude—Soft rose of a pleasing tint, suffused mauve.

IVY LEAVED OR CLIMBING TYPE (Twelve varieties)

1/- ea.; 10/- dozen, packing and carriage extra.

List of varieties on application.



PERENNIAL PHLOX

The immense flowers and huge trusses produced by these latest varieties should command a place in the gardens of all growers of high-class hardy perennials. Plants can be supplied in autumn or spring in twenty-five varieties. Price 1/- ea.; 10/- per dozen, packing and carriage extra.

Approx. weight packed: 1 plant, 1 lb.; 3—2 lbs.; 6—3 lbs.; 12—5 lbs.

Special Offer—One plant each of twelve varieties, our selection, for 8/6 packed, carriage extra. List of varieties on application.

PHYSOSTEGIA (Mock Erica)

Two colors, white and rosy-lilac, 9d. ea., packing and carriage extra.

SHASTA DAISIES

Plant in spring; white, 6d. ea.; 5/- dozen, packing and carriage extra.

THALICTRUM (Dipterocarpum)

(LAVENDER SHOWER)

A hardy perennial with fern-like leaves; the flower stalks which are up to 4 and 5 feet long, carry large sprays of dainty mauve flowers from which suspend pretty creamy yellow anthers. Price 6d. ea.; 5/- dozen.

VERBENA

Showy border plants. Plant in spring. Colors: white, pink, scarlet, blue and purple. List on application. 9d. ea.; 7/6 dozen, packing and carriage extra.

VIOLETS

Plant May to August.

Seven choice varieties available, including single and double. Singles, 4d. ea.; 3/- doz.; Doubles, 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.; packing and carriage extra. List on application.

FERN BASKETS

We can supply exceptionally fine specimens at prices ranging from 3/6 to 15/-, packing and carriage extra, including the following:—Adiantum, Asparagus sprengeri, Nephrolepis, Selaginella metallica, Mixed Ferns and other hardy plants.

FERNS

Ferns make splendid pot plants for bush-house or verandah culture and are very ornamental for table decoration. We can supply the following from three-inch pots at prices stated. Packing and carriage extra. Complete list of varieties of Ferns available on application. See also pot plants for larger specimens in pots.

Adiantums (Maiden Hair)—Several varieties. 1/-
Alsophilla Cooperi (Tree Fern)—Pots from 1/6; Butts from 2/6 to 15/-.

Asparagus (See pages and .)

Asplenium (Bird's Nest Fern)—1/6

Cyrtomium Rochfordi (Holly Fern)—1/-

Davallia (Hare's Foot)—Several varieties. 1/6

Elk Horn. (See Platycerium alicorne).

Lygodium Scandens (Climbing Fern)—1/-

Nephrolepis—1/-

Platycerium Alicorne Elk Horn (Fine Leaf)—Often wrongly called Stag Horn. From 1/6

Platycerium Grande (Stag Horn) (Broad Leaf)—Often wrongly called Elk Horn. From 1/6

Pteris—Several varieties. 1/-

Selaginella—Varieties. 1/-

Stag Horn (See Platycerium grande).

Tree Fern. (See Alsophilla).

Special Offers—

Collection of 12 Ferns, distinct, our selection,	9/-
" 18 " " " "	12/6
" 24 " " " "	16/-
Packing and Carriage Extra.	"

POT PLANTS

For verandah and bush-house culture, available in pots all seasons.

Prices as stated, packing and carriage extra.

Acalypha—Beautiful foliage; several varieties. From 2/-

Athericum—Pretty foliage. From 1/6

Ardisia—Red berries. From 2/-

Asparagus—Three varieties. From 1/6

Aspidistra—Green and variegated. From 2/6

Azalea—From 2/6

Begonia Rex—Ornamental foliage. From 1/-

Coleus—9d. and 1/-

Dracaena—Foliage plants. From 2/6

Elk Horn—(See Ferns.)

Eucharis Amazonica (Eucharis Lily)—From 2/6

Ferns—Same varieties as in Fern Section, in pots. From 1/-

Fuchsias—Varieties. From 1/-

Heliotrope—Scented. 1/6

Hydrangea—From 1/6, also plants in bloom (available December). From 2/6

Maranta—Foliage plants. From 1/6

Monstera deliciosa—Perforated leaves, delicious fruit. 2/6

Musk (Mimulus)—Available summer only. 1/-

Ophiopogon—Foliage plant. 1/6

Palms—All sizes. From 2/- See Palms (Indoor), page

Pandanus—Variegated foliage. From 2/6

Staghorns. See Ferns.

Special Offer—

12 assorted pot plants, our selection, for 14/-	
24 " " " " " "	27/6

Packing free, carriage extra in both cases.

These collections include hardy ornamental plants and ferns, the larger collection, in addition, including palms. Owing to their heavy weight when packed, these collections are sent by goods train, freight payable by the purchaser.

POT PLANTS FOR BAZAARS, FETES, ETC.

We make up special collection of pot plants to any required amount and give extra value. Clients are asked to allow us ample time to forward by goods train.

GLASSHOUSE AND ORCHID PLANTS

We can supply a large assortment of plants suitable for glasshouse culture, also a number of orchids. List and prices on application.

CARPET BEDDING AND EDGING PLANTS

Unless stated otherwise, available any time.

Prices as stated, packing and carriage extra.

Alternanthera—Red or yellow. Plant in spring. 1/- doz.; 7/6 100

Begonia (bedding)—Red or pink. Plant in spring. 1/- doz.; 7/6 100

Echeveria (Hen and Chickens)—2/- doz.; 12/6 100.

Gazania—Four varieties, shades of yellow. 6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

Heuchera sanguinea (Coral Bells)—6d. ea.; 5/- doz.

Iresine—Four varieties. 2/- doz.; 12/6 100

Mesembryanthemum (Pig's Face)—Four varieties. 6d. ea.; 5/- dozen

ROCKERY PLANTS

We can also supply a large assortment of plants suitable for Rockeries. List on application.

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, HEDGES, CLIMBING PLANTS.

Some Special Recommendations for Various Climates

For prices and other particulars of these and additional plants refer to alphabetical lists.

Approximate flowering season is indicated by Sp., Smr., Aut., and W., denoting Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter respectively.

FOR C—NEW SOUTH WALES COAST and similar temperate climates

TREES (Over 15ft.)

Flowering.

Acacia varieties (W)
Acacia elata (Smr)
Brachychiton (Sp)
Calodendron (Smr)
Ceratopetalum Christ-
mas Bush (Smr)
Erythrina indica (W)
Eucalyptus calophylla
rosea (Sp)
ficifolia (Smr)
Grevillea robusta (Sp)
Jacaranda (Sp)
Lagerstroemia indica
(Smr)
Magnolia grandiflora
(Smr)
Melia (White Cedar)
(Sp)
Metrosideros (Smr)
Stenocarpus (Smr)

Foliage Trees.

Acer (Maple)
Camphora
Cedrus
Crataegus cordata
Conifers
Cupressus
Eucalyptus
Ficus
Grevillea robusta
Junipers
Liquidambar
Macadamia
Palms
Photinia
Pinus
Platanus
Populus
Prunus
Quercus
Salix
Schinus
Sterculia
Syncarpia
Tristania

Berry Bearing Trees.

Crataegus Carrieri
cordata
Eleocarpus
Eugenia Smithii

Breakwinds and Shelter Belts.

Camphora
Cupressus
Eucalyptus
Ficus Hillii
Pinus insignis
Schinus
Tristania

Street & Avenue Plant- ing.

Brachychiton
Camphora
Eucalyptus
Eugenia
Ficus Hillii
Grevillea
Jacaranda
Palms
Platanus
Populus
Quercus
Schinus
Syncarpia
Tristania

Erica (all seasons)
Erythrina crista-galli
(Smr)
Frangipanni (Smr)
Gardenia (Sp)
Habrothamnus (Sp, Smr)
Hibiscus (Smr, Aut)
Hydrangea (Smr)
Hakea (Sp)
Jasminum (Sp)
Lagerstroemia (Smr)
Lantana (all seasons)
Lasiandra (Smr, Aut)
Magnolia fuscata (Sp)
Nerium (Sp to Aut)
Ochna (Sp)
Philadelphus (Sp)
Poinciana (Sp)
Poinsettia (W)
Prostanthera (Sp)
Prunus (Sp)
Rondeletia (Sp, Smr)
Russelia (Sp to Aut)
Sesbania (Smr)
Spartium (Sp, Smr)
Tamarix (Smr)
Tecoma (Smr)
Telopea (Waratah) (Sp)
Viburnum opulus (Sp)

Berry Bearing Shrubs.

Arbutus
Berberis Wilsonii
Crataegus crenulata
pyracantha
angustifolia
Euonymus
Ilex (Holly)
Malus

CLIMBING PLANTS.

Ampelopsis
Antigonon
Baumontia
Bignonia
Bougainvillea
Coboea
Ficus
Gelsemium
Hedera
Jasminum
Lathyrus
Loniceria
Mandevillea
Manettia
Passiflora
Rhynchospermum
Solanum
Stigmaphyllon
Tacsonia
Thunbergia
Wistaria

Crataegus
Cupressus
Eugenia Smithii
Ficus Hillii
Hibiscus
Magnolia
Nerium
Pittosporum
Rondeletia
Tecoma capensis

SUITABLE SEASIDE.

(C)

Trees (Over 15ft.)

Araucaria excelsa
Camphora
Erythrina indica
Eucalyptus
Eugenia
Ficus
Lagunaria
Metrosideros
Palms
Pinus insignis
Syncarpia
Tristania

Shrubs (to 15ft.)

Arbutus
Callistemon
Coprosma
Escallonia
Euonymus
Hydrangea
Palms
Protea
Yucca

Hedge Plants.

Coprosma
Cupressus torulosus
Elaeagnus
Euonymus
Lantana
Tecoma (Tall)

Climbing Plants.

These may be selected
from those recom-
mended in the last
column.

SHRUBS (Up to 15ft.)

Flowering.

Abutilon (Sp, Smr, Aut)
Amygdalus (Sp)
Azaleas (W & Sp)
Acacia spectabilis (Sp)
Arbutus (Sp)
Boronia (Sp)
Buddleia (Sp, Smr)
Cassia (Aut)
Callistemon (Sp)
Crotalaria (Sp to Aut)
Chamaelaucium (Sp)
Cydonia (W & Sp)
Cytisus (Sp)
Daphne (W)

Foliage Shrubs.

Abutilon (Variegated)
Aucuba
Cerasus (Laurel)
Coprosma
Elaeagnus
Euonymus
Ilex (Holly)
Lavandula (Scented)
Maples (Japanese)
Palms
Photinia
Rhapiolepis
Rosmarinus (Scented)
Tamarix japonica plu-
mosa

HEDGE PLANTS.

(Low to 5ft.)

Cerasus (Laurel)
Coprosma
Cupressus
Duranta
Euonymus
Lantana
Ligustrum (Privet)
Olea (Olive)
Plumbago
Roses
Viburnum tinus
(8ft. and over)
Bougainvillea
Callistemon

FOR T—MOUNTAINS AND TABLELANDS, the cooler highland areas

TREES (Over 15ft.)

Flowering.

Acacia (Wattle) (W)
Amygdalus (Sp)
Arbutus (Sp)
Eucalyptus sideroxylon
rosea (Sp)
Lagerstroemia indica
(Smr)
Liriodendron (Sp)
Magnolia grandiflora
(Smr)
Melia (Sp)

Foliage Trees.

Acer (Maple)
Camphora
Cedrus
Conifers

Crataegus
Cupressus
Eucalyptus globulus
Ginkgo
Juniperus
Liquidambar
Pinus
Quercus
Salix (Willow)
Ulmus

Berry Bearing Trees.

Crataegus
Pyrus aucuparia

Break Winds and Shelter Belts.

Camphora
Cupressus
Eucalyptus globulus
Pinus

Street Planting.

Camphora
Cedrus
Eucalyptus
Platanus
Populus
Quercus
Ulmus

SHRUBS (to 15ft.)

Flowering.

Buddleia (Sp & Smr)
Camellia (W)
Clethra (Smr)
Cydonia (W and Sp)
Erica (all seasons)

Exochorda (Sp)
Hibiscus Syriacus (Smr)
Hydrangea (Smr)
Jasminum (Sp)
Lagerstroemia (Smr)
Philadelphus (Sp)
Rhododendron (Sp)
Spartium (Sp & Smr)
Spiraea (Sp)
Syringa (Lilac) (Sp)
Tamarix gallica (Smr)
Telopea (Waratah) (Sp)
Veronica (Smr)
Viburnum (Sp)

Foliage.

Acer (Maples)
Aucuba
Cerasus (Laurel)

Coprosma
Cupressus
Nandina
Photinia
Prunus
Tamarix japonica plu-
mosa

Berry Bearing.

Berberis Darwinii
Crataegus
Euonymus
Ilex (Holly)
Malus (Fruit)
Punica (Fruit)

(Continued next page)

ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS, Etc., SPECIAL RECOMMENDATIONS (continued)

FOR T—Mountains & Tablelands (continued)

CLIMBING PLANTS

Akebia
Ampelopsis
Bignonia guilfoylei
Clematis
Hedera
Jasminum
Lathyrus
Lonicera
Tacsonia
Wistaria

Elaeagnus
Escallonia
Euonymus
Ligustrum
Olea (Olive)
Rhapiolepis
Roses
Veronica
Viburnum tinus

Tall (8ft. and over)

HEDGE PLANTS

Low (to 5ft.)
Cerasus (Laurel)
Coprosma
Cupressus

Callistemon
Crataegus
Cupressus
Ilex (Holly)
Nerium
Photinia

SPECIAL COLLECTION OFFERS!

Selected by our experts to suit the district where they are to be planted.

6 Flowering Shrubs, our selection, 7/6 Packed, Carriage Extra.

12 Flowering Shrubs, our selection, 15/- Packed, Carriage Extra.

6 Trees, our selection, for 7/6 Packed, Carriage Extra.

FOR TC—SUB-TROPICAL COAST such as where Sugar Cane and Bananas thrive

TREES (Over 15ft.)

Flowering.

Brachychiton (Sp)
Calodendron (Smer)
Erythrina indica (W)
Grevillea robusta (Sp)
Jacaranda (Sp)
Lagerstroemia indica (Smer)

Lagunaria (Smer)
Melia (Sp)
Stenocarpus (Smer)

Foliage Trees.

Araucaria (Except imbricata)
Camphora
Eucalyptus (except ficifolia & caloph. rosea)
Ficus
Grevillea robusta
Macadamia
Palms
Salix (Willow)
Schinus (Pepper)
Tristania

Berry Bearing.

Eleocarpus
Eugenia Smithii

Break Winds or Shelter Belts.

Camphora
Eucalyptus (except ficifolia & Caloph. rosea)
Ficus Hillii
Schinus
Tristania

Street Planting.

Brachychiton
Camphora
Eucalyptus
Eugenia Smithii
Ficus Hillii
Grevillea robusta
Jacaranda
Palms
Populus
Schinus
Tristania

SHRUBS (to 15ft.)

Flowering.

Abutilon (Sp to Aut)
Bauhinia (Sp)
Brunfelsia (Sp & Smer)
Buddleia (Sp & Smer)
Cassia (Smer & Aut)
Crotalaria (Sp to Aut)
Frangipanni (Smer)

Grevillea Banksii Fosterii (Smer)

Habrothamnus (Sp and Smer)
Heliotropium (Smer)
Hibiscus (Smer & Aut)
Hydrangea (Smer)
Lasiandra (Smer & Aut)
Lagerstroemia (Smer)
Nerium (Sp to Aut)
Poinciana (Sp)
Poinsettia (W)
Rondeletia (Sp & Smer)
Russelia (Sp to Aut)
Spartium (Sp & Smer)
Tecoma (Smer)

Foliage Shrubs.

Abutilon
Coprosma
Nandina
Palms
Rosmarinus

Berry Bearing.

Psidium (Purple Guava)

CLIMBING PLANTS

Antigonon
Bignonia

Bougainvillea Ficus

Gelsemium
Lonicera
Passiflora
Phaseolus
Rhynchospermum
Solanum
Stephanotis
Tacsonia
Thunbergia
Wistaria

HEDGE PLANTS

Low (to 5ft.)

Coprosma
Duranta
Ligustrum (Privet)
Olea (Olive)
Plumbago
Roses

Tall (8ft. and over)

Bougainvillea
Callistemon
Eugenia Smithii
Ficus Hillii
Hibiscus
Nerium
Psidium (Guava)
Rondeletia
Tecoma capensis

SUITABLE SEASIDE Trees (over 15ft.)

Araucaria excelsa
Camphora
Erythrina indica
Eucalyptus (except ficifolia & Caloph. rosea)
Eugenia Smithii
Ficus
Lagunaria
Palms
Tristania

Shrubs (to 15ft.)

Callistemon
Coprosma
Hydrangeas
Palms
Yucca

Hedge Plants.

Coprosma
Elaeagnus
Callistemon (Tall)
Ficus Hillii (Tall)
Tecoma capensis (Tall)

Climbing Plants.

These may be selected from those recommended in the two previous columns.

FOR IN—INLAND CLIMATES where reasonable natural or artificial moisture is available

TREES (Over 15ft.)

Flowering.

Acacia varieties (W)
elata (Smer)
Brachychiton (Sp)
Calodendron (Smer)
Erythrina (W)
Eucalyptus varieties (Sp and Smer)
Grevillea robusta (Sp)
Jacaranda (Sp)
Lagerstroemia indica (Smer)
Lagunaria (Smer)
Magnolia grandiflora (Smer)
Melia (Sp)

Foliage Trees.

Camphora
Cedrus
Ceratonja
Cupressus
Eucalyptus
Eugenia Smithii
Ficus
Grevillea robusta
Juniperus
Palms (Hardy)
Platanus
Populus
Pinus insignis

Salix

Schinus
Stereulia (Kurrajong)
Tristania

Berry Bearing Trees.

Eugenia Smithii
Crataegus

Break Winds & Shelter Belts.

Camphora
Cupressus
Eucalyptus
Ficus Hillii
Pinus insignis
Schinus
Tristania

Street Planting.

Camphora
Eucalyptus
Eugenia
Ficus Hillii
Grevillea
Jacaranda
Palms (Hardy)
Platanus
Populus
Schinus
Tristania

SHRUBS (to 15ft.)

Flowering.

Abutilon (Sp, Smer, Aut)
Amygdalus (Sp)

Arbutus (Aut)

Buddleia (Sp & Smer)
Callistemon (Sp)
Cydonia (W & Sp)
Deutzia (Sp)
Diervilla (Sp)
Duranta (Smer)
Erythrina crista galli (Smer)
Escallonia (Smer)
Exochorda (Sp)
Gardenia (Sp)
Habrothamnus (Sp to Aut)
Hakea (Sp)
Heliotropium (Smer)
Jasminum (Sp)
Lagerstroemia (Smer)
Lantana (all seasons)
Lasiandra (Smer & Aut)
Malus (Sp)
Nerium (Sp to Aut)
Philadelphus (Sp)
Plumbago (Smer)
Poinciana (Sp)
Spartium (Sp & Smer)
Syringa (Sp)
Tecoma (Smer)
Viburnum (Sp)

Foliage Shrubs.

Abutilon

Cerasus (Laurel)

Coprosma
Elaeagnus
Euonymus
Ligustrum
Nandina
Olea
Photinia
Pittosporum
Rhapiolepis

Berry Bearing Shrubs.

Arbutus
Berberis
Crataegus
Euonymus
Malus

CLIMBING PLANTS

Akebia
Ampelopsis
Bignonia
Bougainvillea
Ficus
Gelsemium
Hedera
Jasminum
Lathyrus
Lonicera
Manettia

Passiflora
Phaseolus
Rhynchospermum
Solanum
Stigmaphyllon
Tacsonia
Thunbergia
Wistaria

HEDGE PLANTS

Low (to 5ft.)

Cerasus (Laurel)
Coprosma
Cupressus
Duranta
Elaeagnus
Euonymus
Lantana
Ligustrum
Olea (Olive)
Plumbago
Rhapiolepis
Viburnum tinus

Tall (8ft. and over).

Bougainvillea
Callistemon
Crataegus
Cupressus
Eugenia Smithii
Ficus Hillii
Nerium
Pittosporum
Tecoma

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS



A few well-chosen trees and shrubs are necessary to give that background which is essential in all beautiful gardens. They add perspective and form a natural setting for the brilliantly colored flower beds.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF VARIETIES

E—Indicates an Evergreen (i.e., does not shed its leaves).

D—Indicates a Deciduous Tree or Shrub (i.e., sheds its leaves for a period during the dormant season).

Numerals indicate approximate height at maturity.

A—(All Climates) denotes varieties suitable for practically all climates, given reasonably favourable conditions.

C—(N.S.W. Coast) denotes varieties suitable for the N.S.W. Coast, such as where Oranges thrive.

TC—(Sub-tropical Coast) denotes varieties suitable for the Sub-tropical Coast where Sugar Cane and Bananas thrive.

Typical districts are the Queensland coastal and near coastal country of low elevation.

T—(Mountains and Tablelands) denotes varieties suitable for the cooler highland areas.

IN—(Inland) denotes varieties suitable for Inland areas where the summers are hot and where heavy frosts are experienced in the winter. In these districts a certain amount of artificial watering may be necessary during dry periods.

Prices as Stated—Packing and Carriage Extra.

SEE SPECIAL OFFERS - PAGE 126.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

- Abutilon** (Chinese Lantern)-E. 6. Quick-growing, free flowering. We can supply 6 varieties: white, pink, yellow and orange scarlet, also "Emperor," a very fine red, and "Marmorata," with beautifully variegated foliage. 1/6. A
- Acacia** (Wattle). These are quick-growing trees, useful for breakwinds. Suit all but extreme climates. **Baileyana** (Cootamundra Silver Wattle)-E. 25. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.; 100/- per 100. C-T-In
- Elata** (Cedar Wattle)-E. 30. Tall growing, splendid shade tree. Summer flowering. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. A
- Podalyriaefolia** (Queensland Silver Wattle)-E. 20. One of the most beautiful varieties, large blooms. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. A
- Pycnantha** (Golden or South Australian Wattle)-E. 30. A broad-leaf variety. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. T-In
- Spectabilis**-E. 12. Spring flowering, suitable to plant where small space only available. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. A
- Also several other varieties.
- Acalypha marginata** (Fijian Fire Plant)-E. 5. Brownish red leaves, margined pink. A very pretty foliage plant. Suitable tropical climates only, or warm sheltered position along coast. Also several other varieties. 2/-. TC-C. (See also Pot Plants.)
- Acer** (Maple)-Beautiful autumn foliage. **Platanoides** (Norway Maple)-D. 50. Foliage turns orange in autumn. 2/-. C-T
- Polymorphum** (Japanese Maple)-D. 20. Seedling plants 2/6 each. Also several choice dwarf Japanese varieties, 7/6 ea. TC
- Aleurites Fordii** (Tung Oil)-D. 20. This tree produces seeds which yield the Tung Oil of commerce, and is now being planted extensively for this purpose. Bears in about 4 years. 2/6. A
- Amygdalus persica** (Double Flowering Peach)-D. 10. Beautiful spring flowering; 4 colors, pink, red, white and striped. 2/- ea.
- New Winter Flowering**-Commence blooming about end of July or early August. Finish blooming before other type commences. Two colors, red and pink. 2/6
- Apple** (Flowering). See Malus.
- Arbutus unedo** (Irish Strawberry Tree)-E. 12. A hardy ornamental tree, white flowers resembling Lily of the Valley, followed by red berries. 2/- ea. C-T-In
- Ash, Blue Berry.** (See Elaeocarpus).
- Ash, Mountain.** (See Pyrus).
- Asparagus Fern.** (See Climbing Plants, page 131).
- Aucuba Japonica** (Gold Dust Tree)-E. 4. Beautiful variegated leaves; should be planted in shady position. 2/-. C-T-In
- Azaleas**-These most attractive evergreen spring flowering shrubs are very suitable for borders or groups. They do well in partially shaded situations, and should be given a plentiful supply of water during the summer months; they are better for being mulched during the hot season. Plant out during the winter. Azaleas are also excellent plants to grow for flowering early in the glass-house or green-house. They should be grown in fair-sized pots in peaty soil, and very much dislike lime in any form. Price, from 2/6 ea.; 27/6 doz.; packing and freight extra. List of varieties on application.
- Bauhinia alba** (Mountain Ebony)-E. 12. A beautiful white flowering tree. 2/-. TC-C
- Purpurea**-E. 12. Large purple flowers. 2/-. TC-C
- Begonias** (Tree). (See page 122).
- Berberis Darwinii**-E. 6. Glossy foliage, clusters of rich orange flowers in spring. 2/-. C-T-In
- Wilsonii**-E. 3. Golden yellow flowers, followed by red berries in autumn. 2/- ea. TC-C-In
- Bird of Paradise Tree.** (See Poinciana.)
- Boronia megastigma** (Sweet Scented Boronia)-E. 4. Should be cut back after flowering. From 2/6. C-T
- Bottle Brush.** (See Callistemon.)
- Bougainvillea.** (See Climbing Plants.)
- Bouvardias.** See page 122.
- Brachychiton acerifolia** (Illawarra Flame Tree)-D. 50. Produces large bunches of scarlet, bell-shaped flowers. A beautiful tree. 2/- ea.; 20/- doz.; 140/- 100. TC-C-In
- Broom.** See Spartium.
- Brunfelsia latifolia**-E. 6. Pretty lavender flowers, free flowering. 2/-. TC-C
- Buddleia colvilli**-E. 6 to 8. Reddish pink flowers. 1/6. A
- Davidii**-E. 10. Deep purple. 1/6. A
- globosa**-E. 10. Orange colored flowers. 1/6. A
- Veitchiana**-E. 10. Sweetly scented, lilac colored flowers. 1/6. A
- Callistemon lanceolatus** (Bottle Brush)-E. 10. A hardy, scarlet flowering shrub; makes a splendid hedge planted 3 feet apart. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A
- Calodendron capense** (Cape Chestnut)-E. 40. A beautiful tree, as the name signifies, producing flesh colored flowers. Valuable for avenue or shelter. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.; 120/- 100. TC-C-In
- Camellia**-E. 10. Slow-growing shrubs, valuable for winter bloom. We can supply several varieties in white; various shades of pink and red. 2/6. C-T
- Camphora officinalis** (Camphor Laurel)-E. 50. Useful as a tall hedge or for avenue planting. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.; 110/- per 100. A
- Cape Chestnut.** See Calodendron.
- Cape Honeysuckle**-E. See Protea.
- Carob Tree**-E. See Ceratonia.
- Cassia candelleana**-E. 10. Strong-growing, yellow flowering shrubs. 1/6. TC-C
- didymobotrya**-E. 6. Larger flowers than other Cassias; free flowering. 1/6. TC-C
- Cedar** (White). See Melia.
- Cedar.** See Cedrus (Conifers).
- Cerasus lauro cerasus** (English Laurel)-E. 12. A beautiful evergreen hedge plant. Glossy foliage. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.; 100/- 100. C-T-In
- Ceratonia siliqua** (Carob Tree)-E. 20. A hardy evergreen tree. Pods and seeds edible for cattle. 1/6. C-In
- Ceratopetalum gummiferum** (Australian Christmas Bush)-E. 30. A handsome native tree. Should be watered during October and November and pruned back after flowering. Makes a fine tall hedge. From 2/- ea., according to size.
- Ceratostigma Willmottiae**-D. 4. A beautiful shrub from China, producing deep sky blue flowers over a long season. Recommended. 1/6. A
- Chamaelaucium uncinatum** (Geraldton Wax Plant)-E. 5. A late winter and early spring flowering shrub with delicate pink, scented flowers. From 2/-. C-T
- Cherry** (Double Flowering)-D. 10. Two varieties, pink and white. 2/6. C-T
- Chestnuts, Cape**-E. See Calodendron.
- Chinese Lantern.** See Abutilon.
- Chorizema cordata**-E. 3. A native of Western Australia. Orange and red pea-shaped flowers, freely produced. 2/-. C-In
- Illicifolia**-E. 3. Similar to cordata but longer flower spikes. 2/-. C-In
- Christmas Bush.** See Ceratopetalum.
- Clethra arborea** (Lily of the Valley Tree)-E. 12. Pure white flowers resembling "Lily of the Valley." 2/-. C-T
- Coprosma Baueriana picturata**-E. 6. Glossy leaves, have a yellow blotch in centre. Very pretty. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. A
- Lucida**-E. 6. Glossy leaves. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz. A
- Each of these two varieties makes a fine hedge, especially suited to seaside.
- Coral Tree.** See Erythrina.
- Crataegus** (Hawthorn)-Beautiful, berry-bearing shrubs.
- Carrieri**-D. 18. Large crimson berries. 1/6. C-T-In
- Cordata**-D. 20. Beautiful autumn foliage. 1/6. C-T-In
- Crenulata**-E. 8. Red Berries in winter. Makes fine hedge. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. C-T-In
- Pyraecantha**-E. 8. Yellow berries. 1/6. C-T-In
- Crepe Myrtle.** See Lagerstroemia.
- Crotalaria Laburnifolia**-E. 8. A pretty shrub producing spikes of greenish-yellow blooms, shaped like a parrot's beak. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Cupressus.** See page 130.
- Cydonia** (Japanese Flowering Quince)-D. 6. Several varieties, late winter and early spring flowering; colors: white, pink, red, apricot. 2/- to 2/6 ea. A
- Cyphomandra** (Tree Tomato)-E. 10. Edible, egg-shaped fruit, brownish red. 1/6. TC-C
- Cypress** (Flowering). See Tamarix.
- Cytisus Laburnum**-D. 10. Common Laburnum, yellow. Takes several years to flower. 2/-. C-T-In
- Stenopetalus**-A quick-growing, yellow flowered shrub. Blooms first year. 2/-. C-T-In
- Daphne** (Red or White)-E. 3. Highly fragrant. Likes moist, shady situation. Winter flowering. 5/-. C-T
- Deutzia** (Wedding Bells)-D. 4. Hardy, attractive shrub, available in double white, or double pink. 1/6. A
- Diervilla** (Weigela)-D. 6. Beautiful, hardy flowering shrubs. 4 varieties available; in white, pink and red. 1/6. A
- Diaplacus Hybrida**-E. 3. Orange buff flowers. Summer flowering. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Mrs. A. Scholes**-E. 3. Deep crimson flowers; a new variety. Recommended. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Duranta Plumieri**-E. 8. Lavender flowers, followed by yellow berries. Useful for hedge or specimen. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz.; larger plants 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. TC-C-In

FRUIT TREES FOR ORNAMENTAL PURPOSES

In addition to the trees and shrubs described in this section, the following are also recommended as being worthy of consideration. (See pages 117 to 120).

Almonds, Banana, Chestnuts, Custard Apples, Loquats, Mandarins, Mulberries, Oranges and Persimmons.

We can supply many trees and shrubs in addition to those named herein and will be pleased to supply if possible, any required which are not included in our List.

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

- Elaeagnus Japonica Variegata**-E. 10. A beautiful plant with gold variegation. Excellent for hedge or specimen. 2/- . A
- Elaeocarpus Cyaneus** (Blue Berry Ash)-E. 20. A fine native shrub; white flowers followed by blue berries. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Elms.** See *Ulmus*.
- English Laurel.** See *Cerasus*.
- Ericas** (The Heath)-These beautiful plants are very free flowering, some varieties being nearly always in bloom. The most suitable soil is sandy peat, but they will thrive in any sandy ground, and are much easier to grow than is generally believed. Heavy soil if mixed with sand will also suit, but no manure or lime must be put near the roots, nor must the plants be disturbed by digging. *Ericas* must be kept well watered. Several other varieties are available. (Complete list on application), but the following are the best. 2/6 ea. C-T-In
- Autumnalis**-Very small, rosy-pink, bell-shaped flowers, long spikes.
- Bowiana**-Pure white, waxy tubular flowers.
- Charsleyana**-Pale pink, tubular flowers; same type as *Bowieana*.
- Cruenta**-Orange red, long thin trumpet-shaped flowers.
- Jubilee**-Deep pink, waxy, tubular flowers.
- Pyramidalis**-Pure white; white form of *Autumnalis*.
- Webbleyana**-Delicate, lavender pink, dainty.
- Erythrina Crista-galli**-D. 8. Deep scarlet; a most unique summer flowering shrub. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Indica**-D. 30. The well-known winter flowering coral tree, deep scarlet blooms. Must not be confused with *Illawarra Flame Tree* (*Brachychiton* or *Sterculia*). 1/6. A
- Escallonia Macrantha**-E. 6. Pink flowered; suitable for hedge; quick-growing. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. C-T-In
- Eucalyptus Calophylla Rosea**-E. 20. A rosy pink flowering gum, similar to *Eucalyptus Ficalbia* but earlier. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. TC-C-In
- Citriodora** (Lemon-scented Gum)-E. 75. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. TC-C
- Corynocalyx** (Sugar Gum)-E. 100. Useful as a fodder and shelter tree. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.; 100/- per 100. A
- Ficifolia** (The Scarlet Western Australian Gum)-E. 20. Although raised from seed from the Scarlet Gum, plants of this variety may produce white flowers, or varying shades of orange, scarlet and crimson. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. TC-C-In
- Globulus** (Tasmanian Blue Gum)-E. 150. A quick-growing tree. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.; 100/- per 100. A
- Sideroxylon Rosea** (Pink Flowering Ironbark)-E. 30. A tree of graceful, drooping habit, recommended as a specimen, or for avenue planting. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A
- We can also supply a number of other varieties of *Eucalyptus*.
- Eugenia Smithii** (Native Lilly Pilli)-E. 20. Suitable for specimen or tall hedge. Red berries. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Ventenatili** (Weeping Lilly Pilli)-E. 40. A tall-growing variety of graceful drooping habit. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Euonymus Japonica**-E. 10. Handsome, hardy foliage, beautiful red berries in autumn. 1/6. A
- Japonica Aurea**-E. 6. A golden-leaved variation of above. Very pretty. 1/6. A
- Exochorda Grandiflora** (Pearl Bush)-D. 6. One of the most beautiful white flowering shrubs in cultivation. 2/- . A
- Feijoa Sellowiana**-E. 10. Red and white flowers in spring, followed by edible fruit which are pleasantly fragrant. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Ficus Australis** (Port Jackson Fig)-E. 60. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Macrophylla** (Moreton Bay Fig)-E. 60. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Hillii** (Nitida)-E. 30. Suitable tall hedge or street planting. 2/- ea.; 18/- doz. TC-C-In
- Fig.** See *Ficus*.
- Flame Tree.** See *Brachychiton*.
- Flowering Cypress.** See *Tamarix*.
- Frangipanni.** See *Plumeria*.
- Fuchsias.** See page 121.
- Gardenia Intermedia**-E. 3. Free-flowing, white; very fragrant. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Magnifica**-E. 4. Very large, scented white flowers. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Geraldton Wax Plant.** See *Chamaelaucium*.
- Gold Dust Tree.** See *Aucuba*.
- Gordonia Anomala**-E. 10. Large creamy white flowers, with centre of golden stamens. 2/6. C-T
- Grevillea Banksii Fosterii**-E. 6. A rich crimson, summer flowering dwarf form of *Silky Oak*. 2/- . TC-C
- Robusta** (*Silky Oak*)-E. 40. Orange flowers in spring. Valued mostly on account of its beautiful fern-like foliage. Suitable as specimen or avenue planting. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.; 120/- per 100. TC-C-In
- Guava.** See *Psidium*.
- Guelder Rose.** See *Viburnum Opulus*.
- Gums.** See *Eucalyptus*.
- Habrothamnus Elegans**-E. 6. A scarlet flowering shrub, hardy, nearly always in bloom. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Hakea Eucalyptoides**-E. 8. A Western Australian shrub with distinctive crimson flowers and cream anthers. 2/- . C-In
- Hawthorn.** See *Crataegus*.
- Chinese.** See *Photinia*.
- Indian.** See *Rhapiolepis*.
- Heath.** See *Ericas*.
- Heliotropium** (*Heliotrope* or *Cherry Pie*)-E. 2 to 3. A beautiful scented flowering shrub. Several varieties, pale blue to deep purple, also golden-leaved. Plants 1/6. TC-C-In
- Hibiscus** (Evergreen Type)-These beautiful flowering shrubs grow from 5 to 10 feet, according to variety, and make fine specimen or hedge plants, flowering throughout the summer and autumn. Protect from frost the first winter. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.; all one variety 14/- doz., packing and carriage extra. List of varieties on application. TC-C
- Special offer**-Our selection, 6 Evergreen *Hibiscus*, 7/6 packed, carriage extra.
- Hibiscus** (Deciduous type)-Hardy everywhere.
- Mutabilis** (*Chinese Rose*)-D. 10. Double pink.
- Mutabilis Alba**-D. 8. Double white.
- Syracus**-D. 10. Six distinct colors available.
- Hibiscus** (Herbaceous Type)-Hardy everywhere. This type dies down in winter, and shoots up again in the spring. Produces large single blooms 8 to 10 inches across in shades of white, pink, or red.
- Moscheutos Alba**-Pure white. 2/6
- Moscheutos Carminea**-Deep carmine pink. 2/6
- Moscheutos Coccineus**-Large rich crimson. 2/6
- Holly.** See *Ilex*.
- Hydrangeas**-D. *Hydrangeas* require moist soil and prefer a partially shaded situation. Many choice varieties have been introduced recently, the fringed-edged variety "Parsifal" and the double "Domotoi" being particularly beautiful. The variation in color is governed by the chemical composition of the soil; acid or iron stone soil produces blue flowers, while in limestone country the color produced is pink, white varieties alone remaining invariable. From 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz., packing and carriage extra. List of varieties on application. C-T-In
- Special Offer**-6 distinct *Hydrangeas*, our selection, 7/6 packed, carriage extra.
- Ilex** (*Holly*)-One of the most beautiful of all evergreen shrubs, especially the variegated varieties.
- Aquifolium** (*English Holly*)-E. 15. Deep green leaves. 2/- . T
- Golden Holly**-E. 10. Deep yellow variegated. 2/6. T
- Silver Holly**-E. 10. Beautifully variegated. 2/6. T
- Illawarra Flame Tree.** See *Brachychiton*.
- Irish Strawberry.** See *Arbutus*.
- Jacaranda Mimosaefolia**-D. 30. Beautiful fern-like foliage, covered with lavender, bell-shaped flowers in spring. Protect from frost if planting in winter. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Jasminum Fruticans** (*Yellow Jasmine*)-E. 8. Scented. 2/- . A. (See also climbing plants.)
- Primulinum** (*Semi-double Yellow*)-E. 6. 2/- . A. (See also climbing plants.)
- Kurajong.** See *Sterculia*.
- Laburnum.** See *Cytisus*.
- Lagerstroemia** (*Crepe Myrtle*)-Beautiful hardy summer flowering shrub. Recommended.
- Eavesii**-D. 8. Mauve; extra good. 2/6. A
- Flos-regina**-D. 12. Bright pink, long spikes. The best pink. 2/6. A
- Indica Rubra**-D. 20. Bright red. 2/6. A
- Indica Alba**-D. 8. White. 2/6. A
- Lagunaria Patersonii** (*Norfolk Island Hibiscus*)-E. 30. Hardy vigorous, pink flowering tree, suitable seaside or exposed position. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Lantana**-E. 4. The following varieties are non-spreading except in Brisbane and similar climates, and are very showy as specimen shrubs or as hedges. Plant 2 ft. apart.
- Chelsea Gem**-E. 4. Orange and red. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz. C-In
- Drap d'Or** (*Cloth of Gold*)-E. 4. A beautiful golden yellow. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz. C-In
- Sellowiana**-E. 4. Mauve. This variety has a trailing habit. May be grown to cover embankments. Makes a good hedge if supported or trained up the first year or two. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz. C-In
- Snowflake**-E. 4. Pure white. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz. C-In
- Lasiandra Edwardsii**-E. 5. A recent introduction, large deep violet flowers. 1/6. TC-C-In
- Grandiflora**-E. 6. Extra large flowers of deep purple. 2/- . TC-C-In
- Rosea**-E. 6. Pink. Very free flowering. 1/6. TC-C
- Laurel** (*English*). See *Cerasus*.
- Lauristinus.** See *Viburnum*.
- Lavender.** See *Lavandula*.
- Lavandula Spica** (*Common English Lavender*)-E. 2. 1/6. C-T-In
- Stoechas** (*French Lavender*)-E. 3. 1/6. C-T-In
- Ligustrum Aureum** (*Golden Privet*)-E. Suitable for hedge or specimen plant. From open ground, 4/- doz.; 30/- 100. Pots. 9d. ea.; 7/6 doz.; 52/6 100. Larger plants 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz.; 100/- 100. Plant 18 inches apart in hedges. A
- Lucidum** (*Large-leaved Privet*)-E. Suitable for tall hedges. 2/- doz.; 15/- 100. Plant 2 feet apart. A
- Pubescens** or *Vulgaris* (*Small-leaved Privet*)-E. The variety mostly used for hedges. 2/- . doz.; 15/- 100. Plant 1 ft. apart. A

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

- Lilac.** See *Syringa*.
Lilli Pilli. See *Eugenia*.
Lily of the Valley Tree. See *Clethra*.
Liquidambar Stryaciflua—D. 40. Maple-like foliage, very beautiful in autumn. 2/-, C-T
Liriodendron Tulipiferum (Tulip Tree)—D. 40. A magnificent ornamental tree. 2/6. C-T
Lophostemon. See *Tristania*.
Luculia Gratiissima—E. 6. Pretty, pink flowering shrub from North India. 2/6. Advanced plants 5/- ea., available from April. C-T
Macadamia Ternifolia (Q'ld. Nut)—E. 20. An ornamental tree bearing edible nuts of high quality. Usually bears in about 5 years. 2/-. TC-C-In
Magnolia Fuscata (Port Wine Magnolia)—E. 10. One of the most richly perfumed shrubs in existence. Small, tulip-shaped, wine coloured flowers in spring. 2/6. C-T-In
Grandiflora—E. 20. Very large pure white flowers. 2/6. C-T-In
Malus (Crab Apple)—D. 12. Varieties in white, pink, and red. Spring flowering, small fruit. 2/6. C-T-In
Maples. See *Acer*.
May. See *Spiraea*.
Melia Azedarach (White Cedar)—D. 20. Quick-growing, highly ornamental. Lilac flowers in spring. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. A
Metrosideros Tomentosa (Pohutukawa or New Zealand Christmas Bush)—E. 20. Blood red flowers. Recommended. 2/-. C
Mock Orange. See *Philadelphus*.
Moreton Bay Fig. See *Ficus*.
Mountain Ebony. See *Bauhinia*.
Nandina Domestica—E. 8. White flowers in spring, valued more for its graceful fern-like foliage. 2/-. A
Nerium (Oleander)—E. 6-10. Choice flowering shrubs, blooming spring, summer and autumn. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz., unless priced otherwise. All one variety, 14/- per doz. A
Album—E. 10. Single white.
Dr. Golfen—E. 6. Deep rosy red, single.
Madonna Grandiflora—E. 6. Very large semi-double white.
Mrs. F. Roeding—E. 6. A pretty semi-double salmon.
Monsieur Belaguer—E. 6. Single, light pink flowers.
Professor Martin—E. 6. Single, crimson.
Souv. de Cazalis Allut—E. 6. Rich dark crimson. Single.
Splendens—E. 10. Very large, double pink.
Splendens Variegata—Leaves variegated creamy yellow, flowers double pink. 2/6. A
New Zealand Christmas Bush. See *Metrosideros*.
Oaks. See *Quercus*.
Oak, Silky. See *Grevillea*.
Ochna Multiflora—E. 6. Fragrant, yellow flowers in spring, followed by scarlet and black berries. 2/-. T-C-In
Olea Europea (Common Olive)—E. 20. Suitable for hedge; withstands heat and drought. 1/- ea.; 10/- doz. Larger size 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A
Oleander. See *Nerium*.
Olive. See *Olea*.
Peach, Double Flowering. See *Amygdalus*.
Pearl Bush. See *Exochorda*.
Peppers. See *Schinus*.
Philadelphus (Mock Orange) **Grandiflorus**—D. 6. Large single, white flowers, scented. 1/6. A
Photinia Serrulata (Chinese Hawthorn)—E. 15. A beautiful foliage shrub, the young leaves and seed being very attractive. 2/-. A
Pinus. See *Conifers*.
Platanus Orientalis (Plane Tree)—D. 50. Specially suited for specimen or avenue planting. Special quotations for large quantities. 2/- ea.; 20/- doz. C-T-In
Pittosporum Eugenioides—E. 20. Used for specimen or hedges. 1/6. C-T-In
Eugenioides Variegata—E. 15. Makes a pretty hedge. 2/-. C-T-In
Undulatum (Victorian Laurel or Native Daphne)—E. 20. Richly fragrant, spring blooming tree. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. C-T-In
Plumbago Capensis (Blue or White)—E. 6. Hardy, free flowering. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. TC-C-In
Plumiera Acutifolia (Frangipanni)—D. 12. White, 2/-; pink, 3/6; highly fragrant. TC-C
Poinciana Gilliesi (Bird of Paradise)—E. 6. A sub-tropical shrub which does well in warm climates. It has graceful Mimosa-like foliage, and bears freely an abundance of pretty, peculiarly-shaped yellow flowers with red anthers, on account of which it received its popular name. 2/-. A
Poinsettia Pulcherrima—D. 10. A strikingly colored plant in winter, with its enormous scarlet bracts. Affected by frosts, plant in sheltered position, north aspect preferred. 1/6. TC-C
Pomegranate. See *Punica*.
Populus (Poplars)—Very rapid growers, also graceful and hardy.
Balsamifera (Balsam Poplar)—D. 50. Spreading habit. 2/-. A
Bolleana (Silver-leaved)—D. 50. Does not sucker. 2/-. A
Deltoides—D. 40. A vigorous large-leaved variety. 2/-. A
Dilitata—D. 50. Upright or Lombardy Poplar. 2/-. A
Also Golden Poplar—D. 40. 2/-. A
Large specimens of these varieties (about 6 ft.), can usually be supplied during the winter from 5/-
Privet. See *Ligustrum*.
Prostanthera Ovalifolia—E. 8. A native shrub covered in spring with rich purple flowers. Recommended. 2/-. C-In
Protea Mellifera (Cape Honeysuckle)—E. 8. Pink and yellow flowers in spring. 2/6. C-T-In
Prunus (Prunes, flowering).
Blireiana—D. 10. Double, rose-pink flowers. Purple foliage. Recommended. 2/6. C-T-In
Moserii—D. 10. The best semi-double, pink flowering plum. Purple foliage. Recommended. 2/6. C-T-In
Pissardi Nigra—D. 20. Very ornamental, coppery crimson foliage. Reddish colored edible fruit. 2/6. C-T-In
Vesuvius—D. Large, purplish bronze leaves. 2/6. A
Psidium (Guava) **Cattleyanum**—E. 8. Purple Guava. Makes good hedge, edible fruit. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. TC-C-In
Pyriferum—E. 15. Yellow Guava. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. TC-C-In
Punica (Pomegranate) **Granatum**—D. 10. (Common Pomegranate.) 2/-. A
Nana—D. 2. Dwarf pomegranate, suit rockeries or borders. 1/6. A
Pyrus Aucuparia (Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree)—D. 30. Beautiful autumn foliage and large bunches of scarlet berries. Recommended. 2/-. C-T
Queensland Nut. See *Macadamia*.
Quercus (Oak), **Coccinea** (Scarlet)—D. 50. One of the most beautiful Oaks; foliage turns deep scarlet in autumn. 2/-. C-T
Palustris (American Pin Oak)—D. 50. Deep crimson autumn foliage. 2/-. C-T
Robur (English Oak)—D. 50. 2/6. C-T
Virens (The Evergreen Oak)—E. 40. 2/6. C-T
Quince (Japanese Flowering). See *Cydonia*.
Rhapiolepis Indica (Indian Hawthorn)—E. 8. An excellent hedge plant. Flowers white with pink centre, followed by black berries. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. A
Rhododendrons—These are shade-loving plants, suitable for cool moist climates. Soil should be free from lime in any form. We have a fine lot of large plants in various colors. From 7/6 ea. C-T
Rondeletia Amoena—E. 8. Beautiful salmon pink flowers. Highly recommended. 2/6. TC-C
Roses. See pages 111-116.
Rosmarinus Officinalis (Rosemary)—E. 4. Fragrant foliage. 1/6. A
Rowan Tree. See *Pyrus*.
Russelia Juncea—E. 4. Rush-like leaves, very ornamental, scarlet, tubular flowers. 1/6. TC-C-In
Salix (Willow) **Babylonica** (Weeping Willow)—D. 50. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A
Caprea (Pussy Willow)—D. 30. Canes produce large silky buds in Spring which are very ornamental. Last well when cut. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A
Coerulea (Cricket Bat Willow)—D. 80. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.
Vitellina Aurea (Golden Willow)—D. 20. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A
Schinus Molle (Pepper Tree)—E. 20. Very hardy and graceful. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.; 100/- 100. A
Sesbania Tripettii (Brazilian Glory Pea)—D. 10. Rich, tango colored flowers, nice foliage. Prune back after flowering. 1/6. TC-C-In
Silky Oak. See *Grevillea*.
Snow Ball Tree. See *Viburnum*.
Spartium Junceum (Spanish Broom)—E. 8. Hardy, yellow flowering shrub. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A
Spiraea (May)—D. 6. Three varieties, double white, single white, single crimson. 1/6. A
Stenocarpus Sinuatus—E. 30. Beautiful, scarlet flowers resembling spokes of a wheel. 1/6. TC-C
Sterculia Acerifolia (Illawarra Flame Tree)—D. 50. See *Brachychiton*.
Diversifolia (Kurrajong)—E. 50. Although slow-growing, this tree is valuable as a fodder or shelter tree. 2/-. C-T-In
Strawberry Tree. See *Arbutus*.
Strelitzia (Bird Flower) **Augusta**—E. 15. A tall-growing plant, foliage somewhat like Banana Tree. White flowers of peculiar formation. 2/6. TC-C-In
Regina—E. 3. Peculiarly handsome flowers of pale blue and gold. 3/6. C-T-In
Syringa (Lilac)—D. 8. Beautifully scented, named varieties in various shades of blue, mauve, and red, also white. 2/6. C-T-In
Tamarix (Flowering Cypress) **Gallica**—D. 12. Pink flowering. 1/6. A
Japonica Plumosa—D. 12. Beautiful autumn foliage, valuable for decorative purposes. 1/6. A
Tecoma Capensis—E. 12. Orange red, frequently used as a hedge plant. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. TC-C-In
Smithii—E. 10. Orange yellow with brown markings. 1/9. TC-C-In
Velutina—E. 10. Yellow. 1/9. TC-C-In
Telopea Speciosissima (Waratah)—E. 10. Bright crimson, one of the most distinct of Australian flora. 2/-. C-T
Tree Bigonia. See page 122.
Tree Tomato. See *Cyphomandra*.
Tristania Conferta (Lophostemon or Brush Box)—E. 50. A valuable shade of street tree of very rapid growth. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. TC-C-In
Tulip Tree. See *Liriodendron*.
Ulmus (Elm) **Campestris**—D. 80. English Elm. 2/6. T
Also several other varieties at 2/6 ea.
Veronica—E. 2-4. Several varieties in white, pink, and blue. 1/9. A
Tung Oil Tree. See *Aleurites Fordii*.
Viburnum Opulus (Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree)—D. 8. Hardy spring flowering. 2/-. A
Tinus (Laurustinus)—E. 6. White flowers, useful as specimen or hedge plant. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz. A

ORNAMENTAL TREES AND SHRUBS (continued)

Waratah. See Telopea.
Wattles. See Acacias.
Wedding Bells. See Deutzia.
Weigela. See Diervilla.
Willows. See Salix.

CONIFERS, PINES AND CUPRESSUS

This class of tree is generally most suitable for a cool mountain or tableland climate, but certain varieties, as indicated, will succeed in other parts. The tall, fast-growing *Pinus Insignis* is valuable as a breakwind, while *Cupressus torulosus* is favored for a close hedge up to 20 ft. As specimen trees for avenue or lawn planting the cedrus, cupressus and juniperus are specially recommended.

Prices as stated—Packing and carriage extra.

Araucaria Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya)—100. A handsome tree of regular, symmetrical habit, with shiny deep green leaves. Very prickly. 2/6. A
Cunninghami (Hoop Pine)—100. 2/6. A

Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine)—100. Hardy, specially recommended for coast. 2/-. A

Yucca-E. 3 to 12. Stiff-leaved plants suitable for rockeries or dry places, some varieties producing magnificent tall spikes of white and cream flowers. 2/6. TC-C-In

Bunya Pine. See *Araucaria*.

Cedrus Atlantica (Mount Atlas or Silver Cedar)—80. Handsome, silvery foliage. 2/6. C-T-In

Deodara (Indian Cedar)—50. An extremely beautiful tree, suitable for specimen or for avenue planting. 2/6. C-T-In

Cupressus arizonica (Arizona Cypress)—20. Makes an excellent specimen. Hardy everywhere. 2/6. A

Lambertiana Aurea—40. Beautiful golden foliage, makes an attractive specimen. 5/-. A

Lambertiana Horizontalis—50. One of the best; largely used for planting as a tall hedge or breakwind. 4/-. C-T-In

Macrocarpa—50. Fast-growing, but is liable to die out. 1/9 ea.; 18/- doz. A

CONIFERS, ETC.—(Continued)

Sempervirens (Pencil Pine)—50. An upright growing pine producing a durable timber. 2/- ea.; 18/- doz. A

Torulosus—25. Makes a magnificent hedge, and a grand ornamental tree. The foliage is close and thick from the ground level making it specially suitable for a close-growing wind-break. This variety is exceptionally hardy. 3/6 ea.; 40/- doz. A

Hoop Pine. See *Araucaria Cunninghami*.

Juniperus (Juniper), *Africana*, *Bermudiana*, *Chinensis*, *Hibernica* and *Virginiana*. These are hardy upright conifers, *Africana* being a dwarf-growing variety, growing to about 8 ft., the others from 20 to 30 ft. Specially suitable as lawn specimens owing to their neat, compact growth. 2/6. C-T-In

Norfolk Island Pine. See *Araucaria Excelsa*.

Pinus Insignis—100. Largely used for breakwinds. Fast-growing. 1/6 ea.; 16/- doz.; 100/- 100. C-T-In

CLIMBING PLANTS

Climbing plants are invaluable for relieving the formality of buildings, pergolas, trellises, etc., providing a restful and homelike effect. If the selection is left to us, we will choose suitable plants for the district where they are to be planted, but it will help considerably if the purpose for which they are required is stated when ordering.

The letters C-T-In, etc., indicate the climates for which the varieties are suitable. For explanation, see page 127.

D denotes Deciduous. E—Evergreen.

SPECIAL OFFER—Six climbing plants, our selection, for 7/6 packed, carriage extra. We select varieties which are suitable for the climate for which they are required.

PRICES AS STATED, PACKING AND CARRIAGE EXTRA.

*Denotes varieties that will

Akebia Quinata-E. Purplish colored flowers, hardy. 1/6. A

**Ampelopsis Veitchii* (Virginian Creeper)—D. Crimson foliage in autumn. 1/6. A

Antigonon Leptopus-E. Rose pink. Useful as a cut flower. 1/6. TC-C

Aristolochia Elegans (Dutchman's Pipe)—E. Flowers extraordinary shape and markings. 1/6. TC-C

Asparagus Plumosa-E. Also two other varieties. 1/6 ea.; 15/- doz. A

Banana Passion Fruit. See *Tacsonia Mollissima*.

Bignonia (Syn. *Tecoma*)—Magnificent climbers. Recommended.

Australis (Wonga Wonga Vine)—E. Cream and brown flowers. Vigorous. 1/9. A

Cherere-E. Large scarlet. 1/9. TC-C-In

Grandiflora-D. Orange. Magnificent sprays. 1/9. TC-C

Guilfoylei-D. Orange brown. 1/9. TC-C

Jasminoides-E. White, with rose purple throat. 1/9. TC-C-In

Jasminoides Alba-E. Pure white. 1/9. TC-C-In

Lindleyana-E. Lilac. 1/9. TC-C-In

Rosea-E. Rosy lilac. 1/9. A

Tweediana (Chicken's Claw)—E. Rich yellow. Hardy. 1/9. A

Venusta-E. Orange, tubular flowers. 1/9. TC-C-In

Bougainvillea—May also be grown as large shrub. Protect from frost first winter.

Glabra Sanderiana-E. Magenta, free-flowering. 1/9. TC-C-In

Mrs. Butt—The new ruby red *Bougainvillea*; a magnificent variety. Plants 3/6. Highly recommended. TC-C

clinging to walls, etc., by stem rootlets.

BOUGAINVILLEA—(Continued)

Laterita-E. Brick red. 3/6. TC-C

Magnifica Trailli-E. The best purple. 2/-. TC-C-In

Rosea-E. Strawberry pink. 3/6. TC-C

Choko. Refer Vegetable Section.

Dutchman's Pipe. See *Aristolochia*.

**Ficus* (Climbing Fig) *Stipulata-E.* Useful for covering walls, etc. 1/6. TC-C-In

Minima-E. Small-leaved variety. 1/6. TC-C-In

Gelsemium Sempervirens (Carolina Jasmine)—E. Scented, yellow. 2/-. A

Grape Vines. See Fruit Section.

**Hedera* (Ivy)—E. Three varieties, including variegated. 1/9 to 2/-. A

Honeysuckle-E. See *Lonicera*.

Ivy. See *Hedera*.

Jasminum Fruticans-E. Yellow, scented. 2/-. A. See also Shrubs.

Grandiflorum-E. White. 2/-. A

See also Shrubs.

Poicoicum-E. White, star-like. 2/6. TC-C

Primulinum-E. Semi-double yellow. 2/-. A. See also Shrubs.

Lathyrus latifolius (Everlasting Pea)—E. Pink, white or red. 1/6. A

Pubescens (Argentine Pea)—E. Perennial Pea. Pale violet. 1/-. A

Lonicera (Honeysuckle) *Aurea Reticulata-E.* Variegated foliage. 1/9. A

Caprifolium (Goat's Leaf or Woodbine)—E. 1/9. A

Halliana-E. White, turning light yellow. 1/9. A

Sinensis (White and Red)—E. 1/9. A

Tartarica Splendens (Scarlet Trumpet)—E. 1/9. A

Mandevillea Suaveolens-D. White, fragrant. 1/9. TC-C

Manettia Bicolor-E. Small tubular flowers of red and yellow. 1/9. TC-C

Medeola (Smilax) *Asparagoides*—Trailing plant. Rivals *Asparagus* as a decorative foliage plant. 2/-. A

Color refers to flowers.

Passiflora Edulis (Passion Fruit Vine)—E. Edible fruit. Perennial. From pots 9d. ea.; 6/6 doz.; 50/- 100.

From open ground, 1/6 doz.; 10/- 100; 75/- 1,000. TC-C

Passion Fruit. See *Passiflora*.

Perennial Pea. See *Lathyrus*.

Phaseolus Caracalla (Snail Flower)—E. Curious cream and purple flowers; scented. 2/-. C-T-In

Roses (Climbing varieties). See *Roses*, page 115.

Rhynchospermum Jasminoides-E. White, fragrant. 2/-. A

Scarlet Runner Beans. See Vegetable Section.

Snail Flower. See *Phaseolus*.

Solanum Jasminoides-E. White. 1/9. A

Seaforthianum-E. Blue flowers, red berries. 1/9. TC-C-In

Wendlandii-E. Lavender-blue. 1/9. TC-C

Stephanotis Floribunda-E. White, richly perfumed; requires warm sheltered position. 2/6. TC-C

Sweet Peas (Annual). See Flower Seed Section.

Tacsonia (Passion Flower) *Manicata-E.* Scarlet. 2/-. A

Mollissima (Banana Passion Fruit)—E. Blooms soft pink, fruit creamy-white; edible. 1/-. A

Tecoma. See *Bignonia*.

Thunbergia Gibsoni (Golden Glory Vine)—Brilliant old gold. Very attractive. Free blooming if watered regularly and manured. 1/9. TC-C-In

Wistaria—Suitable for training up trees, over trellis work, etc.

Multijuga-D. A Japanese variety, with beautiful purple flowers. 2/-. A

Multijuga alba-D. White form of the above. 2/-. A

Multijuga rosea-D. Rosy lilac. 2/-. A

Sinensis alba-D. White. 2/-. A

Sinensis-D. Double Blue. 2/-. A

Sinensis (Single)—D. Delicate lavender blue. 2/-. A

SPRAYING MATERIALS

IMPORTANT.—All poisonous preparations such as Arsenate of Lead, Bordeaux Powder, etc., are put up in standard containers, and can only be sold in the quantities set out. Care should be taken to keep them away from children, also domestic animals.

ALBAROL, white spraying oil, for all scale pests. (1 gal. makes 50 gals. spray)

1 pt.	1 qrt.	½ gal.	1 gal.	2 gal.	4 gal.
2/3	3/6	4/6	7/6	14/-	24/-

ARSENATE OF LEAD POWDER, for leaf-eating pests. (1lb. makes up to 50 gals. spray)

¼lb.	½lb.	1lb.	2lb.	5lb.	14lb.	28lb.	56lb.	112lb.
1/-	1/6	2/3	2/2lb.	1/11lb.	1/10lb.	1/8lb.	1/7lb.	1/6lb.

BENZOLE EMULSION (in paste form). (1lb. makes 5 gals. spray)

Per lb. tin, 1/9; per 7lb. tin, 10/-

BORDEAUX POWDER, for fungus diseases. (1lb. makes up to 10 gals., according to purpose required)

¼lb.	½lb.	1lb.	5lbs.	10lbs.	28lbs.	56lbs. & over
9d.	1/3	1/9	1/8 lb.	1/6 lb.	1/5 lb.	1/3 lb.

GLUE PEARLS, for all scale pests.

1 lb. packets, 1/6; 2 lb. packets, 2/4

HARBAS, Red Spraying Oil, for scale pests on fruit trees. (1 gal. makes 20 to 50 gals. spray)

1 pt.	1 qrt.	½ gal.	1 gal.	2 gal.	4 gal.	46 gal.
1/6	2/3	3/6	6/-	11/-	16/-	3/6

HAROLA LIME SULPHUR, for fungus diseases and sap-sucking insects. (1 gal. makes 10-40 gals. spray, according to purpose required)

1 pt.	1 qrt.	½ gal.	1 gal.	2 gal.	4 gal.	46 gal.
1/3	1/9	2/3	3/6	6/6	8/-	1/9

KATAKILLA, for aphids, red spider, mites, etc. (non-poisonous). Packet to make 2½ gals. spray, 9d. Packet to make 10 gals. spray, 2/6. Packet to make 50 gals. spray, 6/-

XL ALL NICOTINE LIQUID INSECTICIDE, for destroying insect pests on Orchids and such-like tender plants.

1 gallon tins, 25/-

XL ALL VAPORISING COMPOUND, the best preparation for fumigating the glasshouse.

Tin containing 10 cakes, 10/-

YATES' NICOTINE SULPHATE (Black Leaf 40), for sap-sucking insects, aphids, thrips. (1 oz. makes about 6 gals.)

1 oz.	2 oz.	4 oz.	½ lb.	1 lb.	2 lb.
1/6	2/6	3/9	7/-	12/6	22/6

NOSCO WEED KILLER.—A highly concentrated arsenical powder; very effective.

1lb. tin, 2/3; 2lb. tin, 3/6; 7lb. tin, 11/6

"265" SNAIL EXTERMINATOR: 1½lb. tin., 1/6; 2½lb. tin, 2/6; 5lb. tin, 4/6

VAPORITE.—A soil fumigant, most effective for keeping down slaters, cut worms and other insects that live in the soil. Vaporite should be either broadcast and dug into the soil at the rate of about 2oz. per square yard, or worked into the soil around the plants to be protected. Per lb., 8d.; 7lbs., 4/-; 28lbs. 15/-; 56lbs., and over, 56/- cwt.

TOBACCO DUST—

1lb.	7lb.	14lbs.	28lbs.	56lb. & over
3d.	1/3	2/-	3/6	12/- per cwt.

FLOWERS OF SULPHUR—

1lb.	28lbs. & over
4d.	3d. lb.

PACKING (if required) on all the above lines charged extra, at the following rates: Up to 1 gal. or 10 lbs., 6d. per package; 2 gals. or 20 lbs., 9d; 4 gals. or 28 lbs., 1/- per package. Drum lots do not require packing.

SUNDRY GARDEN REQUISITES

GRAFTING WAX 4 oz. tins, 1/6

RAFFIA (Plain), for general garden use: 2/- lb.; 7lb. lots, 1/10 lb.; 14lb. lots, 1/9 lb.

SPHAGNUM MOSS (approx. 100 lbs. per bale). Peck bag, 2/6; per sugar bag, 5/-; per sack (about 3 sugar bags), 12/6; per bale (about 3 sacks), 25/-.

TI-TREE BARK, for lining hanging baskets, etc.; 2d. per bundle, 1/9 per doz. bundles.

WOOD LABELS (½in. thick fully dressed)—

	4in.	6in.	9in.	12in.
Per 100	2/-	2/3	2/8	3/6
Per 1000	17/-	21/-	24/-	32/-

GARDEN STAKES (Hardwood)—

	3ft.	4ft.	5ft.	6ft.
Per doz.	1/-	1/6	2/-	2/3
Per 100	6/6	9/-	12/6	15/6

GARDEN STICKS (Softwood)—

	1ft.	2ft.	2½ft.	3ft.	4ft.
Per 100	1/-	3/-	3/6	5/-	6/3

PAPER ROSE LABELS (waterproofed): 1/6 100; 10/6 per 1,000

ZINC ROSE LABELS (wired). Surface prepared for taking pencil.

7/6 per 100; 60/- per 1000

WATERPROOFED PAPER POTS—

	3in.	3½in.	4in.	5in.
Per 100	7/6	8/6	9/6	10/6
Per 1000	63/-	77/6	90/-	96/-

WOOLF'S GARDEN PENCILS, unsurpassed for writing labels, etc. 6d. each

INDELIBLE INK per bottle, 9d.

BULB GROWING FIBRE.—A specially prepared compost for growing bulbs in bowls or pans indoors without drainage: 4d. lb.; 7lbs., 2/3; 14lbs., 4/-

BOOKS

In addition to the large variety of books and pamphlets issued by ourselves, we can supply the following publications of the Department of Agriculture:—

THE FARMERS' HANDBOOK.—An authoritative book on all phases of agriculture in N.S.W.

Price: Cloth bound, 10/6; postage 8d. extra.

GRASSES AND FODDER PLANTS OF N.S.W..—A complete and interesting study of the grasses and fodder plants that are in commercial use in N.S.W.

Price: 6/-; postage 4d. extra.

PRUNING.—Every orchardist should have a copy. Price: 3/- each; postage 3d. extra.

Carriage is Charged Extra on all items on this page

MANURES AND FERTILIZERS

SPECIAL NOTE TO CUSTOMERS SERVED BY RAIL (Not Coastal Steamer).—If ordering the minimum quantity of those manures for which we give a special quotation "on rails at manure works," please indicate when writing whether you wish the fertilizer consigned from works separately from seeds or other goods, or whether you wish it consigned by us from Darling Harbour along with any other goods ordered from us at the same time. In the latter case the cost is higher, but for ease of carting or for other reasons it may suit you to pay extra price and have total order delivered in one consignment. If no indication is given we will consign direct from manure works.

BAG LOTS.—It is more economical to order bag lots rather than cwt. lots as this saves breaking the bags. Bags weigh approximately 1½ cwt. in most cases, but vary according to kind ordered. The actual weight sent is charged for at the price per cwt. quoted.

All prices are F.O.R. Sydney except where specially quoted F.O.R. Manure Works. All Freights are Charged Extra.

Name or Number of Manure.	Class of Crops for which Fertilizer is suitable under average conditions.	No. of Bags per ton	Minimum quantity supplied at ton rates	Per ton F.O.R. Manure Works Freight extra	Per ton F.O.R. Darling Harbour	Bag Lots per cwt.	53 Lbs. and over per cwt.	28 Lb. Lots	14 Lb. Lots.	7 Lb. Lots.
22% SUPERPHOSPHATE ..	Pastures, Wheat and other cereals and general use ..	12	4 bags	£4/17/6	£6/-/-	7/6	8/6	2/3	1/6	1/-
YATES' BLOOD AND BONE (Special quotes truck lots—minimum 8 tons) ..	General garden and Market garden crops ..	16	16 bags	£7/12/6	£8/2/6	9/3	9/9	2/9	1/9	1/3
YATES' BONEDUST (Special quotes truck lots—minimum 8 tons) ..	General garden and Market garden crops ..	12	12 bags	7/17/6	8/7/6	9/6	10/-	2/9	1/9	1/3
YATES' PLANT FOOD ..	General garden use, pot plants, etc. ..	12	6 bags	—	12/10/-	14/-	15/3	4/3	2/6	1/6
HYDRATED LIME ..	General garden use, and for dusting to keep plants free from pests ..	14	7 bags	—	10/10/-	11/-	11/6	3/9	2/6	1/6
AGRICULTURAL SHELL LIME ..	For sweetening land, breaking down clay, etc. ..	14	14 bags	—	6/10/-	7/6	8/-	—	—	—
No. 3 MIXED FERTILIZER ..	For Cabbages, Cauliflowers, Turnips, Rape, Maize, Hay crops and green manure crops ..	14	4 bags	8/2/6	9/2/6	10/9	11/9	3/6	2/-	1/3
No. 5 ..	For tomatoes, potatoes, apples, pears and, on rich land, citrus fruits and grapes ..	13	4 bags	9/5/-	10/5/-	11/9	12/9	3/9	2/3	1/6
No. 6 ..	Melons, pumpkins, and other vine crops, also onions ..	12	4 bags	7/17/6	8/17/6	10/6	11/6	3/6	2/-	1/3
No. 8 ..	Complete Grass and Pasture fertilizer ..	13	4 bags	7/5/-	8/5/-	9/9	10/9	3/-	1/9	1/-
No. 9 ..	For lawns and for forcing pastures in the winter ..	13	4 bags	8/5/-	9/5/-	10/9	11/9	3/6	2/-	1/3
No. 11 ..	For peas and beans and other legumes, including lucerne when top-dressing ..	12	4 bags	7/7/6	8/7/6	10/-	11/-	3/3	1/9	1/-
No. 12 ..	The best all round manure and for citrus fruits and grapes on poor soil ..	12	4 bags	9/12/6	10/12/6	12/3	13/3	4/-	2/6	1/6
SULPHATE OF AMMONIA ..	For mixing or for special purposes like the top dressing of lawns where a highly nitrogenous manure is required ..	14	—	—	—	17/-	18/-	5/-	2/9	1/9
SULPHATE OF POTASH ..	For mixing or for special crops like roses, tomatoes, potatoes and fruit trees, which require additional potash ..	12	—	—	—	28/-	29/-	7/6	4/3	2/3
NITRATE OF SODA ..	For mixing or where special nitrogenous manures are required ..	12	—	—	—	20/-	21/-	5/9	3/3	2/-
FLORAPHOS, 2lb. cartons, 2/-	An excellent general purpose manure for the home garden, also convenient for using in solution as liquid manure ..	14	—	—	—	—	—	19/-	10/-	5/3

CARRIAGE RATES

A number of items in this catalogue are quoted carriage extra. To enable customers to ascertain the cost of carriage, we publish below Current Packet and Parcel Post Rates, and Railway Passenger Train Rates.

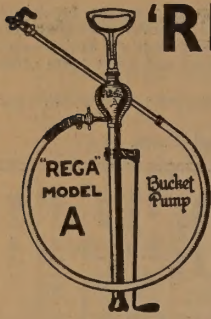
PACKET POST RATES—1d. per 2oz. or portion thereof. Maximum 1lb.

PARCEL POST RATES FROM SYDNEY	NOT EXCEEDING										
	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	4 lb.	5 lb.	6 lb.	7 lb.	8 lb.	9 lb.	10 lb.	11 lb.
To places within 30 mile radius of Sydney ..	s. d. 6	s. d. 9	s. d. 1 0	s. d. 1 3	s. d. 1 6	s. d. 1 9	s. d. 2 0	s. d. 2 3	s. d. 2 6	s. d. 2 9	s. d. 3 0
To places in New South Wales outside 30 mile radius, also Lord Howe Island, Norfolk Island ..	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	1 9	2 0	2 3	2 6	2 9	3 0	3 3
To Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania ..	1 0	1 6	2 0	2 6	3 0	3 6	4 0	4 6	5 0	5 6	6 0
To South Australia, West Australia, North Australia, Central Australia, Papua, and New Guinea ..	1 3	2 0	2 9	3 6	4 3	5 0	5 9	6 6	7 3	8 0	8 9

RAILWAY PASSENGER TRAIN RATES N.S.W. (only)

MILES.	NOT EXCEEDING																			Each 28 lbs. after.
	1 lb.	2 lb.	3 lb.	4 lb.	5 lb.	6 lb.	7 lb.	8 lb.	9 lb.	10 lb.	11 lb.	12 lb.	13 lb.	14 lb.	28 lb.	42 lb.	56 lb.	84 lb.	112 lb.	
25 ..	d. 5	d. 5	s. d. 5	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 6	s. d. 1 0	s. d. 1 3	s. d. 1 8	s. d. 2 2	s. d. 2 6	s. d. 3 0
50 ..	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	1 3	1 9	2 4	3 1	4 0	1 1
75 ..	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	1 8	2 4	3 0	4 3	5 4	1 3
100 ..	6	7	8	10	10	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	2 2	2 11	3 8	5 4	6 7	1 8
125 ..	6	8	10	10	12	13	14	15	17	17	17	17	17	17	2 6	3 6	4 6	6 5	8 0	1 10
150 ..	6	9	10	10	13	14	15	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	3 4	4 7	5 9	8 3	10 5	2 6
175 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	23	23	23	23	23	3 8	5 2	6 6	9 2	11 7	2 11
200 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	29	29	29	4 7	6 4	8 0	10 8	13 7	3 4
250 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	34	34	34	5 4	7 0	8 8	12 1	15 4	3 6
300 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	38	38	38	5 9	8 0	9 6	12 10	16 3	3 8
350 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	38	38	38	6 4	8 8	10 5	13 7	16 11	4 1
400 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	38	38	38	6 9	9 11	12 1	15 3	18 8	4 7
500 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	38	38	38	7 0	9 11	12 1	15 3	18 8	4 7
600 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	38	38	38	8 3	10 8	13 7	16 11	20 4	5 1
700 ..	6	9	10	10	13	16	19	20	23	26	29	38	38	38	8 3	11 7	15 0	18 8	22 0	5 4

SPRAY PUMPS & FARM IMPLEMENTS



'REGA' High-Pressure Bucket Spray Pumps

Suitable for Spraying Lime Sulphur and preparations based on Liver of Sulphur, Sulphoids, Bordeaux Mixture, Arsenate of Lead, Oil Emulsions, Veterinary Drenches, Cattle and Sheep Oils, Lime and Whitewash Sprays, etc. Disinfecting Dairies, Stables, Kennels, Fowlhouses, Piggeries, Stagnant pools, Destroying Mosquito Larvæ, etc. Washing Windows, Cars, Carts, etc.

Equipment— $\frac{1}{2}$ x 3 ply Spray Hose and Brass Director. Nozzle: Patent Combination Bordeaux-Cyclone.

MODEL A, 28/-.

MODEL B, 25/6.

Postage: N.S.W., 2/3; Postage: N.S.W., 2/-; Adjacent States, 4/-; Adjacent States, 3/6; W.A. and S.A., 5/9 W.A. and S.A., 5/-

Model B is a little smaller than Model A.

"REGA" KNAPSACK SPRAYERS

Brass Alloy: 85/-.

Packing extra.

Lead Coated:

For Acid Content Liquids:

97/6

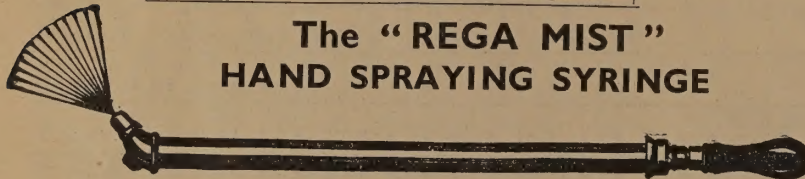
Packing extra.



4 gallons capacity

16 lbs. weight unpacked

The "REGA MIST" HAND SPRAYING SYRINGE



Price: 6/6

Postage: N.S.W., 1/-; adjacent States, 1/6; S.A. & W.A., 2/-

"REGA" HAND DUST GUN

For spreading all dry powders; easy to use, 4/3 each. Postage extra: — N.S.W., 1/-; adjacent States, 1/6; S.A., W.A., 2/-

FARM IMPLEMENTS

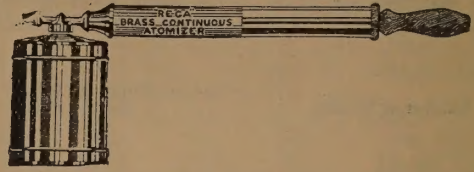
We carry a large range of implements suitable for market gardeners and those with large gardens.

FULLY ILLUSTRATED

Catalogue and price list on request

A PERFECT HAND SPRAYER

The 'REGA' BRASS CONTINUOUS ATOMIZER



Specially Designed for Garden and Household Use, Insecticides, Disinfectants, etc.

Price: 7/6

Postage extra: N.S.W., 1/-; Adjacent States, 1/6; S.A. and W.A., 2/-

THE "REGA" PNEUMATIC KNAPSACK SPRAYER

Size: 7in. x 20 in. by 3 Gallons.

Working Capacity 2 Gallons.

NET WEIGHT 9lb.

Scientifically Constructed.

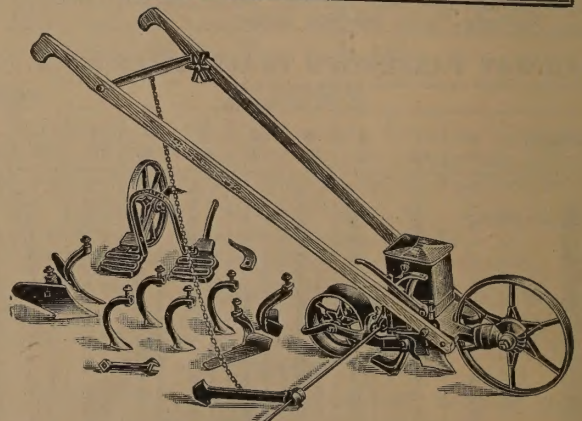
Container made of Special Brass Alloy to withstand the action of Lime Sulphur and preparations based on Liver of Sulphur.

Price: 70/-

Packing extra.



Only a few of the well-known "Rega" products are listed above. We shall be pleased to forward illustrated booklet containing particulars of Barrel Pumps, Garden Syringes, and Dust Guns to those of our customers who are interested.



Carriage is Charged Extra on all items on this page

**For Goods to be
Supplied by—**

ARTHUR YATES & Co. Ltd.

Postal Address: BOX 2707 C, G.P.O. SYDNEY

Conditions of Sale and Non-warranty.—We believe that all Seeds Bulbs and Roots sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale but owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this we give no undertaking that such Seeds Bulbs or Roots will correspond with the description under which they are sold and we make all sales subject to this condition. We further give no warranty expressed or implied as to their growth description quality or productiveness and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms they are at once to be returned to us and any money paid to us will be refunded.—ARTHUR YATES & CO. LTD.

(Please write plainly; Ladies please prefix Mrs. or Miss)

Name _____

Address _____

Post Town

State _____ Date _____ 193 _____

Money enclosed £ : s.: d. by Chq./M.O. (Cross out words
P.N./Stps. not needed)

Special Forwarding . . .

Instructions (if necessary) _____

**PLEASE
NOTE**

If supplies of one or more of the varieties ordered are not at present in stock or not expected for some time, may we **SUBSTITUTE** other and similar varieties (if available), or shall we **HOLD** that part of the order and send on later, or do you prefer that we **RETURN** any **CASH BALANCE**. ?

I wish you to **SUBSTITUTE—HOLD ORDER—RETURN CASH BALANCE** (Please cross out words not needed).

[illegible]

Carried Forward to other side

Customers who have changed their addresses since last ordering will greatly assist us to avoid mistakes by also stating their old address hereon.

ORDER FORM—Continued

[illegible]

A copy of this Catalogue will be posted to any of your friends who would care for same.

Please give Name and Full Address.

Please see that Order contains Full Name and Address, Full Forwarding Instructions, and Amount of Money Enclosed.



YATES
RELIABLE
SEEDS

ARTHUR YATES & Co., Ltd.

Seed Merchants and Growers

Box 2707 C

G.P.O.,

SYDNEY

**Have you signed your order or letter and
given your full address?**

THIS IS IMPORTANT.

May We Remind You—?

That Yates' Vegetable and Flower Seeds in Packets are obtainable from the Stores in your town especially appointed for the sale of same. Names of those in your centre given on application.

That these stores will also be pleased to obtain for you any varieties not in stock, also your requirements of Vegetable and Flower Seeds by weight, Bulbs, Roses, Plants, Trees, and Farm and Pasture Seeds, Manures and Sundries.

That any Store, Merchant, Stock and Station Agent or trading co-operative Company with whom you are accustomed to deal, may obtain for you supplies of Grass Seeds, Clovers, Fodder Crops, Manures, Market Garden Vegetable Seeds, Flower Seeds by weight and other lines (with the exception of our Packet Seeds). Ask your store for a quotation when you are on the market.

That for the protection alike of the users of our seeds, dealers in our seeds and of ourselves, we seal every container before despatch. Customers cannot be sure that the seeds they buy are Yates' Reliable Seeds and of the same variety and quality as originally packed by us unless the sack, bag or package received is sealed and intact.

That for the benefit of those who prefer to deal direct with us we have established a special Retail Mail Order Department to deal carefully and expeditiously with direct orders. Each order must be accompanied by a remittance for full value of goods and for any carriage where chargeable or where it has to be prepaid. All Vegetable and Flower Seeds (whether in packets or bulk), Grass, Clover and Fodder Seeds, Roses, Bulbs, Plants, Trees and Sundries may be obtained direct from us.

That we are pleased to give advice to customers concerning varieties, time to plant, method of cultivation and means of combating diseases and pests. It is desired that letters be as concise as possible and be written separately from orders.

That we have available the following publications which (with the exception of Yates' Garden Guide and Grassland and Green Crop Farming) are gratis and post free:—

Yates' Garden Calendar

Yates' Annual Catalogue

Yates' Garden Guide (1/- post free)

Yates' Booklets on: Lucerne, Tomato, Onion and Sweet Pea Culture, etc.

Yates' Autumn Farm Seed List

Yates' Spring Farm Seed List

Grassland and Green Crop Farming (1/- post free)

That the terms and conditions on which we offer our seeds, bulbs and plants, and on which terms only are orders accepted, are set out on pages 6 and 7 of this catalogue.

ARTHUR YATES & CO. LTD.

Seed Growers, Seed Merchants and Nurserymen

184, 184a, 186 SUSSEX STREET, SYDNEY, N.S.W.

FOR COMPLETE INDEX OF VARIETIES SEE PAGES 4-5

SEEDS FOR THE HOME GARDEN MARKET GARDEN AND FARM.

OFFERED BY
ARTHUR YATES & CO LIMITED

184, 184A, 186, SUSSEX ST
SYDNEY, N.S.W.
AUSTRALIA.

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THROUGHOUT THE YEAR